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VOL. 1153.

FAIR MAID OF PERTH BY SIR W. SCOTT, BART.

IN ONE VOLUME.

#### TAUCHNITZ EDITION.

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## THE

# FAIR MAID OF PERTH.

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## SIR WALTER SCOTT, BART.

## LEIPZIG

#### BERNHARD TAUCHNITZ

### 1871.



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## SAINT VALENTINE'S DAY;

#### OR,

## THE FAIR MAID OF PERTH.

#### PREFACE-(1831).

of Chrystal Croftangry, it occurred that, although the press had of late years teemed with works of various descriptions concerning the Scottish Gael, no attempt had ment of the country; and it was hitherto been made to sketch their manners, as these might be supposed to have existed at the period when the Statute-book, as well as the page of the chronicler, begins to present constant evidence of the difficulties to which the crown was exposed, while the haughty house of Douglas all but overbalanced its authority on the its immediate consequences, might Southern border, and the North was at the same time torn in pieces by the yet untained savageness of the Highland races, and the daring loftiness to which some Perth, the flight of one of the apof the remoter chieftains still carried their pretensions. The well-less heroism of a townsman, that authenticated fact of two power-voluntarily offered for a small ful clans having deputed each piece of coin to supply his place thirty champions to fight out a in the mortal encounter, sugquarrel of old standing, in pre-|gested the imaginary persons, on sence of King Robert III., his whom much of the novel is ex-

brother the Duke of Albany, and the whole court of Scotland, at In continuing the lucubrations Perth, in the year of grace 1396, seemed to mark with equal distinctness the rancour of these mountain-feuds, and the degraded condition of the general governfixed upon accordingly as the point on which the main incidents of a romantic narrative might be made to hinge. The characters of Robert III., his ambitious brother, and his dissolute son, seemed to offer some opportunities of interesting contrast; --- and the tragic fate of the heir of the throne, with serve to complete the picture of cruelty and lawlessness.

> Two features of the story of this barrier-battle on the Inch of pointed champions, and the reck-

pended. The fugitive Celt might | sonage of such importance, that have been easily dealt with, had his name and proper designation a ludicrous style of colouring been could not have been omitted in adopted; but it appeared to the the early narratives of the ocauthor that there would be more currence. He on one occasion of novelty, as well as of serious brought four thousand of his clan interest, if he could succeed in to the aid of the royal banner gaining for him something of that against the Lord of the Isles. sympathy which is incompatible This historian is of opinion that with the total absence of respect. the Clan Quhele of Wyntoun were Miss Baillie had drawn a coward the Camerons, who appear to have by nature capable of acting as a about that period been often dehero under the strong impulse of signated as Macewans, and to filial affection. It seemed not im- have gained much more recently possible to conceive the case of the name of Cameron, i.e. Wrynose one constitutionally weak of nerve, from a blemish in the physiogbeing supported by feelings of nomy of some heroic chief of the honour and of jealousy up to a line of Lochiel. This view of the certain point, and then suddenly case is also adopted by Douglas giving way under circumstances in his Baronage, where he freto which the bravest heart could quently mentions the bitter feuds hardly refuse compassion.

really were the clans that figured sept, in reference to the events of in the barbarous conflict of the 1396, with the Camerons. It is Inch, has been revived since the perhaps impossible to clear up publication of the Fair Maid of thoroughly this controversy, little Perth, and treated in particular interesting in itself, at least to at great length by Mr. Robert readers on this side of Inverness. Mackay of Thurso, in his very The names, as we have them in curious "History of the House Wyntoun, are Clanwhewyl and and Clan of Mackay."\* Without Clachinya, the latter probably not pretending to say that he has correctly transcribed. In the settled any part of the question Scoti-Chronicon they are Clanin the affirmative, this gentleman quhele and Clankay. Hector Boece certainly seems to have quite suc- writes Clanchattan and Clankay, ceeded in proving that his own in which he is followed by Leslie; worthy sept had no part in the while Buchanan disdains to distransaction. The Mackays were figure his page with their Gaelic in that age seated, as they have designations at all, and merely since continued to be, in the ex- describes them as two powerful treme north of the island; and races in the wild and lawless their chief at the time was a per- region beyond the Grampians.

between Clan Chattan and Clan The controversy, as to who Kay, and identifies the latter Out of this jumble what Sas-

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\* Edinburgh, 4to, 1829.

senach can pretend dare lucem? doubt from tradition, by the con-The name Clanwheill appears so tinuator of Fordun, whose narlate as 1594 in an act of James VI. rative is in these words:-Is it not possible that it may be, after all, a mere corruption of Clan Lochiel?

The reader may not be displeased to have Wyntoun's original rhymes:

A thousand and thre hunder yere, Nynty and sex to mak all clere--Of thre-score wyld Scottis men, Thretty agane thretty then, In Felny bolnit of auld Fede,\* As thare fore-elders ware slane to dede: Tha thre-score ware clannys twa, Clahynnhe Qwhewyl and Clachinyha: Of thir twa Kynnis ware tha men, Thretty agane thretty then: And thare thai had thair Chiftanys twa, Scha\*\* Fergwharis' son wes ane of tha, The tother Cristy Johnseone. A selcouth thing by tha was done. At Sanct Johnstoun besyde the Freris. All thai enterit in Barreris Wyth bow and ax, knyf and swerd, To deil amang thaim thair last werd.\*\*\* Thare thai laid on that time sa fast. Quha had the ware thare at the last I will nocht say; but quha best had, He was but dout bathe muth and mad. ++ Fifty or má ware slane that day, Suá few wyth lif than past away.

The Prior of Lochleven makes no mention either of the evasion of one of the Gaelic champions, or of the gallantry of the Perth artisan, in offering to take a share in the conflict. Both incidents, however, were introduced, no

\* i. e. Boiled with the cruelty of an old feud.

\*\* Scha is supposed to be Toshach, i. e. Macintosh: the father of the chief of this sept at the time was named Ferchard. In Bowar he is Scheabeg, i. e. Toshach the little.

\*\*\* i. e. Fate, doom.

+ The waur-the worse.

++ Muth and mad, i. e. exhausted both in body and mind.

"Anno Dom. millesimo trecentesimo nonagesimo sexto, magna pars borealis Scotiæ, trans Alpes, inquietata fuit per duos pestiferos Cateranos, et eorum sequaces, viz. Scheabeg et suos consanguinarios, qui Clankay; et Cristi-Jonson, ac suos, qui Clanquhele dicebantur; qui nullo pacto vel tractatu pacificari poterant, nullâque arte regis vel gubernatoris poterant edomari, quoadusque nobilis et industriosus D. David de Lindesay de Crawford, et dominus Thomas comes Moraviæ, diligentiam et vires apposuerunt, ac inter partes sic tractaverunt, ut coram domino rege certo die convenirent apud Perth, et alterutra pars eligeret de progenie sua triginta personas adversus triginta de parte contraria, gladiis tantum, arcubus et sagittis, absque deploidibus, vel armaturis aliis, præter bipennes; et sic congredientes finem liti ponerent, et terra pace potiretur. Utrique igitur parti summè placuit contractus, et die Lunæ proximo ante festum Sancti Michaëlis, apud North-insulam de Perth, coram Rege et Gubernatore, et innumerabili multitudine comparentes, conflictum acerrimum inierunt: ubi de sexaginta interfecti sunt omnes, excepto uno ex parte Clankay, et undecim exceptis ex parte Hoc etiam ibi accidit, altera. quôd omnes in præcinctu belli constituti, unus eorum locum diffugii considerans, inter omnes in

Thaya natando transgreditur; à lipsum à tanta cæde prætendit exmillenis insequitur, sed nusquam cusare. Iste tamen tyro superapprehenditur. Stant igitur par- veniens finaliter illæsus exivit; et tes attonitæ, tanquam non ad conflictum progressuri, ob defectum evasi: noluit enim pars integrum habens numerum sociorum consentire, ut unus de suis demeretur; nec potuit pars altera quocumque pretio alterum ad supplendum vicem fugientis inducere. Stupent igitur omnes hærentes, de damno fugitivi conquerentes. Et cùm totum illud opus cessare putaretur, ecce in medio prorupit unus stipulosus vernaculus, staturâ modicus, sed efferus, dicens; Ecce ego! quis me conducet intrare cum operariis istis ad hunc ludum theatralem? Pro dimidia enim marca ludum experiar, ultra hoc petens, ut si vivus de palæstra evasero, victum à quocumque vestrum recipiam dum vixero: quia, sicut dicitur, 'Majorem caritatem nemo habet, quàm ut animam suam ponat quis pro amicis.' Quali mercede donabor, qui animam meam pro inimicis reipublicæ et regni pono? Quod petiit, à rege et diversis magnatibus conceditur. Cum hoc arcus ejus extenditur, et primò sagittam in partem contrariam transmittit, et unum interficit. Confestim hinc inde sagittæ volitant, bipennes librant, gladios vibrant, alterutro certant, et veluti carnifices boves in macello, sic inconsternatè ad invicem se trucidant. Sed nec inter tantos repertus est vel unus, qui, tan-

amnem elabitur, et aquam de tergum alterius declinans, sedehinc multo tempore Boreas quievit; nec ibidem fuit, ut suprà. Cateranorum excursus."\*

\* [TRANSLATION OF FORDUN,-In the year of our Lord one thousand three hundred and ninety-six, a great part of the north of Scotland, beyond the mountains, was disturbed by two pestilent caterans and their followers; namely, Scheabeg and his kin, of the Clan Kay, and Cristi-Jonson, with his kin, called the Clan Quhele, who by no paction or management could be pacified, and by no art of the King or governor could be subdued, until the noble and active Lord, David of Lindesay and Crawford, and the Lord Thomas, Earl of Moray, applied to the task their diligence and powers, and so arranged matters betwixt the parties that they agreed to meet before the King on a certain day at Perth, and each to select thirty of his tribe, to encounter with swords, bows and arrows, and targets, all other weapons and armour excluded, by which encounter an end might be put to the strife of the clans, and the land enjoy peace. This contract highly pleased both parties; and on the next day of the month before the feast of St. Michael, on the north Inch of Perth. before the king, governor, and an immense multitude, they accordingly compeared duly, and entered into a most fierce conflict, in which, out of the sixty. all were killed save one of the Clan Kay, and eleven of the opposite side. It also fell out there, that, after they were all assembled in the lists, one of them, looking around for a mode of escape, leaped from among the whole body into the river Tay, and crossed it by swimming He was pursued by thousands, but never caught. The two parties stood thereupon astonished, as unable to proceed with the engagement on account of the want of the fugitive; for the party having its numbers entire would not consent to let one be taken away; nor could the other party by any reward induce any one to supply the place of the absentee. All stood clustering in stupor, accordingly, complaining quam vecors aut timidus, sive post of the loss of the fugitive. And that

The scene is heightened with Hector Maclean of Duart-the old many florid additions by Boece and man, whenever one of his boys Leslie, and the contending savages | fell, thrusting forward another to in Buchanan utter speeches after fill his place at the right hand of the most approved pattern of the beloved chief, with the very Livy.

The devotion of the young other for Hector!" Chief of Clan Quhele's fosterfather and foster-brethren, in the live generations. The late much novel, is a trait of clannish fidelity, lamented General Stewart of of which Highland story furnishes Garth, in his account of the battle many examples. In the battle of Killikrankie, informs us that of Inverkeithing, between the Lochiel was attended on the field Royalists and Oliver Cromwell's by the son of his foster-brother. troops, a foster-father and seven "This faithful adherent followed brave sons are known to have himlike his shadow, ready to assist thus sacrificed themselves for Sir him with his sword, or cover him

whole business seemed even likely to break short, when lo! into the midst of the space there broke a common mechanic, low in stature, but fierce in aspect, saying, "Here am I! who will induce me to enter with these workmen into this theatric game? I will try this sport for half a mark, asking but this beyond, that if I come living out of these lists, I shall receive my bread from some of you while I live; because, as it is said, 'greater love hath no man, than in that he layeth down his life for his friends.' With what reward shall I be gifted, then, who [to serve the state] lay down my life for the enemies of the king and the state?" What he desired was at once promised by the king and several nobles. With that the man drew his bow, and sent the first arrow into the opposite band, killing one of them. Immediately thereafter the arrows fly, the shields clatter, and the swords vibrate; and, as butchers deal with oxen in the shambles, so ruthlessly and fearlessly do the parties massacre one another promiscuously and by turns. Nor was there one found among so many, who, from want of will or heart, sought to shrink behind the backs of others, or to decline the terrible contest. The volunteer before mentioned finally escaped unhurt. After this event, the north was quiet for a long time; nor did the caterans make excursions thence as formerly.]

words adopted in the novel-"An-

Nay, the feeling could outfrom the shot of the enemy. Suddenly the chief missed his friend from his side, and turning round to look what had become of him, saw him lying on his back with his breast pierced by an arrow. He had hardly breath, before he expired, to tell Lochiel, that seeing an enemy, a Highlander in General Mackay's army, aiming at him with a bow and arrow, he sprung behind him, and thus sheltered him from instart death. This," observes the gallant David Stewart, "is a species of duty often practised, perhaps, by our aide-de-camps of the present day." of the Highlanders. —Sketches Vol. I. p. 65.

I have only to add, that the Second Series of "Chronicles of the Canongate," with the Chapter Introductory which now follows, appeared in May 1828, and had a favourable reception.

> ABBOTSFORD. August 15, 1831.

#### INTRODUCTORY.

The ashes here of murdered Kings Beneath my footsteps gleep; And yonder lies the scene of death, Where Mary learned to weep. CAPTAIN MARJORIBANKS.

EVERY quarter of Edinburgh has its own peculiar boast, so that the city together combines within its precincts (if you take the word of the inhabitants on the subject), as much of historical interest as of natural beauty. Our claims in behalf of the Canongate are not the slightest. The Castle may excel us in extent of prospect and sublimity of site; the Calton had always the superiority of its unrivalled panorama, and has of late added that of its towers, and triumphal arches, and the pillars of its Parthenon. The High Street. we acknowledge, had the distinguished honour of being defended by fortifications, of which we can shew no vestiges. We will not descend to notice the claims of more upstart districts, called Old New Town and New New Town, not to mention the favourite Moray Place, which is the newest New Town of all.\* We will not

\* This "newest New Town," in case Mr. Croftangry's lucubrations should outlive its possession of any right to that designation, was begun, I think, in 1824, on the park and gardens attached to a quondam pretty suburban residence of the Earls of Moray—from whose different titles, and so forth, the names of the *places* and streets erected were, of course, taken. Aug. 1831.

match ourselves except with our equals, and with our equals in age only, for in dignity we admit of none. We boast being the Court end of the town, possessing the Palace and the sepulchral remains of Monarchs, and that we have the power to excite, in a degree unknown to the less honoured quarters of the city, the dark and solemn recollections of ancient grandeur, which occupied the precincts of our venerable Abbey from the time of St. David, till her deserted halls were once more made glad, and her long silent echoes awakened by the visit of our present gracious Sovereign.\*

My long habitation in the neighbourhood, and the quiet respectability of my habits, have given me a sort of intimacy with good Mrs. Policy, the housekeeper in that most interesting part of the old building, called Queen Mary's

\* The visit of George IV. to Scotland, in August 1822, will not soon be forgotten. It satisfied many who had shared Dr. Johnson's doubts on the subject, that the old feelings of loyalty, in spite of all the derision of modern wits, continued firmly rooted, and might be appealed to with confidence, even under circumstances apparently the most unfavourable. Who that had observed the state of public feeling with respect to this most amiable prince's domestic position at a period but a few months earlier, would have believed that he should ever witness such scenes of enthusiastic and rapturous devotion to his person, as filled up the whole panorama of his fifteen days at Edinburgh? Aug. 1831.

Apartments. But a circumstance else will ever remove them from which lately happened has con- that spot." ferred upon me greater privileges; so that, indeed, I might, I believe, articles, sold Scouring Drops, venture on the exploit of Chatelet, as they are called, and a stain of who was executed for being found two hundred and fifty years' secreted at midnight in the very standing was interesting to him, bedchamber of Scotland's Mis- not because it had been caused tress.

It chanced, that the good lady I have mentioned, was, in the discharge of her function, shewing mirable an opportunity to prove the apartments to a cockney from the efficacy of his unequalled De-London;-not one of your quiet, dull, commonplace visiters, who went our friend, but neither in gape, yawn, and listen with an horror nor devotion. acquiescent umph, to the information doled out by the provincial cicerone. No such thing-this was the brisk, alert agent of a I have something in my pocket great house in the city, who will fetch it out in five minutes. missed no opportunity of doing D'ye see this elixir, ma'am? I will business, as he termed it, that is, shew you the stain vanish in a of putting off the goods of his moment." employers, and improving his own account of commission. He had of his handkerchief with the allfidgeted through the suite of deterging specific, he began to apartments, without finding the rub away on the planks, without least opportunity to touch upon heeding the remonstrances of Mrs. that which he considered as the Policy. She, good soul, stood at principal end of his existence. first in astonishment, like the ab-Even the story of Rizzio's assas-|bess of St. Bridget's, when a prosination presented no ideas to this fane visitant drank up the vial of emissary of commerce, until the housekeeper appealed, in support muster among the relics of the of her narrative, to the dusky stains of blood upon the floor.

said; "nothing will remove them the interference of her patroness from the place-there they have been for two hundred and fifty haps, hope that David Rizzio's years-and there they will re-spectre would arise to prevent the main while the floor is left stand-profanation. But Mrs. Policy ing-neither water nor any thing stood not long in the silence of

Now our cockney, amongst other by the blood of a Queen's favourite, slain in her apartment, but because it offered so adtergent Elixir. Down on his knees

"Two hundred and fifty years, ma'am, and nothing take it away? Why, if it had been five hundred,

Accordingly, wetting one end brandy which had long passed cloister for the tears of the blessed saint. The venerable guardian "These are the stains," she of St. Bridget probably expected -She of Holy Rood might, perhorror. She uplifted her voice, as two or three inhabitants apand screamed as loudly as Queen peared, who, like me, threatened Mary herself, when the dreadful to maintain the housekeeper's deed was in the act of perpetration-

"Harrow now out! and walawa!" she cried.

I happened to be taking my morning walk in the adjoining gallery, pondering in my mind quo's ghost, when to remove why the Kings of Scotland, who hung around me, should be each and every one painted with a nose like the knocker of a door, when lo! the walls once more re-echoed with such shricks, as formerly were as often heard in the Scottish palaces, as were sounds of revelry and music. Somewhat surprised at such an alarm in a place so solitary, I hastened to the spot, and found the well-meaning traveller scrubbing the floor like a housemaid, while Mrs. Policy, dragging him by the skirts of the coat, in vain endeavoured to divert him from his sacrilegious purpose. It cost me some trouble to explain to the zealous purifier of silk stockings, embroidered waistcoats, broad-cloth, and deal planks, that there were such things in the the permission of wandering. world as stains which ought to remain indelible, on account of the associations with which they are connected. Our good friend viewed everything of the kind only as the means of displaying the virtue of his vaunted commodity. He comprehended, how- and sometimes wishing I could, ever, that he would not be per- with the good-luck of most editors mitted to proceed to exemplify its of romantic narrative, light upon powers on the present occasion, some hidden crypt or massive an-

side of the question. He therefore took his leave, muttering that he had always heard the Scots were a nasty people, but had no idea they carried it so far as to choose to have the floors of their palaces blood-boltered, like Banthem would have cost but a hundred drops of the Infallible Detergent Elixir, prepared and sold by Messrs. Scrub and Rub, in five shilling and ten shilling bottles, each bottle being marked with the initials of the inventor, to counterfeit which would be to incur the pains of forgery.

Freed from the odious presence of this lover of cleanliness, my good friend Mrs. Policy was profuse in her expressions of thanks; and yet her gratitude, instead of exhausting itself in these declarations, according to the way of the world, continues as lively at this moment as if she had never thanked me at all. It is owing to her recollection of this piece of good service, that I have like the ghost of some departed gentleman-usher, through these deserted halls, sometimes, as the old Irish ditty expresses it.

Thinking upon things that are long enough ago;

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tique cabinet, which should yield considering the feat of chivalry to my researches an almost il- was otherwise so much according authentic particulars of some of pity that the lady had not been the strange deeds of those wild a little younger and the legend a days of the unhappy Mary.

sympathize with me when I re- a fair dame loses the benefit of gretted that all godsends of this chivalry, and is no longer entitled nature had cease to occur, and to crave boon of brave knight, that an author might chatter his that I leave to the statutes of the teeth to pieces by the seaside, Order of Errantry; but for the without a wave ever wafting to blood of Rizzio, I take up the him a casket containing such a gauntlet, and maintain against all him a casket containing such a gauntlet, and maintain against all history as that of Automathes; and sundry, that I hold the stains that he might break his shins in stumbling through a hundred vaults, without finding anything due ce and the record of that but rats and mice, and be-terrible assassination." "As I cannot accept the chal-lenge to the field, fair cousin, I manuscript but the weekly bill for hoard and lodging A dairy." for board and lodging. A dairy-maid of these degenerate days of the existing state of things might as well wash and deck her with that tradition." dairy in hopes of finding the fairy tester in her shoe.

cousin," said Mrs. Baliol. "I am dragged out of the chamber of sure we have all occasion to re- the Queen, the heat and fury of gret the want of these ready sup-plements to a failing invention. should deal him most wounds, But you, most of all, have right despatched him at the door of the to complain that the fairies have you, who have shewn the world quantity of the ill-fated minion's that the Age of Chivalry still blood was spilled, and there the exists—you, the Knight of Croft-angry, who braved the fury of the 'London 'prentice bold,' in behalf of the fair Dame Policy, for his life, mingling her prayers and the memorial of Rizzio's with screams and exclamations, slaughter! Is it not a pity, cousin, until she knew that he was as-

legible manuscript, containing the to rule-is it not, I say, a great

My dear Mrs. Baliol used to "Why, as to the age at which

"Explain, if you please."

"I will-The universal tradi-"It is a sad, and too true a tale, tion bears, that when Rizzio was

suredly slain; on which she wiped efface them were not taken imstudy revenge."

"All this is granted,—But the blood? would it not wash out, or waste out, think you, in so many almost indelible. Now, not to vears?"

"I am coming to that presently. The constant tradition of the in those days, and that there were Palace says, that Mary dis- no Patent Drops to assist the charged any measures to be taken labours of the mop. I think it very to remove the marks of slaughter, probable that these dark relics which she had resolved should might subsist for a long course of remain as a memorial to quicken time, even if Mary had not desired and confirm her purposed ven-geance. But it is added, that, preserved, but screened by the satisfied with the knowledge that traverse from public sight. it existed, and not desirous to have know several instances of similar it existed, and not desirous to have know several instances of similar the ghastly evidence always under her eye, she caused a traverse, as it is called (that is a tem-porary screen of boards), to be drawn along the under part of the anteroom, a few feet from the door, so as to separate the place rest of the apartment, and involve it in considerable obsourity. Now unon posterity suppositions at the event of the apartment of the second to paint. The posterity supposition initation, endeavoured to paint of the second to paint the posterity suppositions at the second to paint. rest of the apartment, and involve imitation, endeavoured to palm it in considerable obscurity. Now this temporary partition still mata, I conceive that the impostor exists, and by running across and interrupting the plan of the roof and cornices, plainly intimates scene of his trick, placing his that it has been intended to serve some temporary purpose, since it disfigures the proportions of the room, interferes with the orna-ths of the ceiling, and could have been put there for some such purpose, as hiding an object too disagreeable to be that the blood-stains would have of this striking locality is o true disappeared in course of time, I disappeared in course of time, I to the historical fact, that I think apprehend that if measures to it may well bear out the addi-

her eyes and said, 'I will now mediately after the affair happened-if the blood, in other words, were allowed to sink into the wood, the stain would become mention that our Scottish palaces were not particularly well washed tional circumstance of the blood stealthy step and ghastly look, to on the floor."

"I profess to you," answered Mrs. Baliol, "that I am very willing to be converted to your faith. We talk of a credulous vulgar, without always recollecting that there is a vulgar incredulity, which in historical matters, as well as in those of religion, finds it easier to doubt than to examine, and endeavours to assume the credit of an esprit fort, by denying whatever happens to be a little beyond the very limited comprehension of the sceptic.-And so, that point being settled, and you possessing, as we understand, the Open Sesame into these secret apartments, how, if we may ask, do you intend to avail yourself of your privilege?-Do you propose to pass the night in the royal bedchamber?"

"For what purpose, my dear lady?-if to improve the rheumatism, this east wind may serve the purpose."

"Improve the rheumatism ----Heaven forbid! that would be worse than adding colours to the Postulate, George Douglas, the violet. No, I mean to recommend a night on the couch of the Rose of Scotland, merely to improve of wealth which he does not posthe imagination. Who knows what dreams might be produced by a ous blood of Douglas, but which night spent in a mansion of so in his veins is sullied with illegitimany memories! For aught I macy. know, the iron door of the postern the daring, the ambitious-so near stair might open at the dead hour greatness, yet debarred from itof midnight, and, as at the time so near to wealth, yet excluded of the conspiracy, forth might from possessing it - a political sally the phantom assassins, with Tantalus, ready to do or dare any-

renew the semblance of the deed. There comes the fierce fanatic Ruthven-party hatred enabling him to bear the armour which would otherwise weigh down a form extenuated by wasting disease. See how his writhen features shew under the hollow helmet. like those of a corpse tenanted by a demon, whose vindictive purpose looks out at the flashing eyes, while the visage has the stillness of death.-Yonder appears the tall form of the boy Darnley, as goodly in person as vacillating in resolution; yonder he advances with hesitating step, and yet more hesitating purpose, his childish fear having already overcome his childish passion. He is in the plight of a mischievous lad who has fired a mine, and who now, expecting the explosion in remorse and terror, would give his life to quench the train which his own hand lighted. - Yonder vonder-But I forget the rest of the worthy cut-throats.-Help me, if you can."

"Summon up," said I, "the most active of the gang. Let him arise at your call-the claimant sess-the partaker of the illustri-Paint him the ruthless, thing to terminate his necessities | indeed, shewn up, for furnishing and assert his imperfect claims."

"Admirable, my dear Croftangry! But what is a Postulate?"

disturb the current of my ideas-The Postulate was, in Scottish What can a better writer than phrase, the candidate for some benefice which he had not yet attained-George Douglas, who stabbed Rizzio, was the Postulate for the temporal possessions of the rich Abbey of Arbroath."

"1 stand informed-Come, proceed; who comes next?" continued Mrs. Baliol.

"Who comes next? Yon tall, thin made, savage-looking man, with the petronel in his hand, must be Andrew Ker of Faldonside, a brother's son, I believe, of the celebrated Sir David Ker of Cessford; his look and bearing those of a Border freebooter; his disposition so savage, that, during the fray in the cabinet, he presented his loaded piece at the bosom of the young and beautiful Queen, that Queen also being within a few weeks of becoming a mother."

"Brave, beau cousin! --- Well, having raised your bevy of phantoms, I hope you do not intend to send them back to their cold beds to warm them? You will put them to some action, and since you do threaten the Canongate with your desperate quill, you surely mean to novelize, or to dramatize if you will, this most singular of all tragedies?"

ing-periods of history have been, cious Mr. Fagg, in Sheridan's

amusement to the peaceable ages which have succeeded; but, dear lady, the events are too well "Pooh, my dear madam, you known in Mary's days, to be used as vehicles of romantic fiction. myself add to the elegant and forcible narrative of Robertson? So adieu to my vision-I awake, like John Bunyan, 'and behold it is a dream.'-Well, enough that I wake without a sciatica, which would have probably rewarded my slumbers had I profaned Queen Mary's bed, by using it as a mechanical resource to awaken a torpid imagination."

"This will never do, cousin," answered Mrs. Baliol; "you must get over all these scruples, if you would thrive in the character of a romantic historian, which you have determined to embrace. What is the classic Robertson to you? The light which he carried was that of a lamp to illuminate the dark events of antiquity; yours is a magic-lantern to raise up wonders which never existed. No reader of sense wonders at your historical inaccuracies, any more than he does to see Punch in the showbox seated on the same throne with King Solomon in his glory, or to hear him hollowing out to the patriarch, amid the deluge, 'Mighty hazy weather, Master Noah.'"

"Do not mistake me, my dear madam," said 1; "I am quite conscious of my own immunities as a "Worse-that is less interest-|tale-teller." But even the menda-

Rivals, assures us, that though he of history, and in a province renever scruples to tell a lie at his moved from my natural sphere of master's command, yet it hurts his the Canongate." conscience to be found out. Now, It was under the influence of this is the reason why I avoid in those feelings that I undertook prudence all well-known paths of the following Historical Romance, history, where every one can read which, often suspended and flung the finger-posts carefully set up to advise them of the right turning; and the very boys and girls, away, although there may be who learn the history of Britain little prudence in sending it to by way of question and answer, the press. hoot at a poor author if he abandons the highway."

plenty of wildernesses in Scottish of that day resembled very closely history, through which, unless 1 the Anglo-Saxon, with a sprink-Even thus, as Mat Prior says-

Geographers on pathless downs, Place elephants instead of towns."

"If such be your advice, my dear lady," said I, "the course of where the use of peculiar words my story shall take its rise, upon may add emphasis or vivacity to this occasion, at a remote period the composition.

aside, is now arrived at a size too important to be altogether thrown

I have not placed in the mouth of the characters the Lowland "Do not be discouraged, how-|Scotch dialect now spoken, beever, cousin Chrystal. There are cause unquestionably the Scottish am greatly misinformed, no cer-tain paths have been laid down it. Those who wish to investigate from actual survey, but which are only described by imperfect tra-dition, which fills up with wonders History of Bruce, by Archdeacon and with legends the periods in Barbour. But, supposing my own which no real events are re-skill in the ancient Scottish were cognised to have taken place. sufficient to invest the dialogue with its peculiarities, a translation must have been necessary for the benefit of the general reader. The Scottish dialect may be therefore considered as laid aside, unless



Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

2

## SAINT VALENTINE'S DAY,

#### OR,

## THE FAIR MAID OF PERTH.

#### CHAPTER I.

- "Behold the Tiber!" the vain Roman cried,
  - Viewing the ample Tay from Baiglie's side;
  - But where's the Scot that would the vaunt repay,
  - And hail the puny Tiber for the Tay?\* ANONYMOUS.

Among all the provinces in Scotland, if an intelligent stranger were asked to describe the most varied and the most beautiful, it is probable he would name the county of Perth. A native, also, of any other district of Caledonia, though his partialities might lead him to prefer his native county in the first instance, would certainly class that of Perth in the second, and thus give its inhabitants a fair right to plead, that—prejudice apart—Perthshire forms the

\* Such is the author's opinion, founded, perhaps, on feelings of national pride, of the relative claims of the classical river and the Scottish one. Should he ever again be a blotter of paper, he hopes to be able to speak on this subject the surer language of personal conviction. Aug. 1831.

fairest portion of the northern kingdom. It is long since Lady Mary Wortley Montague, with that excellent taste which characterises her writings, expressed heropinion, that the most interesting district of every country, and that which exhibits the varied beauties of natural scenery in greatest perfection, is that where the mountains sink down upon the champaign, or more level land. The most picturesque, if not the highest hills, are also to be found in the county of Perth. The rivers find their way out of the mountainous region by the wildest leaps, and through the most romantic passes connecting the Highlands with the Lowlands. Above, the vegetation of a happier climate and soil, is mingled with the magnificent characterisof mountain-scenery, and tics woods, groves, and thickets in profusion, clothe the base of the hills, ascend up the ravines, and mingle with the precipices. It is in such favoured regions that the traveller finds what the poet Gray,

or some one else, has termed, of our monarchs, who, although

situation, this favoured province ficient for the reception of their presents a variety of the most court. It was here that James the pleasing character. Its lakes, woods, and mountains, may vie in beauty with any that the Highland tour exhibits; while Perthshire contains, amidst this romantic scenery, and in some places, in connection with it, many fertile only of late been effaced, by the and habitable tracts, which may vie with the richness of merry England herself. The country has also been the scene of many remarkable exploits and events, some of historical importance, others interesting to the poet and romancer, though recorded in popular tradition alone. It was in these vales that the Saxons of the plain, and the Gael of the mountains, had many a desperate and bloody encounter, in which it was frequently impossible to decide the palm of victory between the mailed chivalry of the Low Country, and the plaided clans whom they opposed.

Perth, so eminent for the beauty of its situation, is a place of great antiquity; and old tradition assigns to the town the importance of a Roman foundation. That victorious nation, it is said, pretended to recognise the Tiber in the much more magnificent and navigable Tay, and to acknowledge the large level space, well Inches, its steeples, and its towers; known by the name of the North the hills of Moncreiff and Kinnoul Inch, as having a near resem-faintly rising into picturesque blance to their Campus Martius. rocks, partly clothed with woods; The city was often the residence the rich margin of the river,

Beauty lying in the lap of Terror. they had no palace at Perth, found From the same advantage of the Cistercian Convent amply suf-First, one of the wisest and best of the Scottish kings, fell a victim to the jealousy of the vengeful aristocracy. Here, also, occurred the mysterious conspiracy Gowrie, the scene of which has destruction of the ancient palace in which the tragedy was acted. The Antiquarian Society of Perth. with just zeal for the objects of their pursuit, have published an accurate plan of this memorable mansion, with some remarks upon its connection with the narrative of the plot, which display equal acuteness and candour.

One of the most beautiful points of view which Britain, or perhaps the world, can afford, is, or rather we may say was, the prospect from a spot called the Wicks of Baiglie, being a species of niche at which the traveller arrived, after a long stage from Kinross, through a waste and uninteresting country, and from which, as forming a pass over the summit of a ridgy eminence which he had gradually surmounted, he beheld, stretching beneath him, the valley of the Tay, traversed by its ample and lordly stream; the town of Perth, with its two large meadows, or

studded with elegant mansions; counsels. I recollect pulling up and the distant view of the huge Grampian mountains, the northern so, and gazing on the scene bescreen of this exquisite landscape. The alteration of the road, greatly, it must be owned, to the improve-before I could distinctly observe ment of general intercourse, its different parts, or convince avoids this magnificent point of myself that what I saw was real. view, and the landscape is intro-|Since that hour, and the period is duced more gradually and partially to the eye, though the approach must be still considered landscape has as extremely beautiful. There is strongest influence over my mind, yet, we believe, a footpath left open, by which the station at the Wicks of Baiglie may be approached; and the traveller, by fled from my recollection. It is quitting his horse or equipage, therefore natural, that, whilst and walking a few hundred yards, may still compare the real landscape with the sketch which we have attempted to give. But it is not in our power to communicate, or in his to receive, the exquisite charm which surprise gives to pleasure, when so splendid a view arises when least expected or hoped for, and which Chrystal Croftangry experienced when he beheld, for the first time, the matchless scene.\*

Childish wonder, indeed, was an ingredient in my delight, for I was not above fifteen years old: and as this had been the first excursion which I was permitted to make on a pony of my own, I also experienced the glow of independence, mingled with that degree of anxiety which the most conceited boy feels when he is first abandoned to his own undirected

Baiglie.

the reins without meaning to do fore me as if I had been afraid it would shift like those in a theatre now more than fifty years past, the recollection of that inimitable possessed the and retained its place as a memorable thing, when much that was influential on my own fortunes has deliberating on what might be brought forward for the amusement of the public, I should pitch upon some narrative connected with the splendid scenery which made so much impression on my youthful imagination, and which may perhaps have that effect in setting off the imperfections of the composition, which ladies suppose a fine set of china to possess in heightening the flavour of indifferent tea.\*

The period at which I propose to commence, is, however, con-

\* Chrystal Croftangry expresses here the feelings of the author, as nearly as he could recall them, after such a lapse of years. I am, however, informed, by various letters from Perthshire, that I have made some little mistakes about names. Sure enough the general effect of the valley of the Tay, and the ancient town of Perth, rearing its gray head among the rich pastures, and beside the gleaming waters of that noblest of Scottish streams, must remain so as to justify \* Note A. View from the Wicks of warmer language than Mr. Croftangry had at his command. Aug. 1831.

siderably earlier than either of the Ladies were familiarly apthe remarkable historical transactions to which I have already devotion to the fair sex was as alluded, as the events which I am peremptorily enjoined upon the about to recount occurred during the last years of the fourteenth century, when the Scottish sceptre was swayed by the gentle, but feeble hand of John, who, on being called to the throne, assumed the title of Robert the surably inferior. Third.

#### CHAPTER II.

A country lip may have the velvet touch; Though she's no lady, she may please as much. DRYDEN.

already mentioned, so large a for which the manners of the times portion of the beauties of inani-made allowance and apology. mate nature, has at no time been Such views might have dazzled a without its own share of those girl of higher birth than Catharine charms which are at once more or Katie Glover, who was univerinteresting and more transient. To be called the Fair Maid of Perth, would at any period have been a high distinction, and have inferred no mean superiority in had drawn on her much notice beauty, where there were many to from the young gallants of the claim that much-envied attribute. Royal Court, when it chanced to But, in the feudal times, to which be residing in or near Perth; inwe now call the reader's attention, female beauty was a quality of much higher importance than distinguished for deeds of chivalry, it has been since the ideas of were more attentive to exhibit chivalry have been in a great feats of horsemanship as they measure extinguished. The love passed the door of old Simon of the ancient cavaliers was a Glover, in what was called Couvrelicensed species of idolatry, which few, or Curfew Street, than to the love of Heaven alone was distinguish themselves in theoretically supposed to approach tournaments, where the noblest in intensity, and which in practice it seldom equalled. God and

pealed to in the same breath; and aspirant to the honour of chivalry, as that which was due to Heaven. At such a period in society, the power of beauty was almost unlimited. It could level the highest rank with that which was immea-

It was but in the reign preceding that of Robert III., that beauty alone had elevated a person of inferior rank and indifferent morals to share the Scottish throne:\* and many women, less artful or less fortunate, had risen to great-PERTH, boasting, as we have ness from a state of concubinage. sally acknowledged to be the most beautiful young woman of the city or its vicinity, and whose renown, as the Fair Maid of Perth. somuch, that more than one nobleman of the highest rank, and most the

dames of Scotland were spectators ing horses, their jingling spurs, of their address.

as was common with the citizens, our class, nor will we aim at pairand artizans of that early period, ing with them. To-morrow is her father, Simon, derived his Saint Valentine's Day, when surname from the trade which he every bird chooses her mate; but practised – shewed no inclination you will not see the linnet pair to listen to any gallantry which with the sparrowhawk, nor the came from those of a station robin-redbreast with the kite. highly exalted above that which My father was an honest burgher she herself occupied; and though of Perth, and could use his needle probably in no degree insensible to her personal charms, seemed desirous to confine her conquests to those who were within her own sphere of life. Indeed, her beauty being of that kind which we connect more with the mind than from above the chimney. Shew with the person, was, notwithstanding her natural kindness and gentleness of disposition, rather allied to reserve than to gaiety, even when in company with her equals; and the earnestness with it. I will have no son-in-law that which she attended upon the exercises of devotion, induced many and for these lords and knights, to think that Catharine Glover I trust thou wilt always remember nourished the private wish to retire thou art too low to be their lawfrom the world, and bury herself ful love, and too high to be their in the recesses of the cloister. But to such a sacrifice, should it be meditated, it was not to be expected her father, reputed a wealthy man, and having this only child, would yield a willing consent.

In her resolution of avoiding the addresses of the gallant courtiers, the reigning Beauty of Perth was confirmed by the sentiments of her parent. "Let them go," he said; "let them go, Catharine, friars Monastery, which was adthose gallants, with their caper-liacent to Couvrefew Street, in

their plumed bonnets, and their But the Glover's daughter-for, trim mustaches; they are not of as well as I can. Did there come war to the gates of our fair burgh, down went needles, thread, and shamov leather, and out came the good head-piece and target from the dark nook, and the long lance me a day that either he or I was absent when the Provost made his musters!-Thus we have led our lives, my girl; working to win our bread, and fighting to defend thinks himself better than me: unlawful loon. And now lay by thy work, lass, for it is holvtide eve, and it becomes us to go to the evening-service, and pray that Heaven may send thee a good Valentine, to-morrow."

> So the Fair Maid of Perth laid aside the splendid hawking-glove which she was embroidering for the Lady Drummond, and putting on her holiday kirtle, prepared to attend her father to the Black

sage, Simon Glover, an ancient his zeal displaying itself; for a and esteemed burgess of Perth, common feeling of respect induced somewhat stricken in years, and passengers to give way to the increased in substance, received father and daughter. from young and old the homage But when the steel caps, barrets, gold chain, while the well-known and men-at-arms, began to be cealed beneath her screen, --- which of these warlike distinctions were in Flanders.—called both obei- than the quiet citizens. from young and old.

arm, they were followed by a tall dividual took the wall of Simon handsome young man, dressed in in passing, the Glover's youthful a yeoman's habit of the plainest attendant bristled up with a look kind, but which shewed to advan- of defiance, and the air of one tage his fine limbs, as the hand- who sought to distinguish his zeal some countenance that looked out in his mistress's service by its from a quantity of curled tresses, ardour. As frequently did Consurmounted by a small scarlet achar, for such was the lad's name, bonnet, became that species of receive a check from his master, head-dress. weapon than a staff in his hand, he did not wish his interference beit not being thought fit that per- foreherequired it. "Foolish boy!" sons of his degree (for he was an he said, "hast thou not lived long apprentice to the old Glover), should appear on the street armed a blow will breed a brawl-that a with sword or dagger, a privilege dirk will cut the skin as fast as a which the jackmen, or military needle pierces leather-that I love retainers of the nobility, esteemed peace though I never feared war, exclusively their own. He attended his master at holytide, causeway my daughter and I walk partly in the character of a do-lupon, so we may keep our road mestic, or guardian, should there in peace and quietness?" Conbe cause for his interference; but achar excused himself as zealous it was not difficult to discern, by for his master's honour, yet was the earnest attention which he paid to Catharine Glover, that it citizen .--- "What have we to do was to her rather than to her with honour?" said Simon Glover. father, that he desired to dedicate |"If thou wouldest remain in my his good offices. Generally speak-service, thou must think of hon-

which they lived. On their pas-jing, there was no opportunity for

due to his velvet jerkin and his and plumes, of squires, archers, beauty of Catharine, though con-seen among the throng, the wearers resembled the mantilla still worn more rude in their demeanour More sances and doffings of the bonnet than once, when from chance, or perhaps from an assumption of As the pair moved on arm in superior importance, such an in-He had no other who gave him to understand that enough in my shop to know that and care not which side of the scarce able to pacify the old

esty, and leave honour to the company too mean for that of swaggering fools who wear steel your father's son." at their heels, and iron on their shoulders. If you wish to wear and use such garniture, you are welcome; but it shall not be in my house, or in my company."

Conachar seemed rather to kindle at this rebuke than to submit to it. But a sign from Catharine-if that slight raising of her taper finger was indeed a signhad more effect than the angry reproof of his master; and the youth laid aside the military air which seemed natural to him, and relapsed into the humble follower of a quiet burgher.

Meantime the party were overtaken by a tall young man wrapped in a cloak, which obscured or mutfled a part of his face,-a practice often used by the gallants of the time, when they did not wish to be known, or were abroad in quest of adventures. He seemed, in short, one who might say to the world around him, "I desire, for the present, not to be known, or addressed in my own character; but, as I am answerable to myself alone for my actions, I wear my incognito but for form's sake, and care little whether you see through it or not."-He came on the right side of Catharine, who had hold of her thee so dearly!" father's arm and slackened his pace as if joining the party.

"Good even to you goodman."

"The same to your worship, and thanks.---May I pray you to pass on?-Our pace is too slow ners; and the presence of the

"My father's son can best judge of that, old man. I have business to talk of with you and with my fair St. Catharine here, the loveliest and most obdurate saint in the calendar."

"With deep reverence, my lord," said the old man, "I would remind you, that this is good St. Valentine's Eve, which is no time for business, and that I can have your worshipful commands by a serving-man as early as it pleases you to send them."

"There is no time like the present," said the persevering vouth, whose rank seemed to be of a kind which set him above ceremony. "I wish to know whether the buff doublet be finished which I commissioned some time since;—and from you, pretty Catharine" (here he sank his voice to a whisper), "I desire to be informed whether your fair fingers have been employed upon it, agreeably to your promise? But I not need ask you, for my poor heart has felt the pang of each puncture that pierced the garment which was to cover it. Traitress, how wilt thou answer for thus tormenting the heart that loves

"Let me intreat you, my lord," said Catharine, "to forego this wild talk-it becomes not you to speak thus, or me to listen. We are of poor rank, but honest manfor that of your lordship—our father ought to protect the child from such expressions, even from | doe-skin and bluesilk, I will teach your lordship."

This she spoke so low, that neither her father nor Conachar could Glover and his daughter entered understand what she said.

"Well, tyrant," answered the persevering gallant, "I will plague you no longer now, providing you will let me see you from your window to-morrow, when the sun first peeps over the eastern hill, and give me right to be your this as an intentional insult seized Valentine for the year."

but now told me that hawks, far less eagles, pair not with the covered himself with difficulty, humble linnet. Seek some court lady, to whom your favours will be honour; to me-your highness must permit me to speak the plain truth-they can be nothing but disgrace."

As they spoke thus, the party arrived at the gate of the church. "Your lordship will, I trust, permit us here to take leave of you?" said her father. "I am well aware how little you will alter your pleasure for the pain and ponent, adjusting his cloak yet uneasiness you may give to such closer about his face, made a prias us; but, from the throng of attendants at the gate, your lord- his gloves. He was instantly ship may see that there are others joined by two men, who, disin the church, to whom even your gracious lordship must pay respect."

any respect to me?" said the retired in one direction, his friends haughty young lord. "A miser-able artizan and his daughter, too Simon Glover, before he entered much honoured by my slightest the church, cast a look towards notice, have the insolence to tell the group, but had taken his place me that my notice dishonours among the congregation before them. Well, my princess of white they separated themselves.

you to rue this."

As he murmured thus, the the Dominican Church, and their attendant, Conachar, in attempting to follow them closely, jostled, it may be not unwillingly, the young nobleman. The gallant, starting from his unpleasing reverie, and perhaps considering on the young man by the breast, "Not so, my lord; my father struck him, and threw him from him. His irritated opponent reand grasped towards his own side, as if seeking a sword or dagger in the place where it was usually worn; but finding none, he made a gesture of disappointed rage, and entered the church. During the few seconds he remained, the young nobleman stood with his arms folded on his breast, with a haughty smile, as if defying him to do his worst. When Conachar had entered the church, his opvate signal by holding up one of guised like himself, had waited his motions at a little distance. They spoke together earnestly, "Yes-respect; and who pays after which the young nobleman

Simon Glover, before he entered He

knelt down with the air of a man |"Master, walk faster-we who has something burdensome dogg'd." on his mind; but when the service was ended, he seemed free from whom and by how many?" anxiety, as one who had referred himself and his troubles to the cloak, who follows us like our disposal of Heaven. The ceremony of High Mass was performed with considerable solemnity, a number of noblemen and ladies of rank being present. Preparations had indeed been made for the reception of the good old King himself, but some of those infirmities to which he was subject had prevented Robert III. from attending the service, as was his When the congregation wont. were dismissed, the Glover and his beautiful daughter lingered for some time, for the purpose of making their several shrifts in the confessionals, where the priests had taken their places for discharging that part of their duty. Thus it happened that the night had fallen dark, and the way was solitary, when they returned along the now deserted streets to their own dwelling. Most persons had betaken themselves to home and to bed. They who still lingered in the street were night-walkers or revellers, the idle and swaggering retainers of the haughty nobles, who were much wont to insult the peaceful passengers, relying on the impunity which their master's court favour was too apt to secure them.

are

"Dogg'd, sayest thou? Bv

"By one man muffled in his shadow."

"Then will I never mend my pace along the Couvrefew Street, for the best one man that ever trode it."

"But he has arms," said Conachar.

"And so have we, and hands and legs and feet. Why sure, Conachar, you are not afraid of one man?"

"Afraid!" answered Conachar, indignant at the insinuation: "you shall soon know if I am afraid."

"Now you are as far on the other side of the mark, thou foolish boy-thy temper has no middle course: there is no occasion to make a brawl, though we do not run. Walk thou before with Catharine, and I will take thy place. We cannot be exposed to danger so near home as we are."

The Glover fell behind accordingly, and certainly observed a person keep so close to them, as, the time and place considered. justified some suspicion. When they crossed the street, he also crossed it, and when they advanced or slackened their pace, the stranger's was in proportion accelerated or diminished. The matter would have been of very little con-It was, perhaps, in apprehen-sequence had Simon Glover been sion of mischief from some char- alone; but the beauty of his acter of this kind, that Conachar, daughter might render her the stepping up to the Glover, said, object of some profligate scheme, in a country where the laws af-1 By this time he had pulled the forded such slight protection to person, whom he welcomed so those who had not the means to cordially, into a sort of kitchen, defend themselves. Conachar and which served also upon ordinary his fair charge having arrived on occasions the office of parlour. the threshold of their own apart- Its ornaments were trenchers of ment, which was opened to them pewter, mixed with a silver cup by an old female servant, the or two, which, in the highest deburgher's uneasiness was ended. gree of cleanliness. occupied a Determined, however, to ascer- range of shelves like those of a tain, if possible, whether there beauffet, popularly called the Bink. had been any cause for it, he A good fire, with the assistance called out to the man whose mo- of a blazing lamp, spread light tions had occasioned the alarm, and and who stood still, though he apartment, and a savoury smell seemed to keep out of reach of the light. "Come, step forward, my friend, and do not play at bopeep; knowest thou not, that those whose appetite they were they who walk like phantoms in destined to satisfy. the dark, are apt to encounter the conjuration of a quarterstaff? Step forward, I say, and shew us thy shapes, man."

"Why, so I can, Master Glover," said one of the deepest voices that ever answered question. "I can in some manner to command it. shew my shapes well enough, only I wish they could bear the light something better."

"Body of me," exclaimed Simon, "I should know that voice! -And is it thou, in thy bodily person, Harry Gow? Nay, beshrew me if thou passest this door vigour by constant exercise. His with dry lips. What, man, curfew legs were somewhat bent, but not has not rung yet, and if it had, it were no reason why it should to approach to deformity; on the Come in, part father and son. man; Dorothy shall get us someright glad to see thee."

cheerfulness through the of some victuals which Dorothy was preparing, did not at all offend the unrefined noses of

Their unknown attendant now stood in full light among them, and though his appearance was neither dignified nor handsome, his face and figure were not only deserving of attention, but seemed He was rather below the middle stature, but the breadth of his shoulders, length and brawniness of his arms, and the muscular appearance of the whole man, argued a most unusual share of strength, and a frame kept in in a manner which could be said contrary, which seemed to correspond to the strength of his thing to eat, and we will jingle a frame, though it injured in some can ere thou leave us. Come in, degree its symmetry. His dress I say; my daughter Kate will be was of buff-hide, and he wore in a belt around his waist a heavy

broad-sword, and a dirk or poniard, Not that there was any resistance as if to defend his purse, which on the part of the little hand which (burgher-fashion) was attached to lay passive in his grasp; but there the was well proportioned, round, close cropped, and curled thickly to increase the confusion of the with black hair. There was daring and resolution in the dark eye, but the other features seemed to express a bashful timidity. mingled with good-humour, and obvious satisfaction at meeting with his old friends. Abstracted from the bashful expression, which was that of the moment, the forehead of Henry Gow, or Smith (for he was indifferently so called),\* was high and noble, but the lower part of the face was less happily formed. The mouth was large. and well-furnished with a set of firm and beautiful teeth, the appearance of which corresponded with the air of personal health and muscular strength, which the whole frame indicated. A short thick beard, and mustaches which had lately been arranged with some care, completed the picture. His age could not exceed eightand-twenty.

The family appeared all well pleased with the unexpected appearance of an old friend. Simon Glover shook his hand again and again, Dorothy made her compliments, and Catharine herself offered freely her hand, which Henry held in his massive grasp as if he designed to carry it to his lips, but, after a moment's hesitation, desisted, from fear lest the freedom might be ill taken.

same cincture. The head was a smile mingled with the blush on her cheek, which seemed gallant. Her father, on his part, called out frankly, as he saw his friend's hesitation,---

"Her lips, man, her lips! and that's a proffer I would not make to every one who crosses my threshold. But, by good St. Valentine (whose holiday will dawn to-morrow), I am so glad to see thee in the bonny city of Perth again, that it would be hard to tell the thing I could refuse thee."

The Smith-for, as has been said, such was the craft of this sturdy artisan-was encouraged modestly to salute the Fair Maid, who yielded the courtesy with a smile of affection that might have become a sister, saying, at the same time, "Let me hope that I welcome back to Perth a repentant and amended man."

He held her hand as if about to answer, then suddenly, as one who lost courage at the moment. relinquished his grasp; and drawing back as if afraid of what he had done, his dark countenance glowing with bashfulness, mixed with delight, he sat down by the fire on the opposite side from that which Catharine occupied.

"Come, Dorothy, speed thee with the food, old woman;-and Conachar-where is Conachar?"

"He is gone to bed, sir, with a headach," said Catharine, in a hesitating voice.

"Go, call him, Dorothy," said used thus by him; his Highland interchange of looks betwixt Cablood, forsooth, is too gentle to tharine Glover and the young lay a trencher or spread a napkin, and he expects to enter our terest on the part of the former out duly waiting and tending upon his master and teacher in all matters of lawful obedience. Go, call him, I say; I will not be thus neglected."

Dorothy was presently heard screaming up stairs, or more probably up a ladder, to the cockloft, to which the recusant apprentice had made an untimely retreat; a muttered answer was returned, and soon after Conachar appeared in the eating apartment. There was a gloom of deep sullenuess on his haughty, though handsome features, and as he proceeded to spread the board, and arrange the trenchers, with salt, spices, and other condiments,---to discharge, in short, the duties of a modern domestic, which the custom of the time imposed upon all apprentices-he was obviously disgusted and indignant with the mean office imposed upon him. The Fair Maid of Perth looked with some anxiety at him, as if apprehensive that his evident sullenness might increase her father's displeasure; but it was not till her eyes had sought out his for a second time, that Conachar condescended to veil his dissatisfaction, and throw a greater appearance of willingness and submission into the services which he was performing.

And here we must acquaint our the old Glover; "I will not be reader, that though the private mountaineer indicated some inancient and honourable craft with- in the conduct of the latter, it would have puzzled the strictest observer to discover whether that feeling exceeded in degree what might have been felt by a young person towards a friend and inmate of the same age, with whom she had lived on habits of intimacy.

> "Thou hast had a long journey, son Henry," said Glover, who had always used that affectionate style of speech, though noways akin to the young artisan; "ay, and hast seen many a river besides Tay, and many a fair bigging besides St. Johnston."

> "But none that I like half so well, and none that are half so much worth my liking," answered the Smith; "I promise you, father, that when I crossed the Wicks of Baiglie, and saw the bonny city lie stretched fairly before me, like a Fairy Queen in romance. whom the Knight finds asleep among a wilderness of flowers. felt even as a bird, when it folds its wearied wings to stoop down on its own nest.

> "Aha! so thou canst play the Maker\* yet?" said the Glover. "What, shall we have our ballets, and our roundels again? our lusty carols for Christmas, and our

\* Old Scottish for Poet, and, indeed, the literal translation of the original Greek, Ποιητής

mirthful springs to trip it round tion, looked down, and endeathe May-pole?"

"Such toys there may be forthcoming, father," said Henry contemptuous manner in which Smith, "though the blast of the the Smith had spoken of his bellows, and the clatter of the Highland customer. Henry went anvil, make but coarse company to lays of minstrelsy; but I can to him. afford them no better, since I must mend my fortune, though I mar my verses."

"Right again-my own son just," answered the Glover; "and I trust thou hast made a saving voyage of it?"

"Nay, I made a thriving one, father-I sold the steel habergeon that you wot of for four hundred marks to the English Warden of the East Marches, Sir Magnus Redman.\* He scarce scrupled a penny after I gave him leave to try a sword-dint upon it. The beggarly Highland thief who bespoke it boggled at half the sum, though it had cost me a year's labour."

"What dost thou start at, Conachar?" said Simon, addressing himself, by way of parenthesis, to the mountain disciple; "wilt thou never learn to mind thy own father, to ask me such a question' business, without listening to what is passing round thee? What is it to thee that an Englishman thinks that cheap which a Scottishman may hold dear?"

Conachar turned round to speak; but, after a moment's consideravoured to recover his composure, which had been deranged by the on without paying any attention

"I sold at high prices some swords and whingers when I was at Edinburgh. They expect war there; and if it please God to send it, my merchandise will be worth its price. St. Dunstan make us thankful, for he was of our craft. In short, this fellow" (laying his hand on his purse). "who, thou knowest, father, was somewhat lank and low in condition when I set out four months since, is now as round and full as a sixweeks' porker."

"And that other leathernsheathed iron-hilted fellow who hangs beside him," said the Glover, "has he been idle all this while?-Come, jolly Smith, confess the truth-how many brawls hast thou had since crossing the Tav?"

"Nay, now you do me wrong, (glancing a look at Catharine) "in such a presence," answered the armourer; "I make swords, indeed, but I leave it to other people to use them. No, noseldom have I a naked sword in my fist, save when I am turning them on the anvil or grindstone; and they slandered me to your daughter Catharine, that led her to suspect the quietest burgess in Perth of being a brawler. I wish

<sup>\*</sup> Sir Magnus Redman, sometime Governor of Berwick, fell in one of the battles on the Border, which followed on the treason of the Earl of March, alluded to hereafter.

the best of them would dare say I would quarrel with a brother such a word at the Hill of Kinnoul. and never a man on the green but he and I."

"Ay, ay," said the Glover laughing, "we should then have a fine sample of your patient sufferance. -Out upon you, Henry, that you will speak so like a knave to one who knows thee so well! You look at Kate, too, as if she did not know that a man in this country must make his hand keep his head, unless he will sleep in slender security.-Come, come; beshrew me if thou hast not spoiled as many suits of armour as thou hast made."

"Why, he would be a bad armourer, father Simon, that could not with his own blow make proof of his own workmanship. If I did not sometimes cleave a helmet. or strike a sword's point through a harness, I should not know what strength of fabric to give them; and might jingle together such ing at the exploits of his pacific pasteboard work as yonder Edinburgh smiths think not shame to put out of their hands."

"Aha—now would I lay a gold crown thou hast had a quarrel with some Edinburgh Burn-thewind \* upon that very ground."

"A quarrel!-no, father," replied the Perth armourer, "but a measuring of swords with such a ful lad in Perth, who never touches one upon St. Leonard's Crags, for the honour of my bonny city, I fession.—Well any thing more to confess. Surely you do not think tell us?"

blacksmith, appears in Burns-

Then Burnewin came on like death, At every chaup, etc.

craftsman?"

"Ah, to a surety, no. But how did your brother craftsman come off?"

"Why, as one with a sheet of paper on his bosom might come off from the stroke of a lance-or rather, indeed, he came not off at all; for, when I left him, he was lying in the Hermit's Lodge daily expecting death, for which Father Gervis said he was in heavenly preparation."

"Well-any more measuring of weapons?" said the Glover.

"Why, truly, I fought an Englishman at Berwick besides, on the old question of the Supremacy, as they call it—I am sure you would not have me slack at that debate?-and I had the luck to hurt him on the left knee."

"Well done for St. Andrew!--to it again.-Whom next had you to deal with?" said Simon laughfriend.

"I fought a Scotchman in the Torwood," answered Henry Smith, "upon a doubt which was the better swordsman, which, you are aware, could not be known or decided without a trial. The poor fellow lost two fingers."

"Pretty well for the most peacea sword but in the way of his pro-

"Little-for the drubbing of a \* Burn-the-wind, an old cant term for Highlandman is a thing not worth mentioning."

"For what didst thou drub him,

O man of peace?" inquired the ing the Smith, who had just taken Glover.

"For nothing that I can remember," replied the Smith, "except his presenting himself on the jostle him so awkwardly, that the south side of Stirling Bridge."

"Well here is to thee, and thou art welcome to me after all these exploits.-Conachar, bestir thee. Let the cans clink, lad, and thou shalt have a cup of the nut-brown for thyself, my boy."

Conachar poured out the good liquor for his master and for Catharine, with due observance. But that done, he set the flagon on the table, and sat down.

your manners? Fill to my guest, the worshipful Master Henry Smith."

"Master Smith may fill for him- thee." self, if he wishes for liquor," an-""The swered the youthful Celt. son of my father has demeaned himself enough already for one evening."

"That's well crowed for a cockerel," said Henry; "but thou art so far right, my lad, that the man deserves to die of thirst who will not drink without a cupbearer."

the contumacy of the young apprentice with so much patience.— "Now, by my honest word, and by the best glove I ever riade," said Simon, "thou shalt help him him with a grasp like that of his with liquor from that cup and flagon, if thee and I are to abide under one roof."

hearing this threat, and, approach- the formidable antagonist whom

the tankard in his hand, and was raising it to his head, he contrived to stumble against him and foaming ale gushed over his face, person, and dress. Good-natured as the Smith, in spite of his warlike propensities, really was in the utmost degree, his patience failed under such a provocation. He seized the young man's throat, being the part which came readiest to his grasp, as Conachar arose from the pretended stumble, and pressing it severely as he cast the lad from him, exclaimed, "Had "How now, sirrah!-be these this been in another place, young gallows-bird, I had stowed the lugs out of thy head, as I have done to some of thy clan before

Conachar recovered his feet with the activity of a tiger, and exclaiming, "Never shall you live to make that boast again!" drew a short sharp knife from his bosom. and springing on Henry Smith, attempted to plunge it into his body over the collar-bone, which must have been a mortal wound. But the object of this violence was so ready to defend himself But his entertainer took not by striking up the assailant's hand, that the blow only glanced on the bone, and scarce drew blood. To wrench the dagger from the boy's hand, and to secure own iron vice, was, for the powerful Smith, the work of a single moment. Conachar felt himself Conachar arose sullenly upon at once in the absolute power of

he had provoked; he became deadly pale, as he had been the armourer, "look to Catharine." moment before glowing red, and stood mute with shame and fear, until, relieving him from his powerful hold, the Smith quietly said, "It is well for thee that thou canst not make me angry-thou art but a boy, and I, a grown man, ought not to have provoked thee. But let this be a warning."

Conachar stood an instant as if about to reply, and then left the room, ere Simon had collected himself enough to speak. Dorothy was running hither and thither for salves and healing herbs. Catharine had swooned at the sight of the trickling blood.

"Let me depart, father Simon," said Henry Smith, mournfully; "I might have guessed I should received. As he unloosed the have my old luck, and spread leathern jacket from his neck and strife and bloodshed where I would wish most to bring peace and happiness. Care not for melook to poor Catharine; the fright of such an affray hath killed her, and all through my fault."

"Thy fault, my son!-It was the fault of yon Highland cateran,\* whom it is my curse to be cumbered with; but he shall go back little water having removed all to his glens to-morrow, or taste other marks of the fray, he the tolbooth of the burgh. An assault upon the life of his master's turned again to the table where guest in his master's house!-It breaks all bonds between us. But bling, was, however, recovered let me see to thy wound."

"Catharine!" repeated the

"Dorothy will see to her," said Simon; "surprise and fear kill not -skenes and dirks do. And she is not more the daughter of my blood than thou, my dear Henry, art the son of my affections. Let me see the wound. The skeneoccle\* is an ugly weapon in a Highland hand.

"I mind it no more than the scratch of a wild-cat," said the armourer; "and now that the colour is coming to Catharine's cheek again, you shall see me a sound man in a moment." He turned to a corner in which hung a small mirror, and hastily took from his purse some dry lint, to apply to the slight wound he had shoulders, the manly and muscular form which they displayed, was not more remarkable than the fairness of his skin, where it had not, as in hands and face, been exposed to the effects of rough weather, and of his laborious He hastily applied some trade. lint to stop the bleeding, and a buttoned his doublet anew, and Catharine, still pale and tremfrom her fainting fit.

"Would you but grant me your forgiveness for having offended you in the very first hour of my

<sup>\*</sup> Cateran, or robber, the usual designation of the Celtic borderers on the lands of the Sassenach. The beautiful Lake of the Trosachs is supposed to have taken its name from the habits of its frequenters. | the Highlanders' stiletto.

<sup>\*</sup> Skene-occle, i.e., knife of the armpit-

return? The lad was foolish to enemies, he fights with them for provoke me, and yet I was more foolish to be provoked by such as he. Your father blames me not, Catharine, and cannot you forgive me?"

"I have no power to forgive," answered Catharine, "what I have no title to resent. If my father chooses to have his house made the scene of night brawls, I must witness them--I cannot help myself. Perhaps it was wrong in me to faint and interrupt, it may be, the farther progress of a fair fray. My apology is, that I cannot bear the sight of blood."

"And is this the manner," said her father, "in which you receive my friend after his long absence? My friend, did I say? nay, my son. He escapes being murdered by a fellow whom I will to-morrow clear this house of, and you treat him as if he had done wrong in dashing from him the snake which was about to sting him!"

"It is not my part, father," returned the Maid of Perth, "to last quarrel before his departure decide who had the rightor wrong in the present brawl; nor did I what happened distinctly see enough, to say which was assailant, or which defender. But fate of the cur that he was prosure our friend, Master Henry, will tecting. I will grant you also, not deny that he lives in a perfect that the poor never pass the house atmosphere of strife, blood, and quarrels. He hears of no swordsman but he envies his reputation, But what avails all this, when his and must needs put his valour to the proof. He sees no brawl but he must strike into the midst of his purse relieves?" it. Has he friends, he fights with them for love and honour: has he

hatred and revenge. And those men who are neither his friends nor foes, he fights with them because they are on this or that side of a river. His days are days of battle, and doubtless he acts them over again in his dreams."

"Daughter," said Simon, "your tongue wags too freely. Quarrels and fights are men's business, not women's and it is not maidenly to think or speak of them."

"But if they are so rudely enacted in our presence," said Catharine, "it is a little hard to expect us to think or speak of anything else. I will grant you. my father, that this valiant burgess of Perth is one of the best-hearted men that draws breath within its walls-that he would walk hundred yards out of the way rather than step upon a wormthat he would be as loath, in wantonness, to kill a spider, as if he were a kinsman to King Robert. of happy memory \*---that in the he fought with four butchers, to prevent their killing a poor mastiff that had misbehaved in the bullring, and narrowly escaped the of the wealthy armourer but they are relieved with food and alms. sword makes as many starving orphans and mourning widows as

"Nay, but Catharine, hear me \* Note C. Robert Bruce.

but a word before going on with mit your child to say so. Let us a string of reproaches against my thank God and the good saints friend, that sound something like that we are in a peaceful rank of sense, while they are, in truth, in- life; below the notice of those consistent with all we hear and whose high birth and yet higher see around us. What," continued the Glover, "do our King and our bloody works of cruelty, which court, our knights and ladies, our haughty and lordly men term abbots, monks, and priests themselves, so earnestly crowd to see? Is it not to behold the display of in us to prank ourselves in their chivalry, to witness the gallant dainty plumes and splendid garactions of brave knights in the ments; why, then, should we imitilt and tourney-ground, to look tate their full-blown vices? Why upon deeds of honour and glory achieved by arms and bloodshed? hearted pride and relentless What is it these proud knights do, that differs from what our good Henry Gow works out in his sphere? Who ever heard of his abusing his skill and strength to do evil or forward oppression, and who knows not how often it has been employed as that of a champion in the good cause of the burgh? And shouldst not thou, of all women, deem thyself honoured and glorious, that so true a heart and so strong an arm has termed himself thy bachelor? In what do the proudest dames take their loftiest pride, save in the chivalry of their knight; and has the boldest in Scotland done talk for me, girl," said her father, more gallant deeds than my brave son Henry, though but of low degree? Is he not known to Highland and Lowland as the best armourer that ever made sword, and the truest soldier that ever drew one?"

Catharine, "your words contra- the preachment thou hast heaped

pride, lead them to glory in their deeds of chivalry. Your wisdom will allow that it would be absurd should we assume their hardcruelty, to which murder is not only a sport, but a subject of vainglorious triumph? Let those whose rank claims as its right such bloody homage, take pride and pleasure in it; we, who have no share in the sacrifice, may the better pity the sufferings of the victim. Let us thank our lowliness, since it secures us from temptation. - But forgive me, father, if I have stepped over the limits of my duty, in contradicting the views which you entertain, with so many others, on these subjects."

"Nay, thou hast even too much somewhat angrily. "I am but a poor workman, whose best knowledge is to distinguish the lefthand glove from the right. But if thou wouldst have my forgiveness, say something of comfort to my poor Henry. There he sits, "My dearest father," answered confounded and dismayed with all dict themselves, if you will per- together; and he, to whom a

3\*

trumpet sound was like the invita-|summoned tears. "Weep not," the sound of a child's whistle."

he heard the lips that were anger, which most easily beset dearest to him paint his character thee-fling from thee the acin such unfavourable colours, had cursed weapons, to the fatal and laid his head down on the table upon his folded arms, in an attitude of the deepest dejection, or almost despair. "I would to Heaven, my dearest father," answered Catharine, "that it were retire from the world, but while in my power to speak comfort to Henry, without betraying the trade; and while I form armour sacred cause of the truths I have just told you. And I may,-nay, I must have such a commission," she continued with something reproach me as you do, if you that the earnestness with which knew how inseparably the means she spoke, and the extreme beauty by which I gain my bread are of her features, caused for the connected with that warlike spirit moment to resemble inspiration. which you impute to me as a "The truth of Heaven," she said, fault, though it is the consequence in a solemn tone, "was never of inevitable necessity. While I committed to a tongue, however strengthen the shield or corselet feeble, but it gave a right to that to withstand wounds, must I not tongue, to announce mercy, while have constantly in remembrance it Henry-rise up noble-minded, which they may be dealt; and good, and generous, though when I forge the sword, and widely mistaken man-Thy faults temper it for war, is it practicable are those of this cruel and re- for me to avoid the recollection of morseless age-thy virtues all thine its use?" own."

While she thus spoke, she laid her hand upon the Smith's arm, and extricating it from under his head by a force which, however gentle, he could not resist, she compelled him to raise towards with difficulty, permitted by its her his manly face, and the eyes owner, yet scarcely receiving asinto which her expostulations, sistance from his volition-"cast mingled with other feelings, had from you, I say, the art which it

tion to a feast, is struck down at she said, "or rather weep on--but weep as those who have hone. The armourer, indeed, while Abjure the sins of pride and murderous use of which thou art so easily tempted."

"You speak to me in vain, Catharine," returned the armourer; "I may, indeed, turn monk and I live in it I must practise my and weapons for others, I cannot myself withstand the temptation of using them. You would not declared judgment.-Arise, the manner and strength with

> "Then throw from you, my dear Henry," said the enthusiastic girl, clasping with both her slender hands the nervous strength and weight of one of the muscular armourer's, which they raised

a snare to you. Abjure the fabri-|tournaments with a feeling, that cation of weapons which can only though her doctrines were new to be useful to abridge human life, him, they might not, nevertheless, already too short for repentance, be entirely erroneous. He felt, or to encourage with a feeling of indeed, a wish that his proposed safety those whom fear might son-in-law should not commit himotherwise prevent from risking self voluntarily to the hazards themselves in peril. The art of which the daring character and forming arms, whether offensive great personal strength of Henry or defensive, is alike sinful in one the Smith had hitherto led him to to whose violent and ever vehe-lincur too readily; and so far he ment disposition the very work-would rather have desired that ing upon them proves a sin and a Catharine's arguments should have snare. Resign utterly the manufacture of weapons of every de-|mind of her lover, whom he knew scription, and deserve the for- to be as ductile, when influenced giveness of Heaven, by renoun- by his affections, as he was fierce cing all that can lead to the sin which most easily besets you."

armourer, "am I to do for my his views, when he heard her enlivelihood, when I have given large upon the necessity of his over the art of forging arms, for designed son-in-law resigning a which Henry of Perth is known trade which brought in more from the Tay to the Thames!"

rine, "has innocent and laudable more profit to Henry of Perth, in resources. If you renounce the particular, than to any armourer forging of swords and bucklers, in the nation. He had some in-there remains to you the task of forming the harmless spade, and amiss to convert, if possible, the honourable as well as useful Henry the Smith from his too ploughshare-of those implements frequent use of arms, even though which contribute to the support he felt some pride in being conof life, or to its comforts. canst frame locks and bars to with such superior excellence defend the property of the weak those weapons, which in that waragainst the stouthrief and op-like age it was the boast of all pression of the strong. Men will men to manage with spirit. But still resort to thee, and repay thy when he heard his daughter re-honest industry-

rupted. her declaim against war and gainful trade in which he was

produced some effect upon the and intractable when assailed by hostile remonstrances or threats. "And what," murmured the But her arguments interfered with ready income than any at that "Your art itself," said Catha- time practised in Scotland, and Thou nected with one who wielded commend, as the readiest road to But here Catharine was inter-this pacific state of mind, that Her father had heard her lover should renounce the

held unrivalled, and which, from | sword which he makes. Preach the constant private differences peace to him as much as thou and public wars of the time, was wilt-I will never be he will say sure to afford him a large income, thee nay; but as for bidding the he could withhold his wrath no first armourer in Scotland forego longer. The daughter had scarce the forging of swords, curtal-axes, recommended to her lover the fabrication of the implements of patience itself mad—Out from my husbandry, than, feeling the certainty of being right, of which in thee remember, that shouldst thou the earlier part of their debate have the luck to see Henry the he had been somewhat doubtful, the father broke in with-

and harrow-teeth!-and why not grates and fire-prongs, and Culross girdles,\* and an ass to carry the merchandise through the country—and thou for another ass to lead it by the halter? Why, Catharine, girl, has sense altogether forsaken thee, or dost thou think that in these hard and iron days, men will give ready silver for any thing save that which can defend their own life, or enable them to take that of their enemy? We want swords to protect ourselves every moment now, thou silly wench, and not ploughs to dress the ground for the grain we may never see rise. As for the matter of our daily bread, those who are strong seize it, and live; those who are weak yield it, and die of hunger. Happy is the man who, like my worthy son, has means of obtaining his living otherwise than by the point of the

\* The girdle is the thin plate of iron used for the manufacture of the staple luxury of Scotland, the oaten cake. The town of Culross was long celebrated for its girdles.

and harness, it is enough to drive sight!-and next morning I pri-Smith, which is more than thy usage of him has deserved, you "Locks and bars, plough-graith see a man who has not his match in Scotland at the use of broadsword and battle-axe, and who can work for five hundred marks a-year, without breaking a holidav."

The daughter, on hearing her father speak thus peremptorily. made a low obeisance, and, without further good-night, withdrew to the chamber which was her usual sleeping apartment.

## CHAPTER III.

Whence cometh Smith, be he knight, lord, or squire,

But from the smith that forged in the fire? VERSTIGAN.

THE armourer's heart swelled big with various and contending sensations, so that it seemed as if it would burst the leathern doublet under which it was shrouded. He arose-turned away his head, and extended his hand towards the Glover, while he averted his face. as if desirous that his emotion should not be read upon his countenance.

"Nay, hang me if I bid you

farewell man," said Simon, strik-|them from the reiving Southron. ing the flat of his hand against So I will empty a cup to the soul's that which the armourer expanded health of my honoured father towards him. "I will shake no May his sins be forgiven him! hands with you for an hour to Dorothy, thou shalt drink this come at least. Tarry but a pledge, and then be gone to thy moment, man, and I will ex- cockloft. I know thine ears are plain all this; and surely a few itching, girl, but I have that to drops of blood from a scratch, say which no one must hear save and a few silly words from a Henry Smith, the son of mine foolish wench's lips, are not to adoption." have been so long without meet- monstrate, but taking off her ing? Stay, then, man, if ever glass, or rather her goblet, with you would wish for a father's good courage, retired to her blessing and St. Valentine's, sleeping apartment, according to whose blessed eve this chances to her master's commands. The he."

loudly summoning Dorothy, and, said Simon, filling at the same after some clanking of keys and time his own glass and his guest's, trampling up and down stairs, |"it grieves me, from my soul, that Dorothy appeared bearing three my daughter retains this silly large rummer cups of green glass, humour; but also, methinks, thou which were then esteemed a great mightst mend it. Why wouldst and precious curiosity, and the thou come hither clattering with Glover followed with a huge thy sword and dagger, when the bottle, equal at least to three girl is so silly that she cannot quarts of these degenerate days. bear the sight of these? Dost —"Here is a cup of wine, Henry, thou not remember that thou older by half than I am myself; hadst a sort of quarrel with her my father had it in a gift from even before thy last departure stout old Crabbe the Flemish from Perth, because thou wouldst engineer, who defended Perth so not go like other honest quiet stoutly in the minority of David burghers, but must be ever the Second. We glovers could always do something in war, laways do something in war, l day I will tell you how, and also how long these bottles were concealed under ground, to save | \*\* That is, not in dread of war, but in

two friends were left alone.

The Glover was soon heard "It grieves me friend Henry,"

\* Men wearing jacks, or armour.

was not my fault; but I had no was made at Berwick after the sooner quitted my nag than I run latest cut; nor would I have aphither to tell you of my return, peared before her with these thinking, if it were your will to permit me, that I would get your advice about being Mistress Catharine's Valentine for the year; and then I heard from Mrs. Do rothy that you were gone to hear mass at the Black Friars. So I thought I would follow thither; partly to hear the same mass with you, and partly-Our Lady and St. Valentine forgive me!-to look upon one who thinks little enough of me-And, as you entered the church, methought I saw two or dangerous-looking three men holding counsel together, and gazing at you and at her, and in especial Sir John Ramorny, whom I knew well enough, for all his disguise, and the velvet patch over his eye, and his cloak so like a serving-man's; -- so methought, father Simon, that as you were old, and yonder slip of a more beautiful, but wiser, higher, Highlander something too young to do battle, I would even walk quietly after you, not doubting, with the tools I had about me, to bring any one to reason that might disturb you in your way home. You know that yourself discovered me, and drew me into the house, whether I would or no; otherwise, I promise you, I would not have seen your daughter till

the guise which effeirs, or belongs, to war; in arms, namely, offensive and defensive. "Bodin in feir of war," a frequent term in old Scottish history and muniments, means, arrayed in warlike guise.

"Why, my good father, that I had donn'd the new jerkin which weapons, which she dislikes so much. Although, to say truth, so many are at deadly feud with me for one unhappy chance or another, that it is as needful for me as for any man in Scotland to go by night with weapons about me."

"The silly wench never thinks of that," said Simon Glover. "She never has sense to consider, that in our dear native land of Scotland every man deems it his privilege and duty to avenge his own wrong. But, Harry, my boy, thou art to blame for taking her talk so much to heart. I have seen thee bold enough with other wenches ---wherefore so still and tonguetied with her?"

"Because she is something different from other maidens, father Glover-because she is not only holier, and seems to me as if she were made of better clay than we that approach her. I can hold my head high enough with the rest of the lasses round the Maypole; but somehow, when I approach Catharine, I feel myself an earthly, coarse, ferocious creature, scarce worthy to look on her, much less to contradict the precepts which she expounds to me."

"You are an imprudent merchant, Harry Smith," replied Simon; "and rate too high the goods you wish to purchase. Catharine is a good girl, and my

daughter; but if you make her a thinks the whole world is one conceited ape by your bashful-great minster-church, and that all ness and your flattery, neither who live in it should behave as if you nor I will see our wishes ac- they were at an eternal mass." complished."

ther," said the Smith; "for I feel those who approach her-the how little I am deserving of Catharine."

"Feel a thread's end!" said the Glover; "feel for me, friend you may see he has the natural Smith, for Catharine and me. Think how the poor thing is beset least sign which Catharine makes from morning to night, and by what sort of persons, even though ruled by any one else in the windows be down and doors shut. We were accosted to-day by one with him to bring him from his too powerful to be named,-ay, and he shewed his displeasure openly, because I would not permit him to gallant my daughter in the church itself, when the priest was saying mass. are others scarce less reasonable. I sometimes wish that Catharine were some degrees less fair, that low as he? He will be just like she might not catch that dangerous sort of admiration, or somewhat less holy, that she might sit dog, and every one thought him down like an honest woman, con- reclaimed, till, in an ill hour, I tented with stout Henry Smith, who could protect his wife against crieff, when he broke loose on the every sprig of chivalry in the laird's flock, and made a havoc Court of Scotland."

"And if I did not," said Henry, thrusting out a hand and arm the time. And I marvel that you, which might have belonged to a giant for bone and muscle, "I ver, will keep this Highland young would I may never bring hammer fellow—a likely one, I promise upon anvil again! Ay, an it were you-so nigh to Catharine, as if come but that length, my fair there were no other than your Catharine should see that there is daughter to serve him for a no harm in a man having the trick school-mistress." of defence. But I believe she "Fie, my son, fie,-now, you

"Nay, in truth," said the father, "I often fear it, my good fa-|"she has strange influence over Highland lad, Conachar, with whom I have been troubled for these two or three years, although spirit of his people, obeys the him, and indeed, will hardly be She takes much pains house. rude Highland habits."

Here Harry Smith became uneasy in his chair, lifted the flagon, set it down, and at length exclaimed, "The devil take the There young Highland whelp and his whole kindred! What has Catharine to do to instruct such a felthe wolf-cub that I was fool enough to train to the offices of a went to walk on the hill of Monthat I might well have rued, had the laird not wanted a harness at being a sensible man, father Glo-

are jealous," said Simon, "of a "you cannot suppose that Harry the other side of the hill."

torted the Smith, who had all the gate\*\* with slogan crying, and narrow-minded feelings of the pipes playing; I would find fifty burghers of his time, "an it were blades and bucklers would send not for fear of offence, I would them back faster than they came. say that you have even too much But to speak truth, though it is a packing and peeling with yonder fool's speech too-I care not to loons out of burgh."

"I must get my deer-hides, buck-skins, kid-skins, and so forth, somewhere, my good Harry, -and Highlandmen give good bargains."

"They can afford them," replied Henry, dryly; "for they sell nothing but stolen gear."

"Well, well,-be that as it may, it is not my business where they get the bestial, so I get the hides. But as I was saying, there are certain considerations why I am willing to oblige the father of this young man, by keeping him here. And he is but half a Highlander neither, and wants a thought of bleared eyes,-no hands seared the dour spirit of a Glune-amie;\* -after all, I have seldom seen the use of the fore-hammer,--no him so fierce as he shewed himself but now."

"You could not, unless he had killed his man," replied the Smith, in the same dry tone.

"Nevertheless, if you wish it, Harry, I'll set all other respects aside, and send the landlouper to seek other quarters to-morrow morning."

"Nay, father," said the Smith,

\* Note D. Glune-amie.

poor young fellow, who, to tell Gow cares the value of a smithyyou the truth, resides here, be- dander \* for such a cub as yoncause he may not so well live on der cat-a-mountain? I care little. I promise you, though all his clan "Ay, ay, father Simon," re- were coming down the Shoesee the fellow so much with Catharine. Remember, father Glover, your trade keeps your eyes and hands close employed, and must have your heedful care, even if this lazy lurdane wrought at it. which you know yourself he seldom does."

"And that is true," said Simon; "he cuts all his gloves out for the right hand, and never could finish a pair in his life."

"No doubt, his notions of skincutting are rather different," said Henry. "But, with your leave, father, I would only say, that work he, or be he idle, he has no with the hot iron, and welked by hair rusted in the smoke, and singed in the furnace, like the hide of a badger, rather than what is fit to be covered with a Christian bonnet. Now, let Catharine be as good a wench as ever lived, and I will uphold her to be the best in Perth, yet she must see and know that these things make a difference betwixt

\* Cinder.

\*\* A principal street in Perth.

man and man, and that the dif-|Highland boy to thee?--Pshaw! ference is not in my favour."

heart, son Harry," said the old tell thee, Conachar is nothing to man, filling a brimmer to his com- her, but so far as she would fain panion, and another to himself; prevent the devil having his due "I see, that good smith as thou of him as of other Highlandmen art, thou ken'st not the mettle -God bless her, poor thing! she that women are made of. Thou would bring all mankind to better must be bold, Henry; and bear thoughts if she could." thyself not as if thou wert going "In which she will fail to a to the gallow-lee, but like a gay certainty,"—said the Smith, who, young fellow, who knows his own as the reader may have noticed, worth, and will not be slighted by had no good-will to the Highland the best grandchild Eve ever had. race. "I will wager on Old Nick, Catharine is a woman like her of whom I should know somemother; and thou thinkest fool- thing, he being indeed a worker ishly to suppose they are all set in the same element with myself, on what pleases the eye. Their against Catharine on that debate ear must be pleased too, man; -the devil will have the tartan; they must know that he whom that is sure enough." they favour is bold and buxom, "Ay, but Catharine," replied and might have the love of the Glover, "hath a second thou twenty, though he is suing for knowest little of—Father Clement theirs. Believe an old man, women has taken the young reiver in walk more by what others think hand, and he fears a hundred dethan by what they think them- vils as little as I do a flock of selves; and when she asks for the boldest man in Perth, whom shall she hear named but Harry Burnthe-wind?-The best armourer that ever fashioned weapon on anvil? why, Harry Smith again-The tightest dancer at the Maypole? why, the lusty smith-The gayest troller of ballads? why, who but Harry Gow?-The self to trim by fasting and pebest wrestler, sword-and-buckler player-the king of the weaponshawing-the breaker of mad horses-the tamer of wild High-leats, drinks, and lives much like landmen?-ever more it is thee-|other folk-all the rules of the thee-no one but thee.--And shall church, nevertheless, strictly ob-Catharine prefer vonder slip of a served."

she might as well make a steel-"Here is to thee, with all my gauntlet out of kid's leather.

geese."

"Father Clement?" said the Smith; "you are always making some new saint in this godly city of Saint Johnston. Pray, who, for a devil's drubber, may he be? -One of your hermits that is trained for the work like a wrestler for the ring, and brings himnance-is he not?"

"No, that is the marvel of it," said Simon; "Father Clement

"Oh, I comprehend !--- a buxom | father Simon, and do you, who priest, that thinks more of good are so good and prudent that you living than of good life-tipples a have been called the Wise Glover can on Fastern's Eve, to enable of Perth, let your daughter attend him to face Lent-has a pleasant the ministry of one who-the in principio-and confesses all the Saints preserve us!-may be in prettiest women about the town?" league with the foul Fiend him-

Smith. I tell you, my daughter who raised the devil in the Meal and I could nose out either a fast-|Vennel, when Hodge Jackson's ing hypocrite or a full one. But house was blown down in the Father Clement is neither the one nor the other."

"But what is he then, in Heaven's name?"

"One who is either greatly better than half his brethren of Saint Johnston put together, or so much worse than the worst of them, that it is sin and shame that he is suffered to abide in the country."

"Methinks it were easy to tell whether he be the one or the her confessor is old Father Francis other," said the Smith.

Simon, "with knowing, that if will sometimes be wilful, and sure you judge Father Clement by enough she consults with Father what you see him do and hear Clement more than I could wish; him say, you will think of him as and yet when I have spoken with the best and kindest man in the him myself, I have thought him world-with a comfort for every man's grief, a counsel for every could have trusted my own salvaman's difficulty, the rich man's tion with him. There are bad surest guide, and the poor man's reports of him among the Dominibest friend. But if you listen to cans, that is certain. But what what the Dominicans say of him, have we laymen to do with such he is-Benedicite!"-(here the things, my son? Let us pay Glover crossed himself on brow Mother Church her dues, give our and bosom)-"a foul heretic, who alms, confess and do our penances ought, by means of earthly flames, duly, and the saints will bear us to be sent to those which burn out.

eternally." "Ay, truly; and they will have The Smith also crossed himself, and exclaimed,—"Saint Mary! "for any rash and unhappy blow

"You are on the bow-hand still, self? Why, was it not a priest great wind?-did not the devil appear in the midst of the Tay, dressed in a priest's scapular, gambolling like a pellach amongst the waves, the morning when our stately bridge was swept away?"

"I cannot tell whether he did or no," said the Glover; "I only know I saw him not. As to Catharine, she cannot be said to use Father Clement's ministry, seeing the Dominican, from whom she "Content you, my friend," said had her shrift to-day. But women so good and holy a man, that I

when his party was on defence, western end of Perth. and standing up to him; and that's the only creed a man can live upon in Scotland, let your daughter think what she pleases. Marry, a What's all this turmoil crammed into our man must know his fence, or have a short lease of his life, in any place where blows are going so rife. Five nobles to our altar have cleared me for the best man I ever had misfortune with."

"Let us finish our flask, then," said the old Glover; "for I reckon the Dominican tower is tolling midnight. And hark thee, son Henry: be at the lattice window on our east gable by the very peep of dawn, and make me too noted a person to venture to aware thou art come by whistling the Smith's call gently. I will contrive that Catharine shall look but also, from the character of out at the window, and thus thou many of his former exploits, several wilt have all the privileges of deadly enemies, at whose hands, being a gallant Valentine through should they take him at advantage, the rest of the year; which if thou he knew he had little mercy to excanst not use to thine own advantage, I shall be led to think, that, for all thou be'st covered mail, made so light and flexible with the lion's hide. Nature has that it interfered as little with his left on thee the long ears of the movements as a modern under ass."

"Amen, father," said the armourer; "a hearty good-night to you; and God's blessing on your roof-tree, and those whom it covers. You shall hear the Smith's call sound by cock-crowing; I warrant Flemish hose and doublet, which, I put Sir Chanticleer to shame."

and, though completely undaunted, moved through the deserted out with black satin, and passtreets like one upon his guard, samented (laced that is), with em-

that a man may deal in a fight, situated in the Mill Wynd at the

## CHAPTER IV.

parts?

Faith, but the pit-a-pat of poor young hearts. DRYDEN.

THE sturdy armourer was not. it may be believed, slack in keeping the appointment assigned by his intended father-in-law. He went through the process of his toilet with more than ordinary care, throwing, as far as he could, those points which had a military air into the shade. He was far go entirely unarmed in a town where he had indeed many friends. pect. He therefore wore under his jerkin a secret, or coat of chainwaist-coat, yet of such proof as he might safely depend upon, every ring of it having been wrought and joined by his own hands. Above this he wore, like others of his age and degree, the in honour of the holy tide, were So saying, he took his leave; of the best superfine English broad cloth, light blue in colour, slashed to his own dwelling, which was broidery of black silk. His walking boots were of cordovan leather; | Catharine Glover, and which his his cloak of good Scottish gray, which served to conceal a whinger, or couteau de chasse, that hung at his belt, and was his only offensive weapon, for he carried in his hand but a rod of holly. His heart, transfixed with a golden black velvet bonnet was lined with steel, quilted between the metal and his head, and thus constituted a means of defence which might designed for a hauberk to a king. safely be trusted to.

Upon the whole, Henry had the these wordsappearance to which he was well entitled, of a burgher of wealth and consideration, assuming, in his dress, as much consequence as he stepping beyond his own rank, much satisfied with his composiand encroaching on that of the tion, because it seemed to imply, gentry. Neither did his frank that his skill could defend all and manly deportment, though hearts saving his own. He wrapped indicating a total indifference to himself in his cloak, and hastened danger, bear the least resemblance through the still silent streets, to that of the bravoes or swashbucklers of the day, amongst whom Henry was sometimes unjustly ranked by those who imputed the frays, in which he was the High Street,\* and turned down so often engaged, to a quarrelsome and violent temper, resting upon a consciousness of his personal strength and knowledge of his weapon. On the contrary, every feature bore the easy and good-humoured expression of one who neither thought of inflicting mischief, nor dreaded it from others.

Having attired himself in his best, the honest armourer next placed nearest to his heart (which of the Fair Maid of Perth; and he throbbed at its touch) a little gift which he had long provided for

quality of Valentine would presently give him the title to present, and her to receive, without regard to maidenly scruples. It was a small ruby cut into the form of a arrow, and was enclosed in a small purse made of links of the finest work in steel, as if it had been Round the verge of the purse were

> Love's darts Cleave hearts Through mail-shirts.

This device had cost the arcould display, without mourer some thought, and he was determined to appear at the window appointed a little before dawn.

With this purpose he passed up the opening where Saint John's Church now stands, in order to proceed to Curfew Street, \*\* when it occurred to him, from the appearance of the sky, that he was at least an hour too early for his purpose, and that it would be better not to appear at the place of rendezvous till nearer the time assigned. Other gallants were not unlikely to be on the watch as well as himself, about the house

> \* Note E. High Street. \*\* Note F. Curfew Street.

knew his own foible so well, as to be sensible of a great chance of a scuffle arising betwixt them. "I have the advantage," he thought, "by my father Simon's friendship; and why should I stain my fingers with the blood of the poor creatures that are not worthy my notice, since they are so much less fortunate than myself? Nono-I will be wise for once, and keep at a distance from all temptation to a broil. They shall have no more time to quarrel with me than just what it may require for Valentine be my speed!" me to give the signal, and for my father Simon to answer it. T wonder how the old man will contrive to bring her to the window? I fear, if she knew his purpose, he would find it difficult to carry it into execution."

were passing through his brain, started from under the houses on the armourer loitered in his pace, different sides, and advanced, as often turning his eyes eastward, it were by concert, to intercept and eyeing the firmament, in his passage. The imperfect light which no slight shades of gray only permitted him to discern were beginning to flicker, to an that they wore the Highland nounce the approach of dawn, mantle. however distant, which, to the impatience of the stout armourer, seemed on that morning to abstain stern voice which corresponded longer than usual from occupying her eastern barbican. He was now passing slowly under the wall of intelligibly; but he could see that Saint Anne's Chapel (not failing they drew their swords, with the to cross himself and say an ave, as purpose of withstanding him by he trode the consecrated ground) violence. Conjecturing some evil, when a voice, which seemed to but of what kind he could not come from behind one of the flying anticipate, Henry instantly debuttresses of the chapel, said, termined to make his way through "He lingers that has need to whatever odds, and defend his run."

"Who speaks?" said the armourer, looking around him, somewhat startled at an address so unexpected, both in its tone and tenor.

"No matter who speaks," answered the same voice. "Do thou make great speed, or thou wilt scarce make good speed. Bandy not words, but begone."

"Saint or sinner, angel or devil," said Henry, crossing himself. "vour advice touches me but too dearly to be neglected. Saint

So saying, he instantly changed his loitering pace to one with which few people could have kept up, and in an instant was in Covrefew Street. He had not made three steps towards Simon Glover's, which stood in the midst of the While these lover-like thoughts narrow street, when two men

"Clear the way, catheran," said the armourer, in the deep with the breadth of his chest.

They did not answer, at least mistress, or at least die at her

feet. He cast his cloak over his his words good, had not the man. left arm as a buckler, and ad- raising his arm, received on his vanced rapidly and steadily to hand the blow meant for his head. the two men. The nearest made The wound must have been a a thrust at him; but Henry Smith, parrying the blow with his cloak, dashed his arm in the man's face, noticing him farther, Henry Smith and tripping him at the same time, gave him a severe fall on men who seemed engaged in the causeway; while almost at placing a ladder against the latthe same instant he struck a blow tice window in the gable. Henry with his whinger at the fellow who was upon his right hand, so severely applied, that he also lay prostrate by his associate. Meanwhile, the armourer pushed forward in alarm, for which the circumstance of the street being night-walkers, one of whom was ruarded or defended by strangers, in the act of ascending the ladder. who conducted themselves with The Smith seized it by the rounds. such violence, afforded sufficient threw it down on the pavement, reason. He heard a suppressed and placing his foot on the body whisper and a bustle under the of the man who had been mount-Glover's windows-those very ing, prevented him from regaining windows from which he had ex- his feet. His accomplices struck nected to be hailed by Catharine fiercely at Henry, to extricate as her Valentine. He kept to the their companion. But his mailopposite side of the street, that coat stood him in good stead, and he might reconnoitre their number he repaid their blows with inand purpose. But one of the terest, shouting aloud, "Help, party, who were beneath the help, for bonnie St. Johnston!window, observing or hearing Bows and blades, brave citizens! him, crossed the street also, and bows and blades!—they break taking him doubtless for one of into our houses under cloud of the sentinels, asked, in a whisper, night." "What noise was yonder, Kenneth? why gave you not the far through the streets, were acsignal?"

are discovered, and you shall die among those whom the armourer the death!"

stranger a blow with his weapon, to awaken and appear on the street

severe one, for he staggered and fell with a deep groan. Without sprung forward upon a party of did not stop either to count their numbers, or to ascertain their purpose. But crying the alarmword of the town, and giving the signal at which the burghers were wont to collect, he rushed on the

These words, which resounded companied by as many fierce "Villain!" said Henry, "you blows, dealt with good effect assailed. In the meantime, the As he spoke thus, he dealt the inhabitants of the district began which would probably have made in their shirts, with swords and

targets, and some of them with go, and I will fill thy bonnet with torches. The assailants now endeavoured to make their escape, which all of them effected excepting the man who had been thrown down along with the ladder. Him the intrepid armourer had caught by the throat in the scuffle, and held as fast as the greyhound holds the hare. The other wounded men were borne off by their comrades.

"Here are a sort of knaves breaking peace within burgh," said Henry to the neighbours who began to assemble; "make after the rogues. They cannot all get off, for I have maimed some of them; the blood will guide you to them."

"Some Highland catherans." said the citizens-"up, and chase, neighbours!"

"Ay, chase—chase,—leave me to manage this fellow," continued the armourer.

The assistants dispersed in different directions, their lights flashing, and their cries resounding through the whole adjacent district.

In the meantime the armourer's captive entreated for freedom, using both promises and threats to "As thou art a gentleobtain it. man," he said, "let me go, and what is past shall be forgiven."

"I am no gentleman," said Henry-"I am Hal of the Wynd, a burgess of Perth; and I have tine's jest." done nothing to need forgiveness."

in the prisoner and shut the door, "Villain, thou hast done thou leaving Henry a little surprised knowest not what! But let me at the unexpected light in which Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth. 4

gold pieces."

"I shall fill thy bonnet with a cloven head presently," said the armourer, "unless thou stand still as a true prisoner."

"What is the matter, my son Harry?" said Simon, who now appeared at the window .-- "I hear thy voice in another tone than I expected.-What is all this noise: and why are the neighbours gathering to the affray?"

"There have been a proper set of limmers about to scale your windows, father Simon; but I am like to prove godfather to one of them, whom I hold here, as fast as ever vice held iron."

"Hear me, Simon Glover," said the prisoner; "let me but speak one word with you in private, and rescue me from the gripe of this iron-fisted and leaden-pated clown, and I will shew thee, that no harm was designed to thee or thine; and, moreover, tell thee what will much advantage thee."

"I should know that voice," said Simon Glover, who now came to the door with a dark-lantern in his hand. "Son Smith, let this young man speak with me. There is no danger in him, I promise Stay but an instant where you. you are, and let no one enter the house, either to attack or defend. I will be answerable that this galliard meant but some Saint Valen-

So saying, the old man pulled

affray. might have been a strange jest if may go to our cold beds and they had got into the maiden's sleeping room!-And they would have done so, had it not been for the honest friendly voice from betwixt the buttresses, which, if it were not that of the blessed Saint (though what am I that the holy person should speak to me?) could not sound in that place without her permission and assent, and for which I will promise her a wax candle at her shrine, as long as my whinger, --- and I would I had had my two-handed broadsword in stead, both for the sake of St. Johnston and of the rogues-for for a few minutes upon the ground of a certain, those whingers are pretty toys, but more fit for a boy's hand than a man's. Oh, my old two-handed Trojan, hadst thou been in my hands, as thou hang'st presently at the tester of my bed, the legs of those rogues had not carried their bodies so clean off the field.—But there come lighted torches and drawn swords.—So ho -stand?-Are you for Saint Johnston?-If friends to the bonnie burgh, you are well come."

"We have been but bootless hunters," said the townsmen. "We followed by the tracks of the blood into the Dominican burial-ground. and we started two fellows from them, to have Highland plaids amongst the tombs, supporting betwixt them a third, who had probably got some of your marks answered another citizen, shaking about him, Harry. They got to his head. "It's a shame the the postern gate before we could breaches in our walls are not reovertake them, and rang the sanc-paired, and that these land-louptuary bell-the gate opened, and ing Highland scoundrels are left

his father-in-law had viewed the in went they. So they are safe "A jest!" he said; "it in girth and sanctuary, and we warm us."

"Ay," said one of the party, "the good Dominicans have always some devout brother of their convent sitting up to open the gate of the sanctuary to any poor soul that is in trouble, and desires shelter in the church."

"Yes, if the poor hunted soul can pay for it," said another; "but truly if he be poor in purse as well as in spirit, he may stand on the outside till the hounds come up with him."

A third who had been poring by advantage of his torch, now looked upwards and spoke. He was a brisk, forward, rather corpulent little man, called Oliver Proudfute, reasonably wealthy, and a leading man in his craft. which was that of bonnet-makers: he, therefore, spoke as one in authority.-""Canst tell us, jolly Smith,"-for they recognised each other by the lights which were brought into the streets,-"what manner of fellows they were who raised up this fray within burgh?"

"The two that I first saw," answered the armourer, "seemed to me, as well as I could observe about them."

"Like enough-like enough,"

at liberty to take honest men and without seeking for redress? No women out of their beds any night -- brave citizens, craftsmen, and that is dark enough."

"But look here, neighbours," said Oliver Proudfute, shewing a bloody hand which he had picked up from the ground; "when did such a hand as this tie a Highlandman's brogues? It is large, indeed, and bony, but as fine as a lady's, with a ring that sparkles wonder that you, of all men, ask like a gleaming candle. Simon Glover has made gloves for this pass like true men from this very hand before now, if I am not much place to the King's Grace's premistaken, for he works for all the sence, raise him from his royal courtiers." The spectators here rest, and presenting to him the began to gaze on the bloody token pitcous case of our being called with various comments.

"If that is the case," said one, "Harry Smith had best shew a these shirts, I would shew him clean pair of heels for it, since this bloody token, and know from the Justiciar will scarce think the his Grace's ownroyal lips, whether protecting a burgess's house an it is just and honest that his lovexcuse for cutting off a gentleman's hand. There be hard laws by the knights and nobles of his against mutilation."

"Fie upon you, that you will say so, Michael Wabster," an- "Warmly, sayst thou?" replied swered the bonnet-maker; "are the old burgess; "why, so warmly, we not representatives and successors of the stout old Romans, who built Perth as like to their own city as they could? And friends, the night is bitter-we have we not charters from all our have kept our watch and ward noble kings and progenitors, as like men, and our jolly Smith hath being their loving liegemen? And given a warning to those that would you have us now yield up would wrong us, which shall be our rights, privileges, and im- worth twenty proclamations of the munities, our outfang and infang, King. To-morrow is a new day; our hand-habend, our back- we will consult on this matter on bearand, and our blood-suits, and this self-same spot, and consider amerciaments, escheats, and com- what measures should be taken modities, and suffer an honest for discovery and pursuit of the

burgesses, the Tay shall flow back to Dunkeld before we submit to such injustice!"

"And how can we help it?" said a grave old man, who stood leaning on a two-handed sword-"What would you have us do?"

"Marry, Bailie Craigdallie, I the question. I would have you forth from our beds at this season. with little better covering than ing lieges should be thus treated deboshed court. And this I call pushing our cause warmly."

that we shall all die of cold, man, before the porter turn a key to let us into the royal presence.-Come, burgess's house to be assaulted villains. And therefore let us dismiss before the heart's-blood freeze in our veins."

"Bravo, bravo, neighbourCraigdallie-St. Johnston for ever!"

Oliver Proudfute would still have spoken; for he was one of those pitiless orators who think that their eloquence can overcome all inconveniences in time. place. and circumstances. But no one would listen; and the citizens dispersed to their own houses by the light of the dawn, which began now to streak the horizon.

They were scarce gone ere the door of the Glover's house opened, and seizing the Smith by the hand, the old man pulled him in.

"Where is the prisoner?" demanded the armourer.

"He is gone-escaped-fledwhat do I know of him?" said the Glover. "He got out at the back ing back at first, as if afraid to door, and so through the little garden.-Think not of him, but come and see the Valentine, whose honour and life you have saved this morning."

"Let me but sheathe my weapon." said the Smith-"let me but wash my hands."

"There is not an instant to lose, she is up and almost dressed.— Come on, man. She shall see thee with thy good weapon in thy hand, and with villain's blood on my daughter, by gratitude shewn thy fingers, that she may know to our fellow-creatures. what is the value of a true man's comes the instrument by whom service. mouth overlong with her pruderies or perhaps from dishonour worse and her scruples. I will have her than death. Receive him, Cathaknow what a brave man's love is rine, as thy true Valentine, and worth, and a bold burgess's to him whom I desire to see my afboot."

# CHAPTER V.

Up! lady fair, and braid thy hair, And rouse thee in the breezy air. Up! quit thy bower, late wears the hour, Long have the rooks cawed round the tower. JOANNA BAILLIE.

STARTLED from her repose by the noise of the affray, the Fair Maid of Perth had listened in breathless terror to the sounds of violence and outcry which arose from the street. She had sunk on her knees to pray for assistance, and when she distinguished the voices of neighbours and friends collected for her protection, she remained in the same posture to return thanks. She was still kneeling when her father almost thrust her champion, Henry Smith, into her apartment; the bashful lover hanggive offence, and, on observing her posture, from respect to her devotion.

"Father," said the armourer, "she prays—I dare no more speak to her than to a bishop when he says mass."

"Now, go thy ways, for a right valiant and courageous blockhead," said her father; and then speaking to his daughter, he added,-"Heaven is best thanked, Here She has stopped my God has rescued thee from death. fectionate son."

"Not thus-father," replied of my heart!" said the armourer; Catharine. "I can see-can speak | and, descending the stair which to no one now. I am not ungrate-|led to Catharine's apartment, was ful-perhaps I am too thankful to about to sally forth into the street, the instrument of our safety; but when the Glover caught him by let me thank the guardian Saint the arm. who sent me this timely relief, and give me but a moment to don my kirtle."

"Nav. God-a-mercy, wench, it were hard to deny thee time to busk thy body-clothes, since the request is the only words like a woman that thou hast uttered for these ten days .- Truly, son Harry, I would my daughter would put off being entirely a saint till the time comes for her being canonized for Saint Catharine the Second."

"Nay, jest not father; for I will swear she has at least one sincere adorer already, who hath devoted himself to her pleasure, so far as sinful man may.—Fare-thee-well then, for the moment, fair maiden," he concluded raising his voice, "and Heaven send thee dreams as peaceful as thy waking thoughts. I go to watch thy slumbers, and woe with him that shall intrude on them!"

"Nay, good and brave Henry, whose warm heart is at such variance with thy reckless hand, thrust thyself into no farther quarrels to-night; but take the kindest thanks, and with these, try to assume the peaceful thoughts which you assign to me. To-morrow we will meet, that I may assure you of my gratitude.-Farewell!"

"I shall like the ruffle of tonight," said he, "better than I ever thought to do the clashing of steel, if it brings my daughter to her senses, Harry, and teaches her what thou art worth. By St. Macgrider!\* I even love these roysterers, and am sorry for that poor lover who will never wear right-handed chevron again. Ay? He has lost that which he will miss all the days of his life. especially when he goes to pull on his gloves,—ay, he will pay but half a fee to my craft in future.-Nay, not a step from this house to-night," he continued. "Thou dost not leave us, I promise thee, my son."

"I do not mean it. But I will, with your permission, watch in the street. The attack may be renewed."

"And if it be," said Simon, "thou wilt have better access to drive them back, having the vantage of the house. It is the way of fighting which suits us burghers best-that of resisting from behind stone walls. Our duty of watch and ward teaches us that trick; besides, enough are awake and astir to ensure us peace and

\* A place called vulgarly Ecclesmagirdie (Ecclesia Macgirdi), not far from Perth, still preserves the memory of this "And farewell, lady and light old Gaelic saint from utter Lethe.

quiet till morning. So come in do to get rid of this fighting this way."

So saying, he drew Henry, nothing loathe, into the same apartment where they had supped, and where the old woman, who was on foot, disturbed as others had been by the nocturnal affray, soon roused up the fire.

"And now, my doughty son," said the Glover, "what liquor wilt thou pledge thy father in?"

self to sink mechanically upon a not to have the risk of my booth seat of old black oak, and now being broken, and my house ga ed on the fire that flashed plundered, by the hell-raking fol-back a ruddy light over his manly lowers of the nobles, because she features. He muttered to himself is called the Fair Maid of Perth, half audibly-"Good Henry- and please ye. No, she shall know brave Henry-Ah! had she but I am her father, and will have that said, dear Henry!"

the old Glover, laughing. "My thy wife, Henry, my heart of gold cellar holds none such; but if -thy wife, my man of mettle, and sack, or rhenish, or wine of Gasconv can serve, why, say the word and the flagon foams-that is all."

"The kindest thanks," said the armourer, still musing, "that's more than she ever said to me before - the kindest thanks-what may not that stretch to?"

"It shall stretch like kid's leather, man," said the Glover, "if thou wilt but be ruled, and say what thou wilt take for thy morning's draught."

"Whatever thou wilt, father," answered the armourer, carelessly, and relapsed into the analysis of Catharine's speech to him. "She spoke of my warm heart; cry fie on her if she should say but she also spoke of my reckless thee nay. Here am I, her father. hand. What earthly thing can I not only consenting to the cutting.

fancy? Certainly I were best strike my right hand off, and nail it to the door of a church, that it may never do me discredit more."

"You have chopped off hands enough for one night," said his friend, setting a flagon of wine on the table. "Why dost thou vex thyself, man? She would love thee twice as well did she not see how thou doatest upon her. Henry Smith had suffered him-But it becomes serious now. I am obedience to which law and gos-"What liquors be these?" said pel give me right. I will have her that before many weeks are over. Come, come, here is to thy merry bridal, jolly Smith."

The father quaffed a large cup, and filled it to his adopted son. who raised it slowly to his head: then, ere it had reached his lips. replaced it suddenly on the table. and shook his head.

"Nay, if thou wilt not pledge me to such a health, I know no one who will," said Simon. "What canst thou mean, thou foolish lad! Here has a chance happened, which in a manner places her in thy power, since from one end of the city to the other, all would

out of the match, but willing to in the world. Her mother was see you two as closely united to- dear to me on earth, and is now gether. as ever needle stitched an angel in heaven. Catharine is buckskin. And with all this on thy side-fortune, father, and all have lost; and if she goes to the -thou lookest like a distracted lover in a ballad, more like to pitch thyself into the Tay, than to woo a lass that may be had for the asking, if you can but choose the lucky minute."

"Ay, but that lucky minute. father! I question much if Catharine ever has such a moment to twice over," said Henry. "It is glance on earth and its inhabitants, as might lead her to listen your being testy with me for not to a coarse, ignorant, borrel man doing that thing in the world like me. I cannot tell how it is, father; elsewhere I can hold up were I to have it in my power. my head like another man, but Why, father, I would the keenest with your saintly daughter I lose dirk I ever forged were sticking heart and courage, and I cannot in my heart at this moment, if help thinking that it would be there is one single particle in it well-nigh robbing a holy shrine, that is not more your daughter's if I could succeed in surprising property than my own. But what her affections. Her thoughts are can I do? I cannot think less of too much fitted for heaven to be her, or more of myself, than we wasted on such a one as I am."

swered the Glover. "My daughter as difficult as it would be to work is not courting you any more than a steel hauberk out of hards of I am-a fair offer is no cause of flax.-But here is to you, father," feud:-only if you think that I he added, in a more cheerful tone; will give into her foolish notions |"and here is to my fair Saint and of a convent, take it with you that Valentine, as I hope your Catha-I will never listen to them. I love rine will be mine for the season. and honour the church," he said, And let me not keep your old crossing himself. "I pay her head longer from the pillow, but rights duly and cheerfully; tithes make interest with your featherand alms, wine and wax, I pay bed till daybreak; and then you them as justly, I say, as any man must be my guide to your daughin Perth of my means doth; but I ter's chamber-door, and my apocannot afford the church my only logy for entering it, to bid her and single ewe-lamb that I have good-morrow, for the brightest

all I have to remind me of her I cloister, it shall be when these old eves are closed for ever, and not sooner.-But as for you, friend Gow, I pray you will act according to your own best liking. want to force no wife on you, I promise you."

"Nay, now, you beat the iron thus we always end, father, by which would make me happiest, both deserve; and what seems to "E'en as you like, Henry," an- you so easy and certain, is to me that the sun will awaken in the at the forge, or his combats in the city or for miles round it!"

"But you, the honest Glover. what will you do? will you lie down beside me, or take a part of Conacher's bed?"

"Neither," answered Harry Gow: "I should but prevent your rest; and for me this easy-chair is worth a down bed, and I will sleep like a sentinel, with my graith about me."

As he spoke he laid his hand on his sword.

"Nay, Heaven send us no more need of weapons.-Good-night, or rather good-morrow, till day-peep -and the first who wakes calls up the other."

Thus parted the two burghers. The Glover retired to his bed, and, it is to be supposed, to rest. The lover was not so fortunate. His bodily frame easily bore the fatigue which he had encountered in the course of the night, but his mind was of a different and more delicate mould. In one point of had a heart which could feel and view, he was but the stout burgher understand the nature and depth of his period, proud alike of his of the armourer's passion; and art in making weapons, and wield- whether she was able to repay it ing them when made; his professional jealousy, personal strength, pride in the attachment of the and skill in the use of arms, redoubted Henry Gow, as the lady brought him into many quarrels, of romance may be supposed to which had made him generally have in the company of a tame feared, and in some instances dis- lion, who follows to provide for liked. But with these qualities and defend her. It was with sentiwere united the simple good-na- ments of the most sincere gratiture of a child, and at the same tude that she recollected, as she time an imaginative and en-awoke at dawn, the services of thusiastic temper, which seemed Henry during the course of the little to correspond with his labours eventful night; and the first

field. Perhaps a little of the hair-"No bad advice, my son," said brained and ardent feeling which he had picked out of old ballads. or from the metrical romances which were his sole source of information or knowledge, may have been the means of pricking him on to some of his achievements. which had often a rude strain of chivalry in them; at least, it was certain that his love to the fair Catharine had in it a delicacy such as might have become the squire of low degree, who was honoured, if song speaks truth, with the smiles of the King of Hungary's daughter. His sentiments towards her were certainly as exalted as if they had been fixed upon an actual angel, which made old Simon, and others who watched his conduct, think that his passion was too high and devotional to be successful with maiden of mortal mould. They were mistaken, however. Catharine, coy and reserved as she was, or not, she had as much secret

thought which she dwelt upon, had at length overcome the stout was the means of making him understand her feelings.

Arising hastily from bed, and half blushing at her own purpose -- "I have been cold to him, and perhaps unjust; "I will not be ungrateful," she said to herself, "though I cannot yield to his suit: I will not wait till my father compels me to receive him as my Valentine for the year; I will seek him out, and choose him myself. I have thought other girls bold, when they did something like this; but I shall thus best please my father, and but discharge the rites due to good Saint Valentine by shewing my gratitude to this brave man.

Hastily slipping on her dress, which, nevertheless, was left a good deal more disordered than usual, she tripped down stairs and opened the door of the chamber, the floor of the apartment with a in which, as she had guessed, her lover had passed the hours after the fray. Catharine paused at the door, and became half afraid of executing her purpose, which not only permitted but enjoined the leaf had fallen on them. Valentines of the year to begin slumbers must have been slight their connection with a kiss of which such a touch could dispel, affection. It was looked upon as a peculiarly propitious omen, if must needs have been connected the one party could find the other with the cause of the interruption, asleep, and awaken him or her by performance of this interesting ceremony.

Never was a fairer opportunity offered for commencing this mys-broken his repose. But Catharine tic tye, than that which now pre-struggled in his embrace; and as sented itself to Catharine. After her many and various thoughts, sleep modesty, rather than maidenly

armourer in the chair in which he had deposited himself. His features in repose, had a more firm and manly cast than Catharine had thought, who, having generally seen them fluctuating between shamefacedness and apprehension of her displeasure, had been used to connect with them some idea of imbecility.

"He looks very stern," she said; "if he should be angryand then when he awakes-we are alone-If I should call Dorothy-if I should wake my father -but no!-it is a thing of custom, and done in all maidenly and sisterly love and honour. ſ will not suppose that Henry can misconstrue it, and I will not let a childish bashfulness put my gratitude to sleep."

So saying, she tripped along light, though hesitating step, and a cheek crimsoned at her own purpose; and gliding to the chair of the sleeper, dropped a kiss upon his lips as light as if a rose-The and the dreams of the sleeper since Henry, instantly starting up, caught the maiden in his arms, and attempted to return in ecstasy the salute which had efforts implied alarmed coyness, her bashful lover suf-and meet it is that it should be could not have extricated her.

kindest tone, to her surprised sight that can give me greater lover. "I have paid my vows to pleasure.—What," he continued, Saint Valentine, to shew how I in a jocose tone, "thou thoughtst value the mate which he has sent thou hadst Jamie Keddie's\* ring, me for the year. Let but my and couldst walk invisible? but father be present, and I will not not so, my fairy of the dawning. dare to refuse thee the revenge Just as I was about to rise, I you may claim for a broken heard thy chamber door open, sleep."

said the old Glover, rushing in sleepy-headed Henry, but to see ecstasy into the room—"to her, with my own delighted eyes, my Smith—to her—strike while the beloved girl do that which her iron is hot, and teach her what it father most wished.-Come, put is not to let sleeping dogs lie down these foolish hands, and still."

Thus though perhaps with less alarm-lentine's morn, when blushes best ing vivacity, again seized the blushing maiden in his arms, who submitted with a tolerable grace to receive repayment of her salute, a dozen times re-peated, and with an energy very deed, but there was more than different from that which had maiden's shame in her face, provoked guab severe retaining and be area face. provoked such severe retaliation. and her eyes were fast filling At length, she again extricated with tears. herself from her lover's arms, ing what she had done, threw this is more than need-Henry, herself into a seat, and covered help me to comfort this little her face with her hands.

"Cheer up, thou silly girl," said her father, "and be not ashamed that thou hast made the two happiest men in Perth, since thy old father is one of them. Normer birst a second birst and the second Never was kiss so well bestowed, noul, near Perth.

fered her to escape a grasp, from suitably returned. Look up, my which twenty times her strength darling! look up, and let me see thee give but one smile. By my "Nay, be not angry, good honest word, the sun that now Henry," said Catharine, in the rises over our fair city shews no and watched thee down stairs-"Let not that be a hinderance," not to protect thee against this though thou blushest a little, it encouraged, Henry, will only the better grace St. Va-

"What! weeping, love?" confool."

Catharine made an effort to

<sup>\*</sup> There is a tradition that one Keddie,

collect herself and to smile, but Ah! health to the soul of thy the smile was of a melancholy dearest mother," he added, with and serious cast.

"I only meant to say, father," said the Fair Maid of Perth, with Valentine's morning!" continued exertion, "that in Catharine took the opportunity choosing Henry Gow for my Va- of escape which was thus given lentine, and rendering to him the her, and glided from the room. rights and greeting of the morn- To Henry it seemed as if the sun ing, according to wonted custom, had disappeared from the heaven I meant but to shew my gratitude at mid-day, and left the world in to him for his manly and faithful sudden obscurity. Even the highservice, and my obedience to you swelled hopes with which the late -But do not lead him to think- incident had filled him, began to and, oh, dearest father, do not quail, as he reflected upon her alyourself entertain an idea, that I tered demeanour-the tears in meant more than what the her eyes-the obvious fear which promise to be his faithful and affectionate Valentine through the year requires of me."

"Ay-ay-ay-ay-we understand it all," said Simon, in the soothing tone which nurses apply to children-"we understand what the meaning is; enough for once; enough for once. Thou shalt not be frightened or hurried.--Loving, true, and faithful Valentines are ye, and the rest as Heaven and opportunity shall permit. Come, prithee, have done-wring not thy tiny hands, nor fear farther persecution now. Thou hast done bravely, excellently-And now, away to Dorothy, and call up the old sluggard; we must crestfallen lover, "there is that have a substantial breakfast, after written on her brow, which says a night of confusion and a morn-she loves me well enough to be ing of joy; and thy hand will be my Valentine, especially since needed to prepare for us some of you wish it-but not well enough these delicate cakes, which no to be my wife."

a sigh; "how blithe would she have been to see this happy St.

occupied her features-and the pains she had taken to shew, as plainly as delicacy would permit, that the advances which she had made to him were limited to the character with which the rites of the day had invested him. Her father looked on his fallen countenance with something like surprise and displeasure.

"In the name of good St. John, what has befallen you, that makes you look as grave as an owl, when a lad of your spirit, having really such a fancy for this poor girl as you pretend, ought to be as lively as a lark?"

"Alas, father!" replied the

one can make but thyself; and "Now, a plague on thee for a well hast thou a right to the se- cold, down-hearted goose-cap," cret, seeing who taught it thee.- | answered the father. "I can read

a woman's brow as well, and | which succeeded. It was like the better than thou; and I can see April shower stealing upon, and no such matter on hers. What, obscuring the fairest dawning the foul fiend, man! there thou that ever beamed over the Tay." was lying like a lord in thy elbow- "Tutti taitti," replied the chair, as sound asleep as a judge, Glover; "neither Rome nor Perth when, hadst thou been a lover of were built in a day. Thou hast any spirit, thou wouldst have fished salmon a thousand times. been watching the east for the and mightst have taken a lesson. first ray of the sun. But there When the fish has taken the fly, thou layest, snoring I warrant, to pull a hard strain on the line thinking nought about her, or would snap the tackle to pieces. any thing else; and the poor girl were it made of wire. Ease your rises at peep of day, lest any one hand, man, and let him run; take else should pick up her most pre- leisure, and in half an hour thou cious and vigilant Valentine, and layest him on the bank.-There wakes thee with a grace, which is a beginning, as fair as you -so help me, St. Macgrider!- could wish, unless you expect the would have put life in an anvil; poor wench to come to thy bed-and thou awakest to hone, and side, as she did to thy chair; and pine, and moan, as if she had that is not the fashion of modest drawn a hot iron across thy lips! maidens. But observe me; after I would to St. John she had sent we have had our breakfast, I will old Dorothy on the errand, and take care thou hast an opporbound thee for thy Valentine- tunity to speak thy mind; only service to that bundle of dry beware thou be neither too backbones, with never a tooth in her ward, nor press her too hard. head. She were fittest Valentine Give her line enough; but do not in Perth for so craven a wooer."

"As to craven, father," answered yours upon the issue." the Smith, "there are twenty good cocks, whose combs I have swered Henry, "you will always plucked, can tell thee if I am lay the blame on me; either that craven or no. And heaven knows, I give too much head, or that I that I would give my good land, strain the tackle. I would give held by burgess' tenure, with the best habergeon I ever smithy, bellows, tongs, anvil, and wrought, that the difficulty, in all, providing it would make your truth, rested with me; for there view of the matter the true one. were then the better chance of its But it is not of her coyness, or being removed. I own, however, her blushes, that I speak; it is of I am but an ass in the trick of the paleness which so soon fol-bringing about such discourse lowed the red, and chased it from as is to the purpose for the occaher cheeks; and it is of the tears sion."

slack too fast, and my life for

"Do what I can, father," an-

"Come into the booth with me, if the perusal of Seneca for as my son, and I will furnish thee long a period, would have had with a fitting theme. Thou equal effect in composing her knowest the maiden who ventures mind. to kiss a sleeping man, wins of him a pair of gloves. Come to board end, as was the homespun my booth; thou shalt have a pair fashion of the period; and so of delicate kid-skin, that will exactly suit her hand and arm.---I was thinking of her poor mother when I shaped them," added honest Simon with a sigh; "and except Catharine, I know not the woman in Scotland whom they would fit, though I have measured most of the high beauties of the court. Come with me, I say, and thou shalt be provided with a theme to wag thy tongue upon, providing thou hast courage and caution to stand by thee in thy wooing."

## CHAPTER VI.

Never to man shall Catharine give her hand.

#### TAMING OF THE SHREW.

THE breakfast was served, and the thin soft cakes, made of flour and honey according to the family receipt, were not only commended with all the partiality of a father and a lover, but done liberal justice to in the mode which is best proof of cake as well as pudding. They talked, jested, and laughed. Catharine, too, had recovered her equanimity where the dames and damsels of the period were apt to lose theirs—in the kitchen, namely, and in the superintendence of household affairs, in which she he said, smiling, "that we handiwas an adept. I question much, crafts best love the folk we live

Old Dorothy sat down at the much were the two men amused with their own conversation,and Catharine occupied either in attending to them, or with her own reflections, - that the old woman was the first who observed the absence of the boy Conachar.

"It is true," said the Master Glover; "go call him, the idle Highland loon. He was not seen last night during the fray neither, at least I saw him not. Did any of you observe him?"

The reply was negative; and Henry's observation followed,—

"There are times when Highlanders can couch like their own deer,-ay, and run from danger too as fast. I have seen them do so myself, for the matter of that."

"-And there are times," replied Simon, "when King Arthur and his Round Table could not make stand against them. I wish, Henry, you would speak more reverently of the Highlanders. They are often in Perth, both alone and in numbers; and you ought to keep peace with them, so long as they will keep peace with you."

An answer of defiance rose to Henry's lips, but he prudently suppressed it.

"Why, thou knowest, father,"

by; now, my craft provides for jected her offered kindness rather valiant and noble knights, gentle sullenly; but on her repeating the squires and pages, stout men-atarms, and others that wear the weapons which we make. It is natural I should like the Ruthvens, the Lindsays, the Ogilvys, the Oliphants, and so many others of our brave and noble neighbours, repeat it. who are sheathed in steel of my making, like so many Paladins, better than those naked, snatching mountaineers, who are ever doing us wrong, especially since no five of each clan have a rusty shirt of mail as old as their brattach: \* and that is but the work of the clumsv clan-smith after all, who is no member of our honourable mystery, but simply works at the anvil, where his father wrought before him. I say, such people can have no favour in the eyes of an honest craftsman."

"Well, well," answered Simon; "I prithee let the matter rest even now, for here comes the loitering boy; and though it is a holiday morn, I want no more bloody such folly." puddings."

The youth entered accordingly. His face was pale, his eyes red; and there was an air of discomposure about his whole person. He sat down at the lower end of the table, opposite to Dorothy, and crossed himself, as if preparing for his morning's meal. As Eat thy breakfast, any way, as I he did not help himself to any food, Catharine offered him a requires haste." platter containing some of the cakes which had met with such and am in haste myself. I am for general approbation. At first here- the hills.—Have you any message \* Standard.

offer with a smile of good-will, he took a cake in his hand, broke it, and was about to eat a morsel. when the effort to swallow seemed almost too much for him; and though he succeeded, he did not

<sup>7</sup> You have a bad appetite for Saint Valentine's morning, Conachar," said his good-humoured master; "and yet I think you must have slept soundly the night before, since I conclude you were not disturbed by the noise of the scuffle. Why, I thought a lively Glune-amie would have been at his master's side, dirk in hand, at the first sound of danger which arose within a mile of us."

"I heard but an indistinct noise," said the youth, his face glowing suddenly like a heated coal, "which I took for the shout of some merry revellers; and you are wont to bid me never open door or window, or alarm the house, on the score of

"Well, well," said Simon; "I thought a Highlander would have known better the difference betwixt the clash of swords and the twanging on harps, the wild warcry and the merry hunt's up. But let it pass, boy; I am glad thou art losing thy quarrelsome fashions. have that to employ thee, which

"I have breakfasted already, to my father?"

"None," replied the Glover, in when you are of age to be of some some surprise; "but art thou beside thyself, boy? or what a vengeance takes thee from the city, like the wing of the whirlwind?"

"My warning has been sudden," said Conachar, speaking with difficulty; but whether arising from will pay you gallantly-a French the hesitation incidental to the use of a foreign language, or whether from some other cause, for each day I have been absent." could not easily be distinguished. "There is to be a meeting-a -close with him," said the argreat hunting,"----stopped.

"And when are you to return from this blessed hunting?" said his master; "that is, if I may make so bold as to ask."

"I cannot exactly answer," replied the apprentice. never-if such be my father's that are to be sent down to you pleasure," continued Conachar, from the Grampian passes." with assumed indifference.

"I thought," said Simon Glover, rather seriously, "that all this was to be laid aside, when at earnest I have also a reckoning to hold intercession I took you under my roof. I thought that when I undertook, being very loath to do so, to teach you an honest trade, we were to hear no more of hunting, or hosting, or clan-gatherings, or any matters of the kind?"

"I was not consulted when I was sent hither," said the lad, haughtily. "I cannot tell what the terms were."

'But I can tell you, Sir Conachar," said the Glover, angrily, "that there is no fashion of honesty in binding yourself to an honest sporran-moullach is a shaggy pouch, craftsman, and spoiling more hides than your own is worth; and now, side outermost.

service, in taking up the disposal of your time at your pleasure, as if it were your own property, not your master's."

"Reckon with my father about that," answered Conachar; "he mutton\* for every hide I have spoiled, and a fat cow or bullock

"Close with him, friend Glover Here he mourer, dryly. "Thou wilt be paid gallantly at least, if not honestly. Methinks I would like to know how many purses have been emptied to fill the goat-skin sporran\*\* that is to be so free to you of its gold, and whose pastures "Perhaps the bullocks have been calved in,

"You remind me, friend," said the Highland youth, turning haughtily towards the Smith, "that with vou."

"Keep at arm's-length, then," said Henry, extending his brawny arm,-"I will have no more close hugs—no more bodkin work, like last night. I care little for a wasp's sting, yet I will not allow the insect to come near me if I have warning."

\* Mouton, a French gold coin, so called from its being impressed with the image of a lamb.

\*\* The Highland pouch, generally formed of goat-skin, and worn in front of the garb, is called in Gaelic a Sporran. A formed, as they usually are, of goat-skin, or some such material, with the rough

Conachar smiled contemptuous-lafterwards, with Highland buskins "I meant thee no harm," he ly. said. "My father's son did thee but too much honour to spill such churl's blood. I will pay you for his course to the Highlands. it by the drop, that it may be dried up, and no longer soil my fingers.

"Peace, thou bragging ape!" said the Smith; "the blood of a true man cannot be valued in gold. The only expiation would be that his mother's worsted glove might thou shouldst come a mile into the hold the treasure of the whole Low Country with two of the strongest gallow-glasses of thy clan; and while I dealt with them, I would leave thee to the correction of my apprentice, little Jankin."

Here Catharine interposed. "Peace," she said, "my trusty Valentine, whom I have a right to command; and peace, you, Conachar, who ought to obey me better,"said the Glover, becoming as your master's daughter. It is ill done to awaken again on the morrow the evil which has been man-hath long hands-reaches laid to sleep at night."

Conachar, after another look of him." scorn at the Smith, which he only answered with a laugh. "Farewell! and I thank you for your Perth?" said Henry. "Why, I kindness, which has been more should have thought the Gentle than I deserved. If I have at times Craft, as it is called, of St. Crispin, seemed less than thankful, it was would have suited him best; and the fault of circumstances, and not that if the son of some great Mac of my will. Catharine"---- He or O was to become an artisan, it cast upon the maiden a look of could only be in the craft where strong emotion, in which various princes set him the example." feelings were blended. He hesitated, as if to say something, and seemed to awaken our friend Siat length turned away with the mon's sense of professional dignity

on his feet, and a small bundle in his hand, he passed through the north gate of Perth, and directed

"There goes enough of beggary and of pride for a whole Highland clan," said Henry. "He talks as familiarly of gold pieces as I would of silver pennies; and yet I will be sworn that the thumb of clan."

"Like enough," said the Glover. laughing at the idea; "his mother was a large-boned woman, especially in the fingers and wrist.'

"And as for cattle," continued Henry, "I reckon his father and brothers steal sheep by one at a time."

"The less we say of them the again grave. "Brothers he hath none; his father is a powerful as far as he can, and hears farther "Farewell, then, master," said than it is necessary to talk of

> "And yet he hath bound his only son apprentice to a glover in

This remark, though ironical, single word farewell. Five minutes which was a prevailing feeling that marked the manners of the glover's mystery. Bethink you, I artisans of the time.

"You err, son Henry," he replied, with much gravity; "the glovers are the more honourable craft of the two, in regard they provide for the accommodation of the hands, whereas the shoemakers and cordwainers do but work for the feet."\*

"Both equally necessary members of the body corporate," said Henry, whose father had been a cordwainer.

"It may be so, my son," said the Glover; "but not both alike honourable. Bethink you, that we employ the hands as pledges of friendship and good faith, and the feet have no such privilege. Brave men fight with their hands -cowards employ their feet in flight. A glove is borne aloft, a shoe is trampled in the mire; -aman greets a friend with his open hand; he spurns a dog, or one whom he holds as mean as a dog, with his advanced foot. A glove on the point of a spear is a sign and pledge of faith all the wide world over, as a gauntlet flung down is a gage of knightly battle; while I know no other emblem belonging to an old shoe, except that some crones will fling them after a man by way of good luck, in which practice I avow myself to entertain no confidence."

"Nay," said the Smith, amused with his friend's eloquent pleading for the dignity of the art he practised, "I am not the man, I promise you, to disparage the tine for five minutes, and see he

\* Note G. The Glovers. Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

am myself a maker of gauntlets. But the dignity of your ancient craft removes not my wonder, that the father of this Conachar suffered his son to learn a trade of any kind from a Lowland craftsman, holding us, as they do, altogether beneath their magnificent degree, race of contemptible and a drudges, unworthy of any other fate than to be ill used and plundered, as often as these barebreeched Dunniewassals see safety and convenience for doing so."

"Ay," answered the Glover, "but there were powerful reasons for-for"----- He withheld something which seemed upon his lips. and went on, "for Conachar's father acting as he did.-Well, I have played fair with him, and I do not doubt but he will act honourably by me.-But Conachar's sudden leave-taking has put me to some inconvenience. He had things under his charge. 1 must look through the booth."

"Can I help you, father?" said Henry Gow, deceived by the earnestness of his manner.

"You ?-no,"-said Simon, with a dryness which made Henry so sensible of the simplicity of his proposal, that he blushed to the eyes at his own dulness of comprehension, in a matter where love ought to have induced him to take his cue easily up. "You, Catharine," said the Glover, as he left the room, "entertain your Valendeparts not till my return.—Come

hither with me, old Dorothy, and the misfortune to be for a passing bestir thy limbs in my behalf."

He left the room, followed by the old woman, and Henry Smith remained with Catharine, almost for the first time in his life, entirely alone. There was embarrassment on the maiden's part, and awkwardness on that of the lover, for about a minute: when Henry, calling up his courage, pulled the gloves out of his pocket with which Simon had supplied him, and asked her to permit one who had been so highly graced that morning to pay the usual penalty for being asleep at the moment when he would have given the slumbers of a whole twelvemonth to be awake for a single minute.

"Nay, but," said Catharine, "the fulfilment of my homage to shaking his head; "my experience St. Valentine infers no such penalty as you desire to pay, and I lets on mailed knights, more than cannot therefore think of accepting them."

"These gloves," said Henry, advancing his seat insidiously towards Catharine as he spoke, "were wrought by the hands that are dearest to you; and see-they are shaped for your own." He extended them as he spoke, and taking her arm in his robust hand, sure." spread the gloves beside it to shew how well they fitted. "Look said the Smith; "let me see that at that taper arm," he said, "look these at these small fingers; think who match the hands they were made sewed these seams of silk and for." gold, and think whether the glove, and the arm which alone the glove answered the maiden; "I will wear can fit, ought to remain separate, the gloves in honour of St. Valen-

minute in the keeping of a hand so swart and rough as mine."

"They are welcome as coming from my father," said Catharine; "and surely not less so as coming from my friend" (and there was an emphasis on the word), "as well as my Valentine and preserver."

"Let me aid to do them on." said the Smith, bringing himself yet closer to her side; "they may seem a little over-tight at first, and you may require some assistance."

"You are skilful in such service, good Henry Gow," said the maiden, smiling, but at the same time drawing farther from her lover.

"In good faith, no," said Henry, has been in donning steel gauntin fitting embroidered gloves upon maidens."

"I will trouble you then no further, and Dorothy shall aid me-though there needs no assistance-my father's eye and fingers are faithful to his craft; what work he puts through his hands is always true to the mea-

"Let me be convinced of it," slender gloves actually

"Some other time, good Henry," because the poor glove has had tine, and the mate he has sent me

for the season. I would to heaven tarily done to you. If I have at I could pleasure my father as well times dwelt severely upon the in weightier matters - at present proneness of your spirit to anger. the perfume of the leather harms and of your hand to strife. it is the headach I have had since because I would have you, if I morning."

"Headach! dearest maiden?" echoed her lover.

"If you call it heartach, you will not misname it," said Catharine, with a sigh, and proceeded to speak in a very serious "Henry," she said, "I am tone. going perhaps to be as bold as I gave you reason to think me this morning; for I am about to speak tian nation, may be quoted in fathe first upon a subject, on which, it may well be, I ought to wait till I had to answer you. But I cannot, after what has happened this morning, suffer my feelings towards you to remain unexplained, without the possibility of my being greatly misconceived.-Nay, do not answer till you have heard me out. - You are brave, Henry, beyond most men, honest and true as the steel you work upon-"

"Stop-stop, Catharine, for mercy's sake! You never said so much that was good concerning me, save to introduce some bitter censure, of which your praises were the harbingers. I am honest, and so forth, you would say, but a hot-brained brawler, and common sworder or stabber."

and you in calling you such. No, thinking. Remember, my fair Henry, to no common stabber, had | Valentine, that my ambition of he worn a plume in his bonnet, distinction in arms, and my love and gold spurs on his heels, would of strife, if it can be called such, Catharine Glover have offered the do not fight even-handed with my

could so persuade you, hate in yourself the sins of vanity and wrath, by which you are most easily beset. I have spoken on the topic more to alarm your own conscience, than to express my opinion. I know as well as my father, that in these forlorn and desperate days, the whole customs of our nation, nay, of every Chrisvour of bloody quarrels for triffing causes; of the taking deadly and deep revenge for slight offences; and the slaughter of each other for emulation of honour, or often in mere sport. But I know that for all these things we shall one day be called into judgment; and fain would I convince thee. my brave and generous friend, to listen oftener to the dictates of thy good heart, and take less pride in the strength and dexterity of thy unsparing arm."

"I am I am convinced, Catharine," exclaimed Henry; "thy words shall henceforward be a law to me. I have done enough, far too much, indeed, for proof of my bodily strength and courage; but it is only from you, Catharine, "I should injure both myself that I can learn a better way of little grace she has this day volun- reason and my milder disposi-

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tions, but have their patrons and scarce forbear smiling; but neversticklers to egg them on. Is there theless she assured him that the a quarrel, --- and suppose that I, danger of his own and other men's thinking on your counsels, am lives ought not for a moment to something loath to engage in it, believe you I am left to decide between peace or war at my own choosing? Not so, by St. Mary! there are a hundred round me to 'Why, how now, stir me on. Smith, is thy mainspring rusted?' <sup>4</sup>Jolly Henry is deaf says one. on the quarrelling ear this morning,' says another. 'Stand to it, for the honour of Perth,' says my Lord the Provost. 'Harry against them for a gold noble,' cries your father, perhaps. Now, what can a poor fellow do, Catharine, when all are hallooing him on in the devil's name, and not a soul putting in a word on the other side?"

"Nav, I know the devil has factors enough to utter his wares," said Catharine; "but it is our duty to despise such idle arguments, though they may be pleaded even by those to whom we owe much love and honour."

"Then there are the minstrels, with their romaunts and ballads, which place all a man's praise in receiving and repaying hard blows. It is sad to tell, Catharine, how many of my sins that Blind sincerely affectionate tone in which Harry the Minstrel hath to answer these words were delivered. for. When I hit a downright blow, it is not (so save me, St. John!) your regard a degree beyond to do any man injury, but only to strike as William Wallace you are so kind and generous as struck."

this in such a tone of rueful se- you not at once adopt him as your riousness, that Catharine could scholar and your husband? Your

be weighed against such simple toys.

"Ay, but," replied Henry, emboldened by her smiles, "methinks now the good cause of peace would thrive all the better for an advocate. Suppose, for example, that when I am pressed, and urged to lay hand on my weapon, 1 could have cause to recollect that there was a gentle and guardian angel at home, whose image would seem to whisper, 'Henry, do no violence; it is my hand which you crimson with blood-Henry, rush upon no idle danger; it is my breast which you expose to injury;' such thoughts would do more to restrain my mood, than if every monk in Perth should erv, 'Hold thy hand, on pain of bell, book, and candle.' "

"If such a warning as could be given by the voice of sisterly affection can have weight in the debate," said Catharine, "do think, that in striking, you empurple this hand; that in receiving wounds, you harm this heart."

The Smith took courage at the

"And wherefore not stretch these cold limits? Why, since to own some interest in the poor The Minstrel's namesake spoke ignorant sinner before you, should

father desires it; the town expects it; glovers and smiths are lover, after a pause. preparing their rejoicings; and you, only you, whose words are "O so fair and so kind, you will not ter?" give your consent!"

"Henry," said Catharine, in a not avail you to know. low and tremulous voice, "believe me I should hold it my duty to comply with my father's commands, were there not obstacles invincible to the match which he proposes."

"Yet think-think but for a moment. I have little to say for myself in comparison of you, who can both read and write. But then I wish to hear reading, and could listen to your sweet voice for ever. You love music, and I have been taught to play and sing as well as some minstrels. You love to be charitable. I have enough to give, and enough to keep; as large a daily alms as a deacon gives would never be Your father gets missed by me. old for daily toil; he would live with us, as I should truly hold him for my father also. I would be as chary of mixing in causeless strife, as of thrusting my hand into my own furnace; and if there came on us unlawful violence, its wares would be brought to an ill-chosen-market."

"May you experience all the domestic happiness which you can conceive, Henry,-but with some one more happy than I am!"

So spoke, or rather so sobbed, the Fair Maiden of Perth, who language of an ungrateful fool, or seemed choking in the attempt to restrain her tears.

"You hate me, then?" said the

"Heaven is my witness, No."

"Or you love some other bet-

"It is cruel to ask what it can-But vou are entirely mistaken."

"Yon wild-cat, Conachar, perhaps?" said Henry, "I have marked his looks----

"You avail yourself of this painful situation to insult me. Henry, though I have little deserved it. Conachar is nothing to me, more than the trying to tame his wild spirit by instruction might lead me to take some interest in a mind abandoned to prejudices and passions, and therein, Henry, not unlike your own."

"It must then be some of these flaunting silkworm Sirs about the court," said the armourer, his natural heat of temper kindling from disappointment and vexation; "some of those who think they carry it off through the height of their plumed bonnets and the jingle of their spurs. would I knew which it was, that, leaving his natural mates, the painted and perfumed dames of the court, comes to take his prey among the simple maidens of the burgher craft. I would I knew but his name and surname!"

"Henry Smith," said Catharine, shaking off the weakness which seemed to threaten to overpower her a moment before, "this is the rather of a frantic madman. Ι have told you already, there was

ning of this conference, more high to consult about certain matters in my opinion, than he who is now deeply affecting the weal of the losing ground with every word he burgh." utters, in the tone of unjust suspicion and senseless anger. You Catharine, left the apartment upon had no title to know even what I have told you, which, I pray you to observe, implies no preference to you over others, though it dis- they were parted on this occasion, owns any preference of another to you. It is enough you should tion seemed likely to take. For be aware that there is as insuperable an objection to what you desire, as if an enchanter had a spell over my destiny."

"Spells may be broken by true men," said the Smith. "I would Thorbiorn, it were come to that. the Danish armourer, spoke of a spell he had for making breastplates, by singing a certain song while the iron was heating. 1 told him that his runic rhymes were no proof against the weapons which fought at Loncarty-what farther came of it it is needless to tell;-but the corselet and the wearer, and the leech who salved his wound, know if Henry Gow can break a spell or no."

Catharine looked at him as if about to return an answer little approving of the exploit he had vaunted, which the downright This quarrel may draw blood another day. Smith had not recollected, was of a kind that exposed him to her frequent censure. But ere she pointed to meet for investigating had given words to her thoughts, her father thrust his head in at ing had now assembled. the door.

no one who stood, at the begin-|into my working room in all speed,

Henry, making his obeisance to her father's summons. Indeed it was probably in favour of their future friendly intercourse that at the turn which the conversaas the wooer had begun to hold the refusal of the damsel as somewhat capricious and inexplicable after the degree of encouragement which, in his opinion, she had afforded; Catharine, on the other hand, considered him rather as an encroacher upon the grace which she had shewn him, than one whose delicacy rendered him deserving of such favour.

But there was living in their bosoms towards each other a reciprocal kindness, which on the termination of the dispute was sure to revive, inducing the maiden to forget her offended delicacy, and the lover his slighted warmth of passion.

### CHAPTER VII.

HENRY IV. Part I.

THE conclave of citizens apthe affray of the preceding even-The work-room of Simon Glover was "Henry," he said, "I must in- filled to crowding by personages terrupt your more pleasing af-|of no little consequence, some of fairs, and request you to come whom wore black velvet cloaks, necks. They were, indeed, the tions as these:fathers of the city; and there were bailies and deacons in the honoured number. There was an ireful and offended air of importance upon every brow, as they conversed together, rather in whisper, than aloud or in detail. Busiest among the busy, the little important assistant of the previous night, Oliver Proudfute by name, and bonnet-maker by profession, was bustling among the crowd; much after the manner of the sea-gull, which flutters, screams, and sputters most at the commencement of a gale of wind, though one can | I and that stout fellow came inhardly conceive what the bird has Was it not, neighbour and worthy better to do than to fly to its nest, Bailie Craigdallie?" and remain quiet till the gale is over.

Be that as it may, Master Proudfute was in the midst of the crowd, his fingers upon every one's button, and his mouth in every man's ear, embracing such as were near to his own stature, that he might more closely and mysteriously from his cloak with pretty much utter his sentiments; and standing on tiptoe, and supporting himself by the cloak-collars of tall men, that he might dole out to them also the same share of information. He felt himself one of the heroes of the affair, being conscious of the dignity of superior information on the subject as an evewitness, and much disposed to push his connection with the

and gold chains around their consisting chiefly of such asser-

"It is all true, by St. John. I was there and saw it myself-was the first to run to the fray; and if it had not been for me and another stout fellow, who came in about the same time, they had broken into Simon Glover's house, cut his throat, and carried his daughter off to the mountains. It is too evil usage-not to be suffered, neighbour Crookshank,not to be endured, neighbour Glass,-not to be borne, neighbours Balneaves, Rollock, and Chrysteson. It was a mercy that

These speeches were dispersed by the busy bonnet-maker into sundry ears. Bailie Craigdallie. a portly guild-brother, the same who had advised the prorogation of their civic council to the present place and hour, a big, burly, goodlooking man, shook the deacon the grace with which a large horse shrugs off the importunate fly that has beset him for ten minutes, and exclaimed, "Silence, good citizens; here comes Simon Glover, in whom no man ever saw falsehood. We will hear the outrage from his own mouth."

Simon being called upon to tell his tale, did so with obvious embarrassment, which he imputed to scuffle a few points beyond the a reluctance that the burgh should modesty of truth. It cannot be be put in deadly feud with any said that his communications were one upon his account. It was, he in especial curious and important, dared to say, a masking or revel on the part of the young gallants who was obviously tired of the about court; and the worst that tuneless screeching of the worthy might come of it would be, that deacon. he would put iron stanchions on his daughter's window, in case of here," said the Bailie; "but I such another frolic.

"Why, then, if this was a mere masking or mummery," said Craigdallie, "our townsman, Harry of the Wynd, did far wrong to cut off a gentleman's hand for such a harmless pleasanty, and the town may be brought to a heavy fine for it. unless we secure the person of the mutilator."

"Our lady forbid!" said the "Did you know what I Glover. do, you would be as much afraid of handling this matter, as if it were glowing iron. But, since you will needs put your fingers in the fire, truth must be spoken. And come what will, I must say, that the matter might have ended ill for me and mine, but for the opportune assistance of Henry Gow, the armourer, well known to vou all."

"And mine also was not awanting," said Oliver Proudfute, rescue for all that." "though I do not profess to be utterly so good a swordsman as our neighbour, Henry Gow.-You saw me, neighbour Glover, at the given the worth of the best suit beginning of the fray?"

neighbour," answered the Glover, dryly.

were in your house while the wert laying on blows as if on an blows were going, and could not anvil, I was parrying those that survey who were dealing them."

I prithee, peace," said Craigdallie, is the cause thou sawest me not."

"There is something mysterious think I spy the secret. Our friend Simon is, as you all know, a peaceful man, and one that will rather sit down with wrong, than put a friend, or say a neighbourhood, in danger to seek his re-Thou, Henry, who art dress. never wanting where the burgh needs a defender, tell us what thou knowest of this matter."

Our Smith told his story to the same purpose which we have already related; and the meddling maker of bonnets added as before, "And thou sawest me there, honest Smith, didst thou not?"

"Not I, in good faith, neighbour," answered Henry; "but you are a little man, you know, and I might overlook you."

This reply produced a laugh at Oliver's expense, who laughed for company, but added doggedly, "I was one of the foremost to the

"Why, where wert thou, then, neighbour?" said the Smith; "for I saw you not, and I would have of armour I ever wrought to have "I saw you after the end of it, seen as stout a fellow as thou at my elbow."

"I was no farther off, however, "True, true; I had forgot you honest Smith; and whilst thou the rest of the villains aimed at "Peace, neighbour Proudfute; thee behind thy back; and that

"I have heard of Smiths of old viding the fair city were not time who had but one eye," said brought into jeopardy for me. I Henry. "I have two, but they beseech you to consider who are are both set in my forehead, and to be our judges that are to hear so I could not see behind my back, neighbour."

"The truth is, however," persevered Master Oliver, "there I was, and I will give Master Bailie, my account of the matter; for the Smith and I were first up to the fray."

"Enough at present," said the Bailie, waving to Master Proudinjunction of silence. fute an "The precognition of Simon Glover and Henry Gow would bear out a matter less worthy of belief.-And now, my masters, your opinion what should be done. Here are all our burgher rights broken through and insulted, and you may well fancy that it is by some man of power, since no less dared have attempted such an outrage. My masters, it is hard on flesh and blood to submit to this. The laws have framed us of lower rank than the princes and nobles, yet it is against reason to suppose that we will suffer our houses to be broken into, and the honour of our women insulted, without some redress."

"It is not to be endured!" answered the citizens, unanimously.

with a very anxious and ominous Black Douglas better to deal countenance. "I hope still that with?" all was not meant so ill as it seemed to us, my worthy neigh- minute. They looked on each bours; and I for one would cheer- other with fallen countenances fully forgive the alarm and dis- and blanched lips. But Henry

the case, and give or refuse redress. I speal among neighbours and friends, and therefore I speak openly. The King, God bless him! is so broken in mind and body. that he will but turn us over to some great man amongst his counsellors, who shall be in favour for the time-Perchance he will refer us to his brother the Duke of Albany, who will make our petition for righting of our wrongs, the pretence for squeezing money out of us."

"We will none of Albany for our judge!" answered the meeting with the same unanimity as before.

"Or perhaps," added Simon, "he will bid the Duke of Rothsay take charge of it; and the wild young prince will regard the outrage as something for his gay companions to scoff at, and his minstrels to turn into song."

"Away with Rothsay! he is too gay to be our judge," again exclaimed the citizens.

Simon, emboldened by seeing he was reaching the point he aimed at, yet pronouncing the dreaded name with a half whisper, Here Simon Glover interfered next added, "Would you like the

There was no answer for a turbance to my poor house, pro-|Smith spoke out boldly, and in a

decided voice, the sentiments listen to me. Let us go to our which all felt, but none else dared Provost, said I. He is a gentlegive words to-

"The Black Douglas to judge betwixt a burgher and a gentleman, nay, a nobleman, for all I know or care?-The black devil of hell sooner! You are mad, father Simon, so much as to name so wild a proposal."

There was again a silence of fear and uncertainty, which was at length broken by Bailie Craigdallie, who, looking very signifi- himself, to suit his argument, look cantly to the speaker, replied, "You are confident in a stout significant than nature had made doublet, neighbour Smith, or you would not talk so boldly."

"I am confident of a good heart under my doublet, such as it is, Bailie," answered the undaunted Henry: "and though I speak but my cursus medendi as well as some little, my mouth shall never be that padlocked by any noble of them leeches. Methinks I can tent this all."

Henry, or do not speak so loud," reiterated the Bailie, in the same a man of worship. Think you he significant tone. "There are border men in the town who wear us all to pursue harsh courses the Bloody Heart\* on their shoul- here, since his family honcur is so der-But all this is no rede. What nearly concerned? And since he shall we do?"

the Smith. "Let us to our Provost. and demand his countenance and good reason more than he cares to assistance."

through the party, and Oliver on the sore; but, alack! we all Proudfute exclaimed, "That is know that young maidens are what I have been saying for this what I call fugitive essences. Suphalf hour, and not one of ye would pose now, an honest maiden-I

\* The well-kncwn cognizance of the house of Douglas.

man himself, and ought to come between the burgh and the nobles in all matters."

"Hush, neighbours, hush; be wary what you say or do," said a thin meagre figure of a man, whose diminutive person seemed still more reduced in size, and more assimilated to a shadow, by his efforts to assume an extreme degree of humility, and make meaner yet, and yet more inhim.

"Pardon me," said he, "I am but a poor Pottingar. Nevertheless, I have been bred in Paris. and learned my humanities and themselves call learned wound, and treat it with emol-"Wear a thick doublet, good lients. Here is our friend Simon Glover, who is, as you all know, would not be the most willing of blenches away from the charge "Short rede, good rede," said against these same revellers, consider if he may not have some utter for letting the matter sleep. A murmur of applause went It is not for me to put my finger mean in all innocence-leaves her window unlatched on St. Valencavalier may-in all honesty, I hath not by any lightness or folly mean-become her Valentine for of hers afforded grounds for this the season; and suppose the gallant be discovered, may she not scream out as if the visit were unexpected, and-and-bray all this in a mortar, and then consider, will it be a matter to place thers of the fair city, I command the town in feud for?"

opinion in a most insinuating manner; but he seemed to shrink into something less than his na- Bailie," said Henry Gow, "for me tural tenuity when he saw the blood rise in the old cheeks of Simon Glover, and inflame to the temples the complexion of the redoubted Smith. The last, stepping forward, and turning a stern look on the alarmed Pottingar, broke out as follows:-"Thou that of our Blessed Lady." Here walking skeleton! thou asthmatic he crossed himself devoutly. "But gallipot! thou poisoner by profession! if I thought that the puff vost, are you agreed, neighbours, of vile breath thou hast left could to put matter like this into our blight for the tenth part of a Provost's hand, being against a minute the fair fame of Catharine Glover, I would pound thee, quacksalver! in thine own mortar, and beat up thy wretched carrion with flower of brimstone, the only real from his terror by the intervention medicine in thy booth, to make a salve to rub mangy hounds with!"

"Hold, son Henry, hold!" cried the Glover, in a tone of authority, this matter but me.-Worshipful Bailie Craigdallie, since such is the construction that is put upon rupting the speaker with the tones my patience, I am willing to purthough the issue may prove that certed orator, "by the voice of we had better have been patient, the citizens. How else?—I pray

tine's morn, that some gallant you will all see that my Catharine great scandal."

The Bailie also interposed. "Neighbour Henry," said he, "we came here to consult, and not to quarrel. As one of the fathee to forego all evil will and The Pottingar delivered his mal-talent you may have against Master Pottingar Dwining."

"He is too poor a creature, to harbour feud with-I that could destroy him and his booth with one blow of my fore-hammer."

"Peace, then, and hear me," said the official. "We are all as much believers in the honour of the Fair Maiden of Perth, as in touching our appeal to our Propowerful noble, as is to be feared?"

"The Provost being himself a nobleman"-squeaked the Pottingar, in some measure released of the Bailie. "God knows, I speak not to the disparagement of an honourable gentleman, whose forbears have held the office he

"By free choice of the citizens of Perth," said the Smith, interof his deep and decisive voice.

you, friend Smith, interrupt me ceedingly wise upon the advocate not. I speak to our worthy and of acquiesence, with whom, noteldest Bailie, Craigdallie, accord-withstanding the offence so lately ing to my poor mind. I say that, come amongst us how he will, still to agree in opinion. But not so this Sir Patrick Charteris is a Henry Smith, who, seeing the nobleman, and hawks will not pick hawks' eves out. He may well the speech in his usual downright bear us out in a feud with the Highlandmen, and do the part of our Provost and leader against the richest among you, neighbours, them; but whether he that him- and I am not sorry for it. Years self wears silk will take our part will come, if one lives to see them; against broidered cloak and cloth and I can win and spend my penny of gold, though he may do so like another, by the blaze of the against tartan and Irish frieze, is furnace and the wind of the something to be questioned. Take bellows. But no man ever saw me a fool's advice. We have saved sit down with wrong done in word our Maiden, of whom I never meant to speak harm, as truly I knew none. They have lost one man's hand, at least, thanks to this outrage, if I can help it. Harry Smith---"

important bonnet-maker.

he tells us," continued the Pottingar, who contested no man's time, who settled his great grandclaim to glory, provided he was sire amongst us. But if he were not himself compelled to tread the perilous paths which lead to it. "I say, neighbours, since they have left a hand as a pledge they willnever come in Couvrefew street | burgh preserved-ay, and I know again, why, in my simple mind, he will-I have made a steel we were best to thank our stout townsman, and the town having guess at the kind of heart that it the honour, and these rakehells was meant to cover." the loss, that we should hush the matter up, and say no more about it."

effect with some of the citizens, answer would be, Go to your who began to nod and look ex- Provost, you borrel loons. So,

given, Simon Glover seemed also consultation at a stand, took up manner.

"I am neither the oldest nor or deed to our fair town, if man's tongue and man's hand could right it. Neither will I sit down with T will go to the Provost myself, if "And to me," added the little no one will go with me; he is a knight, it is true, and a gentle-"And to Oliver Proudfute, as man of free and trueborn blood, as we all know, since Wallace's the proudest nobleman in the land, he is the Provost of Perth, and for his own honour must see the freedoms and immunities of the doublet for him, and have a good

"Surely," said Bailie Craigdallie, "it would be to no purpose to stir at court without Sir Patrick These pacific counsels had their Charteris's countenance; the ready

neighbours and townsmen, if you hath a right to expect, we may will stand by my side, I and our bell-the-cat with the best of them. Pottingar Dwining will repair presently to Kinfauns, with Sim Glover, the jolly Smith, and gallant Oliver Proudfute, for witnesses to the onslaught, and speak with Sir Patrick Charteris, in little doubt," looking around the name of the fair town."

"Nay," said the peaceful man of medicine, "leave me behind, I pray you; I lack audacity to speak before a belted knight."

"Never regard that, neighbour, you must go," said Bailie Craigdallie. "The town hold me a hotbeaded carle for a man of threescore—Sim Glover is the offended party—we all know that Harry Gow spoils more harness with his sword than he makes with his hammer - and neighbour our Proudfute,-who, take his own word, is at the beginning and end of every fray in Perth,-is of course a man of action. We must have at least one advocate amongst us for peace and quietness; and thou, Pottingar, must be the man. Away with you, sirs, get your boots and your beasts—horse and hattock,\* I say-and let us meet at the East Port—that is, if it is your pleasure, neighbours, to trust us with the matter."

"There can be no better rede. and we will all avouch it," said "If the Provost the citizens. take our part, as the fair town

"It is well, then, neighbours," answered the Bailie; "so said, so shall be done. Meanwhile, I have called the whole town-council together about this hour, and I have company, "that as so many of them who are in this place have resolved to consult with our Provost, the rest will be compliant to the same resolution. And therefore. neighbours, and good burghers of the fair city of Perth-horse and hattock, as 1 said before, and meet me at the East Port."

A general acclamation concluded the sitting of this species of privy council, or Lords of the Articles; and they dispersed, the deputation to prepare for the journey, and the rest to tell their impatient wives and daughters of the measures they had taken to render their chambers safe in future against the intrusion of gallants at unseasonable hours.

While nags are saddling, and the town-council debating, rather putting in form what the leading members of their body had already adopted, it may be necessary, for the information of some readers, to state in distinct terms what is more circuitously intimated in the course of the former discussion.

It was the custom at this period, when the strength of the feudal aristocracy controlled the rights, and frequently insulted the privileges of the royal burghs of Scotland, that the latter, where it was

<sup>\*</sup> Horse and hattock, the well-known cry of the fairies at mounting for a moonlight expedition, came to be familiarly adopted on any occasion of mounting.

Provost, or Chief Magistrate, not generations found a protector and out of the order of the merchants, Provost of this kind in the shopkeepers, and citizens, who in knightly family of Charteris, habited the town itself, and filled Lords of Kinfauns, in the neighup the roll of the ordinary magis-bourhood of the burgh. It was tracy, but elected to that pre-scarce a century (in the time of eminent state some powerful Robert III.) since the first of this nobleman, or baron, in the neigh- distinguished family had settled bourhood of the burgh, who was in the strong castle which now expected to stand their friend at belonged to them, with the piccourt in such matters as concerned turesque and fertile scenes adtheir common weal, and to lead joining to it. But the history of their civil militia to fight, whether the first settler, chivalrous and in general battle or in private romantic in itself, was calculated feud, reinforcing them with his to facilitate the settlement of an own feudal retainers. This pro- alien, in the land in which his lot tection was not always gratuitous. was cast. We relate it as it is The Provosts sometimes availed given by an ancient and uniform themselves of their situation to an tradition, which carries in it great unjustifiable degree, and obtained grants of lands and tenements belonging to the common good, or public property of the burgh, and thus made the citizens pay dear for the countenance which they afforded. Others were satisfied | Wallace, and when his arms had to receive the powerful aid of the townsmen in their own feudal invaders from his native country, quarrels, with such other marks of respect and benevolence, as the burgh, over which they presided were willing to gratify them with, in order to secure their active services in case of necessity. The Baron, who was the regular protector of a royal burgh, accepted land a body of auxiliary forces, or such free-will offerings without scruple, and repaid them by de- in regaining their independence. fending the rights of the town, by arguments in the council, and by bold deeds in the field.

they loved better to call it, the which the mariners regarded, first

practicable, often chose their | Fair City of Perth, had for several indications of truth, and is warrant enough, perhaps, for its insertion, in graver histories than the present.

> "During the brief career of the celebrated patriot Sir William for a time expelled the English he is said to have undertaken a voyage to France, with a small band of trusty friends, to try what his presence (for he was respected through all countries for his prowess) might do to induce the French monarch to send to Scotother assistance, to aid the Scots

The Scottish Champion was on board a small vessel, and steering for the port of Dieppe, when a The citizens of the town, or, as sail appeared in the distance,

with doubt and apprehension, and or twelve of his own followers, at last with confusion and dismay. Boyd, Kerlie, Seton, and others, Wallace demanded to know what to whom the dust of the most was the cause of their alarm. The desperate battle was like the captain of the ship informed him, breath of life, he commanded that the tall vessel which was them to arm themselves, and lie bearing down, with the purpose flat upon the deck so as to be out of boarding that which he com- of sight. He ordered the mariners manded, was the ship of a cele-below, excepting such as were brated rover, equally famed for absolutely necessary to manage his courage, strength of body, the vessel; and he gave the master and successful piracies. It was instructions, upon pain of death, commanded by a named Thomas de Longueville, a had the appearance of attempt-Frenchman by birth, but by prac- ing to fly, he should in fact pertice one of those pirates who mit the Red Rover to come up called themselves friends to the with them and do his worst. sea, and enemies to all who sailed Wallace himself then lay down upon that element. He attacked on the deck, that nothing might and plundered vessels of all na- be seen which could intimate any tions, like one of the ancient Norse | purpose of resistance. In a quarter Sea-kings, as they were termed, of an hour De Longueville's vessel whose dominion was upon the ran on board that of the Champion, master mountain waves. The added, that no vessel could escape the Rover by flight, so speedy was the bark he commanded; and complete armour, followed by his that no crew, however hardy, could hope to resist him, when, as if victory had been already sewas his usual mode of combat, he threw himself on board at the started up at once, and the rover head of his followers.

Wallace smiled sternly, while the master of the ship, with alarm in his countenance, and tears in they were only opposed as one to his eyes, described to him the two or three. Wallace himself certainty of their being captured rushed on the pirate captain, and by the Red Rover, a name given a dreadful strife began betwixt to De Longueville, because he them with such fury, that the usually displayed the blood-red others suspended their own battle flag, which he had now hoisted.

this rover," said Wallace.

Then calling together some ten between the two chiefs.

gentleman so to steer, as that while the vessel and the Red Rover, casting out grappling irons to make sure of his prize, jumped on the deck in men, who gave a terrible shout as But the armed Scots cured. found himself unexpectedly engaged with men accustomed to consider victory as secure, when to look on, and seemed by com-"I will clear the narrow seas of mon consent to refer the issue of the strife to the fate of the combat The

pirate fought as well as man could robberies which the pirate had do; but Wallace's strength was committed were forgiven, and the beyond that of ordinary mortals. King even conferred the honour He dashed the sword from the of knighthood on Sir Thomas de rover's hand, and placed him in Longueville, and offered to take such peril, that, to avoid being him into his service. cut down, he was fain to close rover had contracted such with the Scottish Champion, in friendship for his generous victor, hopes of overpowering him in the that he insisted on uniting his grapple. In this also he was fortunes with those of Wallace. foiled. They fell on the deck. locked in each other's arms, but land, and fought by his side in the Frenchman fell undermost: and Wallace, fixing his grasp upon his gorget, compressed it so ville was remarked as inferior to closely, notwithstanding it was that of none, save of his heroic made of the finest steel, that the conqueror. His fate also was blood gushed from his eyes, nose, and mouth, and he was only able patron. Being distinguished by to ask for quarter by signs. His men threw down their weapons his person, he rendered himself so and begged for mercy, when they saw their leader thus severely of the ancient family of Charteris handled. The victor granted them that she chose him for her husall their lives, but took possession band, bestowing on him with her of their vessel, and detained them hand the fair baronial Castle of prisoners.

French harbour, Wallace alarmed took the name of Charteris, as the place by displaying the rover's connecting themselves with their colours, as if De Longueville was maternal ancestors, the ancient coming to pillage the town. The proprietors of the property, though bells were rung backward; horns the name of Thomas de Longuewere blown, and the citizens were ville was hurrying to arms, when the scene amongst them; and the large twochanged. The Scottish Lion on handed sword with which he his shield of gold was raised mowed the ranks of war, was, and above the piratical flag, and an-lis still, preserved among the fanounced that the Champion of mily muniments. Another ac-Scotland was approaching, like a count is, that the family name of falcon with his prey in his clutch. De Longueville himself was Char-He landed with his prisoner, and teris. The estate afterwards carried him to the court of France, passed to a family of Blairs, and

But the with whom he returned to Scotmany a bloody battle, where the prowess of Sir Thomas de Longuemore fortunate than that of his the beauty as well as strength of acceptable to a young lady, heiress Kinfauns, and the domains an-When he came in sight of the nexed to it. Their descendants equally honoured where, at Wallace's request, the is now the property of Lord Gray.

These Barons of Kinfauns.\* from father to son, held, for several generations, the office of Provost of Perth; the vicinity of the castle and town rendering it a very convenient arrangement for mutual support. The Sir Patrick of this history had more than once led out the men of Perth to battles and skirmishes with the restless Highland depredators, and with other enemies, foreign and domestic. True it is, he used sometimes to be weary of the slight and frivolous complaints unnecessarily brought before him, and in which he was requested to interest himself. Hence he had sometimes incurred the charge of being too proud as a nobleman, or too indolent as a man of wealth, and one who was too much addicted to the pleasures of the field, and the exercise of feudal hospitality, to bestir himself upon all and every occasion when the Fair Town would have desired his active interference. But notwithstanding that this occasioned some slight murmuring, the citizens, upon any serious cause of alarm, were wont to rally around their Provost, and were warmly supported by him both in council and action.

\* It is generally believed that the ancient Barons of Kinfauns are now represented in the male line by a once powerful branch of the name, the Charterises of Amisfield, in Dumfriesshire. The remains of the castle, close to which is their modern residence, attest the former extent of their resources.

# CHAPTER VIII.

Within the bounds of Annandale, The gentle Johnstones ride; They have been there a thousand years, A thousand more they'll bide.

OLD BALLAD.

THE character and quality of Sir Patrick Charteris, the Provost of Perth, being such as we have sketched in the last chapter, let us now return to the deputation which was in the act of rendezvousing at the East Port, \* in order to wait upon that dignitary with their complaints, at Kinfauns.

And first appeared Simon Glover, on a pacing palfrey, which had sometimes enjoyed the honour of bearing the fairer person as well as the lighter weight of his beautiful daughter. His cloak was muffled round the lower part of his face, as a sign to his friends not to interrupt him by any questions while he passed through the streets, and partly, perhaps, on account of the coldness of the The deepest anxiety weather. was seated on his brow, as if the more he meditated on the matter he was engaged in, the more difficult and perilous it appeared. He only greeted by silent gestures his friends as they came to the rendezvous.

A strong black horse, of the old Galloway breed, of an under size, and not exceeding fourteen hands, but high-shouldered, stronglimbed, well-coupled, and roundbarrelled, bore to the East Port the gallant Smith. A judge of the

\* Note H. East Port.

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

spark of that vicious temper which each other; and he was delighted is frequently the accompaniment when some wag of the lower class of the form that is most vigorous had gravity enough to cry out, and enduring; but the weight, without laughing outright, "There the hand, and the seat of the goes the pride of Perth-there go rider, added to the late regular the slashing craftsmen, the jolly exercise of a long journey, had Smith of the Wynd, and the bold subdued his stubbornness for the Bonnet-maker!" present. He was accompanied by the honest Bonnet-maker, who this all-hail thrust his tongue in being, as the reader is aware, a his cheek to some scapegraces little round man, and what is like himself; but as the Bonnetvulgarly called duck-legged, had maker did not see this by-play, planted himself like a red pin he generously threw him a silver cushion, (for he was wrapped in a penny to encourage his respect scarlet cloak over which he had for martialists. This munificence slung a hawking-pouch), on the occasioned their being followed top of a great saddle, which he by a crowd of boys, laughing and might be said rather to be perched hallooing, until Henry Smith, upon than to bestride. The saddle turning back, threatened to switch and the man were girthed on the the foremost of them; a resolution ridge-bone of a great trampling which they did not wait to see Flemish mare, with a nose turned put in execution. up in the air like a camel, a huge fleece of hair at each foot, and said the little man on the large every hoof full as large in circumference as a frying-pan. contrast between the beast and they that should back us? Ah, the rider was so extremely extraordinary, that whilst chance passengers contented themselves with wondering how he got up, his friends were anticipating with sorrow the perils which must attend his coming down again; for the bear ever so little of that same high-seated horseman's feet did weight, worthy Master Proudnot by any means come beneath fute," replied Henry Gow, "were the laps of the saddle. He had it but to keep you firm in the associated himself to the Smith, whose motions he had watched if you were dancing a jig on your for the purpose of joining him; seat, without any help from your for it was Oliver Proudfute's legs. opinion, that men of action shewed

animal might see in his eye a to most advantage when beside

It is true, the fellow who gave

"Here are we the witnesses," horse, as they joined Simon Glover The at the East Port; "but where are brother Henry! authority is a load for an ass rather than a spirited horse; it would but clog the motions of such young fellows as you and me."

"I could well wish to see you saddle; for you bounce about as

"Ay, ay; I raise myself in my

stirrups to avoid the jolting. She| They had no time for further is cruelly hard set this mare of colloquy, for Bailie Craigdallie mine; but she has carried me in called to them to take the road to field and forest, and through some Kinfauns, and himself shewed the passages that were something example. As they advanced at a perilous; so Jezabel and I part leisurely pace, the discourse turned not-I call her Jezebel, after the on the reception which they were Princess of Castile."

"Isabel, I suppose you mean," answered the Smith.

the same, you know. But here seemed particularly desponding, comes Bailie Craigdallie at last, and talked more than once in a with that poor, creeping, coward- manner which implied a wish that ly creature the Pottingar. They they would yet consent to let the have brought two town-officers matter rest. He did not speak with their partisans, to guard out very plainly, however, fearful their fair persons, I suppose.-If perhaps, of the malignant interthere is one thing I hate more pretation which might be derived than another, it is such a sneak-from any appearance of his flinching varlet as that Dwining!"

you say so," said the Smith. "I tell thee, Bonnet-maker, that there opinion, but spoke more cautiousis more danger in yonder slight ly than in the morning. wasted anatomy, than in twenty stout fellows like yourself."

but jesting with me," said Oliver, from the good town to my Lord -softening his voice, however, Provost's, I cannot think he will and looking towards the Pottingar, be backward to shew himself. as if to discover in what limb or More than one lusty boat, laden lineament of his wasted face and with Bordeaux wine, has left the form lay any appearance of the South Shore to discharge its menaced danger; and his examina- burden under the Castle of Kintion reassuring him, he answered fauns. I have some right to speak boldly, "Blades and bucklers, of that, who was the merchant man, I would stand the feud of a importer." dozen such as Dwining. What "And," said Dwining, with his could he do to any man with squeaking voice, "I could speak blood in his veins?"

physic," answered the Smith, and even cakes of that rare and dryly.

to expect from their Provost, and the interest which he was likely to take in the aggression which "Ay-Isabel, or Jezabel,-all they complained of. The Glover ing from the assertion of his "Have a care he does not hear daughter's reputation. Dwining seemed to agree with him in

"After all," said the Bailie, "when I think of all the propines "Pshaw! Bully Smith, you are and good gifts which have passed

of delicate confections, curious "He could give him a dose of comfits, loaves of wastel bread, delicious condiment which men

call sugar, that have gone thither Nay, trust me, a good woodsman to help out a bridal banquet, or a like Sir Patrick will prize the kirstening feast, or such like. But right of hunting and sporting over alack, Bailie Craigdallie, wine is the lands of the burgh as a high drunk, comfits are eaten, and the privilege, and one which, his gift is forgotten when the flavour Majesty the King's Grace ex-is past away. Alas, neighbour! cepted, is neither granted to the banquet of last Christmas is lord nor loon save to our Provost gone like the last year's snow."

"But there have been gloves full of gold pieces," said the Magis- there was heard on the left hand, trate.

"I should know that wrought them," said Simon, whose professional recollections still mingled with whatever else might using the privilege you mention, "One was a occupy his mind. hawking glove for my lady. I made it something wide. ladyship found no fault, in consideration of the intended lining."

"Well go to," said Bailie Craigdallie, "the less I lie; and if these are not to the fore, it is the Provost's fault, and not the town's; they could neither be eat nor drunk in the shape in which he got them."

armour too," said the Smith; "but never doubting that Gow was at cogan na schie!\* as John High- his heels. landman says,-I think the Knight But Craigdallie caught Henry's of Kinfauns will do his devoir by horse by the reins. "Stand fast the burgh in peace or war; and it by the standard," he said; "let us is needless to be reckoning the see the luck of our light horsetown's good deeds, till we see him man. If he procures himself a thankless for them."

"So say I," cried our friend for the rest of the day." Proudfute, from the top of his mare. never bear so base a mind as to come by such a boon. Yonder count for wine and walnuts with fellow, who stops so impudently

\* Peace or war, I care not.

alone."

As the Bonnet-maker spoke, the cry of "So so-waw wawwho haw," being the shout of a falconer to his hawk.

"Methinks yonder is a fellow who, from his appearance is neither King nor Provost," said Her the Smith.

"Ay, marry, I see him," said the Bonnet-maker, who imagined the occasion presented a prime opportunity to win honour. "Thou and I, jolly Smith, will prick towards him and put him to the question."

"Have with you, then," cried the Smith; and his companion "I could speak of a brave spurred his mare and went off,

broken pate, he will be quieter

"From what I already see," "We roystering blades said the Smith, "he may easily a friend like Sir Patrick Charteris. to look at us, as if he were engaged in the most lawful sport in

the world-I guess him, by his increased his alarm considerably, trotting hobbler, his rusty head- by putting his little nag in mopiece with the cock's feather, and tion, and riding to meet him at a long two-handed sword, to be the brisk trot. On observing this apfollower of some of the southland parently offensive movement, our lords-men who live so near the hero looked over his left shoulder Southern, that the black jack is more than once, as if reconnever off their backs, and who are noitring the ground for a retreat, as free of their blows as they are and in the meanwhile came to a light in their fingers."

lating on the issue of the ren- maker could decide whether to counter, the valiant Bonnet-maker fight or fly, and a very ominousbegan to pull up Jezabel, in order looking Philistine he was. that the Smith, who he still con-figure was gaunt and lathy, his cluded was close behind, might visage marked by two or three overtake him, and either advance ill-favoured scars, and the whole first, or at least abreast of himself. But when he saw him at a customed to say, "Stand and dehundred yards' distance, standing liver," to a true man. composedly with the rest of the group, the flesh of the champion, course, by exclaiming, in tones as like that of the old Spanish sinister as his looks,---"The devil general, began to tremble, in anticipation of the dangers into which his own venturous spirit my sport?" was about to involve it. Yet the consciousness of being countenanced by the neighbourhood of so many friends; the hopes that the appearance of such odds must intimidate the single intruder, and the worshipful Adam Craigdallie, the shame of abandoning an enterprise in which he had volunteered, and when so many persons | Wynd, and three or four armed must witness his disgrace, surmounted the strong inclination your name, and how you come to which prompted him to wheel take your pleasure over these Jezabel to the right about, and lands belonging to the burgh of return to the friends whose pro- Perth-although, natheless, I will tection he had quitted, as fast as answer for them, it is not their her legs could carry them. He wish to quarrel with a gentleman, accordingly continued his direc-lor stranger, for any accidental tion towards the stranger, who trespass; only it is their use and

decided halt. But the Philistine Whilst they were thus specu- was upon him ere the Bonnet-His man had much the air of one ac-

This individual began the discatch you for a cuckoo, why do you ride across the moor to spoil

"Worthy stranger," said our friend, in the tone of pacific remonstrance, "I am Oliver Proudfute, a burgess of Perth, and a man of substance; and yonder is the oldest Bailie of the burgh. with the fighting Smith of the men more, who desire to know wont not to grant such leave, un-lenough; for he began to be very less it is duly asked; and-and-desirous to get free of the emtherefore I desire to know your bassy which he had so rashly unname, worthy sir."

with which the falconer had re- the Annandale man added.garded Oliver Proudfute during his harangue, had greatly discon-keep you in mind that you met certed him, and altogether altered the Devil's Dick, and to teach the which, with Henry Gow to back you spoil the sport of any one him, he would probably have who wears the flying spur on his thought most fitting for the occa- shoulder." sion.

The stranger replied to it, modified as it was, with a most inauspicious grin, which the scars of his visage made appear still Some of them lighted upon Jezamore repulsive. know my name?-My name is the Devil's Dick of Hellgarth, well galloped back towards the party known in Annandale for a gentle of citizens. Johnstone. I follow the stout Laird of Wamphray, who rides with his kinsman the redoubted Lord of Johnstone, who is banded with the doughty Earl of Douglas: and the Earl and the Lord, and the Laird and I the Esquire, fly our hawks where we find our game, and ask no man whose ground we ride over."\*

"I will do your message, sir," replied Oliver Proudfute, meekly

\* Every Scotchman must regret that the name of Johnstone should have disappeared from the peerage, and hope that ere long some one of the many claimants for the minor honours at least of the house of Annandale may make out a case to the satisfaction of the House of Lords. The great estates of the family are still nearly entire, and in worthy hands :-they have passed to a younger branch of the noble house of Hopetoun, one of the claimants of the elder titles.

dertaken, and was in the act of The grim and loathly aspect turning his horse's head, when

"And take you this to boot, to character of the inquiry you another time to beware how

> With these words he applied two or three smart blows of his riding-rod upon the luckless Bonnet-maker's head and person. "You want to bel, who, turning sharply round, laid her rider upon the moor, and

Proudfute, thus overthrown, began to cry for assistance in no very manly voice, and almost in the same breath to whimper for mercy; for his antagonist, dismounting almost as soon as he fell, offered a whinger or large wood-knife to his throat, while he rifled the pockets of the unlucky citizen, and even examined his hawking-bag, swearing two or three grisly oaths, that he would have what it contained, since the wearer had interrupted his sport. He pulled the belt rudely off, terrifying the prostrate Bonnetmaker still more by the regardless violence which he used, as, instead of taking the pains to unbuckle the strap, he drew till the fastening gave way. But apparently it contained nothing to his

him, and at the same time suffered be brought to absolute flight. the dismounted cavalier to rise, while he himself remounted his things, spurred his horse and adhobbler, and looked towards the vanced far before the rest of the rest of Oliver's party, who were party, up towards the scene of now advancing.

legate overthrown, there was some bel by the flowing rein, and his laughter; so much had the vaunt- next to lead her to meet her dising humour of the Bonnet-maker comfited master, who was crippling prepared his friends to rejoice, towards him, his clothes much when, as Henry Smith termed it, soiled with his fall, his eyes they saw their Oliver meet with a streaming with tears, from pain Rowland. But when the Bonnet- as well as mortification, and altomaker's adversary was seen to gether exhibiting an aspect so bestride him, and handle him in unlike the spruce and dapper imthe manner described, the armourer could hold out no longer. "Please you, good Master Bailie, I cannot endure to see our townsman beaten and rifled, and like to be murdered before us all. reflects upon the Fair Town; and natured joke. if it is neighbour Proudfute's misfortune, it is our shame. I must to his rescue."

"We will all go to his rescue," answered Bailie Craigdallie: "but let no man strike without order from me. We have more feuds on our hands, it is to be feared, than we have strength to bring to good end. And therefore I charge you all, more especially you, Henry of the Wynd, in the name of the Fair City, that you make no stroke but in self-defence." They all advanced, therefore, in a body; and the appearance of such a number drove the plunderer from his booty. He stood at gaze, however, at some distance, like the wolf, which, though spoken in sorrow more than

mind. He threw it carelessly from it retreats before the dogs, cannot

Henry, seeing this state of Oliver Proudfute's misfortune. When they had seen their de- His first task was to catch Jezaportance of his ordinary appearance, that the honest Smith felt compassion for the little man, and some remorse at having left him exposed to such disgrace. It men, I believe, enjoy an ill-The difference is, that an ill-natured person can drink out to very dregs the amusement which it affords, while the better moulded mind soon loses the sense of the ridiculous in sympathy for the pain of the sufferer.

> "Let me pitch you up to your saddle again, neighbour," said the Smith, dismounting at the same time, and assisting Oliver to scramble into his war-saddle. as a monkey might have done.

> "May God forgive you neighbour Smith, for not backing of me! I would not have believed in it, though fifty credible witnesses had sworn it of you."

> were the first words, Such

anger, by which the dismayed while, though any other horse Oliver vented his feelings.

"The Bailie kept hold of my horse by the bridle; and besides," Henry continued, with a smile, which even his compassion could moss-trooper," said the Smith. not suppress, "I thought you would have accused me of diminishing your honour, if I brought you aid against a single man. But cheer up! the villain took foul odds of you, your horse not being well at command."

"That is true-that is true," said Oliver eagerly catching at the apology.

"And yonder stands the faitour, rejoicing at the mischief he has done, and triumphing in your overthrow, like the King in the romance, who played upon the fiddle whilst a city was burning. Come thou with me, and thou shalt see how we will handle him friend," said Oliver, significantly. -Nay, fear not that I will desert thee this time."

So saying, he caught Jezabel by the rein, and galloping alongside of her, without giving Oliver time to express a negative, he you had lost when taken at adrushed towards the Devil's Dick, vantage." who had halted on the top of a rising ground at some distance. The gentle Johnstone, however, either that he thought the contest unequal, or that he had fought enough for the day, snapping his fingers, and throwing his hand his friend; "what is it you vex out with an air of defiance, yourself about now?" spurred his horse into a neighbouring bog, through which he dearest friend Henry, Smith, that seemed to flutter like a wild-duck, the villain fled for fear of you, swinging his lure round his head, not of me!" and whistling to his hawk all the "Do not think so," replied the

and rider must have been instantly bogged up to the saddlegirths.

"There goes a thorough-bred "That fellow will fight or flee as suits his humour, and there is no use to pursue him any more than to hunt a wild-goose. He has got your purse, I doubt me, for they seldom leave off till they are full-handed."

"Ye-ye-yes," said Proudfute, in a melancholy tone; "he has got my purse-but there is less matter, since he hath left the hawking-bag."

"Nay, the hawking-bag had been an emblem of personal victory, to be sure-a trophy, as the minstrels call it."

"There is more in it than that,

"Why, that is well, neighbour; I love to hear you speak in your own scholarly tone again. Cheer up, you have seen the villain's back, and regained the trophies

"Ah, Henry Gow - Henry Gow!"' said the Bonnet-maker. and stopped short with a deep sigh, nearly amounting to a groan.

"What is the matter?" asked

"I have some suspicion, my

fled, and who can tell whether he all the wind machinery." fled for one or the other? Besides, he knows by experience your breathed-long-winded,-at least strength and activity; we all saw how you kicked and struggled when you were on the ground."

"Did I?" said poor Proudfute: "I do not remember it-but I from Dundee." know it is my best point-I am a strong dog in the loins. But did mond!" exclaimed the armourer; they all see it?"

"All as much as I," said the Smith, smothering an inclination to laughter.

"But thou wilt remind them of it?"

"Be assured I will," answered Henry, "and of thy desperate rally even now. Mark what I say to Bailie Craigdallie, and make the best of it."

"It is not that I require any evidence in my favour, for I am as brave by nature as most men in Perth-but only"-Here the man of valour paused.

"But only what?" inquired the the Smith. stout armourer.

killed. To leave my pretty wife (an old one, most likely) on my and my young family, you know, Soldan's head, and cleave it with would be a sad change, Smith. such a downright blow, that, in You will know this when it is troth, the infidel has but little of your own case, and will feel his skull remaining to hit at." abated in courage."

armourer, musing.

the use of arms, and so well corselet one day, and you shall breathed, that few men can match hew at me, allowing me my broadme. It's all here," said the little sword to parry and pay back? man, expanding his breast like a Eh, what say you?" trussed fowl, and patting himself "By no manner of means, my

armourer, "he saw two men and with his hands; "here is room for

"I dare say you are longyour speech bewrays---"

"My speech?—You are a wag -but I have got the stern post of a dromond brought up the river

"The stern post of a Drum-"conscience, man, it will put you in feud with the whole clan-not the least wrathful in the country.

as I take it." "St. Andrew, man, you put me

out!-I mean a dromond, that is, a large ship. I have fixed this postin my yard, and had it painted and carved something like a Soldan or Saracen, and with him I breathe myself, and will wield my two-handed sword against him, thrust or point, for an hour together."

"That must make you familiar with the use of your weapon," said

"Ay, marry does it-and some-"But only I am afraid of being times I will place you a bonnet

ated in courage." "That is unlucky, for you will "It is like that I may," said the lose your practice," said Henry. "But how say you, Bonnet-maker? "Then I am so accustomed to I will put on my head-piece and

much evil;-besides, to tell you up hill after the falconer. the truth. I strike far more freely at a helmet or bonnet, when it is fault, Master Bailie," replied the set on my wooden Soldan-then I Smith. "If ye will couple up an am sure to fetch it down. But ordinary Low-country greyhound when there is a plume of feathers with a Highland wolf-dog, you in it that nod, and two eves gleam- must not blame the first of them ing fiercely from under the sha- for taking the direction in which dow of the visor, and when the it pleases the last to drag him on. whole is dancing about here and It was so, and not otherwise, with there, I acknowledge it puts out my neighbour Oliver Proudfute. my hand of fence."

"So, if men would but stand stock still like your Soldan, you would play the tyrant with them, Master Proudfute?"

"In time, and with practice, I conclude I might," answered Oliver .--- "But here we come up with the rest of them; Bailie Craigdallie looks angry-but it is not his kind of anger that frightens me."

reader, that as soon as the Bailie, and those who attended him, saw that the Smith had come up to the forlorn Bonnet-maker, and bour like fire from flint." that the stranger had retreated, they gave themselves no trouble listened with surprise to the legend about advancing further to his assistance, which they regarded as quite insured by the presence of the redoubted Henry Gow. They had resumed their straight road to Kinfauns, desirous that nothing should delay the execution of their mission. As some The shrewd old Glover looked time had elapsed ere the Bonnetmaker and the Smith rejoined the party, Bailie Craigdallie asked net-maker mad," he whispered them, and Henry Smith in parti- to Henry, "and set him a-ringing cular, what they meant by dally- his clapper, as if he were a town-

dear friend. I should do you too ing away precious time by riding

"By the mass, it was not my He no sooner got up from the ground, but he mounted his mare like a flash of lightning, and, enraged at the unknightly advantage which yonder rascal had taken of his stumbling horse, he flew after him like a dromedary. I could not but follow, both to prevent a second stumble, and secure our over bold friend and champion from the chance of some ambush at the top of the hill. You are to recollect, gentle But the villain, who is a follower of some Lord of the Marches, and wears a winged spur for his cognizance, fled from our neigh-

The senior Bailie of Perth which it had pleased Gow to circulate; for, though not much caring for the matter, he had always doubted the Bonnet-maker's romancing account of his own exploits, which hereafter he must hold as in some degree orthodox. closer into the matter.

"You will drive the poor Bon-

bell on a rejoicing day, when for however, was in that age a peaceorder and decency it were better ful nunnery, and the walls with he were silent."

that venomous Pottingar, were bonnie course of the Tay. It were telling their mind."

tured a fellow, Henry," answered Simon. ence betwixt these two men. The and characters of the party, had harmless little Bonnet-maker as-sumes the airs of a dragon, to dis-guise his natural cowardice; while notice to Sir Patrick Charteris, the Pottingar wilfully desires to that the eldest Bailie of Perth. shew himself timid, poor spirited, with some other good citizens, and humble, to conceal the danger were aproaching the castle. The of his temper. The adder is not good knight, who was getting the less deadly that he creeps ready for a hawking party, heard under a stone. I tell thee, son the intimation with pretty much Henry, that for all his sneaking the same feelings that the modern looks, and timorous talking, this representative of a burgh hears wretched anatomy loves mischief of the menaced visitation of a more than he fears danger .- But party of his worthy electors, at a here we stand in front of the Pro- time rather unseasonable for their vost's castle; and a lordly place reception. That is, he internally is Kinfauns, and a credit to the devoted the intruders to Mahound city it is, to have the owner of and Termagant, and outwardly such a gallant castle for its chief gave orders to receive them with magistrate."

"A goodly fortalice, indeed," said the Smith, looking at the venison steaks and cold baked broad winding Tay, as it swept meats into the knightly hall with under the bank on which the all despatch, and the butler to castle stood, like its modern suc-broach his casks, and do his duty; cessor, and seemed the queen of for if the Fair City of Perth somethe valley, although, on the op- times filled his cellar, her citizens posite side of the river, the strong walls of Elcho appeared to dispute the pre-eminence. Elcho, sword, or knife.

which it was surrounded were the "O, by Our Lady, father," re-barriers of secluded vestals, not barriers of an armed garri-little braggadocio, and could not think of his sitting rueful and silent in the Provost's hall, while all the rest of them, and in especial berstplate and target of the berstplate and target of the worth lipping\* a good blade be-"Thou art even too good-na- fore wrong were offered to it."

The porter of Kinfauns, who "But mark the differ- knew from a distance the persons all decorum and civility; commanded the sewers to bring hot

\* Lipping, i. e., making notches in a

were always equally ready to as-|as a fighting man upon occasion. sist at emptying his flagons.

The good burghers were reverently marshalled into the hall. where the knight, who was in a riding habit, and booted up to the middle of his thighs, received them with a mixture of courtesv and patronising condescension; wishing them all the while at the bottom of the Tay, on account of the interruption their arrival gave occasions. And as to hawking, to his proposed amusement of the we have had enough on't for one morning. He met them in the morning; since a wild fellow, who midst of the hall, with bare head was flying a falcon hard by on and bonnet in hand, and some the moor, unhorsed and cudgelled such salutation as the following: -""Ha! my Master Eldest Bailie, and you, worthy Simon Glover, fathers of the Fair City;-and you, my learned Pottingar;-and you, stout Smith; -and my slashing Bonnet-maker too, who cracks more skulls than he covers, how come I to have the pleasure of himself?" said the Provost. "By seeing so many friends so early? I was thinking to see my hawks fly, and your company will make the sport more pleasant-(Aside, I trust in Our Lady they may break their necks!)-that is, always, unless the city have any commands to lay on me-Butler He calls himself Richard the Gilbert, despatch, thou knave- Devil." But I hope you have no more "How, man? he that the rhymes grave errand than to try if the and romances are made on?" said malvoisie holds its flavour?"

their Provost civilities by inclinations and congees, more or less lord; I only graced this fellow characteristic, of which the Pot- with the full title, for indeed he tingar's bow was the lowest, and called himself the Devil's Dick, the Smith's the least ceremonious. and said he was a Johnstone, and Probably he knew his own value a follower of the lord of that

To the general compliment the elder Bailie replied.

"Sir Patrick Charteris, and our noble Lord Provost," said Craigdallie, gravely, "had our errand been to enjoy the hospitality with which we have been often regaled here, our manners would have taught us to tarry till your lordship had invited us, as on other our worthy friend Oliver Bonnetmaker, or Proudfute, as some men call him, merely because he questioned him, in your honour's name, and the town of Perth's, who or what he was that took so much upon him."

"And what account gave he of St. John! I will teach him to forestall my sport!"

"So please your lordship," said the Bonnet-maker, "he did take me at disadvantage. But I got on horseback again afterwards, and pricked after him gallantly.

"I thought that the Provost. The city delegates answered to smaik's name had been Robert."

"I trow they be different, my

name. But I put him back into the bog, and recovered my hawking bag, which he had taken when jackmen's masters of whom we I was at disadvantage."

Sir Patrick paused for an instant.-""We have heard," said he, "of the Lord of Johnstone, and of his followers. Little is to be had by meddling with them. -Smith, tell me, did you endure this?"

"Ay, faith, did I, Sir Patrick; having command from my betters not to help."

"Well, if thou satst down with it," said the Provost, "I see not why we should rise up; especially as Master Oliver Proudfute. though taken at advantage at the citizens." first, has, as he has told us, recovered his reputation and that of ting down the cup which he was the burgh. But here comes the wine at length. Fill round to my good friends and guests till the and by the soul of Thomas of wine leap over the cup. Prosperity to St. Johnstone, and a merry welcome to you all, my honest cost me life and land.-Who atfriends! And now sit you to eat tests this?-Simon Glover, you are a morsel, for the sun is high up, and it must be long since you -do you take the truth of this thrifty men have broken your charge upon your conscience?" fast.

"Before we eat, my Lord Provost," said the Bailie, "let us tell you the pressing cause of our coming, which as yet we have not of the peace themselves. I fear touched upon."

"Nay prithee, Bailie," said the Provost, "put it off till thou hast Some complaint against eaten. the rascally jackmen and retainers of the nobles, for playing at foot-But it has been said, that if I hang ball on the streets of the burgh, or back in prosecuting this complaint, some such goodly matter."

"No, my lord," said Craigdallie, "It is the stoutly and firmly. complain, for playing at football with the honour of our families, and using as little ceremony with our daughters' sleeping chambers, as if they were in a bordel at Paris. A party of reiving nightwalkers, -courtiers, and men of rank, as there is but too much reason to believe,-attempted to scale the windows of Simon Glover's house last night; they stood in their defence with drawn weapons when they were interrupted by Henry Smith, and fought till they were driven off by the rising of

"How?" said Sir Patrick, setabout to raise to his head. "Cocksbody, make that manifest to me, Longueville, I will see you righted with my best power, were it to held an honest and a cautious man

"My lord," said Simon, "understand I am no willing complainer in this weighty matter. No damage has arisen, save to the breakers only great power could have encouraged such lawless audacity; and I were unwilling to put feud between my native town and some powerful nobleman on my account. it will be as much as admitting

that my daughter expected such most a visit, which is a direct false- knaves." Therefore, my lord, I will hood. tell your lordship what happened. so far as I know, and leave further proceeding to your wisdom." He then told, from point to point, all that he had seen of the attack.

Sir Patrick Charteris, listening with much attention, seemed particularly struck with the escape of the man who had been made prisoner, "Strange," he said, "that you did not secure him when you had him. Did you not look at him so as to know him again?"

"I had but the light of a lantern, my Lord Provost; and as to suffering him to escape, I was alone," said the Glover, "and old. But yet I might have kept him, had I not heard my daughter shriek in the upper room; and ere I had returned from her chamber, the man had escaped through the garden."

"Now, armourer, as a true man, and a good soldier," said Sir Patrick, "tell me what you know of this matter."

Henry Gow, in his own decided style, gave a brief but clear narrative of the whole affair.

Honest Proudfute being next called upon, began his statement with an air of more importance. "Touching this awful and astounding tumult, within the burgh, I cannot altogether, it is true, say finger again. Nevertheless, it with Henry Gow, that I saw the must, I bethink me, be at home. very beginning. But it will not I will ride back for it, and Henry be denied that I beheld a great Smith will trot along with me." part of the latter end, and especially that I procured the evidence said Sir Patrick Charteris, "since

effectual to convict the

"And what is it, man?" said Sir Patrick Charteris. "Never lose time fumbling and prating about it. What is it?"

"I have brought your lordship, in this pouch, what one of the rogues left behind him," said the little man. "It is a trophy which. in good faith and honest truth. I do confess I won not by the blade, but I claim the credit of securing it with that presence of mind which few men possess amidst flashing torches and clashing weapons. secured it, my lord, and here it is."

So saying, he produced, from the hawking pouch already mentioned, the stiffened hand which had been found on the scene of the skirmish.

"Nay, Bonnet-maker," said the Provost, "I'll warrant thee man enough to secure a rogue's hand after it is cut from the body .---What do you look so busily for in your bag?"

"There should have beenthere was-a ring, my lord, which was on the knave's finger. I fear I have been forgetful, and left it at home, for I took it off to shew to my wife, as she cared not to look upon the dead hand, as women love not such sights. But yet I thought I had put it on the

"We will all trot with thee,"

I am for Perth myself. Look you, honest burghers and good neighbours of Perth. You may have thought me unapt to be moved by light complaints and trivial Never believe me-breaches of your privileges, such as small trespasses on your game, the barons' followers playing football in the street, and such like. But, by the soul of Thomas of Longueville, you shall not find fessor to a penitent of no small Patrick Charteris slothful in a matter of this importance.-This hand," he continued, holding up the severed joint, "belongs to one who hath worked no drudgery. We will put it in a way to be known and claimed of the owner, if his comrades of the revel have but one spark of honour in them. -Hark you, Gerard-get me some half-score of good men instantly to horse, and let them take jack and spear. Meanwhile, neighbours, if feud arise out of this, as is most likely, we must come to each other's support. If my poor house be attacked, how many men will you bring to my support?"

The burghers looked at Henry Gow, to whom they instinctively turned when such matters were discussed. "I will answer," said he, "for fifty good fellows to be assembled ere the common bell has rung ten minutes; for a thousand, in the space of an hour."

"It is well," answered the gal-lant Provost; "and in the case of need, I will come to aid the Fair City with such men as I can make. And now, good friends, let us to horse."

# CHAPTER IX.

If I know how to manage these affairs, Thus thrust disorderly upon my hands-

#### RICHARD II.

IT was early in the afternoon of St. Valentine's Day that the Prior of the Dominicans was engaged in discharge of his duties as Conimportance. This was an elderly man, of a goodly presence, a florid and healthful cheek, the under part of which was shaded by a venerable white beard, which descended over his bosom. The large and clear blue eyes, with the broad expanse of brow, expressed dignity; but it was of a character which seemed more accustomed to receive honours voluntarily paid, than to enforce them when they were refused. The goodnature of the expression was so great as to approach to defenceless simplicity or weakness of character, unfit, it might be inferred, to repel intrusion, or subdue resistance. Amongst the gray locks of this personage was placed a small circlet or coronet of gold, upon a blue fillet. His beads, which were large and conspicuous, were of native gold, rudely enough wrought, but ornamented with Scottish pearls, of rare size and beauty. These were his only ornaments; and a long crimson robe of silk, tied by a sash of the same colour, formed his attire. His shrift being finished, he arose heavily from the embroidered cushion upon which he kneeled

during his confession, and, by the in consequence of which, he was assistance of a crutch-headed staff lame for the rest of his life, and of ebony, moved, lame and un-absolutely disabled from taking gracefully, and with apparent pain, share either in warfare, or in the to a chair of state, which, sur-military sports and tournaments mounted by a canopy, was placed which were its image. As Robert for his accommodation by the had never testified much predilecchimney of the lofty and large tion for violent exertion, he did apartment.

name, and the second of the ill- from these active scenes. But his fated family of Stuart, who filled misfortune, or rather its consethe throne of Scotland. He had quences, lowered him in the eyes many virtues, and was not with- of a fierce nobility and warlike out talent; but it was his great people. He was obliged to repose misfortune, that, like others of his the principal charge of his affairs devoted line, his merits were not now in one member, now in anof a kind suited to the part which other, of his family; sometimes he was called upon to perform in with the actual rank, and always life. The King of so fierce a with the power, of Lieutenantpeople as the Scots then were, general of the kingdom. His ought to have been warlike, paternal affection would have inprompt, and active, liberal in re- duced him to use the assistance of warding services, strict in punish- his eldest son, a young man of ing crimes; one whose conduct spirit and talent, whom in fondshould make him feared as well ness he had created Duke of Rothas beloved. The qualities of Robert the Third were the reverse possession of a dignity next to of all these. In youth he had, in- that of the throne.\* But the young deed, seen battles; but, without Prince's head was too giddy, and incurring disgrace, he had never nis hand too feeble, to wield with manifested the chivalrous love of dignity the delegated sceptre. war and peril, or the eager desire However fond of power, pleasure to distinguish himself by dangerous achievements, which that age expected from all who were of noble birth, and had claims to authority.

Besides, his military career was very short. Amidst the tumult of a tournament, the young Earl of that title was viewed in Scotland down Carrick, such was then his title, to a much later period. It had, indeed, received a kick from the horse of heavy misfortunes-not rarely with tragic Sir James Douglas of Dalkeith; crimes.

not probably much regret the in-This was Robert, third of that capacities which exempted him say, in order to give him the present was the Prince's favourite pursuit;

> \* This creation, and that of the Dukedom of Albany, in favour of the King's brother, were the first instances of ducal rank in Scotland. Buchanan mentions the innovation in terms which may be considered as shewing that even he partook in the general prejudice with which

the country scandalized, by the to the Duke of Rothsay. number of fugitive amours, and extravagant revels, practised by party to be consulted, and that him who should have set an ex- was no other than the tremendous ample of order and regularity to Archibald, Earl of Douglas, terthe youth of the kingdom.

the Duke of Rothsay's conduct and jurisdictions with which he was the more reprehensible in the was invested, and from his per-public view, that he was a married sonal qualities of wisdom and public view, that he was a married sonal qualities of wisdom and person; although some, over whom his youth, gaiety, grace, and good temper, had obtained influence, for his libertinism might be found in the circumstances of the mar-riage itself. They reminded each other that his nuptials were en-other that his nuptials were en-buke of Albany, by whose coun-sels the infirm and timid King negotiation to show that it could be a sonal qualities of wisdom and pride, and more than the feudal how of vengeance. The Earl was having married the eldest daugh-ter of the reigning Monarch. After the espousals of the Duke of Rothsay with the Earl of he had postponed his share in the was much governed at the time, not be concluded with any one and who had the character of but himself, entered the lists to managing the temper of his brother break off the contract. He tenand sovereign, so as might be most injurious to the interests and pro-spects of the young heir. By Al-bany's machinations, the hand of the heir apparent was in a manner fear of the Douglas, Albany exput up to sale, as it was under-stood publicly that the nobleman Monarch till he was prevailed in Scotland who should give the upon to break the contract with largest dower to his daughter, the Earl of March, and wed his might aspire to raise her to the son to Marjory Douglas, a woman bed of the Duke of Rothsay.

which ensued, George, Earl of Earl of March, excepting that the Dunbar and March, who pos-epousals betwixt the Prince and sessed, by himself or his vassals, Elizabeth of Dunbar had not been a great part of the eastern fron-approved by the States of Parliatier, was preferred to other com- ment, and that till such ratificapetitors; and his daughter was, tion, the contract was liable to with the mutual good-will of the be broken off. The Earl deeply Scott, the Fair Maid of Perih.

and the court was disturbed, and young couple, actually contracted

But there remained a third rible alike from the extent of his The license and impropriety of lands, from the numerous offices

whom Rothsay could not love. In the contest for preference No apology was offered to the

7

resented the wrong done to him-respect and awe for the character self and his daughter, and was of his brother Albany, so much generally understood to study re- more decisive than his own-to

of his hand and his inclinations various characters were so mixed to this state intrigue, took his and complicated, that from time own mode of venting his dis- to time they shewed entirely differpleasure, by neglecting his ent from what they really were; wife, contemning his formidable and according to the interest which and dangerous father-in-law, and had been last exerted over his shewing little respect to the flexible mind, the King would authority of the King himself, and change from an indulgent, to a none whatever to the remon-strict and even cruel father-from strances of Albany, his uncle, a confiding to a jealous brother-whom he looked upon as his con- or from a benignant and bountifirmed enemy.

of his family, which extended leon, his feeble mind reflected the themselves through his councils colour of that firmer character and administration, introducing upon which at the time he re-everywhere the baneful effects of posed for counsel and assistance. uncertainty and disunion. the And when he disused the advice feeble Monarch had for some time of one of his family, and employed been supported by the counsels of the counsel of another, it was no his Queen Annabella, a daughter unwonted thing to see a total of the noble house of Drummond, change of measures, equally disgifted with a depth of sagacity reputable to the character of the and firmness of mind, which exer- King, and dangerous to the safety cised some restraint over the of the state. levities of a son who respected her, and sustained on many occa-sions the wavering resolution of tholic Church acquired influence her royal husband.-But after her over a man whose intentions were death the imbecile Sovereign re- so excellent, but whose resolusembled nothing so much as a tions were so infirm. Robert was vessel drifted from her anchors, haunted, not only with a due and tossed about amidst contend-sense of the errors he had really ing currents. Abstractedly con- committed, but with the tormentsidered, Robert might be said to ing apprehensions of those pecca-doat upon his son,—to entertain dilloes which beset a superstitious

venge, which his great influence fear the Douglas with a terror on the English frontier was likely which was almost instinctive, and to place within his power. In the meantime, the Duke of Rothsay, incensed at the sacrifice But his feelings towards these ful, to a grasping and encroach-Amid these internal dissensions ing Sovereign. Like the came-

It followed as a matter of

and timid mind. It is scarcely habits taught him to keep in view, necessary, therefore, to add, that were the extension of the dothe churchmen of various deminion and the wealth of the scriptions had no small in-church, and the suppression of fluence over this easy-tempered heresy, both of which he enprince, though, indeed, theirs deavoured to accomplish by all was, at that period, an influence the means which his situation from which few or none escaped, afforded him. But he honoured however resolute and firm of pur- his religion by the sincerity of his pose in affairs of a temporal own belief, and by the morality character.-We now return from which guided his conduct in all this long digression, without ordinary situations. The faults which what we have to relate, could not perhaps have been well understood.

The King had moved with ungraceful difficulty to the cushioned chair, which, under a state or canopy, stood prepared for his King, "and the lands I have menaccommodation, and upon which he sank down with enjoyment, like an indolent man, who had been for some time confined to a constrained position. When seated, the gentle and venerable looks of the good old man shewed benevolence. The Prior, who now remained standing opposite to the royal seat, with an air of deep deference which cloaked the natural haughtiness of his carriage, was a man betwixt forty and fifty years of age, but every one of whose hairs still retained Robert King of Scotland, but only their natural black colour. Acute to my humble and devout penifeatures, and a penetrating look, tent, Robert Stuart of Carrick." attested the talents by which the venerable father had acquired his swered the King; "I have little high station in the community check on my conscience for aught over which he presided; and we that I have done in my kingly may add, in the councils of the office, seeing that I use therein kingdom in whose service they less mine own opinion than the were often exercised. The chief advice of the most wise counselobjects which his education and lors."

of the Prior Anselm, though they led him into grievous error, and even cruelty, were perhaps rather those of his age and professionhis virtues were his own.

"These things done," said the tioned secured by my gift to this monastery, you are of opinion, father, that I stand as much in the good graces of our Holy Mother Church, as to term myself her dutiful son?"

"Surely, my liege," said the Prior; "would to God that all her children brought to the efficacious sacrament of confession as deep a sense of their errors, and as much will to make amends for them. But I speak these comforting words, my liege, not to

"You surprise me, Father," an-

my liege," replied the Prior. the depravity and disobedience of "The Holy Father recognises in your Grace, in every thought, word, and action, an obedient "Sir Prior," said the Monarch, vassal of the Holy Church. But bearing himself in a manner not there are perverse counsellors, who obey the instinct of their wicked hearts, while they abuse the good-nature and ductility of their monarch, and, under colour of serving his temporal interests, take steps which are prejudicial to those that last to eternity."

King Robert raised himself upright in his chair, and assumed belted lords or wealthy burgesses an air of authority, which, though it well became him, he did not usually display.

you have discovered anything in siastical? Know, mighty King, my conduct, whether as a king or that, were all the chivalry of thy a private individual, which may realm drawn up to shield thee call down such censures as your from the red levin-bolt, they words intimate it is your duty to speak plainly, and I command parchment before the blaze of a vou to do so."

"Myliege, you shall be obeyed," answered the Prior, with an in- King, on whose timorous conclination of the body. Then science this kind of language selraising himself up, and assuming dom failed to make an impression, the dignity of his rank in the "you surely argue over rigidly in church, he said, "Hear from me this matter. It was during my the words of our Holy Father the last indisposition, while the Earl Pope, the successor of St. Peter, of Douglas held, as Lieutenantto whom have descended the keys, general, the regal authority in both to bind and to unloose. Scotland, that the obstruction to 'Wherefore, O Robert of Scot- the reception of the Primate unland, hast thou not received into happily arose. Do not, therefore, the See of St. Andrews, Henry of tax me with what happened when Wardlaw, whom the Pontiff hath I was unable to conduct the afrecommended to fill that See? Why fairs of the kingdom, and com-dost thou make profession with pelled to delegate my power to thy lips, of dutiful service to the another."

"Even therein lieth the danger, | church, when thy actions proclaim thy inward soul? Obedience is better than sacrifice.'"

unbecoming his lofty rank, "we may well dispense with answering you upon this subject, being a matter which concerns us and the Estates of our kingdom, but does not affect our private conscience."

"Alas," said the Prior, "and whose conscience will it concern at the last day? Which of your will then step between their King and the penalty which he has incurred, by following of their "Prior Anselm," he said, "if secular policy in matters ecclefurnace."

"Good Father Prior," said the

"To your subject, Sire, you him, that, like his namesake, the have said enough," replied the son of Jesse, his sin was punished Prior. "But, if the impediment upon earth, and not entered arose during the lieutenancy of against him at the long and dire the Earl of Douglas, the Legate of day of accounting." his Holiness will demand where- "Well, good Prior-wellfore it has not been instantly re- enough of this for the present. moved, when the King resumed The Holy See shall, God willing, in his royal hands the reigns of have no reason to complain of me. authority? The Black Douglas I take Our Lady to witness, I can do much, more perhaps than would not for the crown I wear a subject should have power to take the burden of wronging our do in the kingdom of his sove- Mother Church. We have ever reign; but he cannot stand be- feared that the Earl of Douglas twixt your grace and your own kept his eyes too much fixed on conscience, or release you from the fame and the temporalities of the duties to the Holy Church, this frail and passing life, to feel which your situation as a king altogether as he ought the claims imposes upon you."

"Father," said Robert, somewhat impatiently, "you are over Prior, "that he hath taken up peremptory in this matter, and forcible quarters in the Monastery ought at least to wait a reasonable of Aberbrothock, with his retinue season, until we have time to consider of some remedy. Such about is compelled to furnish him disputes have happened repeat- with all henceds for horse and man, edly in the reigns of our pre- which the Earl calls exercising decessors; and our royal and the hospitality which he hath a blessed ancestor, Saint David, right to expect from the foundadid not resign his privileges as a monarch without making a stand contributors. Certain, it were in their defence, even though he better to return to the Douglas was involved in arguments with his lands than to submit to such the Holy Father himself."

and good king neither holy nor saintly," said the Prior; "and therefore was he given to be a rout and a spoil to his enemies, when he raised his sword against the King, with a sigh, "are a race the banners of St. Peter, and St. which will not be said nay. But, Paul, and St. John of Beverley, in the war, as it is still called, of

that refer to a future world."

"It is but lately," said the of a thousand followers; and the tion to which his ancestors were exaction, which more resembles "And therein was that great the masterful license of Highland thiggers and sorners,\* than the demeanour of a Christian baron."

"The Black Douglasses," said

\* Thiggers and sorners, i. e., sturdy beggars, the former, however, being as the the Standard. Well was it for word implies, more civil than the latter.

be, an intruder of this kind; for us how the good citizens of Perth among you, and my retinue, -Gallantly and merrily, and though far fewer than the Dou-peacefully, I hope." glas's, are nevertheless enough to cumber you for their daily main-know little of such qualities. For tenance; and though our order is to send out purveyors to lessen four men, two cruelly wounded, your charge as much as may be, yet if there be inconvenience, it light, to ask the privilege of girth were fitting we should remove in time."

"Now, Our Lady forbid!" said the Prior, who, if desirous of and two-handed swords, crying power, had nothing meanly cove- kill and slay, each louder than tous in his temper, but was even another. Nay, they were not magnificent in his generous kind-satisfied when our porter and ness; "certainly the Dominican watch told them that those they Convent can afford to her Sove-pursued had taken refuge in the reign the hospitality which the Galilee of the Church;\* but conhouse offers to every wanderer of tinued for some minutes clamourwhatever condition, who will re- ing and striking upon the postern ceive it at the hands of the poor door, demanding that the men servants of our patron. No, my who had offended should be deroyal liege; come with ten times livered up to them. I was afraid your present train, they shall their rude noise might have broken neither want a grain of oats, a pile of straw, a morsel of bread, some surprise." nor an ounce of food, which our "My rest might have been convent can supply them. It is broken," said the Monarch; "but one thing to employ the revenues of the Church, which are so much have occasioned surprise-Alas! larger than monks ought to need or wish for, in the suitable and dutiful reception of your royal Majesty, and another to have it wrenched from us by the hands of name of the place thus appropriated to rude and violent men, whose love of rapine is only limited by the extent of their power."

"It is well, good Prior," said the King; "and now to turn our thoughts for an instant from state in this part of the edifice.

Father Prior, I am myself, it may affairs, can thy reverence inform my sojourning hath been long have begun their Valentine's Day?

"For gallantly, my liege, I peacefully, there were three or came this morning before dayand sanctuary, pursued by a hue and cry of citizens in their shirts. with clubs, bills, Lochaber axes, your Majesty's rest, and raised

that sounds of violence should

\* The Galilee of a Catholic Cathedral is a small side chapel to which excommunicated persons have access, though they must not enter the body of the church. Mr. Surtees suggests that the the consolation of miserable penitents, was derived from the text: "Ite, nunciate fratribus meis ut eant in Galileam: ibi me videbunt." Matth. xxvIII. 10. See History of Durham, vol. I. p. LVI. Criminals claiming sanctuary, were, for obvious reasons, accustomed to place themselves reverend Father, there is in Scot-I crimes, we might have found ourland only one place where the selves obliged to render up to shriek of the victim, and threats of the oppressor are not heardand that, Father, is-the grave."

The Prior stood in respectful silence, sympathizing with the feelings of a monarch, whose tenderness of heart suited so ill with the condition and manners of his people.

"And what became of the fugitives?" asked Robert, after a minute's pause.

"Surely, Sire," said the Prior, "they were dismissed, as they desired to be, before daylight; hastened to change the subject. and after we had sent out to be assured that no ambush of their enemies watched them in the vicinity, they went their way in peace.

"You know nothing," inquired the King, "who the men were, or the cause of their taking refuge with you?"

"The cause," said the Prior, "was a riot with the townsmen; but how arising is not known to The custom of our house is 118. to afford twenty-four hours of uninterrupted refuge in the sanctuary of St. Dominic, without asking any question at the poor unfortunates who have sought re-If they desire to relief there. main for a longer space, the cause of their resorting to sanctuary must be put upon the register of the convent; and, praised be our holy Saint, many persons escape the weight of the law by this wife, who puts in motion the dust temporary protection, whom, did which she means to sweep away." we know the character of their

their pursuers and persecutors."

As the Prior spoke, a dim idea occurred to the Monarch, that the privilege of sanctuary thus peremptorily executed, must prove a severe interruption to the course of justice through his realm. But he repelled the feeling, as if it had been a suggestion of Satan, and took care that not a single word should escape to betray to the churchman that such a profane thought had ever occupied his bosom; on the contrary, he

"The sun," he said, "moves slowly on the index. After the painful information you have given me, I expected the Lords of my Council ere now, to take order with the ravelled affairs of this unhappy riot. Evil was the fortune which gave me rule over a people, among whom it seems to me I am in my own person the only man who desires rest and tranguillity!"

"The Church always desires peace and tranquillity," added the Prior, not suffering even so general a proposition to escape the poor King's oppressed mind, without insisting on a saving clause for the Church's honour.

"We meant nothing else," said Robert. "But, Father Prior, you will allow that the Church, in quelling strife, as is doubtless her purpose, resembles the busy house-

To this remark the Prior would

have made some reply, but the mand enough over his nerves to door of the apartment was opened, the Duke of Albany.

# CHAPTER X.

Gentle friend! Chide not her mirth, who was sad yesterday And may be so to-morrow.

JOANNA BAILLIE.

THE Duke of Albany was, like his royal brother, named Robert. The Christian name of the latter had been John until he was called to the throne; when the superstition of the times observed, that the name had been connected with misfortune in the lives and reigns of John of England, John of France, and John Baliol of Scotland. It was, therefore, agreed, that, to elude the bad omen, the new King should assume the name of Robert, rendered dear to Scotland by the recollections of Robert Bruce. We mention this, to account for the existence of two Prior, after making an obeisance, brothers of the same Christian name in one family, which was not certainly a usual occurrence, more than at the present day.

Albany, also an aged man, was not supposed to be much more disposed for warlike enterprise than the King himself. But if recess was formed by a window, he had not courage, he had wisdom to conceal and cloak over his want of that quality, which, Palace, from its being the frequent once suspected, would have ruined residence of the Kings of Scotall the plans which his ambition land, but which was, unless on had formed. He had also pride such occasions, the residence of enough to supply, in extremity, the Prior or Abbot. The window the want of real valour, and com- was placed over the principal

conceal their agitation. In other and a gentleman-usher announced respects, he was experienced in the ways of courts, calm, cool, and crafty, fixing upon the points which he desired to attain, while they were yet far removed, and never losing sight of them, though the winding paths in which he trode might occasionally seem to point to a different direction. In his person he resembled the King, for he was noble and majestic both in stature and countenance. But he had the advantage of his elder brother, in being unencumbered with any infirmity, and in every respect lighter and more active. His dress was rich and grave, as became his age and rank, and like his royal brother. he wore no arms of any kind, a case of small knives supplying at his girdle the place usually occupied by a dagger in absence of a sword.

> At the Duke's entrance the respectfully withdrew to a recess in the apartment, at some distance from the royal seat, in order to leave the conversation of the brothers uncontrolled by the presence of a third person. It is necessary to mention, that the placed in the inner front of the monastic buildings, called the

and commanded a view of the in-|Scotland, and of the same Elizaternal quadrangle of the convent, beth More?" formed on the right hand by the length of the magnificent church, so," said Albany, arising; "but I on the left by a building, contain- must not omit, in the familiarity ing the range of cellars, with the of the brother, the respect that is refectory, chapter-house, and due to the King." other conventual apartments rising above them, for such existed alto-answered the King. "The throne gether independent of the space is like a lofty and barren rock, occupied by King Robert and his upon which flower or shrub can attendants; while a fourth row of never take root. All kindly feelbuildings, shewing a noble outward front to the rising sun, consisted of a large hospitium, for the must not fold a brother to his reception of strangers and pilgrims, and many subordinate offices, warehouses, and places of accommodation, for the ample doom of greatness, Sire," anstores which supplied the magnificent hospitality of the Dominican fathers. A lofty vaulted entrance led through this eastern front into the quadrangle, and was precisely opposite to the window at which Prior Anselm stood, so that he could see underneath the dark arch, and observe the light which framed for the duties of a sovegleamed below it from the eastern and open portal; but, owing to height at which fate has placed the height to which he was raised, and the depth of the vaulted archway, his eye could but indistinctly reach the opposite and and they are distant from me. extended portal. It is necessary Alas! even the meanest of them to notice these localities. We re- has some beloved being whom he turn to the conversation between can clasp to his heart, and upon the princely relatives.

King, raising the Duke of Albany, | can give to a people is a smile, as he stooped to kiss his hand; such as the sun bestows on the "my dear, dear brother, where- snowy peaks of the Grampian fore this ceremonial? Are we not mountains, as distant and as in-

entrance to the royal apartments, | both sons of the same Stuart of

"I have not forgot that it is

"Oh, true, most true, Robin," ings, all tender affections, are denied to a monarch. A king heart-he dare not give way to fondness for a son!"

"Such, in some respects, is the swered Albany; "but Heaven, who removed to some distance from your Majesty's sphere the members of your own family, has given you a whole people to be vour children."

"Alas! Robert," answered the Monarch, "your heart is better reign than mine. I see from the me, that multitude whom you call my children-I love them, I wish them well-but they are many, whom he can lavish the fondness "My dear brother," said the of a father! But all that a king

effectual. Alas, Robin! our father royal brother and the heir to the used to caress us, and if he chid Scottish throne, perhaps to clear us it was with a tone of kindness; the way for the succession of his yet he was a monarch as well as own family?—No, my liege—I can I, and wherefore should not I be sacrifice my life to your service, permitted, like him, to reclaim my but I must not place my honour poor prodigal by affection as well in danger." as severity?"

tried, my liege," replied Albany, in the tone of one who delivers pretation upon his brother's words. sentiments which he grieves to utter, "means of gentleness ought ful and dangerous lords to perassuredly to be first made use of. Your Grace is best judge whether they have been long enough persevered in, and whether those of discouragement and restraint may indulgent measures, in hopes of not prove a more effectual cor- correcting the follies of Rothsay. rective. It is exclusively in your I behold sparks of hope in him. royal power to take what measures Robin, from time to time, that with the Duke of Rothsay you are well worth cherishing. He is think will be most available to his young-very young-a prince, ultimate benefit, and that of the and in the hey-day of his blood. kingdom."

the King; "you indicate the painful path which you would have haust this idle humour, and no me pursue, yet you offer me one will be better pleased with not your support in treading him than yourself. You have it."

"My support your Grace may ever command," replied Albany; "but would it become me, of all men on earth, to prompt to your not," replied Albany, dryly. Grace severe measures against your son and heir? Me-on whom, as well as spirit," continued the in case of failure—which Heaven poor King, pleading the cause of forefend!—of your Grace's family, his son to his brother. "I have this fatal crown might descend? sent for him to attend council to-Would it not be thought and said day, and we shall see how he acby the fiery March and the quits himself of his devoir. You haughty Douglas, that Albany yourself allow, Robin, that the had sown dissension between his Prince wants neither shrewdness

"You say true, Robin—you say "Had affection never been very true," replied the King, hastening to put his own inter-"We must not suffer these powerceive that there is aught like discord in the royal family. That must be avoided of all things; and, therefore, we will still try We will have patience with him, "This is unkind, brother," said like a good rider with a hottempered horse. Let him excensured me in your kindness for being too gentle, too retired-Rothsay has no such defects."

"I will pawn my life he has

"And he wants not reflection

nor capacity for affairs, when he the court-yard, reverend Father. them."

"Doubtless, he wants neither, not?" my liege," replied Albany, "when he is in the humour to consider them."

"I say so," answered the King; "and am heartily glad that you agree with me, Robin, in giving this poor hapless young man another trial. He has no mother whispered the King, "Fear nonow to plead his cause with an incensed father. That must be household are under arms." remembered, Albany."

course which is most agreeable to your Grace's feelings will "The Earl is attended by two also prove the wisest and the best."

The Duke well saw the simple stratagem by which the King was lordship's sword. The others halt endeavouring to escape from the in the court, and-Benedicite, conclusions of his reasoning, and how is this?-Here is a strolling to adopt, under pretence of his glee-woman, with her viol, presanction, a course of proceeding paring to sing beneath the royal the reverse of what it best suited windows, and in the cloister of him to recommend. But though the Dominicans, as she might in he saw he could not guide his the yard of an hostelrie! I will brother to the line of conduct he have her presently thrust forth." desired, he would not abandon the reins, but resolved to watch King. "Let me implore grace for a fitter opportunity of obtaining the sinister advantages to which new quarrels betwixt the King and Prince were soon, he thought, likely to give rise.

In the meantime, King Robert, afraid lest his brother should resume the painful subject from which he had just escaped, called aloud to the Prior of the Dominicans; "I hear the trampling of horse. Your station commands Royal house.

is in the humour to consider Look from the window, and tell us who alights-Rothsay, is it

"The noble Earl of March, with his followers," said the Prior.

"Is he strongly accompanied?" said the King. "Do his people enter the inner-gate?"

At the same moment, Albany thing-the Brandanes\* of your

The King nodded thanks, while "I trust," said Albany, "the the Prior from the window answered the question he had put. pages, two gentlemen, and four grooms. One page follows him up the main staircase, bearing his

"Not so, Father," said the for the poor wanderer. The Joyous Science, as they call it,

\* The men of the Isle of Bute were called Brandanes; from what derivation is not quite certain, though the strong probability lies with Dr. Leyden, who deduces the name from the Patron Saint of the islands in the Frith of Clyde—viz. St. Brandin. The territory of Bute was the King's own patrimony, and its natives his personal followers. The noble family of Bute, to whom the island now belongs, are an ancient illegitimate branch of the

which they profess, mingles sadly with a deep reverence to the with the distresses to which want King, and a haughty and formal and calamity condemn a strolling inclination to the Duke of Albany, race; and in that they resemble a "if I have been absent from your King, to whom all men cry, 'All Grace's councils, it is because hail!' while he lacks the homage my place has been supplied by and obedient affection which the more acceptable, and I doubt not, poorest yeoman receives from his abler counsellors. And now I family. Let the wanderer remain come but to say to your Highundisturbed, Father; and let her ness, that the news from the sing if she will to the yeomen English frontier make it necesand troopers in the court-it will sary that I should return without keep them from quarrelling with delay to my own estates. Your each other, belonging, as they Grace has your wise and politic do, to such unruly and hostile brother, my Lord of Albany, with masters."

feeble-minded Prince, and the carry your councils into effect. Prior bowed in acquiescence. As am of no use save in my own he spoke, the Earl of March en- country; and thither, with your tered the hall of audience, dressed Highness's permission, I am purin the ordinary riding garb of the posed instantly to return, to attime, and wearing his poniard. tend my charge, as Warden of the He had left in the anteroom the Eastern Marches." page of honour who carried his sword. The Earl was a well-built, handsome man, fair-com- gentle Monarch. "Here are evil plexioned, with a considerable tidings on the wind. These unprofusion of light-coloured hair, happy Highland clans are again and bright blue eyes, which breaking into general commotion, gleamed like those of a falcon. and the tranquillity even of our He exhibited in his countenance, otherwise pleasing, the marks of our council to advise, and the a hasty and irritable temper, bravest of our barons to execute, which his situation as a high and what may be resolved upon. The powerful feudal lord had given descendant of Thomas Randolph him but too many opportunities of will not surely abandon the grandindulging.

"I am glad to see you my Lord period as this?" of March," said the King, with a gracious inclination of his person. "You have been long absent Douglas," answered March. from our councils."

whom to consult, and the mighty So spoke the well-meaning and and warlike Earl of Douglas to

> "You will not deal so unkindly own court requires the wisest of son of Robert Bruce at such a

"I leave with him the descendant of the far-famed James of "It is his lordship's boast, that he "My liege," answered March, never puts foot in stirrup but a

as his daily lifeguard, and I be- diate retainers and household serlieve the monks of Aberbrothock<sup>\*</sup> vants, and an hundred of them is will swear to the fact. Surely, but a small guard round his with all the Douglas chivalry, they Grace, when yourself, my lord, are fitter to restrain a disorderly as well as the Earl of Douglas, swarm of Highland kerne, than I often ride with ten times the can be to withstand the archery number." of England, and power of Henry Hotspur? And then, here is his "when the service of the King Grace of Albany so jealous in his requires it, I can ride with ten care of your Highness's person, times as many horse as your that he calls your Brandanes to Grace has named; but I have take arms, when a dutiful subject never done so either traitorously like myself approaches the court to entrap the King, or boastfully with a poor half-score of horse, to overawe other nobles." the retinue of the meanest of the petty barons who own a tower King, ever anxious to be a peaceand a thousand acres of barren maker, "you do wrong even to heath. When such precautions intimate a suspicion of my Lord are taken where there is not the of March. And you, cousin of slightest chance of peril-since I March, misconstrue my brother's trust none was to be apprehended caution.-But hark-to divert this from me-your royal person will angry parley-I hear no unpleassurely be suitably guarded in real ing touch of minstrelsy. danger."

Duke of Albany, "the meanest of to yonder window, beside the the barons of whom you speak holy Prior, at whom we make put their followers in arms, even no question when they receive their dearest pleasures, and you will tell us if and nearest friends within the the music and lay be worth listeniron gate of their castle; and, it ing to. The notes are of France, it please Our Lady, I will not I think-My brother of Albany's care less for the King's person judgment is not worth a cocklethan they do for their own. The

\* The complaint of the monks of Arbroath about the too great honour the Earl of Douglas had paid them in becoming their guest with a train of a thousand men, passed into a proverb, and was never forgotten when the old Scots churchmen railed at the nobility, who, in the sequel, demolished the church, out of that earnest yearning they had long felt for her goods.

thousand horse mount with him Brandanes are the King's imme-

"My lord duke," replied March,

"Brother Robert," said the You know the Gay Science, my Lord "My Lord of March," said the of March, and love it well-Step touching secular shell in such matters-so you, cousin, must report your opinion whether the poor glee-maiden deserves recompense. Our son and the Douglas will presently be here, and then, when our council is assembled, we will treat of graver matters.'

With something like a smile

on his proud brow, March with-|ritories, he felt unwilling, and aldrew into the recess of the most unable, to resolve upon a window, and stood there in silence step so criminal and so full of beside the Prior, like one who, peril. It was with such dangerous while he obeyed the King's com- cogitations that he was occupied mand, saw through and despised during the beginning of the gleethe timid precaution which it im- maiden's lay; but objects which plied, as an attempt to prevent called his attention powerfully, as the dispute betwixt Albany and the songstress proceeded, affected himself. The tune, which was the current of his thoughts, and played upon a viol, was gay and rivetted them on what was passsprightly in the commencement, ing in the court-yard of the with a touch of the wildness of monastery. The song was in the the Troubadour music. But as it Provencal dialect, well underproceeded, the faltering tones of stood as the language of poetry the instrument, and of the female in all the courts of Europe, and voice which accompanied it, be-particularly in Scotland. It was came plaintive and interrupted, as more simply turned, however, if choked by the painful feelings than was the general caste of the of the minstrel.

The offended Earl, whatever might be his judgment in such matters on which the King had complimented him, paid, it may be supposed, little attention to the music of the female minstrel. His proud heart was struggling between the allegiance he owed his sovereign, as well as the love he still found lurking in his bosom for the person of his well-natured King, and a desire of vengeance arising out of his disappointed ambition, and the disgrace done to him by the substitution of Marjory Douglas to be bride of the heir-apparent, instead of his betrothed daughter. March had the vices and virtues of a hasty and uncertain character, and even now, when he came to bid the King adieu, with the purpose of renouncing his allegiance as soon as he reached his own feudal ter-

Sirventes, and rather resembled the *lai* of a Norman Minstrel. Tt. may be translated thus:

## THE LAY OF POOR LOUISE.\*

Ah, poor Louise! The livelong day She roams from cot to castle gay; And still her voice and viol say, Ah, maids, beware the woodland way, Think on Louise.

Ah, poor Louise! The sun was high, It smirched her cheek, it dimmed her eye, The woodland walk was cool and nigh, Where birds with chiming streamlets vie To cheer Louise.

Ah, poor Louise! The savage bear Made ne'er that lovely grove his lair; The wolves molest not paths so fair---But better far had such been there For poor Louise.

Ah, poor Louise! In woody wold She met a huntsman fair and bold;

\* This lay has been set to beautiful music by a lady whose composition, to say nothing of her singing, might make any poet proud of his verses, Mrs. Robert Arkwright, born Miss Kemble.

His baldric was of silk and gold, And many a witching tale he told To poor Louise.

Ah, poor Louise! Small cause to pine Hadst thou for treasures of the mine; For peace of mind, that gift divine, And spotless innocence, were thine, Ah, poor Louise!

Ah, poor Louise! Thy treasure's reft! I know not if by force or theft, Or part by violence, part by gift; But misery is all that's left To poor Louise.

Let poor Louise some succour have! She will not long your bounty crave, Or tire the gay with warning stave— For Heaven has grace, and earth a grave For poor Louise.

The song was no sooner finished, than, anxious lest the dispute should be revived betwixt his brother and the Earl of March, King Robert called to the latter, "What think you of the minstrelsy, my lord?—Methinks, as I heard it even at this distance, it was a wild and pleasing lay."

"My judgment is not deep, my lord; but the singer may dispense with my approbation, since she seems to have received that of his Grace of Rothsay—the first judge in Scotland." the Prince has honoured the fair professor of song and viol with a "How?" cried the King, "is David of Rothsay triffing with a glee-maiden, and his wife's father

"How!" said the King in alarm; "is my son below?"

"He is sitting on horseback by the glee-maiden," said March, with a malicious smile on his cheek, "apparently as much interested by her conversation as her music."

"How is this, Father Prior?" said the King. But the Prior drew back from the lattice.

ick from the lattice. "You forget, my liege," said "I have no will to see, my lord, March, with the voice of a deeply

things which it would pain me to repeat."

<sup>1</sup> How is all this?" said the King, who coloured deeply, and seemed about to rise from his chair; but changed his mind, as if unwilling, perhaps, to look upon some unbecoming prank of the wild young Prince, which he might not have had heart to punish with necessary severity. The Earl of March seemed to have a pleasure in informing him of that, of which doubtless he desired to remain ignorant.

"My liege," he cried, "this is better and better. The gleemaiden has not only engaged the ear of the Prince of Scotland, as well as of every groom and trooper in the court-yard, but she has rivetted the attention of the Black Douglas, whom we have not known as a passionate admirer of the Gay Science. But truly, I do not wonder at his astonishment, for the Prince has honoured the fair professor of song and viol with a kiss of approbation."

"How?" cried the King, "is David of Rothsay trifling with a glee-maiden, and his wife's father in presence?—Go, my good Father Abbot, call the Prince here instantly—Go, my dearest brother" —And when they had both left the room, the King continued, "Go, good cousin of March—there will be mischief, I am assured of it. I pray you go, cousin, and second my Lord Prior's prayers with my commands."

offended person; "the father of "Indeed, cousin, you have had Elizabeth of Dunbar were but an too much wrong; and believe me, unfit intercessor between the we shall strive to redress---" Douglas and his royal son-in-law."

you have had some wrong-but and Marjory Douglas are nearly my Rothsay will be murdered-I related-the dispensation from must go myself."

a manner, that his head striking of the pre-contract. Bethink you the corner of the seat from which well, my liege," continued the he had risen, he became for a Earl, kindling with a new train of minute insensible. The sight of ambitious thoughts, to which the the accident at once overcame unexpected opportunity of plead-March's resentment, and melted ing his cause personally had given his heart. He ran to the fallen rise, --- "bethink you how you Monarch, and replaced him in his choose betwixt the Douglas and seat, using, in the tenderest and me. He is powerful and mighty, most respectful manner, such I grant. But George of Dunbar means as seemed most fit to recall wears the keys of Scotland at his animation. Robert opened his belt, and could bring an English eyes, and gazed around with uncertainty.

"What has happened ?-are we alone?-who is with us?"

"Your dutiful subject, March," replied the Earl.

"Alone with the Earl of March!" repeated the King, his still disturbed intellects receiving some alarm from the name of a powerful chief, whom he had reason to believe he had mortally offended.

"Yes, my gracious liege, with poor George of Dunbar; of whom many have wished your Majesty to think ill, though he will be petuous steed, whose course he found truer to your royal person can neither arrest nor direct. But at the last than they will."

"If your Grace thinks so, it may yet be righted;" interrupted the "I crave your pardon, cousin," Earl, catching at the hopes which said the gentle old man. "I own his ambition suggested; the Prince Rome was informally granted-But as he arose precipitately from his chair, the poor King —their marriage cannot be lawful missed a footstep, stumbled, and so godly a Prince, can set aside fell heavily to the ground, in such this unchristian union, in respect army to the gates of Edinburgh, ere Douglas could leave the skirts of Cairntable to oppose them. Your royal son loves my poor deserted girl, and hates the haughty Marjory of Douglas. Your Grace may judge the small account in which he holds her, by his toying with a common gleemaiden even in the presence of her father."

The King had hitherto listened to the Earl's argument with the bewildered feelings of a timid horseman, borne away by an imthe last words awakened in his

immediate danger.

"Oh, ay, most true-my sonthe Douglas. Oh, my dear cousin, prevent blood, and all shall be as you will.—Hark, there is a tumult -that was the clash of arms!"

"Bymycoronet-by my knightly faith, it is true!" said the Earl, looking from the window upon the inner square of the convent. now filled with armed men and brandished weapons, and resounding with the clash of armour. The deep-vaulted entrance was crowded with warriors at its and blows farthest extremity, seemed to be in the act of being exchanged betwixt some who were endeavouring to shut the gate, and others who contended to press in. "I will go instantly," said the

Earl of March, "and soon quell sudden broil-Humbly, I this pray your Majesty to think on what I have had the boldness to propose."

"I will, I will, fair cousin," said the King, scarce knowing to what he pledged himself-"Do but prevent tumult and bloodshed!"

## CHAPTER XI.

Fair is the damsel, passing fair,-Sunny at distance gleams her smile; Approach-the cloud of woful care Hangs trembling in her eye the while. LUCINDA, a Ballad.

WE must here trace, a little more correctly, the events which white teeth, brilliant black eyes, had been indistinctly seen from the window of the royal apart- country lying far in the south of ments, and yet more indistinctly France, and the arch smile and Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

recollection the sense of his son's reported by those who witnessed them. The glee-maiden, already mentioned, had planted herself. where a rise of two large broad steps, giving access to the main gateway of the royal apartments, gained her an advantage of a foot and a half in height over those in the court, of whom she hoped to form an audience. She wore the dress of her calling, which was more gaudy than rich, and shewed the person more than did the garb of other females. She had laid aside an upper mantle, and a small basket which contained her slender stock of necessaries, and a little French spaniel dog sat beside them, as their protector. An azure-blue jacket, embroidered with silver, and sitting close to the person, was open in front, and shewed several waistcoats of different-coloured silks, calculated to set off the symmetry of the shoulders and bosom, and remaining open at the throat. A small silver chain worn around her neck. involved itself amongst these brilliant-coloured waistcoats, and was again produced from them, to display a medal of the same metal, which intimated, in the name of some court or guild of minstrels, the degree she had taken in the Gay or Joyous Science. A small scrip, suspended over her shoulders by a blue silk riband. hung on her left side.

Her sunny complexion, snowand raven locks, marked her

twisted around a small gold bod-|rupted or interfered with them. kin, were kept in their position It may be here remarked, that by a net of silk and gold. Short it was impossible that this class petticoats, deep-laced with silver, of women, very numerous in that to correspond with the jacket, red age, could bear a character stockings which were visible so generally respectable. They were, high as near the calf of the leg, however, protected by the manners and buskins of Spanish leather, of the time; and such were the completed her adjustment, which, immunities they possessed by the though far from new, had been rights of chivalry, that nothing saved as an untarnished holiday was more rare than to hear of suit, which much care had kept such errant damsels sustaining inin good order. She seemed about jury or wrong, and they passed twenty-five years old; but perhaps and repassed safely, where armed fatigue and wandering had an-travellers would probably have ticipated the touch of time, in encountered a bloody opposition. obliterating the freshness of early But though licensed and protected vouth.

manner was lively, and we may female, like similar ministers to the add, that her smile and repartee public amusement, the itinerant were ready. But her gaiety was musicians, for instance, and strollassumed, as a quality essentially ing comedians of our own day, necessary to her trade, of which led alife too irregular and precariit was one of the miseries, that ous, to be accounted a creditable the professors were obliged fre- part of society. Indeed among the quently to cover an aching heart stricter Catholics, the profession with a compelled smile. seemed to be the case with Louise, who, whether she was actually the viol in hand, and stationed on the heroine of her own song, or what-slight elevation we have menever other cause she might have tioned, stepped forward to the byfor sadness, shewed at times a standers and announced herself strain of deep melancholy thought, as a mistress of the Gay Science, which interfered with and con-duly qualified by a brief from a trolled the natural flow of lively Court of Love and Music held at spirits, which the practice of the Aix, in Provence, under the coun-Joyous Science especially re-tenance of the flower of chivalry, quired. She lacked also, even in the gallant Count Aymer; who her gayest sallies, the decided now prayed that the cavaliers of boldness and effrontery of her merry Scotland, who were known sisterhood, who were seldom at a over the wide world for bravery

dimpled chin bore the same char- loss to retort a saucy jest, or turn acter. Her luxuriant raven locks, the laugh against any who inter-

in honour of their tuneful art, the We have said the glee-maiden's wandering minstrels, male or This was considered as unlawful.

Such was the damsel, who, with

and courtesy, would permit a poor thus gracefully bearing forward stranger to try whether she could a rider who was too indolent to afford them any amusement by give himself any trouble about the her art.-The love of song was matter. like the love of fight, a common | The Prince's apparel, which passion of the age, which all at was very rich, was put on with least affected, whether they were slovenly carelessness. His form, actually possessed by it or no; though his stature was low, and therefore the acquiescence in his limbs extremely slight, was Louise's proposal was universal. elegant in the extreme; and his At the same time, an aged dark- features no less handsome. But browed monk who was among the bystanders, thought it necessary to remind the glee-maiden, that, of care or of dissipation, or of since she was tolerated within both these wasting causes comthese precincts, which was an un-usual grace, he trusted nothing dim, as from late indulgence in would be sung or said inconsistent revely on the preceding evening, with the holy character of the while his cheek was inflamed with place.

low, shook her sable locks, and had not passed away from the concrossed herself reverentially, as if stitution, or a morning draught she disclaimed the possibility of had been resorted to, in order to such a transgression, and then remove the effects of the night's began the song of Poor Louise, debauchery. which we gave at length in the last chapter.

was stopped by a cry of "Room

"Nay, hurry no man on my score," said a gallant young enough at the place I am bound cavalier, who entered on a noble for.-How's this-a damsel of the Arabian horse, which he managed Joyous Science? Ay, by St. Giles! with exquisite grace, though by and a comely wench to boot. Stand such slight handling of the reins, still, my merry men; never was such imperceptible pressure of the minstrelsy marred for me. - A limbs and sway of the body, that good voice, by the mass! Begin to any eye save that of an ex- me that lay again, sweetheart." perienced horseman, the animal seemed to be putting forth his son who addressed her; but the

unnatural red, as if either the The glee-maiden bent her head effect of the Bacchanalian orgies

Such was the Duke of Rothsay, and heir of the Scottish crown, a Just as she commenced, she sight at once of interest and compassion. All unbonneted, and -room-place for the Duke of made way for him, while he kept Rothsay!" repeating carelessly, "No haste -no haste-I shall arrive soon

Louise did not know the perpaces for his own amusement, and general respect paid by all around,

manner in which it was received, Rothsay, cracking one with his shewed her she was addressed by teeth, like a village schoolboy. a man of the highest quality. She recommenced her lay, and sung my own sunny clime, my lord," her best accordingly; while the young Duke seemed thoughtful and are within the reach of the and rather affected towards the poor." close of the ditty. But it was not his habit to cherish such melan-"This is a choly affections. plaintive ditty, my nut-brown maid," said he, chucking the retreating glee-maiden under the chin, and detaining her by the first address to the glee-maiden. collar of her dress, which was not difficult, as he sat on horseback so close to the steps on which she stood. "But I warrant me you have livelier notes at will, ma bella tenebrosa; ay, and canst sing in bower as well as wold, and by night as well as day."

"I am no nightingale, my lord," said Louise, endeavouring to escape a species of gallantry which ill-suited the place and circumstances, a discrepancy to which he who addressed it to her, seemed contemptuously indifferent.

"What hast thou there, darling?" he added, removing his hold from her collar, to the scrip which she carried.

Glad was Louise to escape his grasp, by slipping the knot of the riband, and leaving the little bag in the Prince's hand, as, retiring back beyond his reach, she answered, "Nuts, my lord, of the immovable glare to the whole last season."

The Prince pulled out a handful of nuts accordingly. "Nuts, in-law with his terrible step-father,

and the easy and indifferent | teeth-hurt thy pretty voice," said

"They are not the walnuts of said Louise; "but they hang low,

"You shall have something to afford you better fare, poor wandering ape," said the Duke. in a tone in which feeling predominated more than in the affected and contemptuous gallantry of his

At this moment, as he turned to ask an attendant for his purse, the Prince encountered the stern and piercing look of a tall black man, seated on a powerful irongrey horse, who had entered the court with attendants while the Duke of Rothsay was engaged with Louise, and now remained stupified and almost turned to stone by his surprise and anger at this unseemly spectacle. Even one who had never seen Archibald, Earl of Douglas, called the Grim, must have known him by his swart complexion, his gigantic frame, his buffcoat of bull's hide, and his air of courage, firmness, and sagacity, mixed with indomitable pride. The loss of an eye in battle, though not perceptible at first sight, as the ball of the injured organ remained similar to the other, gave yet a stern aspect.

The meeting of the royal sonchild !- they will break thine ivory was in circumstances which arrested the attention of all present; and the bystanders waited the ship," she said timidly, "you sit issue with silence and suppressed so high on horseback." breath, lest they should lose any part of what was to ensue.

the expression which occupied the tremble for? Place thy foot on stern features of Douglas, and remarked that the Earl did not make of thy hand-Gallantly done!" the least motion towards respect- He kissed her as she stood thus ful, or even civil salutation, he suspended in the air, perched seemed determined to shew him upon his foot, and supported by how little respect he was disposed his hand, saying, "There is thy to pay to his displeased looks. He took his purse from his chamberlain.

"Here, pretty one," he said, "I give thee one gold piece for the girl to spring to the ground, and song thou hast sung me, another for the nuts I have stolen from thee, and them contemptuously on the Earl a third for the kiss thou art about to give me. For know, my pretty one, that when fair lips (and thine for fault of better may be called so) make sweet music for my pleasure. I am sworn to St. Valentine Prince, "this is too much, unmanto press them to mine."

<sup>*a*</sup> My song is recompensed nobly"-said Louise, shrinking back; "my nuts are sold to a good market-farther traffic, my lord, were neither befitting you my lord?" said the Prince, placing nor beseeming me."

of the highway?" said the Prince, contemptuously. "Know, damsel, that one asks you a grace who is unused to denial."

"It is the Prince of Scotland" -"the Duke of Rothsay,"-said the courtiers around, to the terri-fied Louise, pressing forward the most mighty lord," said the Duke trembling young woman; "you of Rothsay, scornfully, while all must not thwart his humour." around trembled; "I did not

"But I cannot reach your lord-

"If I must alight," said Rothsay, "there shall be the heavier When the Duke of Rothsay saw penalty - What does the wench the toe of my boot, give me hold kiss, and there is my purse to pay it; and to grace thee farther, Rothsay will wear thy scrip for the day." He suffered the frightened turned his looks from her to bend of Douglas, as if he had said, "All this I do in despite of you and of your daughter's claims."

"By St. Bride of Douglas!" said the Earl, pressing towards the nered boy, as void of sense as honour! You know what considerations restrain the hand of Douglas. else had you never dared-

"Can you play at spang-cockle, a nut on the second joint of his "What! you coy it, my nymph forefinger, and spinning it off by a smart application of the thumb. The nut struck on Douglas's broad breast, who burst out into a dreadful exclamation of wrath, inarticulate, but resembling the growl of a lion in depth and sternness of conceive my pellet could have less a female whose lips he hath wounded you, seeing you wear a kissed!" buff-coat. Surely, I trust, it did Before Douglas could give an not hit vour eve?"

Sovereign, and the husband of his daughter.

boy to affront the Douglas?"

which she was alike the innocent, urging both to the utmost exunconscious, and unwilling instru- tremity. But now peacemakers ment, had not the Duke of Roth- interfered on all sides. The Prior say interfered.

oppressed vassals, rude Earl- communication; and their expos-scourge thine own faulty hounds tulations began to be listened to. -but beware how you touch so Albany, who was despatched by much as a dog that Rothsay his royal brother at the beginning hath patted on the head, far of the fray, had not arrived till

answer, which would certainly The Prior, despatched by the King, as we have seen in the last chapter, had by this time made way through the crowd, and laying hold on Douglas's rein, in a man-ner that made it impossible for him to advance, reminded him that the Prince was the son of his concern, and the buckband of his concerning and the buckband

One of the contending parties, seemingly, were partisans of "Fear not, Sir Prior," said Douglas, known by the cogni-Douglas. "I despise the childish zance of the Bloody Heart, the

boy to affront the Douglas!" Four or five retainers instantly stepped forth to execute com-nands which were seldom uttered in vain, and heavily would Louise have atoned for an offence of have atoned for a have atoned for an offence of have atoned for a have atone atone have atone atone atone atone atone atone atone atone and the Monks threw themselves "Spurn the poor glee-woman!" among the multitude, and com-he said in high indignation; manded peace in the name of "scourge her for obeying my Heaven, and reverence to their commands! — Spurn thine own sacred walls, under penalty of exnow on the scene of action. He instantly applied himself to Douglas, and in his ear conjured him to temper his passion.

"By St. Bride of Douglas, I will be avenged!" said the Earl. "No man shall brook life after he has passed an affront on Douglas."

"Why so you may be avenged in fitting time," said Albany; "but let it not be said, that, like a peevish woman, the Great Douglas could choose neither time nor place for his vengeance. Bethink you, all that we have laboured at is like to be upset by an accident. George of Dunbar hath had the advantage of an audience with the old man; and though it lasted but five minutes, I fear it may endanger the dissolution of your family match, which we brought about with so much difficulty. The authority from Rome has not yet been obtained."

"A toy!" answered Douglas, haughtily,—"they dare not dissolve it."

"Not while Douglas is at large, and in possession of his power," answered Albany. "But, noble Earl, come with me, and I will shew you at what disadvantage you stand."

Douglas dismounted, and followed his wily accomplice in silence. In a lower hall they saw the ranks of the Brandanes drawn up, well-armed, in caps of steel and shirts of mail. Their captain, making an obeisance to Albany, seemed to desire to address him.

"What now, MacLouis?" said the Duke.

"We are informed the Duke of Rothsay has been insulted, and 1 can scarce keep the Brandanes within door."

"Gallant MacLouis," said Albany, "and you, my trusty Brandanes, the Duke of Rothsay, my princely nephew, is as well as a hopeful gentleman can be. Some scuffle there has been, but all is appeased." He continued to draw the Earl of Douglas forward. "You see, my lord," he said in his ear, "that if the word arrest was to be once spoken, it would be soon obeyed, and you are aware your attendants are few for resistance."

Douglas seemed to acquiesce in the necessity of patience for the time. "If my teeth," he said, "should bite through my lips, 1 will be silent till it is the hour to speak out."

George of March, in the meanwhile, had a more easy task of pacifying the Prince. "My Lord of Rothsay," he said, approaching "1 him with grave ceremony. need not tell you that you owe me something for reparation of honour, though I blame not you personally for the breach of contract which has destroyed the peace of my family. Let me conjure you by what observance your Highness may owe an injured man, to forego for the present this scandalous dispute.

"My lord, I owe you much," replied Rothsay;"but this haughty and all-controlling lord has wounded mine honour."

"My lord, I can but add, your royal father is ill-hath swooned be sure: but no men ride better with terror for your Highness's safety."

"Ill!" replied the Prince-" the kind, good old man-swooned, said you, my Lord of March?-1 am with him in an instant."

The Duke of Rothsay sprung from his saddle to the ground, and was dashing into the palace Earl of March, who had spoken like a grey-hound, when a feeble grasp was laid on his cloak, and the faint voice of a kneeling female exclaimed, "Protection, my noble Duke!-Your father is recovered, Prince!-Protection for a helpless stranger!"

"Hands off, stroller!" said the Earl of March, thrusting the suppliant glee-maiden aside.

"It is true," he said, "I have brought the vengeance of an unforgiving devil upon this helpless creature. O Heaven! what a life is mine, so fatal to all who approach me!---What to do in the moned. So there is time for me hurry?-She must not go to my apartments—And all my men are such born reprobates-Ha! thou at mine elbow, honest Harry Smith? What dost thou here?"

"There has been something of a fight, my lord," answered our acquaintance the Smith, "between the townsmen and the Southland Dunbar." loons who ride with the Douglas; and we have swinged them as far and displeased aspect; and thus as the Abbey-Gate."

it. fairly?"

"Fairly, does your Highness ask?" said Henry. "Why, ay! We were stronger in numbers, to armed than those who follow the Bloody Heart. And so in a sense we beat them fairly; for, as your Highness knows, it is the Smith who makes the man-at-arms, and men with good weapons are a match for great odds."

While they thus talked, the with some one near the palace gate, returned in anxious haste. "My Lord Duke! - My Lord and if you haste not speedily, my Lord of Albany and the Douglas will have possession of his royal ear."

"And if my royal father is re-But the gentler Prince paused. covered," said the thoughtless Prince, "and is holding, or about to hold, council with my gracious uncle and the Earl of Douglas, it befits neither your lordship nor me to intrude till we are sumto speak of my little business with mine honest armourer here."

"Does your Highness take it so," said the Earl, whose sanguine hopes of a change of favour at court had been too hastily excited, and were as speedily checked,-"Then so let it be for George of

He glided away with a gloomy out of the two most powerful "I am glad of it-I am glad of noblemen in Scotland, at a time And you beat the knaves when the aristocracy so closely controlled the throne, the reckless

heir-apparent had made two ene-|Your Highness will find, among mies; the one by scornful defiance, your own retinue, knights and He heeded not the Earl of March's Pandarus of Troy - it is too felt relieved from his importunity. the Wvnd."

The Prince went on in indolent conversation with our armourer, whose skill in his art had made dant whispered him) - "True, him personally known to many of the great lords about the court.

thee, Smith-Canst thou take up a fallen link in my Milan hauberk?"

"As well, please your Highness, as my mother could take up a stitch in the nets she wove-The Milaner shall not know my work from his own."

"Well, but that was not what I wished of thee just now," said the Prince, recollecting himself; "this poor glee-woman, good Smith, she must be placed in safety. Thou art man enough to be any woman's champion, and mule," said the Prince, yet smilthou must conduct her to some place of safety."

Henry Smith was, as we have seen, sufficiently rash and daring when weapons were in question. But he had also the pride of a those about thee, if thou sawest decentburgher, and was unwilling it not thyself, I did her a passing to place himself in what might be grace, which is likely to cost the thought equivocal circumstances by the sober part of his fellowcitizens.

"May it please your Highness," he said, "I am but a poor craftsman. But though my arm and Douglas will beat her to death, sword are at the King's service, since such is his pleasure." and Your Highness's, I am, with reverence, no squire of dames. she has a right to every honest

and the other by careless neglect. lords willing enough to play Sir departure, however, or rather he knightly a part for poor Hal of

"Umph-ha!"-said the Prince. "My purse, Edgar,"---(his attentrue, I gave it to the poor wench. -I know enough of your craft, "I had something to say to Sir Smith, and of craftsmen in general, to be aware that men lure not hawks with empty hands; but I suppose my word may pass for the price of a good armour, and I will pay it thee with thanks to boot, for this slight service."

"Your Highness may know other craftsmen," said the Smith; "but, with reverence, you know not Henry Gow. He will obey you in making a weapon, or in wielding one, but he knows nothing of this petticoat service."

"Hark thee, thou Perthshire ing, while he spoke, at the sturdy punctilio of the honest burgher, she is to thee. But in an idle moment, as you may learn from poor wretch her life. There is no one here whom I can trust to protect her against the discipline of belt and bowstring, with which the Border brutes who follow

man's protection; and since she! The churchman bowed in acwears a petticoat, - though I would, | quiescence, and poor Louise, who, it were longer, and of a less fanci- during this debate, had looked ful fashion,---I will answer for her from the one speaker to the other. protection as well as a single man hastily said, "I will not scandalize

"Good faith, I cannot tell," said nary wear." the Prince. "Take her to Sir John Ramorny's lodging-But, a friar's hood and a woman's no-no-he is ill at ease, and mantle to shroud thee under. I besides, there are reasons-take would all my frailties were as well her to the devil if thou wilt, but shrouded!-Farewell, honest fel-

"My noble Prince," said the Smith, "I think-always with objection on the Smith's part, he reverence-that I would rather bastened into the palace. give a defenceless woman to the care of the devil than of Sir John at what had passed, and at finding Ramorny. But though the devil himself involved in a charge at be a worker in fire like myself, yet I know not his haunts, and an equal risk of scandal, both with aid of Holy Church hope to keep him on terms of defiance. And, moreover, how I am to convey her out of this crowd, or through he saw, do him no small injury in the streets, in such a mumming habit, may be well made a question."

"For the leaving the convent," said the Prince, "this good monk" (seizing upon the nearest by his cowl), "Father Nicholas or Boni- heart could not brook for an inface-

"Poor brother Cyprian, at your Highness's command," said the by the voice of the Monk, who, father.

"Ay, ay, brother Cyprian," continued the Prince, "yes. Bro-ther Cyprian shall let you out at some secret passage which he to follow him. The Smith put knows of, and I will see him again himself in motion, with a sigh to pay a Prince's thanks for it." | much resembling a groan, and,

may. But where am I to bestow this good man with my foolish her?" garb-I have a mantle for ordi-

"Why, there, Smith, thou hast place her in safety, and oblige low; I will thank thee here-David of Rothsay."

Then, as if afraid of farther

Henry Gow remained stupified once inferring much danger, and which, joined to a principal share which he had taken with his usual forwardness, in the fray, might, the suit he pursued most anxiously. At the same time, to leave a defenceless creature to the ill usage of the barbarous Galwegians, and licentious followers of the Douglas, was a thought which his manly stant.

He was roused from his reverie sliding out his words with the indifference which the holy fathers entertained, or affected, towards all temporal matters, desired them

without appearing exactly con-isome degree of horror, as well as nected with the Monk's motions, contempt; while the latter, though, he followed him into a cloister, as we have seen, one of the bestand through a postern door, which, natured men living, was at preafter looking once behind him, the priest left ajar. Behind them followed Louise, who had hastily assumed her small bundle, and, ing forced upon him, without, as calling her little four-legged companion, had eagerly followed in the path which opened an escape from what had shortly before itself to the innocent object of his seemed a great and inevitable danger.

## CHAPTER XII.

Then up and spak the auld gudewife, And wow! but she was grim: "Had e'er your father done the like, It had been ill for him." LUCKY TRUMBULL.

THE party were now, by a secret passage, admitted within the church, the outward doors of which, usually left open, had have done it on provocation, been closed against every one in rather than convoy this baggage consequence of the recent tumult, | through the city." when the rioters of both parties had endeavoured to rush into it cause of her conductor's anxiety, for other purposes than those of for she said, timidly and with They traversed the hesitation. devotion. gloomy aisles, whose arched roof not better I should stop one inresounded to the heavy tread of stant in that chapel, and don my the armourer, but was silent under mantle?" the sandal'd foot of the Monk, and the light step of poor Louise, posed," said the armourer; but who trembled excessively, as the Monk interfered, raising at much from fear as cold. She saw the same time the finger of interthat neither her spiritual nor temporal conductor looked kindly upon her. austere man, whose aspect seemed strollers to shift their trappings to hold the luckless wanderer in in. I will presently shew thee a

sent grave to the pitch of sternness, and not a little displeased with having the part he was playhe was constrained to feel, a possibility of his declining it.

His dislike at his task extended protection, and he\_internally said to himself, as he surveyed her scornfully,-""A proper queen of beggars to walk the streets of Perth with, and I a decent burgher! This tawdry minion must have as ragged a reputation as the rest of her sisterhood, and I am finely sped if my chivalry in her behalf comes to Catharine's ears. I had better have slain a man, were he the best in Perth; and by hammer and nails, I would

Perhaps Louise suspected the "Worthy sir, were it

"Umph, sweetheart, well prodiction.

"The chapel of Holy St. Madox The former was an is no tiring-room for jugglers and

vestiary more suited to thy con- thy mincing and ambling, thy dition.

down her humbled head, and and worldly pleasure, must beturned from the chapel door come like these poor bones, whom which she had approached, with thy idle nicety fears and loathes the deep sense of self-abasement. to look upon.' Her liftle spaniel seemed to gather from his mistress's looks verend father," answered the gleeand manner, that they were unauthorized intruders on the holy covet the repose of these poor ground which they trode, and bleached relies; and if by stretch-hung his ears, and swept the ing my body upon them, I could, pavement with his tail, as he without sin, bring my state to trotted slowly and close to Louise's theirs, I would choose that heels.

pause. They descended a broad couch in Scotland." flight of steps, and proceeded through a labyrinth of subterran- said the Monk, in a milder tone; nean passages dimly lighted. As "the reaper must not leave the they passed a low-arched door harvest-work till sunset gives the Monk turned, and said to the signal that the day's toil is Louise, with the same stern voice over." as before,--"There, daughter of folly, there is a robing-room, Cyprian, at the end of a long galwhere many before you have de-lery, opened the door of a small posited their vestments!"

ready and timorous acquiescence, fix, before which burned four she pushed the door open, but in- lamps. All bent and crossed stantly recoiled with terror. It themselves; and the priest said to was a charnel-house half filled the minstrel maiden, pointing to with dry skulls and bones.

"I fear to change my dress emblem?" there and alone—But if you, "That I father, command it, be it as you as well as the righteous to apwill."

are but the earthly attire of those tone of voice was evidently milder. who in their day, led or followed "Prepare thyself here for thy in the pursuit of worldly pleasure. journey." And such shalt thou be, for all Louise remained an instant or

piping and thy harping; thou, The poor young woman hung and all such ministers of frivolous

"Say not with idle nicety, remaiden, "for Heaven knows, I charnel-heap for my place of rest, The monk moved on without a beyond the fairest and softest

"Be patient, and come on,"

They walked forward. Brother apartment, or perhaps a chapel, Obeying the least signal with for it was decorated with a crucithe crucifix, "What save that

> "That HE invites the sinner proach."

"Why, thou child of vanity, " "Ay, if the sinner put from him the remains on which thou lookest his sin," said the Monk, whose

two in the chapel and presently heart what she may, she looks gray cloth, in which she had dress, to deserve the usage which closely muffled herself, having the wild Scot of Galloway, or the put such of her more gaudy habili- Devil's legion from the Liddell, ments as she had time to take off. in the little basket which had before held her ordinary attire.

unlocked a door which led to the exchange of the dark subteropen air. They found themselves ranean vault for the open air. in the garden which surrounded sprung in wild gambols through the Monastery of the Dominicans. "The southern gate is on the mistress; and even, though more latch, and through it you can pass timidly, circled close round the unnoticed," said the Monk. "Bless Smith's feet, to express its satisthee, my son; and bless thee too, unhappy child. Remembering his favour. where you put off your idle trinkets, may you take care how the glee-maiden. "You are glad you again resume them!"

"Alas father?" said Louise, "if the poor foreigner could supply the mere wants of life by any more creditable occupation, she Smith,-not churlishly, for it was has small wish to profess her idle art. But-"

But the monk had vanished. nay, the very door through which she had just passed appeared to have vanished also, so curiously was it concealed beneath a flying urged to say which way she debuttress, and among the profuse sired to be conducted, she again ornaments of Gothic architecture. looked down, and said, she could "Here is a woman let out by this not tell. private postern, sure enough," "Come, come," said Henry, "I was Henry's reflection. "Pray understand all that—I have been Heaven the good fathers never a galliard-a reveller in my day let any in! The place seems con- - but it's best to be plain. As venient for such games at bopeep. matters are with me now, I am an -But, benedicite, what is to be altered man for these many, many done next? I must get rid of this months; and so, my quean, you quean as fast as I can; and I must and I must part sooner than per-

reappeared in a mantle of coarse too modest, now she is in decent are like to afford her."

Louise stood as if she waited his pleasure which way to go. The monk presently afterwards |Her little dog, relieved by the the walks, and jumped upon its faction to him also, and conciliate

"Down, Charlot, down!" said to get into the blessed sunshine, but where shall we rest at night my poor Charlot?"

"And now, mistress," said the not in his nature, but bluntly, as one who is desirous to finish a disagreeable employment,-"which way lies your road!"

Louise looked on the ground, and was silent. On being again

see her safe. For let her be at haps a light-o'-love such as you

expected to part with—a likely young fellow.

eyes still cast on the ground, as one who felt an insult which she where you are going !" had not a right to complain of. At length, perceiving that her Convent. But I was only adconductor was grown impatient, she faltered out, "Noble sir---"

"Sir is for a knight," said the turn." impatient burgher, "and noble is "Nay, they will never take you for a baron. I am Harry of the in with the ban of the Douglas Wynd, an honest mechanic, and upon you, that is even too true. free of my guild."

the minstrel woman, "you judge to his lodgings through by-streets me harshly, but not without seem- - though it is short of an honest ing cause. I would relieve you burgher's office, and my time immediately of my company, presses." which, it may be, brings little credit to good men, did I but am a scandal and incumbrance. know which way to go."

be sure," said Henry, roughly, who is he?" having no doubt that this distress was affected for the purpose of jolly bachelor's life, and is Master palming herself upon him, and of the Horse and privado, as they perhaps dreading to throw him- say, to the young Prince." self into the way of temptation; "and that is the feast of St. Madox, young man who gave occasion to at Auchterarder. I warrant thou yonder scandal?-Oh, take me wilt find the way thither well not thither, good friend !- Is there enough."

the glee-maiden, her southern cowhouse, or barn, for one night? tongue in vain attempting the I will be gone with early day-Celtic accentuation. my poor lays will not be under- I have gold-and I will repay you stood if I go nearer to yon dread- too, if you will take me where I ful range of mountains."

Perth?"

"But where to lodge?" said death." the wanderer.

"Why, where lodged you last night?" replied the Smith. "You Louise wept silently, with her know where you came from surely, though you seem doubtful

"I slept in the hospital of the mitted upon great importunity. and I was commanded not to re-

But the Prince mentioned Sir "Good craftsman, then," said John Ramorny's-I can take you

"I will go anywhere—I know I There was a time when it was "To the next wake or fair, to otherwise - But this Ramorny,

"A courtly knight who lives a

"What! to the wild, scornful no Christian woman, who would "Aftr-Auchter-" repeated give a poor creature rest in her "I am told break. I will repay her richly. may be safe from that wild re-"Will you abide, then, in veller, and from the followers of that dark baron, in whose eve was

"Keep your gold for those who

lack it, mistress," said Henry, "the gouge\* knows her trade-"and do not offer to honest hands I'll be sworn, by Saint Ringan." the money that is won by violing. and tabouring, and toe-tripping, and perhaps worse pastimes. I tell you plainly, mistress, I am spaniel, who immediately, as if to not to be fooled. I am ready to take you to any place of safety you can name, for my promise is as strong as an iron shackle. But you cannot persuade me that you do not know what earth to make for. You are not so young in your trade as not to know there are hostelries in every town, much for thou dost but as thou art more in a city like Perth, where such as you may be harboured for your money, if you cannot find some gulls, more or fewer, to pay your lawing.-If you have money, mistress, my care about you need be the less; and, truly, I see little but pretence in all that excessive grief, and fear of being left alone, in one of your occupation."

Having thus, as he conceived. signified that he was not to be deceived by the ordinary arts of a glee-maiden. Henry walked a few paces sturdily, endeavouring to think he was doing the wisest and most prudent thing in the world. Yet he could not help looking back to see how Louise bore his departure, and was shocked to observe that she had sunk upon a bank, with her arms resting on her knees, and her head on her arms, in a situation expressive of the utmost desolation.

The Smith tried to harden his heart. "It is all a sham," he said; valent to wench.

At the instant, something pulled the skirts of his cloak; and, looking round, he saw the little plead his mistress's cause, got on his hind-legs and began to dance, whimpering at the same time, and looking back to Louise, as if to solicit compassion for his forsaken owner.

"Poor thing," said the Smith, "there may be a trick in this too, taught.-Yet, as I promised to protect this poor creature, I must not leave her in a swoon, if it be one, were it but for manhood's sake."

Returning, and approaching his troublesome charge, he was at once assured, from the change of her complexion, either that she was actually in the deepest distress, or had a power of dissimulation beyond the comprehension of man-or woman either.

"Young woman," he said, with more of kindness than he had hitherto been able even to assume, "I will tell you frankly how I am placed. This is St. Valentine's Day, and, by custom, I was to spend it with my fair Valentine. But blows and quarrels have occupied all the morning, save one poor half hour. Now, you may well understand where my heart and my thoughts are, and where, were it only in

\* Gouge, in old French, is almost equi-

mere courtesy, my body ought to answered the Smith. "If you were be."

appeared to comprehend him.

have to wait upon a chaste Valen- fish that comes to their net. There tine. God forbid that one like me are amongst them who would take should make a disturbance be- your life for the value of your tween you! Think about me no gold ear-rings. Their whole soul more. I will ask of that great is settled in their eves to see river to be my guide to where it prey, and in their hands to grasp meets the ocean, where I think it. They have no ears either to they said there was a seaport; I hear lays of music, or listen to will sail from thence to La Belle prayers for mercy. Besides, their France, and will find myself once leader's order is gone forth conmore in a country, in which the cerning you, and it is of a kind roughest peasant would not wrong sure to be obeyed. Ay, great the poorest female."

"You cannot go to Dundee today," said the Smith. Douglas people are in motion on both sides of the river, for the "I were best sit down and die." alarm of the morning has reached them ere now; and all this day, and the next, and the whole night which is between, they will gather to their leader's standard, like Highlandmen at the fiery cross. -Do you see yonder five or six Dundee, and would put you on men, who are riding so wildly on the other side of the river? These are Annandale men; I know them by the length of their lances, and by the way they hold them. An Annandale man never slopes his man!" said the glee-maiden, "do spear backwards, but always this, and if the prayers and blesskeeps the point upright, or pointed forward."

"And what of them?" said the glee-maiden. "They are men-atarms, and soldiers :- They would whatever time the boats take their respect me for my viol and my departure." helplessness."

"I will say them no scandal," when the day is but young,"

in their own glens, they would use The glee-maiden listened, and you hospitably, and you would have nothing to fear; but they "If you are a true lover, and are now on an expedition. All is lords are sooner listened to if they say, 'Burn a church,' than if they "The say, 'Build one.'" ion on "Then," said the glee-woman,

"Do not say so," replied the Smith. "If I could but get you a lodging for the night, I would carry you the next morning to Our Lady's Stairs, from whence the vessels go down the river for board with some one bound that way, who should see you safely lodged where you would have fair entertainment and kind usage."

"Good - excellent - generous ings of a poor unfortunate should ever reach Heaven, they will rise thither in thy behalf. We will meet at yonder postern-door, at

"That is at six in the morning,

"Away with you, then, to your enjoy her hour company an Valentine;-and if she loves you, sooner." oh, deceive her not!"

deceit hath brought thee to this pass. But I must not leave you thus unprovided. I must know where you are to pass the night."

Louise—"the heavens are clear -- there are bushes and boskets It must be added, that he did enough by the river side: Charlot this with extreme reluctance, and and I can well make a sleepingroom of a green arbour for one volence. night; and to-morrow will, with your promised aid, see me out of fixed his worship on the Fair Maid reach of injury and wrong. Oh, |the night soon passes away when ness of disposition had placed there is hope for to-morrow !- Do him under the influence of Venus, you still linger, with your Valentine waiting for you? Nay, I shall hold you but a loitering lover, and you know what belongs to a him entirely from such licentious minstrel's reproaches."

"I cannot leave you, damsel," answered the armourer, now com-"It were mere pletely melted. murder to suffer you to pass the night exposed to the keenness of a Scottish blast in February. No, himself too venturously to temptano-my word would be ill kept in this manner; and if I should incur lose so much of St. Valentine's some risk of blame, it is but just | Day, which custom not only perpenance for thinking of thee, and mitted, but enjoined him to pass using thee, more according to my beside his mate for the season. own prejudices, as I now well The journey to Kinfauns, and the believe, than thy merits. Come various transactions which folwith me, damsel-thou shalt have lowed, had consumed the day, a sure and honest lodging for the and it was now nearly even-song night, whatsoever may be the time. consequence. It would be an evil compliment to my Catharine, were pace for the time he was com-I to leave a poor creature to be pelled to waste upon a subject so starved to death, that I might foreign to that which he had most Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

So saying, and hardening him-"Alas, poor damsel! I fear it is self against all anticipations of the ill consequences or scandal which might arise from such a measure, the manly-hearted Smith resolved to set evil report at de-"Care not for that," replied fiance, and give the wanderer a night's refuge in his own house. in a sort of enthusiasm of bene-

Ere our stout son of Vulcan had of Perth, a certain natural wildas well as that of Mars; and it was only the effect of a sincere attachment which had withdrawn pleasures. He was, therefore, justly jealous of his newly-acquired reputation for constancy, which his conduct to this poor wanderer must expose to suspicion-a little doubtful, perhaps, of exposing tion-and, moreover, in despair to

As if to make up by a speedy

at heart, he strode on through the Dominican's gardens, entered the thee a lift too," said the Smith, town, and casting his cloak around the lower part of his face, and pulling down his bonnet to conceal the upper, he continued the same celerity of movement through by-streets and lanes, hoping to reach his own house in the Wynd without being observed. But when he had continued his rate of walking for ten minutes, he began to be sensible it might be too rapid for the young woman to keep up with him. He accordingly looked behind him with a degree of angry impatience, which soon turned into computction, when he saw that she was almost utterly exhausted by the speed which she had exerted.

"Now, marry, hang me up for a brute," said Henry to himself. "Was my own haste ever so great, could it give that poor creature wings? And she loaded with baggage too! I am an ill-nurtured beast, that is certain, wherever women are in question; and always sure to do wrong when I have the best will to act right.-Hark thee, damsel; let me carry these things for thee. We shall make better speed that I do so."

Poor Louise would have objected, but her breath was too much exhausted to express herself; and she permitted her goodnatured guardian to take her little basket, which when the dog be-little harlotry's basket at my back, held, he came straight before her dog under my arm, and her-Henry, stood up, and shook his self hanging on my cloak, what forepaws, whining gently, as if he could they think but that I had too wanted to be carried.

"Nay, then, I must needs lend who saw the creature was tired.

"Fie, Charlot!" said Louise; "thou knowest I will carry thee mvself."

She endeavoured to take up the little spaniel, but it escaped from her; and going to the other side of the Smith, renewed its supplication that he would take it up.

"Charlot's right," said the Smith; "he knows best who is ablest to bear him. This lets me know, my pretty one, that you have not been always the bearer of your own mail-Charlot can tell tales."

So deadly a hue came across the poor glee-maiden's countenance as Henry spoke, that he was obliged to support her, lest she should have dropped to the ground. She recovered again. however, in an instant or two, and with a feeble voice, requested her guide would go on.

"Nay, nay," said Henry, as they began to move, "keep hold of my cloak, or my arm, if it helps you forward better. A fair sight we are; and had I but a rebeck or a guitar at my back, and a jackanapes on my shoulder, we should seem as joyous a brace of strollers as ever touched string at a castle gate.-'Snails!" he ejaculated internally, "were any neighbour to meet me with this turned mumper in good earnest?

I would not for the best harness anything which could warrant I ever laid hammer on, that any such extremities, the Pottingar, of our long-tongued neighbours seeing himself so close upon his met me in this guise; it were a stalwart townsman that recognijest would last from St. Valentine's tion was inevitable, seemed de-Day to next Candlemas."

Smith, although at the risk of making much longer a route which he wished to traverse as swiftly as possible, took the most indirect and private course which he could find in order to avoid the main streets, still crowded with people, owing to the late scene of tumult and agitation. But unhappily his policy availed him nothing; for, in turning into an alley, he met a man with his cloak muffled around his face, from a desire like his own to pass unobserved, though the slight insignificant figure, the spindle-shanks, which shewed themselves beneath the mantle, and the small dull eye that blinked over its upper folds, announced the Pottingar as distinctly as if he had carried his sign in front of his bonnet. His unexpected and most unwelcome presence overwhelmed the Smith with confusion. Ready evasion was not the property of be gilded. The knave has his bold, blunt temper; and knowing this man to be a curious ob- knows a wild-duck from a tame. server, a malignant tale-bearer, as well as e'er a man in Perth. and by no means well disposed to He were the last in the Fair City himself in particular, no better to take sour plums for pears, or hope occurred to him, than that my round-about cousin Joan for the worshipful apothecary would this piece of fantastic vanity. give him some pretext to silence fancy his bearing was as much his testimony, and secure his as to say, 'I will not see what you discretion, by twisting his neck might wish me blind to'-and he round.

termined it should be as slight as Stirred by these thoughts, the possible; and without appearing to notice any thing particular in the company or circumstances in which they met, he barely slid out these words as he passed him. without even a glance towards his companion after the first instant of their meeting,-"A merry holiday to you once more, stout Smith. What! thou art bringing thy cousin, pretty Mistress Joan Letham. with her mail, from the waterside --- fresh from Dundee, I warrant? I heard she was expected at the old cordwainer's."

As he spoke thus, he looked neither right nor left; and exchanging a "Save you!" with a salute of the same kind which the Smith rather muttered than uttered distinctly, he glided forward on his way like a shadow.

"The foul fiend catch me, if I can swallow that pill," said Henry Smith, "how well soever it may а shrewd eye for a kirtle, and Τ is right to do so, as he might But, far from doing or saving easily purchase himself a broken

pate by meddling with my mat-|taking a more peaceful way to rid ters-and so he will be silent for his own sake.-But whom have we next?-By St. Dunstan! the chattering, bragging, cowardly knave, Oliver Proudfute!"

It was, indeed, the bold Bonnetmaker whom they next encountered, who, with his cap on one side, and trolling the ditty of

Thou art over long at the pot, Tom, Tom,

gave plain intimation that he had made no dry meal.

"Ha! my jolly Smith," he said, "have I caught thee in the manner?—What, can the true steel bend?-Can Vulcan, as the minstrel says, pay Venus back in her own coin?-Faith, thou wilt be a gay Valentine before the year's out, that begins with the holiday the clash of armour." so jollily."

"Hark ye, Oliver," said the displeased Smith, "shut your eyes and pass on, crony. And hark ve again, stir not your tongue about what concerns you not, as you value having an entire tooth in your head."

"I betray counsel?-I bear tales, and that against my brother martialist?-I scorn it-I would not tell it even to my timber Soldan! -Why, I can be a wild galliard in a corner as well as thou, man -And now I think on't, I will go with thee somewhere, and we will have a rouse together, and thy Dalilah shall give us a song. Ha! said I not well?"

ing the whole time to knock his the end of his journey; and,

himself of the encumbrance of his presence --- "Excellently well!-I may want thy help, too-for here are five or six of the Douglasses before us—they will not fail to try to take the wench from a noor burgher like myself, so I will be glad of the assistance of a tearer such as thou art."

"I thank ye-I thank ye," answered the Bonnet-maker; "but were I not better run, and cause ring the common bell, and get my great sword?"

"Ay, ay—run home as fast as you can, and say nothing of what you have seen."

"Who, I?-Nay, fear me not. Pah! I scorn a tale-bearer."

"Away with you, then;-I hear

This put life and mettle into the heels of the Bonnet-maker, who, turning his back on the supposed danger, set off at a pace which the Smith never doubted would speedily bring him to his own house.

"Here is another chattering jay to deal with," thought the Smith; "but I have a hank over him too. The minstrels have a fabliau of a daw with borrowed feathers,why, this Oliver is the very bird, and, by St. Dunstan, if he lets his chattering tongue run on at my expense, I will so pluck him as never hawk plumed a partridge. And this he knows."

As these reflections thronged on "Excellently," said Henry, long his mind, he had nearly reached brother martialist down, but wisely | with the glee-maiden still hanging on his cloak, exhausted, partly ranged with an unusual attention with fear, partly with fatigue, he to cleanliness, sat an old woman, at length arrived at the middle of whose neatness of attire, and the the Wynd, which was honoured precision with which her scarlet with his own habitation, and from plaid was drawn over her head, so which, in the uncertainty that as to descend to her shoulders on then attended the application of each side, might have indicated surnames, he derived one of his own appellatives. Here, on ordinary days, his furnace was seen keeper. to blaze, and four half-stripped was her designation; and not havknaves stunned the neighbour-ling attended mass in the morning, hood with the clang of hammer and stithy. But St. Valentine's by the side of the fire, her beads, holiday was an excuse for these half told, hanging over her left men of steel having shut the shop, and for the present being absent ing upon her tongue; her eyes, on their own errands of devotion half closed, resigning themselves or pleasure. The house which to slumber, while she expected the adjoined to the smithy called return of her foster-son, without Henry its owner; and though it being able to guess at what hour was small, and situated in a it was likely to happen. narrow street, yet, as there was a large garden with fruit trees behind it, it constituted upon the whole a pleasant dwelling. The the utmost surprise, which gra-Smith, instead of knocking or dually was exchanged for one excalling, which would have drawn pressive of great displeasure. neighbours to doors and windows, drew out a pass key of his own eyesight, Henry Smith!"-she exfabrication, then a great and envied curiosity, and opening the door of his house, introduced his companion into his habitation.

The apartment which received hath dined but lightly." Henry and the glee-maiden was the kitchen, which served amongst Lady would preserve my eyesight those of the Smith's station for from the wicked delusions of the family sitting room, although Satan!" one or two individuals, like Simon this apartment, which was ar- not do as I bid you?"

a higher rank than that of Luckie Shoolbred, the Smith's house-Yet such and no other she was quietly reposing herself arm; her prayers, half said, loiter-She. started up at the sound of his entrance, and bent her eve upon his companion, at first with a look of

"Now the Saints bless mine claimed, very devoutly.

"Amen, with all my heart. Get some food ready presently, good nurse, for I fear me this traveller

"And again I pray that Our

"So be it, I tell you, good Glover, had an eating-room apart woman. But what is the use of from that in which their victuals all this pattering and prayering? were prepared. In the corner of Do you not hear me? or will you

ever is of it! But oh! it is more your own nonsensical suspicions, like the foul Fiend in his likeness, you must think how you will have to have such a baggage hanging the door open to you when you upon his cloak.--- O Harry Smith, men called you a wild lad for less things! But who would ever have thought that Harry would have never make me risk the honest brought a light leman under the roof that sheltered his worthy It was never your mother's custom, mother, and where his own nurse has dwelt for thirty years!"

"This glee-woman is no Smith. leman of mine, nor of any other and a tramping princess like person that I know of; but she that." is going off for Dundee to-morrow by the boats, and we must give her quarters till then."

"Quarters!" said the old woman. "You may give quarters to such cattle if you like it yourself, Harry Wynd; but the same house shall not quarter that trumpery quean and me, and of that you may assure yourself."

"Your mother is angry with me," said Louise, misconstruing the connection of the parties. "ĭ will not remain to give her any offence. If there is a stable or a cowhouse, an empty stall will be bed enough for Charlot and me."

"Ay, ay; I am thinking it is the quarters you are best used to." said Dame Shoolbred.

"Hark ye, Nurse Shoolbred," said the Smith. "You know I love you for your own sake, and for my mother's; but by St. Dunstan, who was a saint of my own craft, I will have the command

"It must be himself then, what-|me without any better reason but return; for you shall have no help of mine, I promise you."

"Aweel, my bairn, and that will name I have kept for sixty years. and it shall never be mine, to take up with ranters, and jugglers, and "Hold your peace, old woman, singing women; and I am not so and be reasonable," said the far to seek for a dwelling, that singing women; and I am not so the same roof should cover me

With this the refractory gouvernante began in great hurry to adjust her tartan mantle for going abroad, by pulling it so far forwards as to conceal the white linen cap, the edges of which bordered her shrivelled but still fresh and healthful countenance. This done, she seized upon a staff, the trusty companion of her journeys, and was fairly trudging towards the door, when the Smith stepped between her and the passage.

"Wait at least, old woman, till we have cleared scores. I owe you for fee and bountith."

"An' that's e'en a dream of your own fool's head. What fee or bountith am I to take from the son of your mother, that fed, clad, and bielded me as if I had been a sister?"

"And well you repay it, nurse, leaving her only child at his utmost need."

This seemed to strike the obof my own house; and if you leave stinate old woman with compunction. She stopped and looked at modesty and discretion, and not her master and the minstrel al-|by chambering and wantonness." ternately; then shook her head, and seemed about to resume her creature is nothing to me. I wish motion towards the door.

"I only receive this poor wanderer under my roof," urged the Smith, "to save her from the prison and the scourge."

"And why should you save her?" said the inexorable Dame Shoolbred. "I dare say she has deserved them both as well as ever thief deserved a hempen collar."

"For aught I know she may, or she may not. But she cannot deserve to be scourged to death, or imprisoned till she is starved to death; and that is the lot of them that the Black Douglas bears maltalent against."

"And you are going to thraw the Black Douglas, for the sake of a glee-woman? This will be the worst of your feuds yet .-- Oh, Henry Gow, there is as much iron in your head as in your anvil!"

"I have sometimes thought this myself, Mistress Shoolbred; but if I do get a cut or two on this new argument, I wonder who is to cure them, if you run away from me like a scared wild-goose? Ay, and moreover, who is to receive my bonny bride, that I hope to bring up the Wynd one of to take harm from her than you these days?"

"Ah, Harry, Harry," said the which may well come to be the old woman, shaking her head, case, as the devil is very powerful "this is not the way to prepare an with all this wayfaring clanjamhonest man's house for a young fray." bride-you should be guided by "No more a witch than I am a

"I tell you again, this poor her only to be safely taken care of; and I think the boldest Borderman in Perth will respect the bar of my door as much as the gate of Carlisle Castle.-I am going down to Sim Glover's-I may stay there all night, for the Highland cub is run back to the hills, like a wolf-whelp as he is, and so there is a bed to spare, and father Simon will make me welcome to the use of it. You will remain with this poor creature, feed her, and protect her during the night, and I will call on her before day; and thou mayst go with her to the boat thyself an thou wilt, and so thou wilt set the last eves on her at the same time I shall."

"There is some reason in that," said Dame Shoolbred; "though why you should put your reputation in risk for a creature that would find a lodging for a silver twopence and less matter, is a mystery to me."

"Trust me with that, old woman, and be kind to the girl."

"Kinder than she deserves, I warrant you; and truly, though I little like the company of such cattle, yet I think I am less like -unless she be a witch, indeed,

warlock," said the honest Smith; home, she may chance to like "a poor broken-hearted thing, them as little as I do.-What's that, if she hath done evil, has the matter now?---is the man dedreed a sore weird for it. Be kind to her-And you, my musical damsel-I will call on you tomorrow morning, and carry you to the water-side. This old woman will treat you kindly, if you say nothing to her but what becomes honest ears."

The poor minstrel had listened to this dialogue, without understanding more than its general tendency; for, though she spoke English well, she had acquired the language in England itself, and the northern dialect, wasthen, as now, of a broader and harsher She saw, however, character. that she was to remain with the old lady, and meekly folding her arms on her bosom, bent her head with humility. She next looked towards the Smith with a strong expression of thankfulness, then raising her eyes to heaven, took his passive hand, and seemed about to kiss the sinewy fingers, in token of deep and affectionate gratitude. But Dame Shoolbred did not give license to the stranger's mode of expressing her feelings. She thrust in between them; and, pushing poor Louise aside, said, "No, no, I'll have none of that work. Go into the chimney-nook, mistress, and when Harry Smith's gone, if you must have hands to kiss, you shall kiss mine as long as you like .- And you, Harry, away down to Sim Glover's, for if purposes, and turn each incident, pretty Mistress Catharine hears of as it should occur, to the furtherthe company you have brought ance of his own indirect ends.

mented ?-are you going out without your buckler, and the whole town in misrule?"

"You are right, dame," said the armourer; and throwing the buckler over his broad shoulders, he departed from his house without abiding farther question.

## CHAPTER XIII.

How in the noon of night that pibroch thrills,

Savage and shrill! But with the breath which fills

Their mountain pipe, so fill the mountaineers

With the fierce native daring which instils The stirring memory of a thousand years. BYRON.

WE must now leave the lower parties in our historical drama, to attend to the incidents which took place among those of a higher rank and greater importance.

We pass from the hut of an armourer, to the council-room of a monarch; and resume our story just when, the tumult beneath being settled, the angry chieftains were summoned to the royal presence. They entered, displeased with and lowering upon each other, each so exclusively filled with his own fancied injuries, as to be equally unwilling and unable to attend to reason or argument. Albany alone, calm and crafty, seemed prepared to use their dissatisfaction for his own

though it amounted even to timidity, did not prevent his assuming the exterior bearing becoming his situation. It was only when hard pressed, as in the preceding scene, that he lost his apparent composure. In general, he might be driven from his purpose, but seldom from his dignity of manner. He received Albany, Douglas, March, and the Prior (those illassorted members of his motley council), with a mixture of courtesy and loftiness, which reminded each haughty peer that he stood in the presence of his Sovereign, and compelled him to do the beseeming reverence.

Having received their salutations, the King motioned them to be seated; and they were obeying his commands when Rothsav entered. He walked gracefully up to his father, and, kneeling at his footstool, requested his blessing. Robert, with an aspect in which fondness and sorrow were ill disguised, made an attempt to assume a look of reproof, as he laid his hand on the youth's head, and said, with a sigh, "God bless thee, my thoughtless boy, and make thee a wiser man in thy future years!"

"Amen, my dearest father!" said Rothsay, in a tone of feeling such as his happier moments often evinced. He then kissed the royal hand, with the reverence of a son and a subject; and instead of taking a place at the council board, remained standing behind

The King's irresolution, al-| the King's chair, in such a posiough it amounted even to ti-| tion that he might, when he chose, idity, did not prevent his assum-| whisper into his father's ear.

The King next made a sign to the Prior of St. Dominic to take his place at the table, on which there were writing materials, which, of all the subjects present, Albany excepted, the churchman was alone able to use.\* The King then opened the purpose of their meeting, by saying, with much dignity,

"Our business, my lords, respected these unhappy dissensions in the Highlands, which, we learn by our latest messengers, are about to occasion the waste and destruction of the country, even within a few miles of this our own court. But near as this trouble is. our ill fate, and the instigations of wicked men, have raised up one yet nearer, by throwing strife and contention among the citizens of Perth and those attendants who follow your lordships, and others our knights and nobles. I must first, therefore, apply to yourselves, my lords, to know why our court is disturbed by such unseemly contendings, and by what means they ought to be repressed ?-Brother of Albany, do you tell us first your sentiments on this matter."

"Sir, our royal sovereign and

\* Mr. Chrystal Croftangry had not, it must be confessed, when he indited this sentence, exactly recollected the character of Rothsay, as given by the Prior of Lochleven.

A seemly person in stature, Cunnand into letterature. B. 1x. cap. 23.

brother," said the Duke, "being my followers flying before the in attendance on your grace's clowns of Perth! I can tell that person when the fray began, I am Earl, that the followers of the not acquainted with its origin."

"I heard no worse war-cry than a and the good of Scotland reminstrel wench's ballad, and saw quires." no more dangerous bolts flying than hazel nuts."

"And I," said the Earl of March, "could only perceive that the face, when the King interrupted stout citizens of Perth had in chase him some knaves who had assumed the Bloody Heart on their King, "and remember in whose shoulders. They ran too fast to be actually the men of the Earl of Douglas."

Douglas understood the sneer. but only replied to it by one of those withering looks with which he was accustomed to intimate his He spoke, mortal resentment. however, with haughty composure.

"My liege," he said, "must of course know it is Douglas who must answer to this heavy charge; for when was there strife or bloodshed in Scotland, but there were nary retinue, when I beheld some foul tongues to asperse a Douglas or a Douglas's man, as having ing around the Cross, against given cause to them? We have which there was nailed this here goodly witnesses. I speak placard, and that which accomnot of my Lord of Albany, who has only said that he was, as well becomes him, by your grace's bosom of his buff-coat, a human side. And I say nothing of my Lord of Rothsay, who, as befits The King was shocked and agihis rank, years, and understanding, was cracking nuts with a strolling musician.-He smiles-Here he may say his pleasure-|tacle be removed." I shall not forget a tie which he seems to have forgotten. But here the following purpose:--is my Lord of March, who saw

Bloody Heart advance or retreat. "And for me," said the Prince, when their chieftain commands,

"And I can answer"-exclaimed the equally proud Earl of March, his blood rushing into his

"Peace! angry lords," said the presence you stand!-And you. my Lord of Douglas, tell us, if you can, the cause of this mutiny, and why your followers, whose general good services we are most willing to acknowledge, were thus active in private brawl?"

"I obey, my lord," said Douglas, slightly stooping a head that seldom bent. "I was passing from my lodgings in the Carthusian convent, through the High Street of Perth, with a few of my ordiof the baser sort of citizens crowdpanies it.

He took from a pocket in the hand and a piece of parchment. tated.

"Read," he said, "good Father Prior, and let that ghastly spec-

The Prior read a placard to

"Inasmuch as the house of a

citizen of Perth was assaulted last force by force, they might have night, being St. Valentine's eve, set fire to the four corners of this by a sort of disorderly nightwalkers, belonging to some com- insolent churls, like malicious foxpany of the strangers now resident in the Fair City: And whereas this hand was struck from one of the lawless limmers in the frav that ensued, the Provost and Magistrates have directed that it should be nailed to the Cross, in scorn and contempt of those by whom such brawl was occasioned. And if any one of knightly degree shall say that this our act is wrongfully done, I, Patrick Charteris of Kinfauns, knight, will justify this cartel in knightly weapons, within the barrace; or, if any one of meaner birth shall denv what is here said, he shall be met with by a citizen of the Fair City of Perth, according to his degree. And so God and St. John protect the Fair City!"

"You will not wonder, my lord," resumed Douglas, "that when my almoner had read to me the contents of so insolent a scroll. I caused one of my squires to pluck down a trophy so disgraceful to the chivalry and nobility of Scotland. Whereupon, it seems, some a flame, were it spreading to our of these saucy burghers took frontiers. When I see peasants license to hoot and insult the challenging noblemen, and nailhindmost of my train, who wheeled ing the hands of the gentry to their horses on them, and would their city Cross, I will not say I soon have settled the feud, but fear mutiny-for that would be for my positive command, that false-but I foresee, and will stand they should follow me in as much well prepared for it." peace as the rascally vulgar would "And why does my Lord permit. And thus they arrived Douglas say," answered the Earl here in the guise of flying men, of March, "that this cartel has when, with my command to repel been done by churls? I see Sir

wretched borough, and stifled the cubs in a burning brake of furze."

There was a silence when Douglas had done speaking, until the Duke of Rothsay answered, addressing his father,---

"Since the Earl of Douglas possesses the power of burning the town where your Grace holds your court, so soon as the Provost and he differ about a night riot. or the terms of a cartel, I am sure we ought all to be thankful that he has not the will to do so."

"The Duke of Rothsay," said Douglas, who seemed resolved to maintain command of his temper. "may have reason to thank Heaven in a more serious tone than he now uses, that the Douglas is as true as he is powerful. This is a time when the subjects in all countries rise against the law. We have heard of the insurgents of the Jacquerie in France; and of Jack Straw, and Hob Miller, and Parson Ball, among the Southron, and we may be sure there is fuel enough to catch such

Patrick Charteris' name there, of Dunbar, from whence I think and he, I ween, is of no churl's you will soon hear news. Fare-blood. The Douglas himself, well to you, my Lords of Albany since he takes the matter so and Douglas; you are playing a warmly, might lift Sir Patrick's high game, look you play it fairgauntlet without soiling of his ly -- Farewell poor thoughtless honour."

Douglas, "should speak but of Farewell, all-George of Dunbar what he understands. I do no in- sees the evil he cannot remedy .--justice to the descendant of the Adieu all." Red Rover when I say, he is too slight to be weighed with the but the accents died on his tongue, Douglas. The heir of Thomas Randolph might have a better claim to his answer."

"And, by my honour, it shall not miss for want of my asking the grace," said the Earlof March, pulling his glove off.

"Stay, my lord," said the King. "Do us not so gross an injury as to bring your feud to mortal de ""The recreant goes to betray fiance here; but rather offer your us to the southron," he said; "his ungloved hand in kindness to the pride rests on his possessing that noble Earl, and embrace in token seaworn hold\* which can admit of your mutual fealty to the crown the English into Lothian.-Nay, of Scotland."

March; "your majesty may com-lless, it is yet time. Speak but the mand me to return my gauntlet, word, my liege-say but 'Arrest for that and all the armour it be-him,'and March shall not yet cross longs to are at your command, the Earn on his traitorous jourwhile I continue to hold my Earl-ney." dom of the crown of Scotlandbut when I clasp Douglas, it must bany, who wished rather that the be with a mailed hand. Farewell, two powerful lords should countermy liege. My counsels here avail balance each other, than that one not, nay, are so unfavourably re-should obtain a decisive supericeived, that perhaps farther stay ority, "that were too hasty coun-were unwholesome for my safety. sel. The Earl of March came May God keep your Highness hither on the King's warrant of from open enemies and treacher- safe-conduct, and it may not conous friends!-I am for my Castle

Prince, who art sporting like a "My Lord of March," replied fawn within spring of a tiger!-

> The King would have spoken, as he received from Albany a look cautioning him to forbear. The Earl of March left the apartment. receiving the mute salutations of the members of the council whom he had severally addressed. excepting from Douglas alone, who returned to his farewell speech a glance of contemptuous defiance.

look not alarmed, my liege, I will "Not so, my liege," answered hold good what I say-neverthe-

"Nay, gallant Earl," said Al-

\* The Castle of Dunbar.

sist with my royal brother's honour to break it. Yet, if your lordship can bring any detailed proof-----

Here they were interrupted by a flourish of trumpets.

"His Grace of Albany is unwontedly scrupulous to-day," said Douglas; "but it skills not wasting words-the time is past-these are March's trumpets, and I warrant me he rides at flight-speed so soon as he passes the South pair to the Brattach\* of his tribe, Port. time; and if it be as I have con- and sword. The fiery cross hath jectured, he shall be met with flitted about like a meteor in every though all England backed his direction, and awakened strange treachery."

"Nay, let us hope better of the distant noble Earl," said the King, no way displeased that the quarrel protection! But if your lordships betwixt March and Douglas had seemed to obliterate the traces of it will spread broad and wide, the disagreement betwixt Rothsay and his father-in-law; "he hath a must in every direction be exfiery but not a sullen temper-In some things he has been-I will kites, with whom there is as little not say wronged-but disappointed-and something is to be allowed to the resentment of high blood armed with great power. But, thank Heaven, all of us who remain are of one sentiment, and, I may say, of one house; so that, at least, our councils cannot now be thwarted with disunion.-Father Prior, I pray you take your writing materials, for you must as usual be our clerk of council.—And now to business, my lords-and our first object of consideration must be this Highland cumber."

"Between the Clan Chattan and the Clan Quhele," said the Prior; To such mean offices may words descend.

"which, as our last advices from our brethren of Dunkeld inform us, is ready to break out into a more formidable warfare than has vet taken place between these sons of Belial, who speak of nothing else than of utterly destroying one another. Their forces are assembling on each side, and not a man, claiming in the tenth degree of kindred, but must re-We shall hear of him in or stand to the punishment of fire and unknown tribes beyond the Murray Frith — may Heaven and St. Dominic be our cannot find a remedy for the evil, and the patrimony of the Church posed to the fury of these Amaledevotion to Heaven, as there is pity or love to their neighboursmay Our Lady be our guard!-We hear some of them are yet utter heathens, and worship Mahound and Termagaunt."

"My lords and kinsmen," said Robert, "ye have heard the urgency of this case, and may desire to know my sentiments before vou deliver what your own wisdom shall suggest. And, in sooth, no better remedy occurs to me,

\* Standard-literally cloth. The Lowland language still retains the word brat, which, however, is only now applicable to a child's pinafore, or a coarse towel.

than to send two commissioners, to put on cold harness in this nipwith full power from us to settle ping weather, that, would but the such debates as be among them; Church send a detachment of their and at the same time to charge saints (and they have some Highthem, as they shall be answerable land ones well known in this disto the law, to lay down their arms, trict, and doubtless used to the and forbear all practices of violence against each other."

posal," said Rothsay; "and I trust it is, we hear of their miracles the good Prior will not refuse the when they are propitiated, and of venerable station of envoy upon this peace-making errand. And his reverend brother, the Abbot of the Carthusian convent, must contend for an honour which will largesses; and yet if there come certainly add two most eminent down but a band of twenty Highrecruits to the large army of mar-landers, bell, book, and candle tyrs, since the Highlanders little make no speed, and the belted regard the distinction betwixt baron must be fain to maintain clerk and layman, in the ambassadors whom you send to them."

"My royal Lord of Rothsay," said the Prior, "if I am destined joyed the fruits of them." to the blessed crown of martyrdom. I shall be doubtless directed to the path by which I am to attain it. Meantime, if you speak in jest, may Heaven pardon you, and give you light to perceive to disturb your Highness, or disthat it were better buckle on your arms to guard the possessions of the Church, so perilously endangered, than to employ your ful of Highland caterans." wit in taunting her ministers and servants."

"I taunt no one, Father Prior," said the youth, yawning; "nor are derived, which we hear with have I much objection to taking horror from the tongue that now arms, excepting that they are a utters them. When princes consomewhat cumbrous garb, and in verse with heretics, their minds February a furred mantle is more and manners are alike corrupted. suiting to the weather than a steel They shew themselves in the corselet. And it inks me the more streets as the companions of

climate), they might fight their own battles, like merry St. George "I approve of your Grace's pro- of England. But I know not how their vengeance, if any one trespasses on their patrimonies, and these are urged as reasons for extending their lands by large the Church in possession of the lands which he has given to her, as much as if he himself still en-

"Son David," said the King, "you give an undue license to your tongue."

"Nay, sir, I am mute," replied the Prince. "I had no purpose please the Father Prior, who, with so many miracles at his disposal, will not face, as it seems, a hand-

"We know," said the Prior, with suppressed indignation,"from what source these vile doctrines maskers and harlots, and in the Houghman Stairs, which has still council as the scorners of the the name from the hangman work Church, and of holy things."

King. "Rothsay shall amends for what he has idly spoken. Alas! let us take counsel Earish knaves, do not blame in friendly fashion, rather than Douglas for speaking his mind.resemble a mutinous crew of mari- You smile, my Lord of Rothsay. ners in a sinking vessel, when each is more intent on quarrelling time become your jest, before I with his neighbours, than in assisting the exertions of the forlorn you passed on me?" master for the safety of the ship. My Lord of Douglas, your house Lord of Douglas," answered the has been seldom to lack, when the Prince; "I did but smile to think crown of Scotland desired either wise counsel or manly achievement; I trust you will help us in this strait?"

"I can only wonder that the strait should exist, my lord," an- prevent the Earl from giving an swered the haughty Douglas. "When I was intrusted with the lieutenancy of the kingdom, there were some of these wild clans came down from the Grampians. I troubled not the council about the and level plain; but the difficulty matter, but made the Sheriff, Lord Ruthven, get to horse with the forces of the Carse—the Hays, the Lindsays, the Ogilvies, and other gentlemen. By St. Bride! when it was steel coat to frieze mantle, federacies, consisting each of the thieves knew what lances were various tribes, who are banded good for, and whether swords had edges or no. There were some three hundred of their best bonnets, late have had dissensions which besides that of their chief, Donald have drawn blood wherever they Cormac, \* left on the moor of have met, whether individually or Thorn, and in Rochinroy Wood; in bands. The whole country is

\* Some authorities place this skirmish feuds." 80 late as 1443.

that was done there. This is the "Peace. good Father!" said the way men deal with thieves in my make country; and if gentler methods will succeed better with these May I ask how I have a second have replied to the first which

"Nay, be not wrathful, my good how your princely retinue would dwindle, if every thief were dealt with as the poor Highlanders at Houghman Stairs."

The King again interfered, to angry reply. "Your Lordship," said he to Douglas, "advises wisely, that we should trust to arms when these men come out against our subjects on the fair is to put a stop to their disorders while they continue to lurk within their mountains. I need not tell you that the Clan Chattan, and the Clan Quhele, are great contogether, each to support their own separate league, and who of and as many were gibbeted at torn to pieces by their restless

"I cannot see the evil of this,"

said the Douglas; "the ruffians for those also who were robbers deer of the Highlands will increase as the men diminish. shall gain as hunters the exercise we lose as warriors."

"Rather say, that the wolves will increase as the men diminish." replied the King.

"I am content," said Douglas; "better wild wolves than wild caterans.—Let there be strong forces maintained along the Earish frontier, to separate the quiet from the disturbed country. Confine the fire of civil war within the Highlands; let it spend its uncontrolled fury, and it will be soon burnt out for want of fuel. The survivors will be humbled. and will be more obedient to a whisper of your Grace's pleasure, than their fathers, or the knaves that now exist, have been to your strictest commands."

"This is wise but ungodly counsel," said the Prior, shaking his head; "I cannot take it upon my conscience to recommend it. It is wisdom, but it is the wisdom of Ahithophel, crafty at once and cruel."

"My heart tells me so"-said the King, laying his hand on his breast; "my heart tells me, that it will be asked of me at the awful day, 'Robert Stuart, where are of King Arthur." the subjects I have given thee?' it tells me, that I must account said the King. "Do you make for them all, Saxon and Gael, Lowland, Highland, and Border man; that I will not be required to answer for those alone who have wealth and knowledge, but brother," said Albany, "I think,

will destroy each other, and the because they were poor, and rebels because they were igno-We rant."

"Your Highness speaks like a Christian King," said the Prior; "but you bear the sword as well as the sceptre, and this present evil is of a kind which the sword must cure."

"Hark ye, my lords," said the Prince, looking up as if a gay thought had suddenly struck him, ---- "Suppose we teach these savage mountaineers a strain of chivalry? It were no hard matter to bring these two great commanders, the captain of the Clan Chattan, and the chief of the no less doughty race of the Clan Quhele, to defy each other to mortal combat. They might fight here in Perthwe would lend them horse and armour: thus their feud would be stanched by the death of one, or probably both, of the villains (for I think both would break their necks in the first charge), my father's godly desire of saving blood would be attained, and we should have the pleasure of seeing such a combat between two salvage knights, for the first time in their lives wearing breeches, and mounted on horses, as has not been heard of since the days

"Shame upon you, David!" the distress of your native country, and the perplexity of our councils a subject for buffoonery?"

"If you will pardon me, royal

that though my princely nephew | convenient. We must take care hath started this thought in a that they approach not the court, jocular manner, there may be save in such a fashion and number something wrought out of it, that they shall not be able to surwhich might greatly remedy this pressing evil."

"Good brother," replied the King, "it is unkind to expose Rothsay's folly by pressing further his ill-timed jest. We know the Highland clans have not our customs of chivalry, nor the habit or being quiet for some time to mode of doing battle which these come. require."

"True, your Grace," answered Albany; "yet I speak not in scorn, but in serious earnest. True, the my conscience to countenance the mountaineers have not our forms slaughter of these rude men, that and mode of doing battle in the lists, but they have those which benighted heathens." are as effectual to the destruction of human life; and so that the mortal game is played, and the stake won and lost, what signifies it whether these Gael fight with quently admitted to fight in barsword and lance, as becomes belted knights, or with sandbags, like the crestless churls of England, or butcher each other with knives and skeans, in their own had little to say against a custom barbarous fashion? Their habits, so engrafted upon the laws of the like our own, refer all disputed rights and claims to the decision of battle. They are as vain, too, as they are fierce; and the idea never granted such license as you that these two clans would be admitted to combat in presence of greatest repugnance; and that I your Grace and of your court, never saw men have strife togewill readily induce them to refer ther to the effusion of blood, but their difference to the fate of I could have wished to appease it battle, even were such rough with the shedding of my own." arbitrement less familiar to their "But, my gracious lord," said customs, and that in any such the Prior, "it seems that if we numbers as shall be thought most follow not some such policy as

prise us; and that point being provided against, the more that shall be admitted to combat upon either side, the greater will be the slaughter among their bravest and most stirring men, and the more the chance of the Highlands

"This were a bloody policy, brother," said the King; "and again I say, that I cannot bring are so little better than so many

"And are their lives more precious," asked Albany, "than those of nobles and gentlemen who by vour Grace's license are so frerace, either for the satisfying of disputes at law, or simply to acquire honour?"

The King, thus hard pressed, realm and the usages of chivalry, as the trial by combat; and he only replied, "God knows, I have urge me with, unless with the

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

this of my lord of Albany, we of subordinate power and inferior must have recourse to that of the fame, may do battle with the Douglas; and, at the risk of the Highlanders; but if Dunbar addubious event of battle, and with mit the Percys and their Englishthe certainty of losing many ex- men into our frontiers, who will cellent subjects, do, by means of drive them back if the Douglas the Lowland swords, that which be elsewhere?" these wild mountaineers will otherwise perform with their own hand.-What says my Lord of Douglas to the policy of his Grace of Albany?"

"Douglas," said the haughty lord, "never counselled that to be done by policy which might be attained by open force. He remains by his opinion, and is willing to march at the head of his own followers, with those of the Barons of Perthshire and the Carse: and either bring these Highlanders to reason or subjection, or leave the body of a Douglas among their savage wildernesses."

"It is nobly spoken, my lord of Douglas," said Albany; "and well might the King rely upon thy undaunted heart, and the courage of thy resolute followers. But see you not how soon you may be called elsewhere, where mined to omit no opportunity to your presence and services are altogether indispensable to Scotland and her Monarch? Marked Lowlanders even the poor crumbs you not the gloomy tone in which of honour which might be gathe fiery March limited his alle- thered at the expense of the High giance and faith to our Sovereign land kerne, while he, with his here present, to that space for Border chivalry, reaps the full which he was to remain King Ro-|harvest of victory over the Engbert's vassal? And did not you lish. But Percy hath seen men's yourself suspect that he was plot backs as well as Douglas; and 1 ting a transference of his alle- have known as great wonders as giance to England ?--- Other chiefs, that he who goes forth to seek

"My sword," answered Douglas, "is equally at the service of his Majesty, on the frontier, or in the deepest recesses of the Highlands. I have seen the backs of the proud Percy and George of Dunbar ere now, and I may see them again. And, if it is the King's pleasure 1 should take measures against this probable conjunction of stranger and traitor, I admit, that, rather than trust to an inferior or feebler hand the important task of settling the Highlands, I would be disposed to give my opinion in favour of the policy of my Lord of Albany, and suffer those savages to carve each other's limbs, without giving barons and knights the trouble of hunting them down."

"My Lord of Douglas," said the Prince, who seemed detergall his haughty father-in-law, "does not choose to leave to us such wool should come back peace, at the expense of losing a shorn."

"A phrase," said Douglas, " well becoming a prince, who speaks of honour with a wandering harlot's scrip in his bonnet, by way of favour."

"Excuse it, my lord," said Rothsay; "men who have matched unfittingly become careless in the choice of those whom they love The chained dog par amours. must snatch at the nearest bone.

"Rothsay, my unhappy son!" exclaimed the King, "art thou mad? or wouldst thou draw down on thee the full storm of a king and father's displeasure?"

"I am dumb," returned the Prince, "at your Grace's command.'

"Well, then, my Lord of Albany," said the King, "since such is your advice, and since Scottish blood must flow, how, I pray you, are we to prevail on these fierce men to refer their quarrel to such a combat as you propose?"

"That, my liege," said Albany, "must be the result of more mature deliberation. But the task will not be difficult. Gold will be needful to bribe some of the bards, and principal counsellors and spokesmen. The chiefs, moreover, of both these leagues must be made to understand, that, unless they agree to this amicable country devoured by civil war." settlement-

King, with emphasis.

plied his brother, "since it is bet- their removal." ter the country were placed in He uttered these words with a

score or two of Highland kernes, than remain at war till as many thousands are destroyed by sword, fire, famine, and all the extremities of mountain battle. To return to the purpose; I think that the first party to whom the accommodation is proposed will snatch at it eagerly; that the other will be ashamed to reject an offer to rest the cause on the swords of their bravest men; that the national vanity, and factious hate to each other, will prevent them from seeing our purpose in adopting such a rule of decision: and that they will be more eager to cut each other to pieces, than we can be to halloo them on.--And now, as our councils are finished, so far as I can aid, I will withdraw."

"Stay yet a moment," said the Prior, "for I also have a grief to disclose, of a nature so black and horrible, that your Grace's pious heart will hardly credit its existence; and I state it mournfully, because, as certain as that I am an unworthy servant of St. Dominic it is the cause of the displeasure of Heaven against this poor country; by which our victories are turned into defeat, our gladness into mourning, our councils distracted with disunion, and our

"Speak, reverend Prior," said "Amicable, brother!" said the the King; "assuredly if the cause of such evils be in me, or in my "Ay, amicable, my liege," re- house, I will take instant care to

faltering voice, and eagerly waited stock of grain to burst the girnels for the Prior's reply, in the dread, of the Monastery, while my folno doubt, that it might implicate lowers lacked beef, and their Rothsay in some new charge of horses corn. But bethink you, the folly or vice. His apprehensions pastures and cornfields which properhaps deceived him, when he duced that plenty, were bestowed thought he saw the churchman's by my ancestors on the house of eve rest for a moment on the Aberbrothock, surely not with the Prince, before he said, in a solemn purpose that their descendant tone, — "Heresy, my noble and should starve in the midst of it; gracious liege, heresy is among and neither will he, by St. Bride! us. from the congregation, as wolves he added, striking his large hand steal lambs from the sheepfold."

to watch the fold," answered the I would not have poor men burned Duke of Rothsay. "Here are for silly thoughts; but my hand four convents of regular Monks alone, around this poor hamlet of Perth, and all the secular clergy besides. Methinks a town so well garrisoned should be fit to keep out an enemy."

"One traitor in a garrison, my lord," answered the Prior, "can do much to destroy the security of a city which is guarded by legions; and if that one traitor is, either from levity, or love of novelty, or whatever other motive, protected and fostered by those who should be most eager to expel him from the fortress, his opportunities of working mischief will be incalculably increased."

"Your words seem to aim at some one in this presence, Father Prior," said the Douglas; "if at me, they do me foul wrong. I am well aware that the Abbot of a royal commission to this effect," Aberbrothock hath made some ill-advised complaints, that I suf- no exception whatever from his fered not his beeves to become jurisdiction, saving the too many for his pastures, or his person. For my own part, al-

She snatches soul after soul But for heresy and false doctrine, heavily on the council-table, "who "There are enough of shepherds is it that dare tax the Douglas? and sword are ever ready to maintain the Christian faith.

"My lord, I doubt it not," said the Prior; "so hath it ever been with your most noble house. For the Abbot's complaints, they may pass to a second day. But what we now desire, is a commission to some noble lord of state, joined to others of Holy Church, to support by strength of hand, if necessary, the inquiries which the reverend official of the bounds, and other grave prelates, my unworthy self being one, are about to make into the cause of the new doctrines, which are now deluding the simple, and depraving the pure and precious faith, approved by the Holy Father and his reverend predecessors."

"Let the Earl of Douglas have said Albany; "and let there be royal

though conscious that I have of mildness and compassion taken neither in act or thought received or encouraged a doctrine which Holy Church hath not sanctioned. vet I should blush to claim an immunity under the blood royal of Scotland, lest I should seem to be seeking refuge against a crime so horrible."

"I will have nought to do with it"-said Douglas; "to march against the English, and the Southron traitor March, is task enough for me. Moreover, I am a true Scotsman, and will not give way to aught that may put the Church of Scotland's head farther into the Roman yoke, or make the baron's coronet stoop to the mitre and cowl. Do you, therefore, most noble Duke of Albany, place your own name in the commission; and I pray your Grace so to mitigate the zeal of the men of Holy Church, who may be associated with you, that there be no over zealous dealings; for the smell of a fagot on the Tay would bring back the Douglas from the walls of York."

The Duke hastened to give the Earl assurance, that the commission should be exercised with lenity and moderation.

"Without a question," said King Robert, "the commission must be ample; and, did it consist with the dignity of our crown, we would not ourselves decline its jurisdiction. But we trust. that while the thunders of the Church are directed against the vile authors of these detestable heresies, there shall be measures

with the unfortunate victims of their delusions."

"Such is ever the course of Holy Church, my lord," said the Prior of St. Dominic's.

"Why, then, let the commission be expedited with due care, in name of our brother Albany, and such others as shall be deemed convenient," said the King .---"And now once again let us break up our council; and, Rothsay, come thou with me, and lend me thine arm-I have matter for thy private ear."

"Ho, la!"-here exclaimed the Prince, in the tone in which he would have addressed a managed horse.

"What means this rudeness, boy?" said the King; "wilt thou never learn reason and courtesy?"

"Let me not be thought to offend, my liege," said the Prince: "but we are parting without learning what is to be done in the passing strange adventure of the dead hand, which the Douglas hath so gallantly taken up. We shall sit but uncomfortably here at Perth, if we are at variance with the citizens."

"Leave that to me," said Albany. "With some little grant of lands and money, and plenty of fair words, the burghers may be satisfied for this time; but it were well that the barons and their followers, who are in attendance on the court, were warned to respect the peace within burgh."

"Surely, we would have it so,"

said the King; "let strict orders nephew will soon emulate his be given accordingly."

"It is doing the churls but too much grace," said the Douglas; "but be it at your Highness's pleasure. I take leave to retire."

"Not before you taste a flagon of Gascon wine, my lord?" said vices, and then it signifies little the King.

"Pardon," replied the Earl, "I am not athirst, and I drink not for fashion, but either for need or for friendship." So saying he denarted.

The King, as if relieved by his absence, turned to Albany, and said, "And now, my lord, we should chide this truant Rothsay of ours; yet he hath served us so well at council, that we must receive his merits as some atonement for his follies."

"I am happy to hear it," answered Albany, with a countenance of pity and incredulity, as if he knew nothing of the supposed services.

"Nay, brother, you are dull," said the King, "for I will not think you envious. Did you not note that Rothsay was the first to suggest the mode of settling the Highlands, which your experience brought indeed into better shape, and which was generally approved of-and even now we had broken up, leaving a main matter unconsidered, but that he put us in mind of the affray with the citizens?"

"I nothing doubt, my liege," said the Duke of Albany, with the acquiescence which he saw boy," answered the King paswas expected, "that my royal sionately. "You asked but now

father's wisdom."

"Or," said the Duke of Rothsay, "I may find it easier to borrow from another member of my family, that happy and comfortable cloak of hypocrisy which covers all whether they exist or not."

"My Lord Prior," said the Duke, addressing the Dominican, "we will for a moment pray your reverence's absence. The King and I have that to say to the Prince, which must have no further audience, not even yours."

The Dominican bowed and withdrew.

When the two royal brothers and the Prince were left together, the King seemed in the highest degree embarrassed and distressed; Albany sullen and thoughtful; while Rothsay himself endeavoured to cover some anxiety under his usual appearance of levity. There was a silence of a minute. At length Albany spoke.

"Royal brother," he said, "my princely nephew entertains with so much suspicion any admonition coming from my mouth, that 1 must pray your Grace yourself to take the trouble of telling him what it is most fitting he should know."

"It must be some unpleasing communication, indeed, which my Lord of Albany cannot wrap up in honied words," said the Prince. "Peace with thine effrontery,

of the quarrel with the citizens-Who caused that quarrel, David? -what men were those who scaled the window of a peaceful citizen Louis with a guard!" and liegeman, alarmed the night with torch and outcry, and subjected our subjects to danger and affright?"

"More fear than danger, I fancy," answered the Prince; "but how can I of all men tell who made this nocturnal disturbance?"

"There was a follower of thine own there," continued the King; "a man of Belial, whom I will have brought to condign punishment."

"I have no follower, to my knowledge, capable of deserving your Highness's displeasure," answered the Prince.

"I will have no evasions, boy-Where wert thou on St. Valentine's Eve?"

"It is to be hoped that I was serving the good Saint, as a man of mould might," answered the young man, carelessly.

"Will my royal nephew tell us how his Master of the Horse was employed upon that holy eve?" said the Duke of Albany.

"Speak, David, -I command thee to speak," said the King.

"Ramorny was employed in my service—I think that answer may satisfy my uncle."

"But it will not satisfy me," said the angry father. knows, I never coveted man's not lead him into guilt, but who blood, but that Ramorny's head I reluctantly plunged himself into will have, if law can give it. He it at his command! Let me bear

partaker of all thy numerous vices and follies. I will take care he shall be so no more.-Call Mac-

"Do not injure an innocent man," interposed the Prince, desirous at every sacrifice to preserve his favourite from the menaced danger-"I pledge my word that Ramorny was employed in business of mine, therefore could not be engaged in this brawl."

"False equivocator that thou art!" said the King, presenting to the Prince a ring, "behold the signet of Ramorny, lost in the infamous affray! It fell into the hands of a follower of the Douglas, and was given by the Earl to my brother. Speak not for Ramorny, for he dies; and go thou from my presence, and repent the flagitious councils which could make thee stand before me with a falsehood in thy mouth.-Oh, shame, David, shame! as a son, thou hast lied to thy father; as a knight, to the head of thy order."

The Prince stood mute, conscience-struck, and self-convicted. He then gave way to the honourable feelings which at bottom he really possessed, and threw himself at his father's feet.

"The false knight," he said, "deserves degradation, the disloyal subject death; but, oh! let the son crave from the father "God pardon for the servant who did has been the encourager and the weight of my own folly, but tools, rather than my accomplices. fondly folded him in his arms. Remember, Ramorny was preferred to my service by my sainted mother."

"Name her not, David, I charge thee!" said the King; "she is happy that she never saw the child of her love stand before her doubly dishonoured, by guilt and by falsehood."

"I am indeed unworthy to name her," said the Prince; "and yet my dear father, in her name I must petition for Ramorny's life."

"If I might offer my counsel," said the Duke of Albany, who saw that a reconciliation would soon take place betwixt the father and son, "I would advise that Ramorny be dismissed from the Prince's household and society, with such further penalty as his imprudence may seem to merit. The public will be contented with his disgrace, and the matter will be easily accommodated or stifled, so that his Highness do not attempt to screen his servant."

"Wilt thou, for my sake, David," said the King, with a faltering voice, and the tear in his eye, "dismiss this dangerous man? for my sake, who could not refuse thee the heart out of my bosom?"

"It shall be done, my fatherdone instantly," the Prince replied; and seizing the pen, he wrote a hasty dismissal of Ramorny from his service, and put it into darkened apartment in a monas-Albany's hands. "I would I could fulfil all your wishes as easily, my royal father," he added, again beneath the hill of Kinnoul, and throwing himself at the King's at the foot of a rock which com-

spare those who have been my feet, who raised him up, and

Albany scowled, but was silent; and it was not till after the space of a minute or two, that he said, "This matter being so happily accommodated, let me ask if your majesty is pleased to attend the Even-song service in the chapel?"

"Surely," said the King. "Have I not thanks to pay to God, who has restored union to my family? You will go with us, brother?"

"So please your Grace to give me leave of absence-No," said the Duke. "I must concert with the Douglas, and others, the manner in which we may bring these Highland vultures to our lure."

Albany retired to think over his ambitious projects, while the father and son attended divine service, to thank God for their happy reconciliation.

## CHAPTER XIV.

Will you go to the Hielands, Lizzy Lyndesay,

Will you go to the Hielands wi' me? Will you go to the Hielands, Lizzy Lynde-

say, My bride and my darling to be? OLD BALLAD.

A FORMER chapter opened in the royal confessional; we are now to introduce our readers to a situation somewhat similar, though the scene and persons were very different. Instead of a Gothic and tery, one of the most beautiful prospects in Scotland lay extended manded the view in every direc-|who have separated themselves tion, sat the Fair Maid of Perth, from the world, its pursuits and listening in an attitude of devout its pleasures, to dedicate themattention to the instructions of a selves to the service of Heaven. Carthusian Monk, in his white -all bear witness, that if Scotland gown and scapular, who con- be a bloody and a sinful land, she cluded his discourse with prayer, is yet alive and sensible to the in which his proselyte devoutly claims which religion demands of joined.

When they had finished their devotions, the priest sat for some the priest, "what you say seems time with his eyes fixed on the truth; and yet, nearly viewed, too glorious prospect, of which even much of the comfort you describe the early and chilly season could will be found delusive. It is true, not conceal the beauties, and it there was a period in the Christian was some time ere he addressed world, when good men, maintainhis attentive companion.

length. "this rich and varied land, with its castles, churches, con-sleep softly, but that they might vents, stately palaces, and fertile strengthen each other in the Chrisfields, these extensive woods, and tian faith, and qualify themselves that noble river, I know not, my daughter, whether most to admire people. Doubtless there are still the bounty of God or the in-such to be found in the holy gratitude of man. He hath given edifices on which we now look. us the beauty and fertility of the But it is to be feared that the earth, and we have made the love of many has waxed cold. Our scene of his bounty a charnel- Churchmen have become wealthy, house and a battle-field. He hath given us power over the elements, and skill to erect houses for comfort and defence, and we have imagining that they can purchase converted them into dens for robbers and ruffians."

is room for comfort," replied thus, as the Church waxeth rich. Catharine, "even in the very her doctrines have unhappily be-prospect we look upon. Yonder come dim and obscure, as a light four goodly convents, with their is less seen if placed in a lamp of churches, and their towers, which chased gold, than beheld through

the human race."

"Verily, daughter," answered ing themselves by the work of "When I behold," he said at their hands, assembled together, not that they might live easily or to be teachers of the word to the as well by the gifts of pious persons as by the bribes which wicked men have given in their ignorance, that pardon by endowments to the Church, which Heaven has only "Yet surely, my Father, there offered to sincere penitents. And tell the citizens with brazen voice, a screen of glass. God knows, if that they should think on their re- I see these things and mark them, ligious duties;—their inhabitants, it is from no wish of singularity,

or desire to make myself a teacher | master's pleasure, He knows how in I ael; but because the fire willingly Clement Blair will lay burns in my bosom, and will not down a vilified life upon earth, in permit me to be silent. I obey humble hope of a blessed exchange the rules of my order, and with-hereafter.—But wherefore dost draw not myself from its austeri- thou look northward so anxiously, ties. Be they essential to our my child?-thy young eyes are salvation, or be they mere for-quicker than mine-dost thou see malities, adopted to supply the any one coming?" want of real penitence and sincere devotion, I have promised, nay land youth, Conachar, who will vowed, to observe them; and they be thy guide to the hills, where shall be respected by me themore, his father can afford thee a safe, that otherwise I might be charged if a rude retreat. with regarding my bodily ease, often promised, when we spoke when Heaven is my witness how of you and of your lessons-I fear lightly I value what I may be he is now in company where he called on to act or suffer, if the will soon forget them. purity of the Church could be restored, or the discipline of the grace in him," said Father Clepriesthood replaced in its primitive simplicity."

"But, my Father," said Catharine, "even for these opinions men term you a Lollard and a Wickliffite, and say it is your desire to those of the social law.-Thou destroy churches and cloisters, hast never told me, daughter, how and restore the religon of Heathenesse."

"Even so, my daughter, am I driven to seek refuge in hills and father's house?" rocks, and must be presently contented to take my flight amongst the rude Highlanders, who are thus far in a more gracious state than those I leave behind me. that theirs are crimes of ignorance, not of presumption. I will not in the way of his merchandise, to omit to take such means of safety and escape from their cruelty, as Heaven may open to me; for while they parted, as Conachar was to resuch appear, I shall account it a turn home to his own mountains." sign that I have still a service to "And why has my daughter," accomplish. But when it is my demanded the priest, "maintained

"I look, Father, for the High-This he has

"The youth hath sparkles of ment; "although those of his race are usually too much devoted to their own fierce and savage customs, to endure with patience either the restraints of religion or contrary to all the usages either of the burgh or of the mountains, this youth came to reside in thy

"All I know touching that matter," said Catharine, "is, that his father is a man of consequence among those hill men, and that he desired as a favour of my father, who hath had dealings with them keep this youth for a certain time; and that it is only two days since

such a correspondence with this gards looking back to this world, Highland youth, that she should of which you were at one time know how to send for him when resolved to take leave." she desired to use his services in my behalf? Surely, this is much influence for a maiden to possess over such a wild colt as this youthful mountaineer."

Catharine blushed, and answered with hesitation, "If I have my child," said the priest. "Marhad any influence with Conachar, riage is an honourable state, ap-Heaven be my witness, I have pointed by Heaven as the regular only exerted it to enforce upon means of continuing the race of his fiery temper compliance with man; and I read not in the Scripthe rules of civil life. It is true, tures, what human inventions have I have long expected that you, since affirmed, concerning the my Father, would be obliged to superior excellence of a state of take to flight, and I, therefore, celibacy. But I am jealous of had agreed with him that he thee, my child, as a father is should meet me at this place, as of his only daughter, lest thou soon as he should receive a mes-shouldst throw thyself away upon sage from me, with a token, which some one unworthy of thee. Thy I yesterday despatched. The mes-parent, I know, less nice in thy senger was a light-footed boy of behalf than I am, countenances his own clan, whom he used some- the addresses of that fierce and times to send on errands into the riotous reveller, whom they call Highlands."

"And am I then to understand, daughter, that this youth, so fair to the eye, was nothing more dear to you, than as you desired to enlighten his mind and reform his manners?"

"It is so, my father, and no otherwise," answered Catharine; "and perhaps I did not do well to hold intimacy with him, even for and from pale to red, as she his instruction and improvement. But my discourse never led far- him; though it is true some courther."

my daughter; for I thought I had friend, and as being, according to seen in thee of late some change the custom of the time, my Valenof purpose, and some wishful re- tine."

Catharine hung down her head, and blushed more deeply than ever, as she said, "Yourself, Father. were used to remonstrate against my taking the veil."

"Nor do I now approve of it, Henry of the Wynd. He is rich, it may be; but a haunter of idle and debauched company-a common prize-fighter, who has shed human blood like water. Can such a one be a fit mate for Catharine Glover?—And yet report says they are soon to be united."

The fair Maid of Perth's complexion changed from red to pale, hastily replied, "I think not of tesies have passed betwixt us of "Then have I been mistaken, late, both as he is my father's

said Father Clement. "And can cause enough to make me repent your modesty and prudence have my compliance with an idle custrifled so much with the delicacy tom. At any rate, believe that of your sex, as to place yourself Henry Smith is nothing to me; in such a relation to such a man and that even the idle intercourse as this artificer ?- Think you that arising from St. Valentine's Day, this Valentine, a godly saint and is utterly broken off." Christian bishop, as he is said to have been, ever countenanced a silly and unseemly custom, more likely to have originated in the heathen worship of Flora or Venus. when mortals gave the names of deities to their passions, and studied to excite instead of restraining them?"

"Father," said Catharine, in a tone of more displeasure than she had ever before assumed to the you have a lover in the highest Carthusian, "I know not upon what ground you tax me thus our?" severely for complying with a general practice, authorized by universal custom, and sanctioned it were not so." by my father's authority. I cannot feel it kind that you put such priest, "did I see in my daughter misconstruction upon me.

"Forgive me, daughter," an-swered the priest mildly, "if I have given you offence. But this gift of beauty. But as thy charms, Henry Gow, or Smith, is a for- to speak the language of an idle ward, licentious man, to whom you cannot allow any uncommon de-lover of such high rank, so 1 gree of intimacy and encourage- know that thy virtue and wisdom ment, without exposing yourself will maintain the influence over to worse misconstruction,-unless, the Prince's mind which thy indeed, it be your purpose to wed beauty hath acquired." him, and that very shortly."

said Catharine. "You give me lant, whose notice of me tends more pain than you would desire only to my disgrace and ruin. to do; and I may be provoked to Can you, who seemed but now answer otherwise than as becomes afraid that I acted imprudently

"Your Valentine, my child?" me. Perhaps I have already had

"I am rejoiced to hear it, my daughter," replied the Carthusian; "and must now prove you on another subject, which renders me most anxious on your behalf. You cannot yourself be ignorant of it, although I could wish it were not necessary to speak of a thing so dangerous, even before these surrounding rocks, cliffs, and stones. But it must be said.-Catharine, rank of Scotland's sons of hon-

"I know it, Father," answered Catharine, composedly. "I would

"So would I also," said the only the child of folly, which most young women are at her age, especially if possessed of the fatal world, have attached to thee a

"Father," replied Catharine, "Say no more of it, my Father," "the Prince is a licentious galin entering into an ordinary ex-lever expense to its object. His change of courtesies with one of emissary, Ramorny, has even had my own rank, speak with patience the insolence to tell me, that my of the sort of correspondence father shall suffer for it, if I dare which the heir of Scotland dares to prefer being the wife of an to fix upon me? Know, that it is honest man, to becoming the loose but two nights since he with a paramour of a married prince. party of his debauched followers. So I see no other remedy than to would have carried me by force take the veil, or run the risk of from my father's house, had I not my own ruin and my poor father's. been rescued by that same rash- Were there no other reason, the spirited Henry Smith,-who, if he terror of these threats, from a be too hasty in venturing on man so notoriously capable of danger on slight occasion, is al-|keeping his word, ought as much ways ready to venture his life in to prevent my becoming the bride behalf of innocence, or in resistance of oppression. It is well my part to do him that justice."

"I should know something of that matter," said the monk, "since it was my voice that sent him to your assistance. I had seen the party as I passed your door, and was hastening to the civil power in order to raise assistance, when I perceived a man's is comfort for thee even in this figure coming slowly towards me. Apprehensive it might be one of Ramorny is a villain, and abuses the ambuscade, I stepped behind the ear of his patron. The Prince the buttresses of the chapel of St. is unhappily a dissipated and idle John, and seeing from a nearer youth; but, unless my gray hairs view, that it was Henry Smith, 1 have been strangely imposed on, guessed which way he was bound, his character is beginning to alter. and raised my voice in an exhorta-He hath been awakened to tion, which made him double his Ramorny's baseness, and deeply speed."

"Iam beholden to you, Father," said Catharine; "but all this, and convinced, that his passion for the Duke of Rothsay's own you has assumed a nobler and language to me, only shew that purer character, and that the the Prince is a profligate young lessons he has heard from me on man, who will scruple no ex- the corruptions of the church, and tremities which may promise to of the times, will, if enforced from gratify an idle passion, at what-your lips, sink deeply into his

of any worthy man, as it should prohibit me from unlatching his door to admit murderers.-Oh, good Father! what a lot is mine! and how fatal am I likely to prove to my affectionate parent, and to any one with whom I might ally my unhappy fortunes!"

"Be yet of good cheer, my daughter," said the monk; "there extremity of apparent distress. regrets having followed his evil advice. I believe, nay, I am well

heart, and perhaps produce fruits, tharine Logie? Unless our fathers for the world to wonder as well as have told us falsely, it raised her rejoice at. Old prophecies have to share the throne of David said, that Rome shall fall by the Bruce." speech of a woman."

said Catharine; "the visions of tharine, in the same calm and one whose thoughts are too much steady tone. on better things, to admit his thinking justly upon the ordinary temporal, and perhaps criminal affairs of earth. When we have ambition," replied Father Clelooked long at the sun, every ment; "and she found her reward thing else can only be seen indis- in vanity and vexation of spirit. tinctly."

daughter," said Clement, "and should convert the unbelieving, thou shalt be convinced of it. The or confirm the doubting, husprospects which I am to open to band, what then had been her rethee were unfit to be exposed to ward? Love and honour upon one of a less firm sense of virtue, or a more ambitious temper. Per- Heaven with Queen Margaret, haps it is not fit that, even to you, and those heroines who have I should display them; but my been the nursing mothers of the confidence is strong in thy wisdom | Church." and thy principles. Know, then, that there is much chance that upon a stone beside the priest's the Church of Rome will dissolve feet, and looked up to him as she the union which she has herself formed, and release the Duke of Rothsay from his marriage with Marjory Douglas."

Here he paused.

"And if the Church hath power and will to do this," replied the maiden, "what influence can the divorce of the Duke from his wife produce on the fortunes of Catharine Glover!"

She looked at the priest anxiously as she spoke, and he had some apparent difficulty in framing his reply, for he looked on the ground while he answered her.

"What did beauty do for Ca- life for opposing the corruptions

"Did she live happy, or die re-"These are dreams, Father," gretted, good Father?" asked Ca-

"She formed her alliance, from But had she wedded with the "Thou art over hasty, my purpose that the believing wife earth, and an inheritance in

> Hitherto Catharine had sat spoke or listened; but now, as if animated by calm, yet settled feelings of disapprobation, she rose up, and extending her hand towards the monk as she spoke, addressed him with a countenance and voice which might have become a cherub, pitying, and even as much as possible sparing, the feelings of the mortal whose errors he is commissioned to rebuke.

> "And is it even so?" she said, "and can so much of the wishes, hopes, and prejudices of this vile world, affect him who may be called to-morrow to lay down his

of a wicked age and backsliding priesthood? Can it be the severely sucklings," he said, "hath He revirtuous Father Clement, who advises his child to aim at, or even in their generation. I thank to think of, the possession of a Heaven that hath taught me better throne and a bed, which cannot become vacant but by an act of crying injustice to the present possessor? Can it be the wise reformer of the church who wishes to rest a scheme, in itself so unjust, upon a foundation so precarious? Since when is it, good Father, that the principal libertine has altered his morals so much, to be likely to court in honourable fashion the daughter of a Perth artisan? Two days must have wrought this change; for only that space has passed since he was breaking into my father's house at midnight, with worse mischief in his mind than And that of a common robber. think you, that if Rothsay's heart hand. Among the crags and cliffs could dictate so mean a match, he could achieve such a purpose without endangering both his succession and his life, assailed by the Douglas and March at the portions of the same rock, which, same time, for what they must receive as an act of injury and insult to both their houses? Oh! Father Clement, where was your twixt the masses of stone. Into principle, where your prudence, when they suffered you to be bewildered by so strange a dream, and placed the meanest of your disciples in the right thus to reproach you?"

tears, as Catharine, visibly and plies, and they lay like military painfully affected by what she lines of communication, contorted. had said, became at length silent. twisted, and knotted like the im-

"By the mouths of babes and buked those who would seem wise thoughts than my own vanity suggested, through the medium of so kind a monitress.-Yes, Catharine. I must not hereafter wonder or exclaim, when I see those whom I have hither to judged too harshly, struggling for temporal power, and holding all the while the language of religious zeal. thank thee, daughter, for thy salutary admonition, and I thank Heaven that sent it by thy lips, rather than those of a sterner reprover."

Catharine had raised her head to reply, and bid the old man, whose humiliation gave her pain, be comforted, when her eyes were arrested by an object close at which surrounded this place of seclusion, there were two which stood in such close contiguity, that they seemed to have been rended by lightning or by an earthquake, now exhibited a chasm of about four feet in breadth, bethis chasm an oak tree had thrust itself, in one of the fantastic frolics which vegetation often exhibits in such situations. The tree, stunted and ill-fed, had sent its roots along the face of the rock The old man's eyes filled with in all directions to seek for sup-

mense snakes of the Indian Archi-land maiden might have been on pelago. As Catharine's look fell the same occasion. She saw with upon the curious complication of tolerable composure these giganknotty branches and twisted roots, tic forms arrange themselves in a she was suddenly sensible that semicircle around, and in front two large eves were visible among of the Monk and herself, all bendthem, fixed and glaring at her, ing upon them in silence their like those of a wild animal in large fixed eyes, expressing, as ambush. She started, and with far as she could judge, a wild adout speaking, pointed out the ob- miration of her beauty. She inject to her companion, and looking herself with more strict atten- uttered imperfectly the usual tion could at length trace out the words of a Highland salutation. bushy red hair and shaggy beard, The elder and leader of the party which had hitherto been concealed by the drooping branches again remained silent and motionand twisted roots of the tree.

When he saw himself discovered, the Highlander, for such strange fears for her personal he proved, stepped forth from his safety, and anxiety to know lurking-place, and, stalking forward, displayed a colossal person, clothed in a purple, red, and green-checked plaid, under which ment, and moved forward as if to he wore a jacket of bull's hide. His bow and arrows were at his back, his head was bare, and a large quantity of tangled locks, like the glibbs of the Irish, served to cover the head, and supplied all the purposes of a bonnet. His belt bore a sword and dagger, and he had in his hand a Danish poleaxe, more recently called a Lochaber-axe. Through the same rude portal advanced, one by one, four men more, of similar size, and dressed and armed in the same manner.

Catharine was too much accustomed to the appearance of the I b brained with the axes of inhabitants of the mountains so these wild men, like an ox, when, near to Perth, to permit herself worn out by labour, he is conto be alarmed, as another Low-Idemned to the slaughter,

clined her head to them, and returned the greeting, and then The monk told his beads; less. and even Catharine began to have whether they were to consider themselves at personal freedom. She resolved to make the experidescend the hill; but when she attempted to pass the line of Highlanders, they extended their pole-axes betwixt each other, so as effectually to occupy each opening through which she could have passed.

Somewhat disconcerted, yet not dismayed, for she could not conceive that any evil was intended, she sat down upon one of the scattered fragments of rock, and bade the monk, standing by her side, be of good courage.

"If I fear," said Father Clement, "it is not for myself; for whether or whether I am bound with their to denote a sullen feeling of conbow-strings, and delivered over scious degradation, was now bold, to those who will take my life forward, and haughty; and he with more cruel ceremony, it can stood before Catharine with smilbut little concern me, if they ing confidence, as if fully consuffer thee, dearest daughter, to escape uninjured."

"We have neither of us," replied the Maiden of Perth, "any cause for apprehending evil; and here comes Conachar, to assure us of it."

Yet as she spoke, she almost doubted her own eyes; so altered were the manner and attire of the no more, unless in regard to the handsome, stately, and almost splendidly dressed youth, who, springing like a roe-buck, from I am Ian Eachin Maclan, son to a cliff of considerable height, the Chief of the Clan Quhele. lighted just in front of her. His have moulted my feathers, as you dress was of the same tartan worn see, when I changed my name. by those who had first made their And for these men, they are not appearance, but closed at the my father's followers, but mine. throat and elbows with a necklace You see only one half of them and armlets of gold. The hauberk collected; they form a band conwhich he wore over his person, sisting of my foster father and was of steel, but so clearly bur- eight sons, who are my bodynished, that it shone like silver. guard, and the children of my His arms were profusely orna-|belt, who breathe but to do my mented, and his bonnet, besides will. But Conachar," he added, the eagle's feather marking the in a softer tone of voice, "lives quality of chief, was adorned with again so soon as Catharine desires a chain of gold, wrapt several to see him; and while he is the times around it, and secured by a young Chief of the Clan Quhele large clasp, glistening with pearls. to all others, he is to her as His brooch, by which the tartan humble and obedient as when he mantle, or plaid, as it is now was Simon Glover's apprentice. called, was secured on the See, here is the stick I had from shoulder, was also of gold, large you when we nutted together in and curiously carved. He bore the sunny braes of Lednoch, when no weapon in his hand, excepting Autumn was young in the year a small sapling stick, with a that is gone. I would not exhooked head. His whole appear- change it, Catharine, for the ance and gait, which used formerly truncheon of my tribe."

scious of his improved appearance, and waiting till she should recognise him.

"Conachar," said Catharine, desirous to break this state of suspense, "are these your father's men?"

"No, fair Catharine," answered the young man. "Conachar is wrongs he has sustained, and the vengeance which they demand. Т

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

tharine began to doubt in her own shorten the interview. mind whether she had acted prudently in requesting the assistance Conachar is no longer your name, of a bold young man, elated, doubtless, by his sudden elevation from a state of servitude, to one which she was aware gave him extensive authority over a very lawless body of adherents.

"You do not fear me, fair Catharine?" said the young chief, taking her hand. "I suffered my people to appear before me for a few minutes, that I might see how you could endure their presence; and methinks you regarded them as if you were born to be a chieftain's wife."

"I have no reason to fear wrong from Highlanders," said Catharine firmly; "especially as I thought Conachar was with them. Conachar has drunk of our cup, and eaten of our bread; and my father has often had traffic with Highlanders, and never was there wrong or quarrel betwixt him and them.

"No?" replied Hector, for such is the Saxon equivalent for Eachin, "what! never when he took the part of the Gow Chrom" (the bandy-legged Smith), against Eachin MacIan?-Say nothing to excuse it, and believe it will be your own fault if I ever again allude to it. But you had some command to lay upon me-speak, and you shall be obeyed."

for there was something in the hills, and vales, and forests, extend young Chief's manner and lan-beyond the dusky barrier

While Eachin thus spoke, Ca-|guage, which made her desire to

"Eachin," she said, "since you ought to be sensible that in claiming, as I honestly might, a service from my equal, I little thought that I was addressing a person of such superior power and consequence. You, as well as I, have been obliged to the religious instruction of this good man. He is now in great danger; wicked men have accused him with false charges, and he is desirous to remain in safety and concealment till the storm shall pass away."

"Ha! the good Clerk Clement? Ay, the worthy clerk did much for me, and more than my rugged temper was capable to profit by. I will be glad to see any one in the town of Perth persecute one who hath taken hold of MacIan's mantle!"

"It may not be safe to trust too much to that," said Catharine "I nothing doubt the power of your tribe, but when the Black Douglas takes up a feud, he is not to be scared by the shaking of a Highland plaid."

The Highlander disguised his displeasure at this speech with a forced laugh.

"The sparrow," he said, "that is next the eye, seems larger than the eagle that is perched on Bengoile. You fear the Douglasses most, because they sit next to But be it as you will-You vou. Catharine hastened to reply; will not believe how wide our oť yonder mountains, and you think that there be peace on all sides. all the world lies on the banks of -Farewell kind and excellent Fathe Tay. But this good Clerk ther Clement; believe I shall never shall see hills that could hide him forget thy lessons-remember me were all the Douglasses on his quest-ay, and he shall see men thou be able to sustain a journey enough also, to make them glad to get once more southward of the Grampians.-And wherefore be," said Hector, "if we go far should you not go with the good man? I will send a party to bring him in safety from Perth, and we hence to Perth. Let me attend will set up the old trade beyond Loch Tay-only no more cutting out of gloves for me. I will find | I would not refuse your escort. your father in hides, but I will not cut them, save when they are on the creatures' backs."

"My father will come one day and see your house-keeping, Conachar-I mean, Hector.-But times must be quieter, for there is feud between the town's-people jackets." and the followers of the noblemen, and there is speech of war|she somewhat suspected, that, in about to break out in the Highlands."

"Yes, by Our Lady, Catharine! and were it not for that same his humbler state, and that, though Highland war, you should not he might use bold words, he would thus put off your Highland visit, not be rash enough to brave the my pretty mistress. But the race odds of numbers, to which a deof the hills are no longer to be scent into the vicinity of the city divided into two nations. They will would be likely to expose him. It fight like men for the supremacy, appeared that she judged corand he who gets it will deal with rectly; for, after a farewell, in the King of Scotland as an equal, which she compounded for the not as a superior. Pray that the immunity of her lips, by permitvictory may fall to Maclan, my ting him to kiss her hand, she repious St. Catharine, for thou shalt turned towards Perth, and could pray for one who loves thee obtain at times, when she looked dearly."

Catharine, "or rather, I will pray the most concealed and impracti-

in thy prayers. - But how wilt so toilsome?"

"They shall carry him if need without finding a horse for him. But you, Catharine-it is far from you thither as I was wont."

"If you were as you were wont, But gold brooches and bracelets are perilous company, when the Liddesdale and Annandale lancers are riding as throng upon the highway as the leaves at Hallowmass; and there is no safe meeting betwixt Highland tartans and steel

She hazarded this remark, as casting his slough, young Eachin had not entirely surmounted the habits which he had acquired in back, an occasional glance of the "I will pray for the right," said Highlanders, as, winding through

cable paths, they bent their way too, her father's importunity on towards the North.

her immediate anxiety, as the unworthy reports had reached distance increased betwixther and her; and whose suit, had he stood these men, whose actions were clear in her good opinion, she only directed by the will of their dared not listen to, while Rachief, and whose chief was a morny's threats of revenge upon giddy and impetuous boy. She her father rung on her ear. apprehended no insult on her re- thought on these various dangers turn to Perth, from the soldiery with the deepest apprehension, of any party whom she might and an earnest desire to escape meet; for the rules of chivalry from them and herself, by taking were in those days a surer protec- refuge in the cloister; but saw no tion to a maiden of decent appearance, than an escort of armed ther's consent to the only course men, whose cognizance might not from which she expected peace be acknowledged as friendly by any other party whom they might chance to encounter. But more tions, we cannot discover that she remote dangers pressed on her apprehension. The pursuit of the licentious Prince was rendered formidable by threats which his unprincipled counsellor Ramorny, had not shunned to utter against her father, if she persevered in her coyness. These menaces, in such an age, and from such a sigh escaped from her bosom, character, were deep grounds for alarm; nor could she consider the lentine's dawn. pretensions to her favour which Conachar had scarce repressed during his state of servitude, and seemed now to avow boldly, as less fraught with evil, since there had been repeated incursions of the Highlanders into the very town of Perth, and citizens had, the confessional; those of the sick on more occasions than one, been chamber are not hidden from us. made prisoners, and carried off In a darkened apartment, where from their own houses, or had salves and medicines shewed that fallen by the claymore in the very the leech had been busy in his streets of their city. She teared, craft, a tall thin form lay on a

behalf of the Smith, of whose She felt in part relieved from conduct on St. Valentine's day She possibility of obtaining her faand protection.

> In the course of these reflecvery distinctly regretted that her perils attended her because she was the Fair Maid of Perth; this was one point which marked that she was not yet altogether an angel; and perhaps it was another, that, in despite of Henry Smith's real or supposed delinquencies, a when she thought upon St. Va-

## CHAPTER XV.

O for a draught of power to steep The soul of agony in sleep! BERTHA.

WE have shown the secrets of

bed, arrayed in a nightgown belt-|which set all the medicines of ed around him, with pain on his brow, and a thousand stormy passions agitating his bosom. Every thing in the apartment indicated a man of opulence and of ex-Henbane Dwining, the pense. apothecary, who seemed to have the care of the patient, stole with a crafty and cat-like step from one corner of the room to another, busying himself with mixing medicines and preparing dressings. The sick man groaned once or twice, on which the leech, advancing to his bedside, asked whether these sounds were a token of the pain of his body, or of the distress of his mind.

"Of both, thou poisoning varlet," said Sir John Ramorny; "and of being encumbered with thy accursed company."

"If that is all, I can relieve your knighthood of one of these ills, by presently removing my-Thanks to the self elsewhere. feuds of this boisterous time, had I twenty hands instead of these two poor servants of my art" (displaying his skinny palms), "there is enough of employment for them; well requited employment, too, where thanks and crowns contend which shall best pay my services; while you, Sir John, wreak upon your chirurgeon the anger you ought only to bear against the author of your wound."

"Villain, it is beneath me to reply to thee," said the patient; "but every word of thy malignant women, despised by them, too, as tongue is a dirk, inflicting wounds a miserable impotent cripple, un-

Arabia at defiance."

"Sir John, I understand you not; but if you give way to these tempestuous fits of rage, it is impossible but fever and inflammation must be the result."

"Why then dost thou speak in a sense to chafe my blood? Why dost thou name the supposition of thy worthless self having more hands than nature gave thee, while I, a knight and gentleman, am mutilated like a cripple?"

"Sir John," replied the chirurgeon, "I am no divine, nor a mainly obstinate believer in some things which divines tell us. Yet I may remind you that you have been kindly dealt with; for if the blow which has done you this injury had lighted on your neck, as it was aimed, it would have swept your head from your shoulders, instead of amputating a less considerable member."

"I wish it had, Dwining-1 wish it had lighted as it was addressed. I should not then have seen a policy, which had spun a web so fine as mine, burst through by the brute force of a drunken churl.—I should not have been reserved to see horses which I must not mount-lists which I must no longer enter-splendours which I cannot hope to share—or battles which I must not take part in. I should not, with a man's passions for power and for strife, be set to keep place among the

able to aim at obtaining the favour | high his deadly dagger as it drops of the sex."

"Supposing all this to be so, I will yet pray of your knighthood to remark," replied Dwining, still busying himself with arranging the dressings of the wounds, "that souled villain than I deemed your eyes, which you must have lost with your head, may, being spared to you, present as rich a Dwining. prospect of pleasure as either ambition or victory in the lists or in the field, or the love of woman itself, could have proposed to vou."

"My sense is too dull to catch thy meaning, leech," replied Ramorny. "What is this precious spectacle reserved to me in such approach, but attain our object a shipwreck?"

"The dearest that mankind knows," replied Dwining; and then, in the accent of a lover who utters the name of his beloved mistress, and expresses his passion for her in the very tone of his voice, he added the word the wily mediciner, "must attain "Revenge!"

The patient had raised himself on his couch to listen with some ciner, wherefore thou wouldst anxiety for the solution of the read me these devil's lessons? physician's enigma. He laid Why wouldst thou thrust me himself down again as he heard faster or farther on to my vengeit explained, and after a short ance, than I may seem to thee pause, asked, "In what Christian ready to go of my own accord? college learned you this morality, I am old in the ways of the world, good Master Dwining?"

swered his physician; "for though it is privately received in most, it dangerous confidence of men like is openly and manfully adopted me, save with the prospect of adin none. But I have studied vancing some purpose of their among the sages of Granada, own. What interest hast thou in

with his enemy's blood, and avows the doctrine which the pallid Christian practises, though coward-like he dare not name it."

"Thou art then a more highthee," said Ramorny.

"Let that pass," answered "The waters that are the stillest, are also the deepest; and the foe is most to be dreaded who never threatens till he strikes. You knights and men-at-arms go straight to your purpose with sword in hand. We, who are clerks, win our access with a noiseless step and an indirect not less surely."

"And I," said the knight, "who have trod to my revenge with a mailed foot, which made all echo around it, must now use such a slipper as thine? Ha!"

"He who lacks strength," said his purpose by skill."

"And tell me sincerely, mediman; and I know that such as "In no Christian college," an- thou do not drop words in vain, or thrust themselves upon the where the fiery-souled Moor lifts the road, whether peaceful or

bloody, which I may pursue on a sapling, by the blow of a churl, these occurrents?"

"In plain dealing, Sir Knight, though it is what I seldom use," answered the leech, "my road to revenge is the same with yours."

"With mine, man?" said Ramorny, with a tone of scornful surprise. "I thought it had been high beyond thy reach. Thou aim at the same revenge with Ramorny!"

"for the smithy churl under whose blow you have suffered, has often done me despite and injury. He has thwarted me in council, and dealing with him. He is the despised me in action. His brutal and unhesitating bluntness is a ful swordsman in Perth, and all living reproach to the subtlety of my natural disposition. I fear him and I hate him."

active coadjutor in me?" said Hope not thou to escape my Ramorny, in the same supercili-vengeance, unless thou become ous tone as before. "But know, my passive agent in the scene the artisan fellow is too low in which is to follow. Mark me, degree, to be to me either the I say once more. I have studied object of hatred or of fear. Yet at no Moorish college, and lack he shall not escape. We hate some of thy unbounded appetite not the reptile that has stung us, for revenge, but yet I will have though we might shake it off the my share of vengeance.-Listen wound, and tread upon it. I to me, mediciner, while I shall know the ruffian of old as a stout thus far unfold myself; but beware man-at-arms, and a pretender, as of treachery, for powerful as thy I have heard, to the favour of the fiend is, thou hast taken lessons scornful puppet, whose beauties, from a meaner devil than mine. forsooth, spurred us to our wise Hearken-the master whom I and hopeful attempt.--Fiends, have served through vice and that direct this nether world! by virtue, with too much zeal for my what malice have ye decided that own character perhaps, but with the hand which has couched a unshaken fidelity to him—the lance against the bosom of a very man, to soothe whose frantic prince, should be struck off like folly I have incurred this irrepa-

and during the turmoil of a midnight riot!-Well, mediciner. thus far our courses hold together, and I bid thee well believe that I will crush for thee this reptile mechanic. But do not thou think to escape me, when that part of my revenge is done, which will be most easily and speedily accomplished."

"Not, it may be, altogether so "Ay, truly," replied Dwining; easily accomplished," said the apothecary; "for if your knighthood will credit me, there will be found small ease or security in strongest, boldest, and most skilthe country around it."

"Fear nothing; he shall be met with had he the strength of "And you hope to find an Samson. But then, mark me!

his doating father, about to sacri-ling world is thrust down like a fice me, by turning me out of his dwarf in a crowd, and so trodden favour, and leaving me at the under foot-the rich and powerful mercy of the hypocritical relative, rise like giants above the press, with whom he seeks a precarious and areatease, while all is turmoil reconciliation at my expense. If around them." he perseveres in this most ungrateful purpose, thy fiercest the press, mediciner, as high as Moors, were their complexion gold can raise thee. This purse swarthy as the smoke of hell, is weighty, yet it is but an earnest shall blush to see their revenge of thy guerdon." outdone! But I will give him one more chance for honour and benefactor"-said the leech. as safety, before my wrath shall he pouched the gratuity-"This descend on him in unrelenting Henry of the Wynd, or whatever and unmitigated fury. - There, is his name-would not the news then, thus far thou hast my con- that he hath paid the penalty of fidence-Close hands on our bar-his action, assuage the pain of thy gain-close hands, did I say?- knighthood's wound better than where is the hand, that should be the balm of Mecca with which I the pledge and representative of have salved it?" Ramorny's plighted word! is it nailed on the public pillory, or Ramorny; and I have no more flung as offal to the houseless resentment against him than I dogs, who are even now snarling have ill-will at the senseless over it? Lay thy finger on the weapon which he swayed. But mutilated stump then, and swear it is just thy hate should be vented to be a faithful actor in my revenge, as I shall be in yours .--How now, Sir Leech, look you pale-you, who say to Death, said Dwining. "To make the stand back or advance, can you tremble to think of him or to hear him named? I have not mentioned your fee, for one who loves revenge for itself, requires no them strong knaves, and all lov-deeper bribe-yet, if broad lands ing to their master. By night and large sums of gold can increase thy zeal in a brave cause, hath his doors strongly secured believe me, these shall not be with bolt of oak and bar of iron, lacking."

"They tell for something in could be forced, the neighbour-my humble wishes," said Dwi- hood would rise to his rescue,

rable loss, is, at the prayer of ning; "the poor man in this bust-

"Then shalt thou arise above

"And this Smith? my noble

"He is beneath the thoughts of upon him. Where is he chiefly to be met with?"

"That also I have considered," attempt by day in his own house, were too open and dangerous, for he hath five servants who work with him at the stithy, four of were scarce less desperate, for he and ere the fastenings of his house especially as they are still alarmed | compass, but is an outlier and a

Ramorny, "for deceit is thy na- and the followers of Douglas. Yes, ture even with me-thou knewest 1 met him sneaking through the my hand and signet, as thou lanes and by-passages with a comsaidst, when that hand was found mon minstrel wench, with her cast out on the street, like the messan and her viol on his one disgusting refuse of a shambles, arm, and her buxom self hanging -why, having such knowledge, upon the other. What thinks your went'st thou with these jolter- honour? Is not this a trim squire, headed citizens to consult that to cross a prince's love with the Patrick Charteris, whose spurs fairest girl in Perth, strike off the should be hacked off from his hand of a knight and baron, and heels for the communion which become gentleman-usher, to a he holds with paltry burghers, strolling glee-woman, all in the and whom thou brought'st here course of the same four-and-twenty with the fools to do dishonour to the lifeless hand, which, had it held its wonted place, he was not him that he is so much of a gentleworthy to have fouched in peace, man's humour, clown though he or faced in war?"

had reason to know you had been galliard, and I should have had the sufferer, I urged them with better heart to aid thy revenge;all my powers of persuasion to and such revenge! revenge on a desist from prosecuting the feud, smith-in the quarrel of a pitiful but the swaggering Smith, and manufacturer of rotten cheverons? one or two other hot heads, cried Pah!-And yet it shall be taken out for vengeance. Your knight- in full. Thou hast commenced hood must know this fellow calls it, I warrant me, by thine own himself bachelor to the Fair manœuvres." Maiden of Perth, and stands upon his honour to follow up her father's the apothecary; -"I took care quarrel; but I have forestalled that two or three of the most nohis market in that quarter, and torious gossips in Curfew Street, that is something in earnest of who liked not to hear Catharine revenge."

Leech?" said the patient.

ceive," said the mediciner, "that that, rather than doubt had fallen

by the practice on St. Valentine's galliard. I met him myself on Even." St. Valentine's day, shortly after "O ay, true, mediciner," said the affray between the townsfolk hours?"

"Marry, I think the better of be," said Ramorny. "I would he "My noble patron, as soon as I had been a precisian instead of a

"In a small degree only "-said called the Fair Maid of Perth. "How mean you by that, Sir should be possessed of this story of her faithful Valentine. They "Your knighthood shall con-opened on the scent so keenly, this Smith doth not live within on the tale, they would have

vouched for it as if their own eyes the party. Take such advantage had seen it. The lover came to her father's within an hour after, and your worship may think what a reception he had from the angry Glover, for the damsel herself would not be looked upon. And thus your honour sees I had a foretaste of revenge. But I trust to receive the full draught from the hands of your lordship, with whom I am in a brotherly league, which ----"

"Brotherly!" said the knight, contemptuously. "But be it so, you double anything, let it be the the priests say we are all of one reward." common earth. I cannot tell-there seems to me some difference; but the better mould shall keep faith with the baser, and thou shalt have thy revenge. Call thou my page hither."

A young man made his appearance from the ante-room upon the physician's summons.

"Eviot," said the knight, "does Bonthron wait? and is he sober?"

"He is as sober as sleep can make him after a deep drink," answered the page.

"Then fetch him hither, and do thou shut the door."

A heavy step presently approached the apartment, and a you, and have axe and dagger in man entered whose deficiency of height seemed made up in breadth of shoulders and strength of arm.

"There is a man thou must deal upon, Bonthron," said the knight.

The man smoothed his rugged features and grinned a smile of satisfaction.

"That mediciner will shew thee

of time, place, and circumstance, as will ensure the result; and mind you come not by the worst, for the man is the fighting Smith of the Wynd."

"It will be atough job," growled the assassin; "for if I miss my blow. I may esteem myself but a dead man. All Perth rings with the Smith's skill and strength."

"Take two assistants with thee," said the knight.

"Not I," said Bonthron. "If

"Account it doubled," said his master; "but see thy work be thoroughly executed."

"Trust me for that, Sir Knight -seldom have I failed."

"Use this sage man's directions," said the wounded knight, pointing to the physician. "And hark thee, await his coming forth -and drink not till the business be done."

"I will not," answered the dark satellite; "my own life depends on my blow being steady and sure. I know whom I have to deal with."

"Vanish, then, till he summons readiness."

Bonthron nodded and withdrew. "Will your knighthood venture to intrust such an act to a single hand?" said the mediciner, when the assassin had left the room. "May I pray you to remember that yonder party did, two nights since, baffle six armed men?"

"Question me not, Sir Medi-

ciner; a man like Bonthron, who with which my own scalpel could knows time and place, is worth a have made the amputation. In a score of confused revellers .- Call few days you will be able, with Eviot-thou shalt first exert thy care and attention to the ordipowers of healing, and do not nances of medicine, to stir abroad." doubt that thou shalt, in the farther work, be aided by one hand"who will match thee in the art of sudden and unexpected destruction."

The page Eviot again appeared at the mediciner's summons, and at his master's sign assisted the chirurgeon in removing the dressings from Sir John Ramorny's wounded arm. Dwining viewed in such sort as to make it generally the naked stump with a species of professional satisfaction, enhanced, no doubt, by the malignant Ramorny, "that the rumour may pleasure which his evil disposition took in the pain and distress of his fellow-creatures. The knight just turned his eye on the ghastly spectacle, and uttered, under the the court, and then, when new acpressure of bodily pain or mental agony, a groan which he would lection of the present stir, it may fain have repressed.

"You groan, sir," said the leech, in his soft insinuating tone of voice, but with a sneer of enjoyment, mixed with scorn, curling stand for the truth of it." upon his lip, which his habitual dissimulation could not altogether said Ramorny, with another groan disguise-"You groan, but be of mental and bodily agony. "Yet comforted. This Henry Smith I see no better remedy." knows his business—his sword is as true to its aim as his hammer leech, to whose evil nature his to the anvil. swordsman struck this fatal blow, nourishment. "In the meanwhile he had barmed the bone and it is believed you are confined by damaged the muscles, so that even the consequences of some bruises, my art might not have been able aiding the sense of displeasure at to repair them. But Henry Smith's the Prince's having consented to cut is clean, and as sure as that dismiss you from his household.

"But my hand—the loss of my

"It may be kept secret for a time," said the mediciner; "I have possessed two or three tattling fools, in deep confidence, that the hand which was found was that of your knighthood's groom, Black Quentin, and your knighthood knows that he has parted for Fife, believed."

"I know well enough," said stifle the truth for a short time. But what avails this brief delay?"

"It may be concealed till your knighthood retires for a time from cidents have darkened the recolbe imputed to a wound received from the shivering of a spear, or from a crossbow bolt. Your slave will find a suitable device, and

"The thought maddens me,"

"There is none other," said the Had a common patron's distress was delicious at the remonstrance of Albany; which is publicly known."

"Villain, thou rack'st me!" exclaimed the patient.

"Upon the whole, therefore," said Dwining, "your knighthood has escaped well, and, saving the lack of your hand, a mischance beyond remedy, you ought rather to rejoice than complain; for no barber-chirurgeon in France or England could have more ably performed the operation than this churl with one downright blow."

"1 understand my obligation fully," said Ramorny, struggling with his anger, and affecting composure; "and if Bonthron pays him not with a blow equally downright, and rendering the aid of the leech unnecessary, say that the talons of a hungry eagle." John of Ramorny cannot requite an obligation."

"That is spoke like yourself, noble knight!" answered the mediciner. "And let me further say, that the operator's skill must have tion. been vain, and the hemorrhage must have drained your life-veins, hand can no longer clasp a dagger, but for the bandages, the cautery, I can command a hundred." and the styptics, applied by the good monks, and the poor services brandished in anger were suffiof your humble vassal, Henbane Dwining."

"with thy ill-omened voice, and tone partly insinuating, partly worse-omened name!-Methinks, jeering, "who would then relieve as thou mentionest the tortures I the fiery and scorching pain which have undergone, my tingling my patron now suffers, and which nerves stretch and contract them- rendershim exasperated even with selves as if they still actuated the his poor servant for quoting the fingers that once could clutch a rules of healing, so contemptible, dagger!"

"That," explained the leech, power of inflicting wounds?"

"may it please your knighthood, is a phenomenon well known to our profession. There have been those among the ancient sages who have thought that there still remained a sympathy between the severed nerves, and those belonging to the amputated limb: and that the several fingers are seen to quiver and strain, as corresponding with the impulse which proceeds from their sympathy with the energies of the living system. Could we recover the hand from the Cross, or from the custody of the Black Douglas, I would be pleased to observe this wonderful operation of occult sympathies. But I fear me, one might as safely go to wrest the joint from

"And thou mayst as safely break thy malignant jests on a wounded lion, as on John of Ramorny!" said the knight, raising himself in uncontrollable indigna-"Caitiff, proceed to thy duty; and remember, that if my

"The sight of one drawn and cient," said Dwining, "to consume wining." "Peace!" exclaimed the patient, But who then," he added, in a doubtless, compared with the

trifle with the mood of his dangerous patient, the leech addressed himself seriously to salving the wound, and applied a fragrant balm, the odour of which was is uncertain-perhaps till morndiffused through the apartment, ing." while it communicated a refreshing coolness, instead of the burning heat; a change so gratifying to the fevered patient, that, as he had before groaned with agony, he could not now help sighing for pleasure, as he sank back on his the whole with readiness; but the couch to enjoy the ease which the dressing bestowed.

"Your knightly lordship now knows who is your friend," said Dwining; "had you yielded to a rash impulse, and said, 'Slay me this worthless quacksalver,'where, within the four seas of Britain, would you have found the man to manifested suspicion. have ministered to you as much comfort?"

"Forget my threats, good leech," said Ramorny, "and beware how you tempt me. Such as I brook not jests upon our knight, insects have their power agony. See thou keep thy scoffs, to pass upon misers\* in the hospi-|What would it have cost me, save tal."

more, but poured some drops have made your arm rot to the from a phial which he took from his pocket, into a small cup of wine allayed with water.

Then, as daring no longer to a sleep which must not be interrupted."

"For how long will it last!" asked the knight.

"The period of its operation

"Perhaps for ever," said the patient. "Sir Mediciner, taste me that liquor presently, else it passes not my lips."

The leech obeyed him with a scornful smile. "I would drink juice of this Indian gum will bring sleep on the healthy man as well as upon the patient, and the business of the leech requires me to be a watcher."

"I crave your pardon, Sir Leech," said Ramorny, looking downwards, as if ashamed to have

"There is no room for pardon where offence must not be taken." answered the mediciner. "An insect must thank a giant that he does not tread on him. Yet, noble of harming as well as physicians. a moment's trouble, so to have Dwining ventured to say no drugged that balm, as should shoulder joint, and your life-blood curdle in your veins to a corrupted jelly! What is there that prevented "This draught," said the man me to use means yet more subtle, of art. "is medicated to produce and to taint your room with essences, before which, the light of life twinkles more and more dimly, till it expires, like a torch amidst the foul vapours of some subterranean dungeon? You little

<sup>\*</sup> That is, miserable persons, as used in Spenser, and other writers of his time; though the sense is now restricted to those who are covetous.

not that these, and yet deeper page. modes of destruction, stand at command of my art.\* But a phy-have done ill to unbosom myself sician slays not the patient by whose generosity he lives, and far less will he, the breath of whose nostrils is the hope of revenge. destroy the vowed ally who is to favour his pursuit of it.-Yet one hood." word;-should a necessity occur for rousing yourself,---for who in Scotland can promise himself eight hours uninterrupted repose?-then smell at the strong essence contained in this pouncet-box.-And now, farewell, Sir Knight; and if you cannot think of me as a man of nice conscience, acknowledge me at least as one of reason and of judgment."

So saying, the mediciner left the room; his usual mean and shuffling gait elevating itself into something more noble, as conscious of a victory over his imperious patient.

Sir John Ramorny remained sunk in unpleasing reflections, until he began to experience the incipient effects of his soporific draught. He then roused himself

\* The extent to which the science of poisoning was carried in the middle ages on the continent, is well known. The hateful practice was more and more refined, and still more generally adopted, afterwards: and we are told, among other instances of diabolical cunning, of gloves which could not be put on without inflicting a mortal disease, of letters which, on being opened, diffused a fatal vapour, Voltaire justly and candidly etc. etc. mentions it as a distinguishing characteristic of the British, that political poisonings make little, if any, figure in their history.

estimate my power, if you know for an instant, and summoned his

"Eviot! what ho! Eviot!-I so far to this poisonous quack-salver-Eviot!"

The page entered.

"Is the mediciner gone forth?" "Yes, so please your knight-

"Alone, or accompanied?"

"Bonthron spoke apart with him. and followed him almost immediately-by your lordship's command, as I understood him."

"Lack-a-day, yes!-he goes to seek some medicaments-he will return anon. If he be intoxicated, see he comes not near my chamber, and permit him not to enter into converse with any one. He raves when drink has touched his brain. He was a rare fellow before a Southron bill laid his brain-pau bare; but since that time he talks gibberish whenever the cup has crossed his lips.-Said the leech aught to you, Eviot?"

"Nothing, save to reiterate his commands that your honour be not disturbed."

"Which thou must surely obey," said the knight. "I feel the summons to rest, of which I have been deprived since this unhappy wound-At least, if I have slept it has been but for a snatch. Aid me to take off my gown, Eviot."

"May God and the saints send you good rest, my lord," said the page, retiring after he had rendered his wounded master the assistance required.

As Eviot left the room, the

knight, whose brain was becoming more and more confused, muttered over the page's departing salutation.

"God—saints—I have slept sound under such a benison. But now—methinks if I awake not to hopes of power and revenge, the best wish for me is, that the slumbers which now fall around my head, were the forerunners of that sleep which shall return my borrowed powers to their original non-existence—I can argue it no farther."

Thus speaking, he fell into a profound sleep.

## CHAPTER XVI.

On Fastern's E'en when we war fou. SCOTS SONG.

THE night which sunk down on the sick bed of Ramorny, was not doomed to be a quiet one. Two hours had passed since curfew bell, then rung at seven o'clock at night, and in those primitive times all were retired to rest, excepting such whom devotion, or duty, or debauchery, made watchers; and the evening being that of Shrovetide, or, as it was called in Scotland, Fastern's E'en\* the vigils of gaiety were by far the most frequented of the three.

\* Fastern's E'en, the evening before the commencement of the fast, - Anglice-Shrove-tide, the season of being shriven, or of confession and absolution, before beginning the penance of Lent. The cockfights, otc., still held at this period, are relies of the Catholic carnival that Preceded the weeks of abstinence.

The common people had. throughout the day, toiled and struggled at football; the nobles and gentry had fought cocks, and hearkened to the wanton music of the minstrel; while the citizens had gorged themselves upon pancakes fried in lard, and brose, or which salted beef had been boiled. poured upon highly-toasted oatmeal, a dish which even now is not ungrateful to simple oldfashioned Scottish palates. These were all exercises and festive dishes proper to the holiday. It was no less a solemnity of the evening. that the devout Catholic should drink as much good ale and wine as he had means to procure; and, if young and able, that he should dance at the ring, or figure among the morrice-dancers, who, in the city of Perth, as elsewhere, wore a peculiarly fantastic garb, and distinguished themselves by their address and activity. All this gaiety took place under the prudential consideration, that the long term of Lent, now approaching, with its fasts and deprivations, rendered it wise for mortals to cram as much idle and sensual indulgence as they could into the brief space which intervened before its commencement.

The usual revels had taken place, and in mostparts of the city were succeeded by the usual pause. A particular degree of care had been taken by the nobility, to prevent any renewal of discord betwixt their followers and the citizens of the town; so that the casualties than usual, embracing to drown in an artificial squeak only three deaths, and certain the pert conceited tone of Oliver fractured limbs, which, occurring Proudfute. "But a sight of thy to individuals of little note, were lovely daughter had been more not accounted worth inquiring into. The carnival was closing quietly in general, but in some places the sport was still kept up.

One company of revellers, who had been particularly noticed and applauded, seemed unwilling to conclude their frolic. The Entry, as it was called, consisted of thirteen persons, habited in the same manner, having doublets chamois leather sitting close to their bodies, curiously slashed rie of the Griffin;" cried the rest of and laced. They wore green caps with silver tassels, red ribands, panion; "for there will we ring and white shoes, had bells hung in Lent, and have another rouse at their knees and around their to the health of the lovely Cathaankles, and naked swords in their rine." hands. This gallant party, having exhibited a sword-dance be- hour," said Oliver, "and see who fore the King, with much clashing of weapons, and fantastic inter-|sing the loudest glee. Nay, I will change of postures, went on gal- be merry, in what remains of lantly to repeat their exhibition Fastern's Even, should Lent find before the door of Simon Glover, me with my mouth closed for where, having made a fresh ex- ever." hibition of their agility, they caused wine to be served round to in the morrice; "farewell, slashtheir own company and the by-ling Bonnet-maker, till we meet standers, and with a loud shout again." drank to the health of the Fair Maid of Perth. This summoned dingly set out upon their further old Simon to the door of his habita-progress, dancing and caroling as tion, to acknowledge the courtesy they went along to the sound of of his countrymen, and in his turn four musicians, who led the joyto send the wine around in honour ous band, while Simon Glover of the Merry Morrice-dancers of drew Coryphæus into his house, Perth.

revels had proceeded with fewer | Simon," said a voice, which strove sweet to us young bloods, than a whole vintage of Malvoisie."

"I thank you, neighbours, for your good-will," replied the Glover. "My daughter is ill at ease, and may not come forth into the cold night-air-but if this gay gallant, whose voice methinks I should know, will go into my poor house, she will charge him with thanks of for the rest of you."

"Bring them to us at the hostelthe ballet to their favoured com-

"Have with you in half an will quaff the largest flagon, or

"Farewell, then,"cried his mates

The morrice-dancers accorand placed him in a chair by his

"We thank thee, Father parlour fire.

"But where is your daughter?" |sad fancies. Ah, Father Simon, said Oliver. "She is the bait for we martialists that have spilt blood us brave blades."

"Why, truly, she keeps her apartment, neighbour Oliver; "and to speak plainly, she keeps her bed."

"Why, then will I up stairs to see her in her sorrow-you have marred my ramble, Gaffer Glover, and you owe me amends-a roving blade like me-I will not lose both the lass and the glass.-Keeps her bed, does she?

My dog and I we have a trick To visit maids when they are sick; When they are sick and like to die, O thither do come my dog and I. And when I die, as needs must hap, Then bury me under the good ale tap; With folded arms there let me lie Cheek for jowl, my dog and I."

"Canst thou not be serious for a moment, neighbour Proudfute?" said the Glover; "I want a word of conversation with you."

"Serious?" answered his visiter; "why, I have been serious all this day—I can hardly open my mouth, but something comes out about death, a burial, or suchlike-the most serious subjects that I wot of."

"St. John, man!" said the Glover, "art thou fey?"

"No, not a whit—it is not my own death which these gloomy fancies foretell—I have a strong horoscope, and shall live for fifty years to come. But it is the case of the poor fellow-the Douglasman, whom I struck down at the fray of Saint Valentine's-he died last night—it is that which weighs of my sword, they are as false as on my conscience, and awakens hell, Father Simon. What-blades Scott. the Fair Maid of Perth.

in our choler, have dark thoughts at times-I sometimes wish that my knife had cut nothing but worsted thrums."

"And I wish," said Simon," that mine had cut nothing but buck's leather, for it has sometimes cut my own fingers. But thou mayst spare thy remorse for this bout; there was but one man dangerously hurt at the affray, and it was he from whom Henry Smith hewed the hand, and he is well recovered. His name is Black Quentin, one of Sir John Ramorny's followers. He has been sent privately back to his own country of Fife."

"What, Black Quentin?-why, that is the very man that Henry and I, as we ever keep close together, struck at the same moment, only my blow fell somewhat earlier. I fear farther feud will come of it. and so does the Provost.-And is he recovered? Why, then, I will be jovial, and since thou wilt not let me see how Kate becomes her night-gear, I will back to the Griffin to my morrice-dancers."

"Nay, stay but one instant .---Thou art a comrade of Henry Wynd, and hast done him the service to own one or two deeds, and this last among others. would thou couldst clear him of other charges, with which fame hath loaded him."

"Nay, I will swear by the hilt

and targets! shall not men of the held my child insulted, that he sword stick together?"

be patient; thou mayst do the self into unseemly society on the Smith a kind turn, an thou takest very day when, by ancient custom, this matter the right way. I have he might have had an opportunity chosen thee to consult with anent to press his interest with my this matter-not that I hold thee the wisest head in Perth, for should I say so, I should lie."

"Ay, ay," answered the selfsatisfied Bonnet-maker; "I know where you think my fault liesyou cool heads think we hot heads are fools-I have heard men call Henry Wynd such a score of times."

"Fool enough and cool enough may rhyme together passing well," said the Glover; "but thou art good-natured, and I think lovest not think he would use us thus, this crony of thine. It stands awkwardly with us and him just now," continued Simon. "Thou knowest there hath been some talk of marriage between my daughter Catharine and Henry Gow?"

"I have heard some such song since St. Valentine's Morn-Ah? he that shall win the Fair Maid of Perth must be a happy man-and vet marriage spoils many a pretty fellow. I myself somewhat re-" gret-

"Prithee, truce with thy regrets for the present, man," interrupted the Glover, somewhat peevishly. "You must know, Oliver, that some of these talking women, who, I think, make all the business of the world their own, have accused Henry of keeping light company with glee-women and suchlike. Catharine took it to heart; and I

had not waited upon her like a "Nay, neighbourBonnet-maker, Valentine, but had thrown him-Therefore when he daughter. came hither late on the evening of St. Valentine's, I, like a hasty old fool, bid him go home to the company he had left, and denied him admittance. I have not seen him since, and I begin to think that I may have been too rash in the matter. She is my only child, and the grave should have her sooner than a debauchee. But I have hitherto thought I knew Henry Gow as if he were my son. I canand it may be there are means of explaining what is laid to his charge. I was led to ask Dwining, who is said to have saluted the Smith while he was walking with this choice mate-if I am to believe his words, this wench was the Smith's cousin, Joan Letham. But thou knowest that the pottercarrier ever speaks one language with his visage, and another with his tongue-Now, thou, Oliver, hast too little wit-I mean, too much honesty-to belie the truth, and as Dwining hinted that thou also hadst seen her ----- "

> "I see her, Simon Glover! Will Dwining say that I saw her?"

> "No, not precisely that-but he says you told him you had met the Smith thus accompanied."

"He lies, and I will pound him

into a gallipot!" said Oliver Proud-|lands with a barelegged cateran, fute.

then of such a meeting?"

"What an if I did?" said the him!" Bonnet-maker. "Did not he swear that he would never repeat again to living mortal what I communicated to him? and therefore, in telling the occurrent to you he hath made himself a liar."

"Thou didst not meet the Smith, then," said Simon, "with such a loose baggage as fame reports?"

"Lack-a-day, not I-perhaps I did, perhaps I did not. Think, Father Simon-I have been a four-years married man, and can you expect me to remember the turn of a glee-woman's ankle, the trip of her toe, the lace upon her petticoat, and such toys? No, I bitterly, "beseeching for admitleave that to unmarried wags, like my gossip Henry."

Glover, much vexed, "you did meet him on St. Valentine's day walking the public streets ----- "

"Not so, neighbour; I met him in the most distant and dark lane thought so. Butin Perth, steering full for his own house, with bag and baggage, which, as a gallant fellow, he carried in his arms, the puppy dog on one, and the jilt herself (and to my thought she was a pretty one) hanging upon the other."

"Now, by good St. John," said the Glover, "this infamy would make a Christian man renounce his faith, and worship Mahound lies belonging to youth. Occasion in very anger! But he has seen provokes men to such frolics, and the last of my daughter. I would confession wipes them off. I care

than wed with one who could, at "How? Did you never tell him such a season, so broadly forget honour and decency-Out upon

> "Tush! tush! father Simon." said the liberal-minded Bonnetmaker; "you consider not the nature of young blood. Their company was not long, for-to speak truth, I did keep a little watch on him-I met him before sunrise, conducting his errant damsel to the Lady's Stairs, that the wench might embark on the Tay from Perth; and I know for certainty (for I made inquiry), that she sailed in a gabbart for Dundee. So you see it was but a slight escape of youth."

"And he came here," said Simon, tance to my daughter, while he had his harlot awaiting him at home! "The upshot is, then," said the I had rather he had slain a score of men!-It skills not talking, least of all to thee, Oliver Proudfute, who, if thou art not such a one as himself, would fain be \_"

"Nay, think not of it so seriously," said Oliver, who began to reflect on the mischief his tattling was likely to occasion to his friend, and on the consequences of Henry Gow's displeasure, when he should learn the disclosure which he had made rather in vanity of heart than in evil intention. "Consider," he continued, "that there are folrather she went to the wild High- not if I tell thee, that though my

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wife be as goodly a woman as the lest I borrow back five minutes of city has, yet I myself----"

"Peace, silly braggart," said the Glover, in high wrath; "thy loves and thy battles are alike apocryphal. If thou must needs lie, which I think is thy nature. canst thou invent no falsehood that may at least do thee some credit? Do I not see through thee, as I could see the light through the horn of a base lantern? Do I not know, thou filthy weaver of rotten worsted, that thou durst no more cross the threshold of thy own door, if thy wife heard of thy making such a boast, than thou darest cross naked weapons with a boy of twelve years old, who has drawn a sword for the first time of his life? By St. John, it were paying you for your tale-bearing trouble, to send thy Maudie word of thy gay brags."

The Bonnet-maker, at this threat, started as if a crossbow bolt had whizzed past his head when least expected. And it was with a trembling voice that he replied, "Nay, good Father Glover, thou takest too much credit for thy gray hairs. Consider, good neighbour, thou art too old for a young martialist to wrangle with. And in the matter of my Maudie, I can trust thee, for I know no one who would be less willing than thou to break the peace of families."

"Trust thy coxcomb no longer with me," said the incensed Glover, himself, "to the wrath of Henry "but take thyself, and the thing Wynd, who hath killed a man for thou call'st a head, out of my reach, much less than placing displeasure

my youth, and break thy pate!"

"You have had a merry Fastern's Even, neighbour," said the Bonnet-maker, "and I wish you a quiet sleep; we shall meet better friends to-morrow."

"Out of my doors to-night!" said the Glover. "I am ashamed so idle a tongue as thine should have power to move me thus.--Idiot-beast-loose-tongued coxcomb!" he exclaimed, throwing himself into a chair, as the Bonnetmaker disappeared; "that a fellow made up of lies should not have had the grace to frame one when it might have covered the shame of a friend! And I, what am I, that I should, in my secret mind, wish that such a gross insult to me and my child had been glossed over? Yet such was my opinion of Henry, that I would have willingly believed the grossest figment the swaggering ass could have invented. Well!-it skills not thinking of it. Our honest name must be maintained, though everything else should go to ruin."

While the Glover thus moralized on the unwelcome confirmation of the tale he wished to think untrue, the expelled morrice-dancer had leisure, in the composing air of a cool and dark February night, to meditate on the consequences of the Glover's unrestrained anger.

"But it is nothing," he bethought

betwixt him and Catharine, as | burst of music very near him, folwell as her fiery old father. Certainly, I were better have denied every thing. But the humour of seeming a knowing gallant (as in truth I am) fairly overcame me. Were I best go to finish the revel at the Griffin?-But then Maudie will rampauge on my return,-ay, and this being holiday even, I may claim a privilege-I have it -I will not to the Griffin-I will to the Smith's, who must be at home, since no one hath seen him this day amid the revel. I will endeavour to make peace with him, and offer my intercession with the Glover. Harry is a simple downright fellow, and though I think he is my better in a broil, yet in discourse I can turn him my own way. The streets are now quiet-the night, too, is dark, and I may step aside if I meet any rioters, I will to the Smith's, and, securing him for my friend. I care little for old Simon. Saint Ringan bear me well through this night, and I will clip my tongue out ere it shall run my head into such peril again! Yonder old fellow, when his blood was up, looked more like a carver of buffjerkins than a clipper of kidgloves."

With these reflections, the puissant Oliver walked swiftly, yet with as little noise as possible, towards the wynd in which the Smith, as our readers are aware. But his evil had his habitation. fortune had not ceased to pursue him. As he turned into the High above his class, and he lost the

lowed by a loud shout.

"My merry mates, the morricedancers," thought he; "I would know old Jeremy's rebeck among a hundred. I will venture across the street ere they pass on-if I am espied, I shall have the renown of some private quest, which may do me honour as a roving blade."

With these longings for distinction among the gay and gallant, combated, however, internally, by more prudential considerations, the Bonnet-maker made an attempt to cross the street. But the revellers, whoever they might be, were accompanied by torches. the flash of which fell upon Oliver, whose light-coloured habit made him the more distinctly visible. The general shout of "A prize, a prize," overcame the noise of the minstrel, and before the Bonnetmaker could determine whether it were better to stand or fly, two active young men, clad in fantastic masking habits, resembling wild men, and holding great clubs, seized upon him, saying, in a tragical tone, "Yield thee, man of bells and bombast; yield thee, rescue or no rescue, or truly thou art but a dead morrice-dancer."

"To whom shall I yield me?" said the Bonnet-maker, with a faltering voice; for though he saw he had to do with a party of mummers who were a-foot for pleasure, yet he observed, at the same time, that they were far or principal street, he heard a audacity necessary to support his

swered one of the maskers; "and fastened on with ribands of scarlet must I shew thee that thou art a captive, by giving thee incontinently the bastinado?"

"By no means, puissant man of Ind," said the Bonnet-maker; "lo, I am conformable to your pleasure."

"Come, then," said those who had arrested him, "come and do homage to the Emperor of Mimes, King of Caperers, and Grand Duke of the Dark Hours, and explain by what right thou art so presumptuous as to prance and ingle, and wear out shoe-leather, within his dominions, without paying him tribute. Know'st thou not thou hast incurred the pains was offered to the lips of the supof high-treason?"

"That were hard, methinks," said poor Oliver, "since I knew not that his Grace excercised the it handsomely, and without wry Government this evening. But I faces." am willing to redeem the forfeit, if the purse of a poor Bonnetmaker may, by the mulct of a gallon of wine, or some such matter."

"Bring him before the Emperor," was the universal cry; and the morrice-dancer was placed have yet far to go, and if I were before a slight, but easy and handsome figure of a young man, splendidly attired, having a cincture and tiara of peacock's feathers, then brought from the East as a marvellous rarity; a short self like a galliard? Now, cut me jacket and under-dress of leopard's skin fitted closely the rest admirable !- again-give him the

part in a game where the inferior in flesh-coloured silk, so as to resemble the ordinary idea of an "Dost thou parley, slave?" an- Indian prince. He wore sandals, silk, and held in his hand a sort of fan, such as ladies then used, composed of the same feathers, assembled into a plume or tuft.

"What mister wight have we here," said the Indian chief, "who dares to tie the bells of a morrice on the ankles of a dull ass?— Hark ye, friend, your dress should make you a subject of ours, since empire extends over our Merryland, including mimes and minstrels of every description.-What, tongue-tied? He lacks wine-minister to him our nutshell full of sack."

A huge calabash full of sack plicant, while this prince revellers exhorted him.

"Crack me this nut, and do

But, however Oliver might have relished a moderate sip of the same good wine, he was terrified at the quantity he was required to deal with. He drank a draught, and then entreated for mercy.

"So please your princedom, 1 to swallow your Grace's bounty, for which accept my dutiful thanks, I should not be able to stride over the next kennel."

"Art thou in case to bear thya caper-ha! one-two-threeof his person, which was attired spur"-(here a satellite of the Indian gave Oliver a slight touch | Henry, and obtain his forgiveness with his sword)-"Nay, that is for his rash communications to best of all-he sprang like a cat Simon Glover. No one answered in a gutter! Tender him the nut to his first knock, and, perhaps, once more-nay, no compulsion, as these reflections arose, in the he has paid forfeit, and deserves momentary pause of recollection not only free dismissal but reward. Kneel down, kneel, and arise Sir Knight of the Calabash! What is thy name? And one of you lend me a rapier."

"Oliver, may it please your honour-I mean your principality."

"Oliver, man? nay, then thou art one of the Douze peers\* already, and fate has forestalled our intended promotion. Yet rise up, sweet Sir Oliver Thatchpate, Knight of the honourable order hurried, though faltering hand. of the Pumpkin-Rise up, in the name of Nonsense, and begone about thine own concerns, and the devil go with thee."

So saying, the prince of the revels bestowed a smart blow with the flat of the weapon across the Bonnet-maker's shoulders, who sprung to his feet with more alacrity of motion than he had hitherto displayed, and, accelerated by the laugh and halloo which arose behind him, arrived at the Smith's house before he stopped, with the same speed with which a hunted fox makes for his den.

It was not till the affrighted Bonnet-maker had struck a blow on the door that he recollected he ought to have bethought himself beforehand in what manner he was to present himself before feathers at such a craven as thou!"

\* The *twelve* peers of Charlemagne, immortal in romance.

which circumstances permitted, perplexed Bonnet-maker the might have flinched from his purpose and made his retreat to his own premises, without venturing upon the interview which he had purposed. But a distant strain of minstrelsy revived his apprehensions of falling once more into the hands of the gay maskers from whom he had escaped, and he renewed his summons on the door of the Smith's dwelling, with a He was then appalled by the deep, yet not unmusical voice of Henry Gow, who answered from within .- " Who calls at this hour? -and what is it that you want?"

"It is I-Oliver Proudfute," replied the Bonnet-maker; "I have a merry jest to tell you, gossip Henry.

"Carry thy foolery to some other market. I am in no jesting humour," said Henry. "Go hence -I will see no one to-night."

"But, gossip-good gossip," answered the martialist without, "I am beset with villains, and beg the shelter of your roof!"

"Fool that thou art!" replied Henry; "no dung-hill cock, the most recreant that has fought this Fastern's Eve, would ruffle his

At this moment another strain of minstrelsy, and, as the Bonnetmaker conceited, one which ap-1 proached much nearer, goaded his apprehensions to the uttermost; and in a voice, the tones of which expressed the undisguised extremity of instant fear. he exclaimed, -

"For the sake of our old gossipred, and for the love of Our blessed Lady, admit me, Henry, if you would not have me found a bloody corpse at thy door, slain by the bloody-minded Douglasses!"

me," thought the good-natured holiday. You have had wassail Smith; "and sooth to say, his enough for the holiday evening, peril may be real. There are for you speak thick already—lif roving hawks that will strike at a you wish more ale or wine you sparrow as soon as a heron."

With these reflections, halfmuttered, half-spoken, Henry undid his well-fastened door, proposing to reconnoitre the reality of the danger before he permitted his unwelcome guest to enter the you will not surely let me ask for house. But as he looked abroad that in vain? or if it is your will, to ascertain how matters stood, Oliver bolted in like a scared "Nay, if that be all," said deer into a thicket, and harboured Henry, "it shall not be lacking. himself by the Smith's kitchen- But it must have been much fire, before Henry could look up and down the lane, and satisfy himself there were no enemies in pursuit of the apprehensive flagon from a barrel that stood fugitive. He secured his door, therefore, and returned into the guest. Oliver eagerly accepted kitchen, displeased that he had it, raised it to his head with a suffered his gloomy solitude to be trembling hand, imbibed the conintruded upon by sympathizing tents with lips which quivered with apprehensions, which he with emotion, and though the pothought he might have known tation was as thin as he had re-were so easily excited as those of quested, so much was he exhis timid townsman.

"How now?" he said coldly enough, when he saw the Bonnetmaker calmly seated by his hearth. "What foolish revel is this, Master Oliver ?-I see no one near to harm you."

"Give me a drink, kind gossip," said Oliver: "I am choked with the haste I have made to come hither."

"I have sworn," said Henry, "that this shall be no revel night in this house-I am in my workday clothes, as you see, and keep "That would be a shame to fast, as I have reason, instead of must go elsewhere."

"I have had over much wassail already," said poor Oliver, "and have been well-nigh drowned in it.-That accursed calabash!-A draught of water, kind gossipa cup of cold small ale."

which brought thee to the pass of asking for either."

So saying, he filled a quart nigh, and presented it to his hausted with the combined fears of alarm and of former revelry, | here. But you must fill it presentthat when he placed the flagon ly, for I am not in the humour of on the oak table, he uttered a talking." deep sigh of satisfaction, and remained silent.

"Well, now you have had your draught, gossip," said the Smith, "what is it you want? Where are those that threatened you? I could see no one."

"No-but there were twenty chased me into the wynd," said "But when they saw us Oliver. together, you know they lost the courage that brought all of them upon one of us."

"Nay, do not trifle, friend Oliver," replied his host; "my mood lies not that way."

"I jest not, by St. John of Perth. I have been stayed and foully outraged "(gliding his hand |"There has been a stir in our city sensitively over the place affected) council about the affair of St. Va-"by mad David of Rothsay, roar-lentine's Even. The Provost told ing Ramorny, and the rest of them. They made me drink a Douglas and he had agreed that firkin of Malvoisie."

"Thou speakest folly, man-Ramorny is sick nigh to death, as the potter-carrier everywhere reports; they and he cannot surely rise at midnight to do such nobles, and that you or I should frolics."

"but I saw the party by torch-yet I am willing, for the love and light, and I can make bodily oath kindness we have always borne to to the bonnets I made for them each other, to give thee the presince last Innocent's. They are cedence, and content myself with of a quaint device, and I should the humbler office of stickler."\* know my own stitch."

"Well, thou mayest have had wrong," answered Henry. "If bats were so called, from the white sticks thou art in real danger, I will which they carried, in emblem of their cause them get a bed for thee batants.

"Nay, I would thank thee for my quarters for a night, only my Maudie will be angry-that is, not angry, for that I care not for-but the truth is, she is over anxious on a revel night like this, knowing my humour is like thine, for a word and a blow."

"Why, then, go home," said the Smith, "and shew her that her treasure is in safety, Master Oliver -the streets are quiet-and, to speak a blunt word, I would be alone."

"Nay, but I have things to speak with thee about of moment," replied Oliver, who, afraid to stay, seemed yet unwilling to go. me not four hours since, that the the feud should be decided by a yeoman on either part, and that our acquaintance, the Devil's Dick, was to wave his gentry, and take up the cause for Douglas and the fight for the Fair City. Now, "I cannot tell," replied Oliver; though I am the elder burgess,

> \* The seconds in ancient single comduty, to see fair play between the com-

Henry Smith, though angry, knowest-and a small family, and could scarce forbear a smile. thou\_\_"

"If it is that which breaks thy quiet, and keeps thee out of thy bed at midnight, I will make the matter easy. Thou shalt not lose the advantage offered thee. I have fought a score of duels-far, far too many. Thou hast, I think, only encountered with thy wooden Soldan-it were unjust-unfair -unkind-in me to abuse thy friendly offer. So go home, good fellow, and let not the fear of losing honour disturb thy slumbers. Rest assured that thou shalt answer the challenge, as good right thou hast, having had injury from this rough-rider.

"Gramercy, and thank thee kindly," said Oliver, much embarrassed by his friend's unexpected deference; "thou art the good friend I have always thought thee. But I have as much friendship for Henry Smith, as he for Oliver Proudfute. I swear by St. John, I will not fight in this quarrel to thy prejudice. So, having said so, I am beyond the reach of temptation, since thou wouldst not have me mansworn, though it were to fight twenty duels."

"Hark thee," said the Smith, "acknowledge thou art afraid, Oliver; tell the honest truth at once, otherwise I leave thee to make the best of thy guarrel."

"Nay, good gossip," replied the Bonnet-maker, "thou knowest I am never afraid. But, in sooth, this is a desperate ruffian; and as

"And I," interrupted Henry, hastily, "have none, and never shall have."

"Why, truly-such being the case-I would rather thou fought'st this combat than I."

"Now, by our holidame, gossip," answered the Smith, "thou art easily gulled! Know, thou silly fellow, that Sir Patrick Charteris, who is ever a merry man, hath but jested with thee. Dost thou think he would venture the honour of the city on thy head? or that I would yield thee the precedence in which such a matter was to be disputed? Lack-a-day, go home, let Maudie tie a warm nightcap on thy head; get thee a warm breakfast, and a cup of distilled waters, and thou wilt be in case to-morrow to fight thy wooden dromond, or Soldan, as thou call'st him, the only thing thou wilt ever lay downright blow upon."

"Ay, sayest thou so, comrade?" answered Oliver, much relieved, yet deeming it necessary to seem "I care not for in part offended. thy dogged humour; it is well for thee thou canst not wake my patience to the point of falling foul. Enough-we are gossips, and this house is thine. Why should the two best blades in Perth clash with each other? What! I know thy rugged humour, and can forgive it. - But is the feud really soldered up?"

"As completely as ever hammer I have a wife-poor Maudie, thou fixed rivet," said the Smith. "The

town hath given the Johnston a said Oliver. "I was behind thee, purse of gold, for not ridding them thou knowest, and ----- " of a troublesome fellow called Oliver Proudfute, when he had wise-There are laws against him at his mercy; and this purse striking princes," said the Smith; of gold buys for the Provost the "best not handle the horseshoe Sleepless Isle; which the King till it cools. All is hushed up grants him, for the King pays all in now." the long run. And thus, Sir Patrick gets the comely Inch, which is opposite to his dwelling, and all relieved, by the intelligence he honour is saved on both sides, for received from his better informed what is given to the Provost, is friend, "I have reason to comgiven, you understand, to the town. Besides all this, the Douglas hath jesting with the honour of an left Perth, to march against the honest burgess, being, as he is, Southron, who, men say, are called | Provost of our town." into the Marches by the false Earl of March. So the Fair City is quit of him and his cumber."

"But, in St. John's name, how came all that about," said Oliver, "and no one spoken to about it?"

"Why, look thee, friend Oliver, this I take to have been the case. The fellow whom I cropped of a hand, is now said to have been a servant of Sir John Ramorny's, who hath fled to his motherland of Fife, to which Sir John himself is also to be banished, with full consent of every honest man. Now, any thing which brings in Sir John Ramorny, touches a much greater man-I think SimonGlover told as much to Sir Patrick Charteris. If it be as I guess, I have reason to thank Heaven, and all the saints, I stabbed him not upon the ladder when I made him prisoner."

all the saints, most devoutly," sip."

"No more of that, if thou be'st

"If this be so," said Oliver, partly disconcerted, but still more plain of Sir Patrick Charteris for

"Do, Oliver; challenge him to the field, and he will bid his veoman loose his dogs on thee.-But come, night wears apace, will you be shogging?"

"Nay, I had one word more to say to thee, good gossip. But first, another cup of your cold ale."

"Pest on thee, for a fool! Thou makest me wish thee where cold liquors are a scarce commodity. -There, swill the barrelful an thou wilt."

Oliver took the second flagon, but drank, or rather seemed to drink, very slowly, in order to gain time for considering how he should introduce his second subject of conversation, which seemed rather delicate for the Smith's present state of irritability. At length, nothing better occurred to him than to plunge into the subject at once, with, "I have "And I too thank Heaven, and seen Simon Glover to-day, gos-

"Well," said the Smith, in a wilt be found with a broken neck that to me?"

"Nothing-nothing," answered the appalled Bonnet-maker. "Only I thought you might like to know that he questioned me close, if I had seen thee on St. Valentine's day, after the uproar at the Dominican's, and in what company thou wert."

"And I warrant thou told'st him thou met'st me with a gleewoman, in the mirk loaning if thou wilt go," said Oliver. yonder?"

"Thou knowest, Henry, I have no gift at lying; but I made it all up with him."

"As how, I pray you," said the Smith.

"Marry, thus-Father Simon, said I, you are an old man, and know not the quality of us, in four of them come near me." whose veins youth is like quicksilver. You think now, he cares about this girl, said I, and, perhaps, that he has her somewhere here in Perth in a corner? No such matter; I know, said I, and I will make oath to it, that she left his house early next morning for Dundee. Ha! have I helped thee at need?"

"Truly, I think thou hast, and if anything could add to my grief and vexation at this moment, it is, that when I am so deep in the mire, an ass like thee should place his clumsy hoof on my head, to sink me entirely. Come, away with thee, and mayst thou have such luck as thy meddling humour he made a point of imitating as far deserves, and then, I think, thou as he could. But as the innocent,

low, deep, and stern tone of in the next gutter-Come, get you voice, "and if thou hast, what is out, or I will put you to the door with head and shoulders forward "

"Ha, ha!" exclaimed Oliver, laughing with some constraint; "thou art such a groom! But in sadness, gossip Henry, wilt thou not take a turn with me to my own house, in the Meal Venall?"

"Curse thee, no," answered the Smith.

"I will bestow the wine on thee,

"I will bestow the cudgel on thee, if thou stay'st," said Henry. "Nay, then, I will don thy buffcoat and cap of steel, and walk with thy swashing step, and whistling thy pibroch of Broken Bones at Loncarty;' and if they take me for thee, there dare not

"Take all, or anything thou wilt, in the fiend's name! only be gone."

"Well, well, Hal, we shall meet when thou art in better humour," said Oliver, who had put on the dress.

"Go-and may I never see thy coxcombly face again!"

Oliver at last relieved his host by swaggering off, imitating, as well as he could, the sturdy step and outward gesture of his redoubted companion, and whistling a pibroch, composed on the rout of the Danes at Loncarty, which he had picked up from its being a favourite of the Smith's, whom

though conceited fellow, stepped that is worth commanding. We out from the entrance of the sway the hours when the winewynd, where it communicated cup circulates, and when beauty with the High Street, he received becomes kind, when Frolic is a blow from behind, against awake, and Gravity snoring upon which his head-piece was no de- his pallet. We leave to our fence, and he fell dead upon the vicegerent, King Robert, the spot; an attempt to mutter the name of Henry, to whom he al- tious nobles, gratifying greedy wayslooked for protection, quiver- clergymen, subduing wild Highing upon his dving tongue.

## CHAPTER XVII.

Nay, I will fit you for a young prince. FALSTAFF.

WE return to the revellers, who had, half an hour before, witnessed, with such boisterous ap-hypochondriac malady. I speak plause, Oliver's feat of agility, in relation chiefly to Sir John, being the last which the poor whom the vulgar call Ramorny. Bonnet-maker was ever to exhibit, We have not seen him since the and at the hasty retreat which onslaught of Curfew Street, and had followed it, animated by their though we know he was some wild shout. laughed their fill, they passed on not see why he should not do their mirthful path, in frolic and homage in leal and duteous sort. jubilee, stopping and frightening -Here, you, our Calabash Kingsome of the people whom they met; but, it must be owned, with-|Sir John to his part of this evenout doing them any serious in-ling's revels?" jury, either in their persons or feelings. At length, tired with his rambles, their chief gave a that we have for this night sussignal to his merry-men to close around him.

counsellors, are," he said, "the real King\* over all in Scotland

\* The Scottish Statute Book affords abundant evidence of the extravagant and often fatal frolics practised among our ancestors under the personages elected to fill the high offices of Quene of May, Prince distinguished by such mumming digniof Yule (Christmas), Abbot of Unreason, taries.

weary task of controlling ambilanders, and composing deadly feuds. And since our empire is one of joy and pleasure, meet it is that we should haste with all our forces, to the rescue of such as own our sway, when they chance, by evil fortune, to become the prisoners of care and After they had deal hurt in that matter, we canat-arms, did you legally summon

"I did, my lord."

"And did you acquaint him pended his sentence of banishment, that since higher powers "We, my brave hearts and wise have settled that part, we might at least take a mirthful leave of an old friend?"

> etc. etc., corresponding to the Boy Bishop of England and the French Abbé de Liesse, or Abbas Letitiæ. Shrovetide was not lese

"I so delivered it, my lord," | chosen with regard to their state answered the mimic herald.

"And sent he not a word in writing, he that piques himself upon being so great a clerk?"

"He was in bed, my lord, and I might not see him. So far as I hear, he hath lived very retired, harmed with some bodily bruises. malcontent with your Highness's displeasure, and doubting insult flashing their red light against in the streets, he having had a narrow escape from the burgesses, when the churls pursued him and his two servants into the Dominican Convent. Their servants. too, have been removed to Fife. lest they should tell tales."

"Why, it was wisely done," said the Prince,-who, we need not inform the intelligent reader, had a better title to be so called. than arose from the humours of the evening,--"it was prudently and hollowed, with many denundone to keep light-tongued com- ciations of vengeance against the panions out of the way. But Sir recusants, who refused to open John's absenting himself from our the gates. The least punishment solemn revels, so long before de- threatened was imprisonment in creed, is flat mutiny, and dis- an empty hogshead, within the clamation of allegiance. Or, if Massamore \* of the Prince of Pasthe knight be really the prisoner times' feudal palace, videlicet, of illness and melancholy, we the ale-cellar. But Eviot, Ramust ourself grace him with a morny's page, heard and knew visit, seeing there can be no better cure for those maladies than our own presence, and a gentle kiss of the Calabash.---Forward, ushers, minstrels, guard, and attendants! Bear on high the great emblem of our dignity-Up with the calabash, I say, and let the merry-men who carry these firkins, which are to supply the wine-cup with their life-blood, be pellant, Mazmorra,"

Their burden is of steadiness. weighty and precious, and if the fault is not in our eyes, they seem to us to reel and stagger more than were desirable. Now, move on, sirs, and let our minstrels blow their blithest and boldest."

On they went with tipsy mirth and jollity, the numerous torches the small windows of the narrow streets, from whence nightcapped householders, and sometimes their wives to boot, peeped out by stealth to see what wild wassail disturbed the peaceful streets at that unwonted hour. At length the jolly train halted before the door of Sir John Ramorny's house, which a small court divided from the street.

Here they knocked, thundered, well the character of the intruders who knocked so boldly, and thought it better, considering his master's condition, to make no

\* The Massamore, or Massy More, the principal dungeon of the feudal castle, is supposed to have derived its name from our intercourse with the Eastern nations at the time of the Crusades. Dr. Jamieson quotes an old Latin Itinerary: "Proximus est carcer subterraneus, sive ut Mauri ap-

answer at all, in hopes that the first time recognised the midnight revel would pass on, than to at-visiters. tempt to deprecate their proceedings, which he knew would be to no purpose. His master's is our disloyal subject, Sir John bedroom looking into a little garden, his page hoped he might not to our summons?" be disturbed by the noise; and he was confident in the strength of at once to the real and to the asthe outward gate, upon which he resolved they should beat till they tired themselves, or till the disposed-he has taken an opiate tone of their drunken humour should change. The revellers accordingly seemed likely to exhaust themselves in the noise they made by shouting and beating the door, when their mock Master Teviot-Cheviot-Eviot Prince (alas! too really such) upbraided them as lazy and dull followers of the god of wine and of mirth.

"Bring forward," he said, "our key-yonder it lies, and apply it to this rebellious gate."

The key he pointed at was a large beam of wood, left on one side of the street, with the usual neglect of order characteristic of a Scottish borough of the period.

The shouting men of Ind instantly raised it in their arms, and, supporting it by their united strength, ran against the door with such force, that hasp, hinge, imploring silence, and, with the and staple jingled, and gave fair promise of yielding. Eviot did the room of the wounded master not choose to wait the extremity of the lodging. of this battery; he came forth into the court, and after some sensation of being compelled to momentary questions for form's sleep in spite of racking bodily sake, caused the porter to undo pains, by the administration of a

"False slave of an unfaithful master," said the Prince, "where Ramorny, who has proved recreant

"My lord," said Eviot, bowing sumed dignity of the leader; "mv master is just now very much in--and-your Highness must excuse me if I do my duty to him in saying, he cannot be spoken with without danger of his life."

"Tush, tell me not of danger, ---what is it they call thee?--But shew me thy master's chamber. or rather undo me the door of his lodging, and I will make a good guess at it myself. Bear high the calabash, my brave followers. and see that you spill not a drop of the liquor, which Dan Bacchus has sent for the cure of all diseases of the body, and cares of the mind. Advance it, I say, and let us see the holy rind which encloses such precious liquor."

The prince made his way into the house accordingly, and, acquainted with its interior, ran up stairs, followed by Eviot, in vain rest of the rabble rout, burst into

He who has experienced the the gate, as if he had for the strong opiate, and of having been

again startled by noise and violence, out of the unnatural master his life." state of insensibility in which he had been plunged by the potency the Duke of Rothsay; "were he of the medicine, may be able to at the gates of death, here is imagine the confused and alarmed what should make the fiends restate of Sir John Ramorny's mind, linquish their prev.-Advance the and the agony of his body, which calabash, my masters." acted and re-acted upon each other. If we add to these feelings it in his present state," said the consciousness of a criminal Eviot; "if he drinks wine he command, sent forth and in the dies." act of being executed, it may give us some idea of an awakening, to which, in the mind of the party, eternal sleep would be a far preferable doom. The groan which he uttered as the first symptom of the lubrication of lungs, returning sensation, had something in it so terrific, that even the revellers were awed into momentary silence; and as, from the half recumbent posture in which he had gone to sleep, he looked around the room, filled with fantastic shapes, rendered still more so by his disturbed intellects, he muttered to himself,---

"It is thus then, after all, and the legend is true! These are fiends, and I am condemned for The fire is not external, ever! but I feel it-I feel it at my heart -burning as if the seven times heated furnace were doing its work within!"

While he cast ghastly looks around him, and struggled to recover some share of recollection. Eviot approached the Prince, and had occasioned it. But here is falling on his knees, implored him to allow the apartment to be good-will, and thank your Highcleared.

"It may." he said, "cost my

"Never fear, Cheviot," replied

"It is death for him to taste

"Some one must drink it for him, he shall be cured vicariously -and may our great Dan Bacchus deign to Sir John Ramorny the comfort, the elevation of heart, and lightness of fancy, which are his choicest gifts, while the faithful follower, who quaffs in his stead, shall have the qualms, the sickness, the racking of the nerves, the dimness of the eyes, and the throbbing of the brain, with which our great master qualifies gifts which would else make us too like the gods .-- What say you, Eviot? will you be the faithful follower that will quaff in your lord's behalf, and as his representative? Do this, and we will hold ourselves contented to depart, for, methinks, our subject doth look something ghastly."

"I would do anything in my slight power," said Eviot, "to save my master from a draught which may be his death, and your Grace from the sense that you one who will perform the feat of ness to boot."

"Whom have we here?" said the prince, "a butcher-and 1 think fresh from his office. Do butchers ply their craft on Fastern's Eve? Foh, how he smells of blood !"

This was spoken of Bonthron. who, partly surprised at the tumult in the house, where he had expected to find all dark and silent, and partly stupid through the wine which the wretch had drunk in great quantities, stood in the threshold of the door, staring at the scene before him, with his buff-coat splashed with blood, and a bloody axe in his hand, exhibiting a ghastly and disgusting spectacle to the revellers, who felt, though they could not tell why, fear as well as dislike at his presence.

As they approached the calabash to this ungainly and truculent-looking savage, and as he extended a hand soiled, as it seemed, with blood, to grasp it, the Prince called out.--

"Down stairs with him! let not the wretch drink in our presence; find him some other vessel than our holy calabash, the emblem of our revels – a swine's trough were best, if it could be come by. Away with him! let him be drenched to purpose, in atonement for his master's sobriety.-Leave me alone with Sir John Ramorny and his page; by my honour, I like not yon ruffian's looks."

The attendants of the Prince left the apartment, and Eviotalone hand, but he can steal with the remained.

"I fear," said the Prince, approaching the bed in different form from that which he had hitherto used -"I fear. my dear Sir John, that this visit has been unwelcome; but it is your own fault. Although you know our old wont, and were yourself participant of our schemes for the evening, you have not come near us since St. Valentine's-it is now Fastern's Even, and the desertion is flat disobedience and treason to our kingdom of mirth, and the statutes of the calabash."

Ramorny raised his head, and fixed a wavering eye upon the Prince; then signed to Eviot to give him something to drink. А large cup of ptisan was presented by the page, which the sick man swallowed with eager and trembling haste. He then repeatedly used the stimulating essence left for the purpose by the leech, and seemed to collect his scattered senses.

"Let me feel your pulse, dear Ramorny," said the Prince; "I know something of that craft.--How? Do you offer me the left hand, Sir John? - that is neither according to the rules of medicine nor of courtesy."

"The right has already done its last act in your Highness' service," muttered the patient, in a low and broken tone.

"How mean you by that?" said the Prince. "I am aware thy follower, Black Quentin, lost a other as much as will bring him

Scott. the Fair Maid of Perth.

to the gallows, so his fate cannot not that beast come nigh me. My be much altered."

"It is not that fellow who has had the loss in your Grace's service-it is I-John of Ramorny."

jest with me, or the opiate still stinct revolts." masters your reason."

in Egypt were blended in one less a wine-skin were to talk, nodraught," said Ramorny, would lose influence over me Hast thou dealt with him, Bonwhen I look upon this." He drew thron?" his right arm from beneath the cover of the bed-clothes, and extending it towards the Prince, brought it down again edgeways. wrapped as it was in dressings, "Were these undone and re-man?-the night, I am told, is moved," he said, "your Highness dark." would see that a bloody stump is all that remains of a hand ever and whistle." ready to unsheath the sword at your Grace's slightest bidding."

Rothsay started back in hor-"This," he said, "must be ror. avenged!"

"It is avenged in small part," said Ramorny; "that is, I thought I saw Bonthron but now-or was it that the dream of hell that first arose in my mind when I awakened. summoned up an image so congenial? Eviot, call the miscreant, -that is, if he is fit to appear."

Eviot retired, and presently returned with Bonthron, whom he had rescued from the penance, to him no unpleasing infliction, of a second calabash of wine, the brute having gorged the first without much apparent alteration in his demeanour.

soul recoils from him in fear and disgust; there is something in his looks alien from my nature, and which I shudder at as at a loath-"You?" said the Prince; "you some snake, from which my in-

"First hear him speak, my "If the juice of all the poppies lord," answered Ramorny; "un-"it thing could use fewer words .--

The savage raised the axe which he still held in his hand, and "Good. How knew you your

"By sight and sound, garb, gait,

"Enough, vanish!-and, Eviot, let him have gold and wine to his brutish contentment.-Vanish!and go thou with him."

"And whose death is achieved?" said the Prince, released from the feelings of disgust and horror under which he suffered while the assassin was in presence. "I trust this is but a jest? Else must I call it a rash and savage deed. Who has had the hard lot to be butchered by that bloody and brutal slave?"

"One little better than himself," said the patient; a wretched artisan, to whom, however, fate gave the power of reducing Ramorny to a mutilated cripple-a curse go with his base spirit!-his miserable life is but to my revenge what a drop of water would

"Eviot," said the Prince, "let be to a furnace. I must speak

briefly, for my ideas again wander; "What is it that I must do. it is only the necessity of the mo- Ramorny?"-said the Prince. ment which keeps them together, with an air of dignity; "nothing as a thong combines a handful of unworthy of myself, I hope?" arrows. You are in danger, my lord-I speak it with certainty- or misbecoming a Prince of Scotyou have braved Douglas, and land, if the blood-stained annals offended your uncle---displeased of our country tell the tale truly; your father-though that were a but that which may well shock trifle, were it not for the rest."

"I am sorry I have displeased and merry-makers." my father," said the Prince (entirely diverted from so insignifi- Ramorny," said the Duke of Rothcant a thing as the slaughter of say, with an air of displeasure; an artisan, by the more important "but thou hast dearly bought a subject touched upon), "if indeed right to censure us by what thou it be so. But if I live, the strength hast lost in our cause. of the Douglas shall be broken, and the craft of Albany shall little avail him!"

"Ay-if-if. My lord," said Ramorny, "with such opposites as you have, you must not rest better was my chance of recovery. upon if or but-you must resolve I shall not, therefore, hesitate to at once to slay or be slain."

"How mean you, Ramorny? your fever makes you rave," answered the Duke of Rothsay.

"No, my lord," said Ramorny, "were my frenzy at the highest, the thoughts that pass through my mind at this moment would fly, on the bosom of the flower qualify it. It may be that regret you are sporting on." for my own loss has made me desperate; that anxious thoughts morals, Sir John; you are weary for your Highness's safety have of merry folly,-the churchmen made me nourish bold designs; call it vice, and long for a little but I have all the judgment with serious crime. A murder, now, which Heaven has gifted me, or a massacre, would enhance the when I tell you, that if ever you flavour of debauch, as the taste of would brook the Scottish crown, the olive gives zest to wine. nay, more, if ever you would see my worst acts are but merry another Saint Valentine's Day, malice; I have no relish for the you must--"

"Nothing, certainly, unworthy the nerves of a prince of mimes

"Thou art severe, Sir John

"My Lord of Rothsay," said the knight, "the chirurgeon who dressed this mutilated stump, told me that the more I felt the pain his knife and brand inflicted, the hurt your feelings, while by doing so I may be able to bring you to a sense of what is necessary for your safety. Your Grace has been the pupil of mirthful folly too long; you must now assume manly policy, or be crushed like a butter-

"I think I know your cast of But bloody trade, and abhor to see or

hear of its being acted even on head at Sir William Wallace?\* the meanest catiff. Should I ever Bethink thee, thou art more unfill the throne, I suppose, like my reasonable than Fawdyon him-father before me, I must drop my self; for wight Wallace had swept own name, and be dubbed Robert, his head off in somewhat a hasty in honour of the Bruce-well, an humour, whereas I would gladly if it be so-every Scots lad shall stick thy hand on again, were have his flagon in one hand, and that possible. And, hark thee, the other around his lass's neck, since that cannot be, I will get and manhood shall be tried by thee such a substitute as the steel kisses and bumpers, not by dirks hand of the old Knight of Carseand dourlachs, and they shall logie, with which he greeted his write on my grave, 'Here lies friends, caressed his wife, braved Robert fourth of his name. won not battles like Robert the First. He rose not from a count to a king like Robert the Second. He founded not churches like Robert the Third, but was contented to live and die King of good fellows!' Of all my two centuries of ancestors, I would only emulate the fame of

Old King Coul, Who had a brown bowl."

"My gracious lord," said Ramorny, "let me remind you, that your joyous revels involve serious evils. If I had lost this hand in fighting to attain for your Grace some important advantage over your too powerful enemies, the loss would never have grieved But to be reduced from me. helmet and steel-coat, to biggen and gown, in a night-brawl----"

"Why, there again now, Sir John"-interrupted the reckless Prince-"How canst thou be so unworthy as to be for ever flinging thy bloody hand in my face, as the ghost of Gaskhall threw his Wallace. Book v., v. 180-220.

He his antagonists, and did all that might be done by a hand of flesh and blood, in offence or defence. Depend on it, John Ramorny, we have much that is superfluous about us. Man can see with one eye, hear with one ear, touch with one hand, smell with one nostril; and why we should have two of each (unless to supply an accidental loss or injury), I, for one, am at a loss to conceive."

Sir John Ramorny turned from the Prince with a low groan.

"Nay, Sir John," said the Duke, "I am quite serious. You know the truth touching the legend of Steelhand of Carselogie better than I, since he was your own In his time, that neighbour. curious engine could only be made in Rome; but I will wager a hundred merks with you, that, let the Perth armourer have the use of it for a pattern, Henry of the Wynd will execute as complete an imitation as all the smiths in Rome could accomplish, with

\* The passage referred to is perhaps the most poetical one in Blind Harry's all the cardinals to bid a blessing on the work."

"I could venture to accept your wager, my lord," answered Ramorny, bitterly, "but there is no time for foolery.-You have dismissed me from your service, at command of your uncle?"

"At command of my father," answered the Prince.

"Upon whom your uncle's commands are imperative," replied "I am a disgraced Ramornv. man, thrown aside, as I may now fling away my right hand glove, as a thing useless. Yet my head might help you, though my hand be gone. Is your Grace disposed to listen to me for one word of serious import?-for I am much exhausted, and feel my force sinking under me."

"Speak your pleasure," said the Prince; "thy loss binds me to hear thee; thy bloody stump is a sceptre to control me. Speak, then, but be merciful in thy strength of privilege."

"I will be brief, for mine own sake as well as thine;-indeed, I have but little to say. Douglas places himself immediately at the head of his vassals. He will assemble, in the name of King Robert, thirty thousand Borderers, whom he will shortly after lead into the interior, to demand that the Duke of Roinsay receive, or rather restore, his daughter to the rank and privileges of his Duchess. King Robert will yield to any conditions which may secure peace-What will the Duke me, to join him in taking your do?"

"The Duke of Rothsay loves peace," said the Prince, haughtily; "but he never feared war. Ere he takes back yonder proud peat to his table and his bed at the command of her father, Douglas must be King of Scotland."

"Be it so-but even this is the less pressing peril, especially as it threatens open violence, for the Douglas works not in secret."

"What is there which presses, and keeps us awake at this late hour? I am a weary man, thou a wounded one, and the very tapers are blinking, as if tired of our conference.'

"Tell me, then, who is it that rules this kingdom of Scotland?" said Ramorny.

"Robert, third of the name," said the Prince, raising his bonnet as he spoke; "and long may he sway the sceptre!"

"True, and amen," answered Ramorny: "but who sways King Robert, and dictates almost every measure which the good King pursues?"

"My Lord of Albany, you would say," replied the Prince. "Yes, it is true my father is guided almost entirely by the counsels of his brother; nor can we blame him in our consciences, Sir John Ramorny, for little help hath he had from his son."

"Let us help him now, my lord," said Ramorny. "I am possessor of a dreadful secret-Albany hath been trafficking with Grace's life! He offers full pardon for the past-high favour for | beloved than I am honoured? It the future."

"How, man-my life? I trust, though, thou dost only mean my kingdom? It were impious!-he is my father's brother-they sat on the knees of the same father -lay on the bosom of the same mother—Out on thee, man! what follies they make thy sick-bed believe!"

"Believe, indeed!" said Ramornv. termed credulous. But the man through whom Albany communicated his temptations, is one again united to the body, and whom all will believe, so soon as he hints at mischief-even the medicaments which are prepared by his hands have a relish of poison!"

"Tush! such a slave would slander a saint," replied the Prince. blood need not be shed; life may, "Thou art duped for once, Ramorny, shrewd as thou art. My uncle of Albany is ambitious, and would secure for himself and for from a breath of wind, the quiverhis house, a larger portion of power and wealth than he ought in reason to desire. But to suppose he would dethrone or slay his brother's son-Fie, Ramorny! put me not to quote the old saw, that evil doers are evil dreaders -It is your suspicion, not your --- Who then rules the court of knowledge, which speaks."

"Your Grace is fatally deluded -I will put it to an issue. The Duke of Albany is generally hated for his greed and covetousness-Your Highness is, it may be, more beloved than-

calmly filled up the blank-"more troubles of sovereignty, will, 1

is so, I would have it, Ramornv."

"At least," said Ramorny, "you are more beloved than you are feared, and that is no safe condition for a prince. But give me your honour and knightly word that you will not resent what good service I shall do in your behalf, and lend me your signet to engage friends in your name, and the Duke of Albany shall not "It is new to me to be assume authority in this court, till the wasted hand which once terminated this stump shall be acting in obedience to the dictates of my mind."

> "You would not venture to dip your hands in royal blood?" said the Prince, sternly.

> "Fie, my Lord-at no ratenay, will, be extinguished of itself. For want of trimming it with fresh oil, or screening it ing light will die in the socket. To suffer a man to die is not to kill him."

> "True—I had forgot that policy. Well, then, suppose my uncle Albany does not continue to live -I think that must be the phrase Scotland?"

"Robert the Third, with consent, advice, and authority of the most mighty David, Duke of Rothsay, Lieutenant of the kingdom, and ALTER EGO; in whose favour, indeed, the good King, Ramorny stopped, the Prince wearied with the fatigues and guess, be well disposed to ab-|of a Christian nation.-Thou wert dicate. young monarch, King David the I might justly upbraid thy lessons Third!

## Ille manu fortis, Anglis Indebit in hortis."

"And our father and predecessor," said Rothsay, "will he continue to live to pray for us, as our beadsman, by whose favour he holds the privilege of laying his gray hairs in the grave as soon, and no earlier, than the course of nature permits?—or must he also encounter some of those negligences, in consequence of which men cease to continue to live, and exchange the limits of a prison, or of a convent resembling one, for the dark and tranquil cell, where the priests say that the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest?"

"You speak in jest, my lord," replied Ramorny; "to harm the good old King were equally unnatural and impolitic."

when thy whole scheme," answered the Prince, in stern displeasure, "is one lesson of unnatural guilt, mixed with shortsighted ambition?-If the King of morny, "if I have said anything Scotland can scarcely make head against his nobles, even now when he can hold up before them an by excess of zeal, unsullied and honourable banner, who would follow a prince that is Surely I, of all men, am least blackened with the death of an likely to propose ambitious pro-uncle and the imprisonment of a jects with a prospect of advantage father? Why, man, thy policy to myself! Alas! my only future were enough to revolt a heathen views must be to exchange lance divan, to say naught of the council and saddle for the breviary and

So long live our brave my tutor, Ramorny, and perhaps and example, for some of the follies which men chide in me. Perhaps, if it had not been for thee. I had not been standing at midnight in this fool's guise" (looking at his dress), "to hear an ambitious profligate propose to me the murder of an uncle, the dethroning of the best of fathers. Since it is my fault, as well as thine, that has sunk me so deep in the gulf of infamy, it were unjust that thou alone shouldst die for it. But dare not to renew this theme to me, on peril of thy life! I will proclaim thee to my father-to Albany-to Scotland-throughout its length and breadth! As many market crosses as are in the land, shall have morsels of the traitor's carcass, who dare counsel such horrors to the Heir of Scotland !- Well hope 1, indeed, that the fever of thy wound, and the intoxicating influence of "Why shrink from that, man, the cordials which act on thy infirm brain, have this night operated on thee, rather than any fixed purpose."

"In sooth, my lord," said Rawhich could so greatly exasperate your Highness, it must have been mingled with imbecility of understanding.

the confessional. The convent of your Highness, one pull at the Lindores must receive the maimed pitcher willand impoverished Knight of Ramorny, who will there have ample of Rothsay: "Are there none of leisure to meditate upon the text, 'Put not thy faith in Princes.'"

"It is a goodly purpose," said the Prince, "and we will not be ther, Watkins the Englishman." lacking to promote it. Our separation, I thought, would have been and aid me with a torch-Give but for a time-It must now be perpetual. Certainly, after such talk as we have held, it were meet that we should live asunder. But the convent of Lindores, or whatever other house receives thee, shall be richly endowed and highly favoured by us.-And now, Sir John of Ramorny, sleep-sleep -and forget this evil-omened conversation, in which the fever of disease and of wine, has rather, I trust, held colloquy, than your own proper thoughts.-Light to the door, Eviot."

A call from Eviot summoned the attendants of the Prince, who had been sleeping on the staircase and hall, exhausted by the late rioters began to adopt the revels of the evening.

sober?" said the Duke of Rothsay, disgusted by the appearance disguise their condition, by asof his attendants.

swered the followers, with a drunken shout; "we are none of us hasty reform in his dress, was traitors to the Emperor of Merry-lighted to the door by the only makers!"

brutes, then?" said the Prince.

"In obedience and imitation of bulk of the brute Bonthron. your Grace," answered one fel-

"Peace, beast!" said the Duke you sober, I say?"

"Yes, my noble liege," was the answer; "here is one false bro-

"Come hither, then, Watkins, me a cloak, too, and another bonnet, and take away this trumpery," throwing down his coronet of feathers; "I would I could throw off all my follies as easily .- English Wat, attend me alone, and the rest of you end your revelry, and doff your mumming habits. The holytide is expended, and the Fast has begun."

"Our monarch has abdicated sooner than usual this night," said one of the revel rout; but as the Prince gave no encouragement, such as happened for the time to want the virtue of sobriety, endeavoured to assume it as well as they could, and the whole of the appearance of a set of decent per-"Is there none amongst you sons, who, having been surprised into intoxication, endeavour to suming a double portion of form-"Not a man-not a man," an-ality of behaviour. In the interim, the Prince, having made a sober man of the company, but, "And are all of you turned into in his progress hither, had wellnigh stumbled over the sleeping

"How now-is that vile beast low; "or, if we are a little behind in our way once more?" he said in anger and disgust. "Here, residue of your train should resome of you, toss this caitiff into main one day sober, to admit Will the horse-trough, that for once in Watkins to get drunk without his life he may be washed clean."

While the train executed his commands, availing themselves of Where dost thou serve, Watkins?" a fountain which was in the outer court, and while Bonthron underwent a discipline which he was incapable of resisting, otherwise than by some inarticulate groans and snorts, like those of a dying have one sober fellow in the house, boar, the Prince proceeded on his way to his apartments, in a mansion, called the Constable's Lodgings, from the house being the property of the Earls of Errol. On the way, to divert his thoughts from the more unpleasing matters, the Prince asked his companion how he came to be sober when the rest of the party had been so much overcome with liquor.

"So please your honour's Grace," replied English Wat, "I confess it was very familiar in me left the apartment. His consciousto be sober when it was your ness, which he had possessed per-Grace's pleasure that your train fectly during the inferview, began should be mad drunk; but in to be very much disturbed. He respect they were all Scottishmen felt a general sense that he had but myself, I thought it argued incurred a great danger; that he no policy in getting drunken in had rendered the Prince his their company; seeing that they enemy, and that he had betrayed only endure me even when we are to him a secret which might afall sober, and if the wine were fect his own life. In this state of uppermost, I might tell them a mind and body, it was not strange piece of my mind, and be paid that he should either dream, or with as many stabs as there are else that his diseased organs skenes in the good company."

join any of the revels of our house- is excited by the use of opium. hold?"

be your Grace's pleasure that the bedside, and demanded the youth

terror of his life."

"Such occasion may arrive.-

"In the stable, so please you."

"Let our chamberlain bring thee into the household, as a veoman of the night-watch. I like thy favour, and it is something to although he is only such through the fear of death. Attend, therefore, near our person, and thou shalt find sobriety a thriving virtue."

Meantime a load of care and fear added to the distress of Sir John Ramorny's sick chamber. His reflections, disordered as they were by the opiate, fell into great confusion when the Prince, in whose presence, he had suppressed its effect by strong resistance, had should become subject to that "So it is your purpose never to species of phantasmagoria which He thought that the shade of "Under favour, yes; unless it Queen Annabella stood by his

whom she had placed under his at this season in Scotland, where innocent.

"Thou hast rendered him reckless, dissolute, and vicious," said the shade of pallid Majesty. "Yet I thank thee, John of Ramorny, ungrateful to me, false to thy word, and treacherous to my hopes. Thy hate shall counteract the evil which thy friendship has done to him. And well do I hope. that, now thou art no longer his counseller, a bitter penance on earth may purchase my ill-fated child pardon and acceptance in a better world."

Ramorny stretched out his arms after his benefactress, and endeavoured to express contrition and excuse; but the countenance of the apparition became darker and of the pleasure of John of Rasterner, till it was no longer that morny. of the late Queen, but presented the gloomy and haughty aspect of the Black Douglas-then the timid and sorrowful face of King Robert, who seemed to mourn over the approaching dissolution of his royal house—and then a group of fantastic features, partly hideous, partly ludicrous, which moped, and chattered, and twisted themselves into unnatural and extravagant forms, as if ridiculing his endeavour to obtain an exact idea of their lineaments.

## CHAPTER XVIII.

A purple land, where law secures not life. BYRON.

THE morning of Ash Wednes-

charge, simple, virtuous, gay, and the worst and most inclement weather often occurs in the early spring months. It was a severe day of frost, and the citizens had to sleep away the consequences of the preceding holiday's debauchery. The sun had therefore risen for an hour above the horizon, before there was any general appearance of life among the inhabitants of Perth, so that it was some time after daybreak, when a citizen going early to mass, saw the body of the luckless Oliver Proudfute lying on his face, across the kennel in the manner in which he had fallen, under the blow, as our readers will easily imagine, of Anthony Bonthron, the "boy of the belt," that is the executioner

> This early citizen was Allan Griffin, so termed because he was master of the Griffin inn; and the alarm which he raised soon brought together, first straggling neighbours, and by and by a concourse of citizens. At first, from the circumstance of the well-known buffcoat, and the crimson feather in the head-peace, the noise arose that it was the stout Smith that lay there slain. This false rumour continued for some time; for the host of the Griffin, who himself had been a magistrate, would not permit the body to be touched or stirred till Bailie Craigdallie arrived, so that the face was not seen.

"This concerns the Fair City, day arose pale and bleak as usual my friends," he said; "and if it is the stout Smith of the Wynd who ward, every bell of them that is lies here, the man lives not in Perth, who v ill not risk land and not, St. Johnston's hunt is up!"\* life to avenge him. Look you, the villains have struck him down behind his back, for there is not a man within ten Scotch miles of Perth, gentle or semple, Highland or Lowland, that would have met him face to face with such evil purpose. Oh, brave men of Perth! the flower of your manhood has been cut down, and that by a base and treacherous hand!"

A wild cry of fury arose from the people, who were fast assembling.

"We will take him on our shoulders," said a strong butcher; "we will carry him to the King's presence at the Dominican Convent."

"Ay, ay," answered a blacksmith, "neither bolt nor bar shall keep us from the King; neither monk nor mass shall break our purpose. A better armourer never laid hammer on anvil!"

"To the Dominicans! to the Dominicans!" shouted the assembled people.

"Bethink you, burghers," said another citizen, "our King is a good King, and loves us like his children. It is the Douglas and the Duke of Albany that will not let good King Robert hear the distresses of his people."

"Are we to be slain in our own streets for the King's softness of heart?" said the butcher. Bruce did otherwise. If the King will not keep us, we will keep | They are duly chosen and elected Ring the bells backourselves.

made of metal. Cry. and spare "Ay," cried another citizen, "and let us to the holds of Albany and the Douglas, and burn them to the ground. Let the fires tell far and near, that Perth knew how to avenge her stout Henry Gow! He has fought a score of times for the Fair City's rightlet us show we can fight once to avenge his wrong. Hallo! ho! brave citizens, St. Johnston's hunt is up!"

This cry, the well-known rallying word amongst the inhabitants of Perth, and seldom heard but on occasions of general uproar, was echoed from voice to voice; and one or two neighbouring steeples, of which the enraged citizens possessed themselves, either by consent of the priests, or in spite of their opposition, began to ring out the ominous alarm notes, in which, as the ordinary succession of the chimes were reversed, the bells were said to be rung backward.

Still as the crowd thickened. and the roar waxed more universal and louder, Allan Griffin, a burly man with a deep voice, and well respected among high and low, kept his station as he bestrode the corpse, and called loudly to the multitude to keep back, and wait the arrival of the magistrates.

"We must proceed by order in "The this matter, my masters; we must have our magistrates at our head.

\* Note I. St. Johnston's Hunt is up.

in our town-hall, good men and room to examine the body, having true every one; we will not be called rioters, or idle perturbators an official protocol, or, as it is of the King's peace. Stand you still, and make room, for yonder comes Bailie Craigdallie, av. and honest Simon Glover, to whom the submitted, with a patience and Fair City is so much bounden. Alas, alas, my kind townsmen! national character of a people, his beautiful daughter was a bride yesternight-this morning the Fair the more deeply dangerous, that Maid of Perth is a widow before she has been a wife!"

This new theme of sympathy increased the rage and sorrow of the crowd the more, as many women now mingled with them, who echoed back the alarm cry to the men.

"Ay, ay, St. Johnston's hunt is up! For the Fair Maid of Perth and the brave Henry Gow! Up, up, every one of you, spare not for your skin-cutting! To the the horse is gone the man-at-arms is useless-cut off the grooms and yeomen; lame, maim, and stab the horses; kill the base squires and pages. Let these proud knights meet us on their feet if they dare!"

"They dare not-they dare not," answered the men; "their strength is in their horses and armour: and yet the haughty and ungrateful villains have slain a man whose skill as an armourer was never matched in Milan or Venice.-To arms! to arms, brave burghers! St. Johnston's hunt is up!"

Amid this clamour, the magis- maker, Oliver Proudfute. trates and superior class of in- resentment of the people had so habitants with difficulty obtained much turned upon the general

with them the town-clerk to take still called, a precognition, of the condition in which it was found. To these delays the multitude order which strongly marked the whose resentment has always been they will, without relaxing their determination of vengeance, submit with patience to all delays which are necessary to ensure its attainment. The multitude, therefore, received their magistrates with a loud cry, in which the thirst of revenge was announced, together with the deferential welcome to the patrons by whose direction they expected to obtain it in right and legal fashion.

While these accents of welcome still rung above the crowd, who now filled the whole adjacent streets, receiving and circulating a thousand varying reports, the fathers of the city caused the body to be raised and more closely examined; when it was instantly perceived, and the truth publicly announced, that not the armourer of the Wynd, so highly, and, according to the esteemed qualities of the time, so justly popular among his fellow-citizens; but a man of far less general estimation, though not without his own value in society, lay murdered before them-the brisk Bonnet-The

opinion, that their frank and in the defence of the old King. brave champion, Henry Gow, was The scene of the preceding night the slaughtered person, that the ran in his recollection; and, rememcontradiction of the report served to cool the general fury, although. if poor Oliver had been recognised at first, there is little doubt that the cry of vengeance would have been as unanimous, though not probably so furious, as in the case of Henry Wynd.\* The first circulation of the unexpected intelligence even excited a smile among the crowd, so near are the confines of the ludicrous to those of the terrible.

"The murderers have without doubt taken him for Henry Smith," said Griffin, "which must have been a great comfort to him in the circumstances."

But the arrival of other persons on the scene soon restored its deeply tragic character.

## CHAPTER XIX.

Who's that that rings the bell?—Diablos, ho! The town will rise.—

OTHELLO, Act. II., Scene 3.

THE wild rumours which flew through the town, speedily followed by the tolling of the alarm bells, spread general consternation. The nobles and knights, with their followers, gathered in different places of rendezvous, where a defence could best be maintained; and the alarm reached the royal residence, where the young Prince was one of the first to appear to assist, if necessary,

\* Note J. Henry Smith or Wynd.

bering the blood-stained figure of Bonthron, he conceived, though indistinctly, that the ruffian's action had been connected with this uproar. The subsequent and more interesting discourse with Sir John Ramorny had, however, been of such an impressive nature, as to obliterate all traces of what he had vaguely heard of the bloody act of the assassin, excepting a confused recollection that some one or other had been slain. It was chiefly on his father's account that he had assumed arms with his household train, who, clad in bright armour, and bearing lances in their hands, made now a figure very different from that of the preceding night, when they appeared as intoxicated Bacchanalians. The kind old monarch received this mark of filial attachment with tears of gratitude, and proudly presented his son to his brother Albany, who entered shortly afterwards. He took them each by the hand.

"Now are we three Stuarts," he said, "as inseparable as the holy Trefoil; and, as they say the wearer of that sacred herb mocks at magical delusion, so we, while we are true to each other, may set malice and enmity at defiance."

The brother and son kissed the kind hand which pressed theirs, while Robert III. expressed his confidence in their affection. The kiss of the youth was, for the time, sincere: that of the brother was the salute of the apostate Judas.

In the meantime the bell of Saint John's church alarmed. amongst others, the inhabitants of Curfew Street. In the house of Simon Glover, Old Dorothy Glover, as she was called (for she also took name from the trade she practised, under her master's auspices), was the first to catch the sound. Though somewhat deaf upon ordinary occasions, her ear for bad news was as sharp as a kite's scent for carrion; for Dorothy, otherwise an industrious. faithful, and even affectionate creature, had that strong appetite for collecting and retailing sinister intelligence which is often to be marked in the lower classes. Little accustomed to be listened to, they love the attention which a tragic is shricking and crying in the tale ensures to the bearer, and enjoy, perhaps, the temporary equality to which misfortune reduces those who are ordinarily accounted their superiors. Dorothy had no sooner possessed herself beyond Fortingall. - Patience, of a slight packet of the rumours which were flying abroad, than you news. she bounced into her master's "Ye need not hurry yourself bedroom, who had taken the privi- for that, Simon Glover," quoth lege of age and the holvtide to sleep longer than usual.

"There he lies, honest man!" said Dorothy, half in a screeching, and half in a wailing tone of sympathy,-"There he lies; his I, our goodman is so wilful, that best friend slain, and he knowing he'll be for banging out to the as little about it as the babe new tuilzie, be the cause what it like; born, that kens not life from and sae I maun e'en stir my death."

"How now!" said the Glover. starting up out of his bed,-""What is the matter, old woman? is my daughter well?"

"Old woman!" said Dorothy, who, having her fish hooked, chose to let him play a little. am not so old," said she, flouncing out of the room, "as to bide in the place till a man rises from his naked bed----"

And presently she was heard at a distance in the parlour beneath, melodiously singing to the scrubbing of her own broom.

"Dorothy-screechowl-devil -say but my daughter is well!"

"I am well, my father," answered the Fair Maid of Perth. speaking from her bedroom, "perfectly well; but what, for our Lady's sake, is the matter? The bells ring backward, and there streets."

"I will presently know the cause.-Here, Conachar, come speedily and tie my points .-- I forgot-the Highland loon is far daughter, I will presently bring

the obdurate old woman; "the best and the worst of it may be tauld before you could hobble over your door-stane. I ken the haill story abroad; for, thought shanks, and learn the cause of all

this, or he will hae his auld nose dotage of an old fool. No such in the midst of it, and maybe get thing has happened. I will bring it nipt off before he knows what for."

"And what is the news, then, old woman?" said the impatient Glover, still busying himself with the hundred points or latchets, which were the means of attaching the doublet to the hose.

Dorothy suffered him to proceed in his task, till she conjectured it must be nearly accomplished; and foresaw that, if she told not the secret herself, her master would be abroad to seek in person for the cause of the disturbance. She, therefore, hollowed out—"Aweel, aweel, ye canna say it is my fault, if vou hear ill news before vou have been at the morning mass. I would have kept it from ye till ye had heard the priest's word; but since you must hear it, you have e'en lost the truest friend that ever gave hand to another, and Perth maun mourn for the bravest burgher that ever took a blade in hand!"

"Harry Smith! Harry Smith!" exclaimed the father and the daughter at once.

"Oh, ay, there ye hae it at last," said Dorothy, "and whase fault was it but your ain?--ye made such a piece of work about his companying with a gleewoman, as if he had companied with a Jewess!"

Dorothy would have gone on long enough, but her master exclaimed to his daughter, who was still in her own apartment, "It is nonsense Catharine — all the

thing has happened. I will bring ment;" and snatching up his staff, the old man hurried out past Dorothy, and into the street, where the throng of people were rushing towards the High Street. Dorothy, in the meantime kept muttering to herself, "Thy father is a wise man, take his ain word for it. He will come next by some scathe in the hobbleshow, and then it will be, Dorothy, get the lint, and Dorothy, spread the plaster; but now it is nothing but nonsense, and a lie, and impossibility, that can come out of Dorothy's mouth -Impossible! Does auld Simon think that Harry Smith's head was as hard as his stithy, and a haill clan of Highlandmen dinging at him?"

Here she was interrupted by a figure like an angel, who came wandering by her with wild eye, cheek deadly pale, hair dishevelled, and an apparent want of consciousness, which terrified the old woman out of her discontented humour.

"Our Lady bless my bairn;" said she. "What look you sae wild for?"

"Did you not say some one was dead?" said Catharine, with a frightful uncertainty of utterance, as if her organs of speech and hearing served her but imperfectly.

"Dead, hinny! Ay, ay, dead eneugh; ye'll no hae him to gloom at ony mair."

"Dead!" repeated Catharine,

still with the same uncertainty of -and by Highlanders?"

-the lawless loons. What is it the street with the hair hanging else that kills maist of the folk about, unless now and then when the burghers take a tirrivie, and kill ane another, or whiles that the knights and nobles shed blood? But I'se uphauld it's been the Highlandmen this bout. The man was no in Perth, laird or durst have faced Henry loon. Smith man to man. There's been sair odds against him; ye'll see that when it's looked into."

"Highlanders!" repeated Catharine, as if haunted by some idea which troubled her senses. "Highlanders!-Oh, Conachar! Conachar!"

"Indeed, and I daresay you] have lighted on the very man, Catharine. They quarrelled, as you saw, on the St. Valentine's Even, and had a warstle. A Highlandman has a long memory for the like of that. Gie him a cuff at Martinmas, and his cheek will be tingling at Whitsunday. But what could have brought down the lang-legged loons to do their bloody wark within burgh?"

"Woe's me, it was I," said Catharine; "it was I brought the Highlanders down-I that sent for Conachar-ay, they have lain in wait-but it was I that brought them within reach of their prev. But I will see with my own eyes -and then-something we will do. Say to my father I will be of the tumult, and most recounting back anon."

"Are ye distraught, lassie?" voice and manner. "Dead-slain shouted Dorothy, as Catharine made past her towards the street "I'se warrant by Highlanders, door. "You would not gang into down your haffets in that guise, and you kenn'd for the Fair Maid of Perth?-Mass! but she's out in the street, come o't what like, and the auld Glover will be as mad as if I could withhold her. will she, nill she, flyte she fling she .- This is a brave morning for an Ash Wednesday!-What's to be done? If I were to seek my master among the multitude, I were like to be crushed beneath their feet, and little moan made for the old woman-And am I to run after Catharine, who ere this is out of sight, and far lighter of foot than I am?-so I will just down the gate to Nicol Barber's, and tell him a' about it."

While the trusty Dorothy was putting her prudent resolve into execution, Catharine ran through the streets of Perth in a manner, which at another moment would have brought on her the attention of every one, who saw her hurrying on with a reckless impetuosity, wildly and widely different from the ordinary decency and composure of her step and manner, and without the plaid, scarf, or mantle, which "women of good," of fair character and decent rank, universally carried around them, when they went abroad. But distracted as the people were, every one inquiring or telling the cause it different ways, the negligence

of her dress, and discomposure of of the dreadful report, she hurried her manner, made no impression forward to the very spot, which on any one; and she was suffered to press forward on the path she had chosen, without aftracting more notice than the other females, who, stirred by anxious curiosity or fear, had come out to inquire the cause of an alarm so general — it might be to seek for friends, for whose safety they were interested.

As Catharine passed along, she felt all the wild influence of the agitating scene, and it was with difficulty she forbore from repeating the cries of lamentation and alarm which were echoed around her. In the meantime, she rushed rapidly on, embarrassed like one in a dream, with a strange sense of dreadful calamity, the precise nature of which she was unable to define, but which implied the terrible consciousness, that the man who loved her so fondly, whose good qualities she so highly esteemed, and whom she now felt to be dearer than perhaps she would before have acknowledged to her own bosom, was murdered, and most probably by her means. The connection betwixt Henry's supposed death, and the descent of Conachar and his followers, though adopted by her in a moment of extreme and engrossing emotion, was sufficiently probable to have been received for truth, even if her understanding had been at leisure to examine its Without knowing credibility. what she sought, except the the echoing of her hasty summons general desire to know the worst increased the alarm, which had Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

of all others her feelings of the preceding day would have induced her to avoid.

Who would upon the evening of Shrove-tide, have persuaded the proud, the timid, the shy, the rigidly decorous Catharine Glover, that before mass on Ash Wednesday she should rush through the streets of Perth, making her way amidst tumult and confusion, with her hair unbound, and her dress disarranged, to seek the house of that same lover, who, she had reason to believe, had so grossly and indelicately neglected and affronted her, as to pursue a low and licentious amour! Yet so it was; and her eagerness taking, as if by instinct, the road which was most free, she avoided the High Street, where the pressure was greatest, and reached the wynd bv the narrow lanes on the northern skirt of the town, through which Henry Smith had formerly escorted Louise. But even these comparatively lonely passages were now astir with passengers, so general was the alarm. Catharine Glover made her way through them, however, while such as observed her looked on each other, and shook their heads in sympathy with her distress. At length. without any distinct idea of her own purpose, she stood before her lover's door and knocked for admittance.

The silence which succeeded

induced her to take this desperate and win your lady's grace;' and measure.

"Open, -open, Henry!" she cried. "Open, if you yet live !--Open, if you would not find Catharine Glover dead upon your threshold!"

As she cried thus franticly, to ears which she was taught to believe were stopped by death, the lover, she invoked opened the door in person, just in time to prevent her sinking on the ground. The extremity of his ecstatic joy upon an occasion so unexpected, was qualified only by the wonder which forbade him to believe it real, and by his alarm at the closed eyes, half-opened and blanched lips, total absence of complexion, and apparently total cessation of breathing.

Henry had remained at home, in spite of the general alarm which had reached his ears for a considerable time, fully determined to put himself in the way of no brawls that he could avoid; and it was only in compliance with a summons from the Magistrates, which, as a burgher, he was bound to obey, that, taking for an invalid, as it looked into his sword and a spare buckler from the wall, he was about to go from the noise of the tumult. forth, for the first time unwillingly, to pay his service, as his tenure bred-come quick-come for bound him.

"It is hard," he said, "to be thy help!" put forward in all the town feuds, when the fighting work is so de-lit should but prove any one that testable to Catharine. I am sure will keep thee out of the scuffle" there are enough of wenches in -for she also had been aroused Perth, that say to their gallants, by the noise,-but what was her

yet they send not for their lovers, but for me, who cannot do the duties of a man to protect a minstrel woman, or of a burgess who fights for the honour of his town, but this peevish Catharine uses me as if **1** were a brawler and bordeller!"

Such were the thoughts which occupied his mind, when, as he opened his door to issue forth, the person dearest to his thoughts, but whom he certainly least expected to see, was present to his eyes, and dropped into his arms.

His mixture of surprise, joy, and anxiety, did not deprive him of the presence of mind which the occasion demanded. To place Catharine Glover in safety, and recall her to herself, was to be thought of before rendering obedience to the summons of the magistrates. however pressingly that had been delivered. He carried his lovely burden, as light as a feather, yet more precious than the same quantity of purest gold, into a small bedchamber which had been his mother's. It was the most fit the garden, and was separated

"Here, Nurse-Nurse Shooldeath and life-here is one wants

Up trotted the old dame. "If 'Go out-do your devoir bravely, astonishment, when, placed in love and reverence on the bed of her | we will find a better way than late mistress, and supported by beating;" and he applied his lips the athletic arms of her foster to the pretty hand, whose motion son, she saw the apparently lifeless form of the Fair Maid of "Catharine Glover!" she Perth. said; "and, Holy Mother-adying woman, as it would seem?"

"Not so, old woman," said her foster son; "the dear heart throbs -the sweet breath comes and returns! Come thou, that may aid her more meetly than I-bring water — essences — whatever thy old skill can devise. Heaven did not place her in my arms to die, but to live for herself and me!"

With an activity which her age little promised, Nurse Shoolbred collected the means of restoring animation; for, like many women of the period, she understood what was to be done in such cases, nay, possessed a knowledge of treating wounds of an ordinary description, which the warlike propensities of her foster son kept in pretty constant exercise.

"Come now," she said, "son Henry, unfold your arms from about my patient-though she is worth the pressing-and set thy hands at freedom to help me with what I want.-Nay, I will not insist on your quitting her hand, if you will beat the palm gently, as the fingers unclose their clenched the Fair City, unless you come in-grasp." stantly forth!"

"I beat her slight beautiful hand!" said Henry; "you were as well bid me beat a glass cup with far successful, that Catharine's a fore-hammer, as tap her fair palm with my horn-hard fingers. stored; for turning her face more

indicated returning sensation. One or two deep sighs succeeded, and the Fair Maid of Perth opened her eyes, fixed them on her lover. as he kneeled by the bedside, and again sunk back on the pillow. As she withdrew not her hand from her lover's hold or from his grasp, we must in charity believe that the return to consciousness was not so complete as to make her aware that he abused the advantage, by pressing it alternately to his lips and his bosom. At the same time we are compelled to own, that the blood was colouring in her cheek, and that her breathing was deep and regular, for a minute or two during this relapse.

The noise at the door began now to grow much louder, and Henry was called for by all his various names, of Smith, Gow, and Hal of the Wynd, as heathens used to summon their deities by different epithets. At last, like Portuguese Catholics when exhausted with entreating their saints, the crowd without had recourse to vituperative exclamation.

"Out upon you, Henry! You are a disgraced man, mansworn to your burgher-oath, and a traitor to

It would seem that Nurse Shoolbred's applications were now so senses were in some measure re--But the fingers do unfold, and towards that of her lover, than

her former posture permitted, she | Bailie Craigdallie's orders. the let her right hand fall on his features of the poor braggart shoulder, leaving her left still Proudfute were recognised, when in his possession, and seeming the crowd expected to behold slightly to retain him, while she those of their favourite champion whispered, "Do not go, Henrystay with me-they will kill thee, thing approaching to one, went these men of blood."

invocation, the result of finding the lover alive whom she expected to have only recognized as a corpse, though it was spoken so low as scarcely to be intelligible, had more effect to keep Henry Wynd in his present posture, than the repeated summons of many voices from without had to bring him down stairs.

"Mass, townsmen," cried one hardy citizen to his companions, "the saucy Smith but jests with us: Let us into the house, and "Oh, my husband!-my hus-bring him out by the lug and the band!" horn.

"Take care what you are doing," said a more cautious assailant. "The man that presses on Henry Gow's retirement may go into his house with sound bones, but will return with ready-made work for the surgeon.—But here comes one who has good right to do our errand to him, and make the recreant hear reason on both sides of his head."

spoken was no other than Simon Glover himself. He had arrived at the fatal spot where the unlucky Bonnet-maker's body was lying, just in time to discover, to his great relief, that when it was turned with the face upwards by

Henry Smith. A laugh, or someamong those who remembered It would seem that this gentle how hard Oliver had struggled to obtain the character of a fighting man, however foreign to his nature and disposition, and remarked now, that he had met with a mode of death much better suited to his pretensions than to his temper. But this tendency to ill-timed mirth, which sayoured of the rudeness of the times. was at once hushed by the voice, and cries, and exclamations of a woman, who struggled through the crowd, screaming at the same time,-

Room was made for the sorrower, who was followed by two or three female friends. Maudie Proudfute had been hitherto only noticed as a good-looking blackhaired woman, believed to be dink\* and disdainful to those whom she thought meaner or poorer than herself, and lady and empress over her late husband, whom she quickly caused to lower his crest when she chanced to hear The person of whom this was him crowing out of season. But now, under the influence of powerful passion, she assumed a far more imposing character.

"Do you laugh," she said, "you unworthy burghers of Perth, because one of your own citizens \* Contemptuous-scornful of others.

has poured his blood into the who has twenty feuds upon his kennel?--or do vou laugh because hands." the deadly lot has lighted on my husband? How has he deserved | Bailie?" cried the multitude. this?-Did he not maintain an honest house by his own industry, and keep a creditable board, where the sick had welcome, and the poor had relief? Did he not lend to those who wanted—stand by his neighbours as a friendkeep counsel, and do justice like a magistrate?"

"It is true, it is true," answered the assembly, "his blood is our blood, as much as if it were Henry Gow's."

"You speak truth, neighbours," said Bailie Craigdallie; "and this feud cannot be patched up as the former was.—Citizen's blood must not flow unavenged down our kennels, as if it were ditch-water. or we shall soon see the broad Tay crimsoned with it. But this blow was never meant for the poor man on whom it has unhappily fallen. Every one knew what Oliver Proudfute was, how wide he would speak, and how little he would do. He has Henry Smith's buff-coat, target, and headpiece. All the town know them as well as I do; there is no doubt on't. He had the trick, as you know, of trying to imitate the Smith in most things. Some one blind with rage, or perhaps through liquor, has stricken the innocent Bonnet-maker, whom no man either hated or feared, or, indeed, cared either much or little about, instead of the stout Smith, Master Bailie," said one of the

"What then is to be done,

"That, my friends, your magistrates will determine for you, as we shall instantly meet together when Sir Patrick Charteris cometh here, which must be anon. Meanwhile, let the chirurgeon Dwining examine that poor piece of clay, that he may tell us how he came by his fatal death; and then let the corpse be decently swathed in a clean shroud, as becomes an honest citizen, and placed before the high altar in the church of St. John, the patron of the Fair City. Cease all clamour and noise, and every defensible man of you, as you would wish well to the Fair Town, keep his weapons in readiness, and be prepared to assemble on the High Street, at the tolling of the common bell from the Town-House, and we will either revenge the death of our fellowcitizen, or else we shall take such fortune as Heaven will send us. Meanwhile, avoid all quarrelling with the knights and their followers, till we know the innocent from the guilty.—But wherefore tarries this knave Smith? He is ready enough in tumults when his presence is not wanted, and lags he now when his presence may serve the Fair City?-What ails him, doth any one know? Hath he been upon the frolic last Fastern's Even?"

"Rather he is sick or sullen,

city's mairs, or sergeants; "for She pushed her lover from her though he is within door, as his knaves report, yet he will neither answer to us nor admit us."

"So please your worship, Master Bailie," said Simon Glover, "I will go myself to fetch Henry Smith. I have some little difference to make up with him. And blessed be Our Lady, who hath so ordered it, that I find him alive. as a quarter of an hour since I could never have expected!"

"Bring the stout Smith to the Council-house," said the Bailie, as a mounted yeoman pressed through the crowd, and whispered in his ear.—"Here is a good fellow, who says the knight of Kinfauns is entering the port."

Such was the occasion of Simon Glover presenting himself at the house of Henry Gow at the period already noticed.

Unrestrained by the considerations of doubt and hesitation which influenced others, he repaired to the parlour; and having overheard the bustling of Dame Shoolbred, he took the privilege of intimacy to ascend to the bedroom, and, with the slight apology of-"I crave your pardon, good neighbour," he opened the door. and entered the apartment, where a singular and unexpected sight awaited him. At the sound of his voice, May Catharine experienced a revival much speedier than Dame Shoolbred's restoratives had been able to produce; and the paleness I can see! Truly, I am glad to of her complexion changed into a see that you, my good Dame deep glow of the most lovely red. Shoolbred, who give way to no

with both her hands, which, until this minute, her want of consciousness, or her affection, awakened by the events of the morning, had well-nigh abandoned to his caresses. Henry Smith, bashful as we know him, stumbled as he rose up: and none of the party were without a share of confusion, excepting Dame Shoolbred, who was glad to make some pretext to turn her back to the others, in order that she might enjoy a laugh at their expense, which she felt herself utterly unable to restrain, and in which the Glover, whose surprise, though great, was of short duration, and of a joyful character, sincerely joined.

"Now, by good St. John," he said, "I thought I had seen a sight this morning that would cure me of laughter, at least till Lent was over; but this would make me curl my cheek, if I were dying. Why, here stands honest Henry Smith, who was lamented as dead, and toll'd out for from every steeple in town, alive, merry, and, as it seems from his ruddy complexion, as like to live as any man in Perth. And here is my precious daughter, that yesterday would speak of nothing but the wickedness of the wights that haunt profane sports, and protect glee-maidens-Ay, she who set St. Valentine and St. Cupid both at defiance,-here she is, turned a glee-maiden herself, for what

disorder, have been of this loving |Simon," said the Smith, "now party."

father," said Catharine, as if about to weep. "I came here with far different expectations than you suppose. I only came because-because-"

"Because you expected to find a dead lover," said her father, "and you have found a living one, who can receive the tokens from beneath. of your regard, and return them. Now, were it not a sin, I could Glover, seriously, "we have other find in my heart to thank Heaven, work in hand. You and I must find in my heart to thank Heaven. that thou hast been surprised at to the council instantly. Cathalast into owning thyself a woman rine shall remain here with Dame -Simon Glover is not worthy to have an absolute saint for his of her till we return; and then, as daughter. --- Nay, look not so piteously, nor expect condolence from me! Only I will try not to look merry, if you will be pleased to stop your tears, or confess them to be tears of joy."

"If I were to die for such a confession," said poor Catharine, "I could not tell what to call Henry's brother-at-arms." them. Only believe, dear father, and let Henry believe, that I would never have come hither, unless—unless——"

"Unless you had thought that Henry could not come to you," "And now, said her father. shake hands in peace and concord, and agree as Valentine's have done him too much grace should. Yesterday was Shrovetide, Henry-We will hold that thou hast confessed thy follies, hast obtained absolution, and art ward." relieved of all the guilt thou stoodest charged with."

"Nay, touching that, father will not allow me on other terms."

that you are cool enough to hear

"You do me wrong, my dearest me, I can swear on the Gospels, and I can call my nurse, Dame Shoolbred, to witness-----

"Nay, nay," said the Glover, "but wherefore rake up differences, which should all be forgotten?"

"Hark ye Simon! - Simon Glover!" This was now echoed

"True, son Smith," said the Shoolbred, who will take charge the town is in misrule, we two, Harry, will carry her home, and they will be bold men that cross us."

"Nay, my dear father," said Catharine, with a smile, "now you are taking Oliver Proudfute's office. That doughty burgher is

Her father's countenance grew dark.

"You have spoke a stinging word, daughter; but you know not what has happened. - Kiss him, Catharine, in token of forgiveness."

"Not so," said Catharine; "I already. When he has seen the errant damsel safe home, it will be time enough to claim his re-

"Meantime," said Henry, "I will claim, as your host, what you

He folded the fair maiden in orchard accordingly, where the his arms, and was permitted to take the salute which she had refused to bestow.

As they descended the stair together, the old man laid his hand on the Smith's shoulder, and said, "Henry, my dearest wishes | rupted attempts at melody. are fulfilled; but it is the pleasure of the saints that it should be in an hour of difficulty and terror."

"True," said the Smith; "but thou knowest, father, if our riots be frequent at Perth, at least they seldom last long."

Then opening a door which led from the house into the smithy, as they have theirs; and whatever "Here comrades," he cried, "An-ton, Cuthbert, Dingwell, and row, I am to-day the happiest Ringan! Let none of you stir man in Perth, city or county. from the place till I return. Be burgh or landward." as true as the weapons I have taught you to forge; a French said the old Glover, "though, crown and a Scotch merry-making for you, if you obey my command. I leave a mighty treasure fool that you and I knew so well, in your charge. Watch the doors well-let little Jannekin scout up and down the wynd, and have your arms ready if any one ap- said the Smith; "nay, a caudle proaches the house. Open the doors to no man, till Father Glover or I return; it concerns my life and happiness."

The strong swarthy giants to whom he spoke, answered, "Death to him who attempts it!"

"My Catharine is now as safe," said he to her father, "as if twenty men garrisoned a royal castle in her cause. We shall pass most by his heels." quietly to the Council-house by walking through the garden."

birds, which had been sheltered and fed during the winter by the good-natured artisan, early in the season as it was, were saluting the precarious smiles of a February sun, with a few faint and inter-

"Hear these minstrels, father," said the Smith; "I laughed at them this morning in the bitterness of my heart, because the little wretches sung, with so much of winter before them. But now methinks, I could bear a blithe chorus, for I have my Valentine

"Yet I must allay your joy," Heaven knows, I share it .-- Poor Oliver Proudfute, the inoffensive has been found this morning dead in the streets."

"Only dead drunk, I trust?" and a dose of matrimonial advice will bring him to life again."

"No, Henry, no. He is slainslain with a battle-axe, or some such weapon."

"Impossible!" replied the Smith; "he was light-footed enough, and would not for all Perth have trusted to his hands, when he could extricate himself

"No choice was allowed him. The blow was dealt in the very He led the way through a little back of his head; he who struck must have been a shorter man|counsellors, that the blow was than himself, and used a horse-intended for yourself, and that it man's battle-axe, or some such becomes you to prosecute the due weapon, for a Lochaber-axe must vengeance of our fellow-citizen, have struck the upper part of his who received the death which head-But there he lies dead, brained, I may say, by a most frightful wound."

"This is inconceivable," said Henry Wynd. "He was in my house at midnight, in a morricer's habit; seemed to have been drinking though not to excess. He told me a tale of having been beset by revellers, and being in danger; but, alas! you know the man; I deemed it was a swaggering fit, as he sometimes took when he was in liquor; and may the Merciful Virgin forgive me! I let him go without company, in which I did him inhuman wrong. Holy St. John be my witness! I would have gone with any helpless creature: and far more with him. with whom I have so often sat at the same board, and drunken of the same cup. Who, of the race of man, could have thought of harming a creature so simple, and so unoffending, except by his idle vaunts!"

"Henry he wore thy headpiece, thy buff-coat, thy target-How came he by these?"

"Why, he demanded the use of them for the night, and I was ill at ease, and well pleased to be rid of his company; having kept you, father, how I have lost Cano holiday, and being determined to keep none, in respect of our have been driven well-nigh to demisunderstanding."

was meant for you."

The Smith was for some time silent. They had now left the garden, and were walking in a lonely lane, by which they meant to approach the Council-house of the burgh, without being exposed to observation or idle inquiry.

"You are silent, my son, yet we two have much to speak of," said Simon Glover. "Bethink thee that this widowed woman Maudlin, if she should see cause to bring a charge against any one for the wrong done to her and her orphan children, must support it by a champion, according to law and custom; for be the murderer who he may, we know enough of these followers of the nobles to be assured, that the party suspected will appeal to the combat, in derision perhaps, of those whom they will call the cowardly burghers. While we are men with blood in our veins, this must not be, Henry Wynd."

"I see where you would draw me, father," answered Henry, dejectedly; "and St. John knows I have heard a summons to battle as willingly as war-horse ever heard the trumpet. But bethink tharine's favour repeatedly, and spair of ever regaining it, for "It is the opinion of Bailie being, if I may say so, even too Craigdallie, and all our sagest ready a man of my hands. And

here are all our quarrels made up, and the orphans without any reand the hopes, that seemed this paration for the loss of a husband morning removed beyond earthly and father-I will then do you prospect, have become nearer and the justice to remember, that I, at brighter than ever, and must I, least, ought not to think the worse with the dear one's kiss of forgiveness on my lips, engage in a new scene of violence, which you are well aware will give her the deepest offence?"

"It is hard for me to advise you, Henry," said Simon; "but this I must ask you-Have you, or have you not, reason to think. that this poor unfortunate Oliver has been mistaken for you?"

"I fear it too much," said Henry. "He was thought something like me, and the poor fool had studied to ape my gestures and manner of walking, nay the very airs which I have the trick of whistling, that he might increase a resemblance which has cost him dear. I have ill-willers enough, both in burgh and landward, to owe me a shrewd turn; and he, I think, could have none such."

"Well, Henry, I cannot say but my daughter will be offended. She has been much with Father Clement, and has received notions about peace and forgiveness, which methinks suit ill with a country where the laws cannot protect us, unless we have spirit to protect ourselves. If you determine for the fate which was perhaps inthe combat, I will do my best to persuade her to look on the matter as the other good womanhood in the burgh will do; and if you resolve to let the matter rest-the -Does burnished steel ever drop man who has lost his life for yours tears like these!-Shame on me remaining unavenged-the widow that I should shed them!"

of you for your patience, since it was adopted for love of my child. But, Henry, we must in that case remove ourselves from bonny St. Johnston, for here we will be but a disgraced family."

Henry groaned deeply, and was silent for an instant, then replied, "I would rather be dead than dishonoured, though I should never see her again! Had it been vester evening, I would have met the best blade among these men-atarms as blithely as ever I danced at a May-pole. But to-day, when she had first as good as said, 'Henry Smith, I love thee!'-Father Glover, it is very hard. Yet it is all my own fault! This poor unhappy Öliver! I ought to have allowed him the shelter of my roof, when he prayed me in his agony of fear; or, had I gone with him, I should then have prevented or shared his fate. But I taunted him, ridiculed him, loaded him with maledictions, though the saints know they were uttered in idle peevishness of impatience. I drove him out from my doors. whom I knew so helpless, to take tended for me. I must avenge him, or be dishonoured for ever. See, father-I have been called a man hard as the steel I work in

"It is no shame, my dearest a gloomy apartment, ill and inson," said Simon; "thou art as kind as brave, and I have always There is yet a chance known it. for us. No one may be discovered to whom suspicion attaches, and where none such is found, the combat cannot take place. It is a hard thing to wish that the innocent blood may not be avenged. But if the perpetrator of this foul murder be hidden for the present. thou wilt be saved from the task of seeking that vengeance which Heaven, doubtless, will take at its own proper time."

As they spoke thus, they arrived at the point of the High Street where the Council-house was situated. As they reached the door, and made their way through the multitude who thronged the street, they found the avenues guarded by a select party of armed burghers, and about fifty spears belonging to the Knight of Kinfauns, who with his allies the Grays, Blairs, Moncrieffs, and others, had brought to Perth a considerable body of horse, of which these were a part. So soon as the Glover and Smith presented themselves, they were admitted to the chamber in which the magistrates were assembled.

## CHAPTER XX.

A woman wails for justice at the gate, A widow'd woman, wan and desolate. BERTHA.

THE Council-room of Perth\* presented a singular spectacle. In

\* Note K. The Council-Room.

conveniently lighted by two windows of different form and of unequalsize, were assembled, around a large oaken table, a group of men, of whom those who occupied the higher seats were merchants. that is, guild brethren, or shopkeepers, arrayed in decent dresses becoming their station, but most of them bearing, like the Regent York, "signs of war around their aged necks;" gorgets, namely, and baldricks, which sustained The lower places their weapons. around the table were occupied by mechanics and artisans, the presidents, or deacons, as they were termed, of the working classes, in their ordinary clothes, somewhat better arranged than usual. These too wore pieces of armour of various descriptions. Some had the black jack, doublet, covered with small plates of iron of a lozenge shape, which, secured through the upper angle, hung in rows above each, and which swaying with the motion of the wearer's person, formed a secure defence to the body. Others had buff-coats, which, as already mentioned, could resist the blow of a sword, and even a lance's point, unless propelled with great force. At the bottom of the table. surrounded as it was with this varied assembly, sat Sir Louis Lundin; no military man, but a priest and parson of St. John's, arrayed in his canonical dress, and having his pen and ink before him. He was Townclerk of the burgh, and, like all the priests

of the period (who were called) appeared to affect something of from that circumstance the Pope's state and stiffness, which did not knights), received the honourable naturally pertain to his frank and title of Dominus, contracted into jovial character. Dom, or Dan, or translated into SIR, the title of reverence due to the secular chivalry.

On an elevated seat, at the head of the council-board, was placed Sir Patrick Charteris, in complete armour, brightly burnished; a singular contrast to the motley mixture of warlike and peaceful attire exhibited by the burghers, who were only called to arms occasionally. The bearing of the Provost, while it completely admitted the intimate connexion which mutual interests had created betwixt himself, the burgh, and the magistracy, was at the same time calculated to assert the superiority, which, in virtue of gentle blood and chivalrous rank. the opinions of the age assigned to him over the members of the assembly in which he presided. Two squires stood behind him. one of them holding the knight's pennon, and another his shield, bearing his armorial distinctions. being a hand holding a dagger, or short sword, with the proud motto, This is my charter. A handsome page displayed the long sword of his master, and another Louis Lundin, that divers wellbore his lance; all which chivalrous emblems and appurtenances were the more scrupulously exhibited, that the dignitary to whom they belonged was engaged in discharging the office of a house of Simon Glover, in Curfew burgh magistrate. In his own Street, where they again played person the Knight of Kinfauns

"So you are come at length, Henry Smith and Simon Glover.' said the Provost. "Know, that you have kept us waiting for your attendance. Should it so chance again while we occupy this place, we will lay such a fine on you as you will have small pleasure in paying. Enough-make no excuses. They are not asked now. and another time they will not be admitted. Know, sirs, that our reverend clerk hath taken down in writing, and at full length, what I will tell you in brief, that you may see what is to be required of you, Henry Smith, in particular. Our late fellow-citizen. Oliver Proudfute, hath been found dead in the High Street, close by the entrance into the Wynd. It seemeth he was slain by a heavy blow with a short axe, dealt from behind and at unawares; and the act by which he fell can only be termed a deed of foul and forethought murder. So much for the crime. The criminal can only be indicated by circumstances. It is recorded in the protocol of the Reverend Sir reputed witnesses saw our deceased citizen, Oliver Proudfute, till a late period, accompanying the Entry of the morrice-dancers," of whom he was one, as far as the \* Note L. Morrice-Dancers.

their pageant. It is also mani-citizen environed by a set of revfested, that at this place he sepa- ellers and maskers, who had asrated from the rest of the band, sembled in the High Street, by after some discourse with Simon whom he was shamefully ill Glover, and made an appointment to meet with the others of his company at the sign of the Griffin, there to conclude the holiday. -Now, Simon, I demand of you whether this be truly stated, so far as you know? and further, what was the purport of the defunct Oliver Proudfute's discourse with you?"

"My Lord Provost and very worshipful Sir Patrick," answered Simon Glover, "you and this honourable council shall know, that, touching certain reports which they also had been maltreated. had been made of the conduct of beheld the usage which our fel-Henry Smith, some quarrel had low-citizen received in the High arisen between myself and another of my family, and the said though these revellers were dis-Smith here present. Now, this guised, and used vizards, yet their our poor fellow-citizen, Oliver Proudfute, having been active in spreading these reports, as indeed his element lay in such gossipred, some words passed betwixt him and me on the subject; and, as I think, he left me with the purpose Prince Royal of Scotland." of visiting Henry Smith, for he broke off from the morricedancers, promising, as it seems. to meet them, as your honour has said, at the sign of the Griffin, in order to conclude the evening. But what he actually did I know not, as I never again saw him in the point at which they seem life.

trick, "and agrees with all that consequences less. It is even so we have heard .- Now, worthy -various artisans employed upon

treated, being compelled to kneel down in the street, and there to quaff huge quantities of liquor against his inclination, until at length he escaped from them by flight. This violence was accomplished with drawn swords, loud shouts, and imprecations, so as to attract the attention of several persons, who, alarmed by the tumult, looked out from their windows, as well as of one or two passengers, who, keeping aloof from the light of the torches, lest Street of the burgh. And aldisguises were well known, being a set of quaint masking habits, prepared some weeks ago by command of Sir John Ramorny, Master of the Horse to his Royal Highness the Duke of Rothsay,

A low groan went through the assembly.

"Yes; so it is, brave burghers," continued Sir Patrick; "our inquiries have led us into conclusions both melancholy and terrible. But as no one can regret likely to arrive more than I do, "It is enough," said Sir Pa- so no man living can dread its sirs, we next find our poor fellow- the articles, have described the

dresses prepared for Sir John Ra-|well-meaning man, and I held morny's mask as being exactly that he was speaking more from similar to those of the men by fancy than reality. But I shall whom Oliver Proudfute was ob- always account it for foul offence served to be maltreated. And one mechanic, being Wingfield my company, which he requested; the feather-dresser, who saw the revellers when they had our fel- for his soul, in explation of my low-citizen within their hands, remarked that they wore the cinctures and coronals of painted feathers, which he himself had made by the order of the Prince's Master of the Horse.

"After the moment of his escape from these revellers, we lose all trace of Oliver; but we can prove that the maskers went to Sir John Ramorny's where they were admitted, after some show of delay. It is rumoured, that thou, Henry Smith, sawest our unhappy fellow-citizen after he had been in the hands of these revellers-What is the truth of that matter?"

"He came to my house in the Wynd," said Henry, "about half an hour before midnight; and I admitted him, something unwillingly, as he had been keeping carnival while I remained at home; and there is ill talk, says the proverb, betwixt a full man and a fasting."

"And in which plight seemed he when thou didst admit him?" said the Provost.

"He seemed," answered the Smith, "out of breath, and talked repeatedly of having been endangered by revellers. I paid but small regard, for he was ever a Provost. "Have you any reason timorous, chicken-spirited, though to think that the blow which slew

in myself, that I did not give him and if I live, I will found masses guilt."

"Did he describe those from whom he received the injury?" said the Provost.

"Revellers in masking habits," replied Henry.

"And did he intimate his fear of having to do with them on his return?" again demanded Sir Patrick.

"He alluded particularly to his being waylaid, which I treated as visionary, having been able to see no one in the lane."

"Had he then no help from thee of any kind whatsoever?" said the Provost.

"Yes, worshipful," replied the Smith; "he exchanged his morrice-dress for my head-piece, buffcoat and target, which I hear were found upon his body; and I have at home his morrice-cap and bells, with the jerkin and other things pertaining. He was to return my garb of fence, and get back his own masking-suit this day, had the saints so permitted."

"You saw him not then afterwards?"

"Never, my lord."

"One word more," said the

Oliver Proudfute was meant for | of Sir John, and much trusted, it another man?"

"but it is doubtful, and may be dangerous to add such a conjecture, which is besides only a supposition."

"Speak it out, on your burgher faith and oath-For whom, think you was the blow meant?"

"If I must speak," replied Henry, "I believe Oliver Proudfute received the fate which was designed for myself; the rather that, in his folly, Oliver spoke of trying to assume my manner of walking, as well as my dress."

"Have you feud with any one, that you form such an idea?" said Sir Patrick Charteris.

"To my shame and sin be it spoken, I have feud with Highland and Lowland, English and Scot, Perth and Angus. I do not believe poor Oliver had feud with a new-hatched chicken.—Alas! he was the more fully prepared for a sudden call!"

"Hark ye, Smith," said the Provost,—"Answer me distinctly -Is there cause of feud between the household of Sir John Ramorny and yourself?"

"To a certainty, my lord, there is. It is now generally said, that Black Quentin, who went over Tay to Fife some days since, was the owner of the hand which was know Henry Wynd is accounted found in Couvrefew Street upon the eve of St. Valentine. It was I who struck off that hand with a blow of my good sword. As this household of Sir John Ramorny.

is like there must be feud be-"I have," answered the Smith; tween me and his master's dependents."

"It bears a likely front, Smith," said Sir Patrick Charteris.--"And now, good brothers and wise magistrates, there are two suppositions, each of which leads to the same conclusion. The maskers who seized our fellow-citizen, and misused him in a manner of which his body retains some slight marks, may have met with their former prisoner as he returned homewards, and finished their ill usage by taking his life. He himself expressed to Henry Gow fears that this would be the case. If this be really true, one or more of Sir John Ramorny's attendants must have been the assassins. But I think it more likely, that one or two of the revellers may have remained on the field, or returned to it, having changed perhaps their disguise, and that to those men (for Oliver Proudfute, in his own personal appearance, would only have been a subject of sport), his apparition in the dress, and assuming, as he proposed to do, the manner of Henry Smith, was matter of deep hatred; and that seeing him alone, they had taken, as they thought, a certain and safe mode to rid themselves of an enemy so dangerous as all men by those that are his unfriends. The same train of reasoning, again, rests the guilt with the Black Quentin was a chamberlain |-How think you, sirs? Are we

The Magistrates whispered together for several minutes, and then replied by the voice of Bailie Craigdallie,-" Noble Knight, and the guilty, and the innocence of our worthy Provost, --- we agree entirely in what your wisdom has spoken concerning this dark and bloody matter; nor do we doubt your sagacity in tracing to the fellowship and the company of John Ramorny of that Ilk, the Prince as our annals can shew in villany which hath been done their long line, in the name of the to our deceased fellow-citizen, whether in his own character and capacity, or as mistaking him for our brave townsman, Henry of the means of appealing to Heaven for Wynd. But Sir John, in his own behalf, and as the Prince's Master of the Horse, maintains an extensive household; and as of course the charge will be rebutted by a denial, we would ask, how we shall proceed in that case?—It is true, could we find law for firing the lodging, and putting all within it to the sword, the old proverb of 'short rede, good rede,' might here apply; for a fouler household of defiers of God, destroyers of men, and debauchers of women, are nowhere sheltered than are in Ramorny's band. But I doubt that this summary mode of execution would scarce be borne out by the laws; and no tittle of evidence which I have heard will tend to fix the crime on any single individual or individuals."

Before the Provost could reply, the Town-clerk arose, and, stroking his venerable beard, craved of St. John,\* and suitable masses permission to speak, which was

not free to charge the crime upon instantly granted, -- "Brethren," them?" he said, "as well in our fathers' time as ours, hath God, on being rightly appealed to, condescended to make manifest the crimes of those who may have been rashly accused. Let us demand from our Sovereign Lord, King Robert, who, when the wicked do not interfere to pervert his good intentions, is as just and clement a Fair City, and of all the commons in Scotland, that he give us, after the fashion of our ancestors, the light upon this dark murder. We will demand the proof by bierright, often granted in the days of our Sovereign's ancestors, approved of by bulls and decretals, and administered by the great Emperor Charlemagne in France, by King Arthur in Britain, and by Gregory the Great, and the mighty Achaius, in this our land of Scotland."

"I have heard of the bier-right, Sir Louis," quoth the Provost, "and I know we have it in our charters of the Fair City; but I am something ill-learned in the ancient laws, and would pray you to inform us more distinctly of its nature."

"We will demand of the King," said Sir Louis Lundin, "my advice being taken, that the body of our murdered fellow-citizen be transported into the High Church \* Note M. Church of St. John.

said for the benefit of his soul, the truth, to which no ordinary and for the discovery of his foul murder. Meantime we shall obtain an order that Sir John Ramorny give up a list of such of his household as were in Perth in the course of the night between Fastern's Even and this Ash-Wednesday. and become bound to present them on a certain day and hour, to be early named, in the High Church of St. John: there one by one to pass before the bier of our murdered fellow-citizen, and in the form prescribed to call upon God and his saints to bear witness that he is innocent of the acting, art or part, of the murder. And credit me, as has been indeed proved by numerous instances, that if the murderer shall endeavour to shroud himself by making such an appeal, the antipathy which subsists between the dead body, and the hand which dealt the fatal blow that divorced it from the soul, will awaken some imperfect life, under the influence of which the veins of the dead man will pour forth at the fatal wounds the blood which has been so long stagnant in the veins. Or, to speak more certainly, it is the pleasure of Heaven, by some hidden agency which we cannot comprehend, to leave open this mode of discovering the wickedness of him who has defaced the image of his Creator."

"I have heard this law talked of," said Sir Patrick, "and it was enforced in the Bruce's time. This fellow-citizen should be inquired surely is no unfit period to seek, into according to this ancient form, by such a mystic mode of inquiry, which was held to manifest the Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

means can give us access, seeing that a general accusation of Sir John's household would full surely be met by a general denial. Yet, I must crave farther of Sir Louis. our reverend Town-clerk, how we shall prevent the guilty person from escaping in the interim?"

"The burghers will maintain a strict watch upon the wall, drawbridges shall be raised, and portcullises lowered, from sunset till sunrise, and strong patrols maintained through the night. This guard the burghers will willingly maintain, to secure against the escape of the murderer of their townsman."

The rest of the counsellors acquiesced, by word, sign, and look, in this proposal.

"Again," said the Provost," what if any one of the suspected household refuse to submit to the ordeal of bier-right?"

"He may appeal to that of combat," said the reverend city scribe, "with an opponent of equal rank; because the accused person must have his choice, in the appeal to the judgment of God, by what ordeal he will be tried. But if he refuses both, he must be held as guilty, and so punished."

The sages of the council unanimously agreed with the opinion of their Provost and Town-clerk. and resolved, in all formality, to petition the King, as a matter of right, that the murder of their

truth, and received as matter of any other circumstances, he would evidence in case of murder, so have welcomed as a glorious oplate as towards the end of the seventeenth century. But before self both in sight of the court, and meeting dissolved, Bailie the Craigdallie thought it meet to inquire, who was to be the champion of Maudie, or Magdalen Proudfute, and her two children.

"There need be little inquiry about that," said Sir Patrick Charteris; "we are men, and wear swords, which should be broken over the head of any one amongst us, who will not draw it in behalf of the widow and orphans of our murdered fellow-citizen, and in brave revenge of his death. If Sir John Ramorny shall personally resent the inquiry, Patrick Charteris of Kinfauns will do battle with him to the outrance, whilst horse and man may stand, or spear in a deep mourning veil, and foland blade hold together. But in case the challenger be of yeomanly degree, well wot I that Magdalen Proudfute may choose her own melancholy attire. One of her atchampion among the bravest burghers of Perth, and shame and dishonour were it to the Fair Cit? for ever, could she light upon one little tottering creature of two who were traitor and coward enough to say her nay! Bring her hither, that she may make her election."

Henry Smith heard this with a melancholy anticipation that the poor woman's choice would light the melancholy group, and saluted upon him, and that his recent reconciliation with his mistress would be again dissolved, by his being engaged in a fresh quarrel, from Oliver, returned with an air of which there lay no honourable dignity, which she borrowed, permeans of escape, and which, in haps, from the extremity of her

portunity of distinguishing himof the city. He was aware that, under the tuition of Father Clement. Catharine viewed the ordeal of battle rather as an insult to religion, than an appeal to the Deity, and did not consider it as reasonable, that superior strength of arm, or skill of weapon, should be resorted to as the proof of moral guilt or innocence. He had, therefore, much to fear from her peculiar opinions in this particular, refined as they were beyond those of the age she lived in.

While he thus suffered under these contending feelings, Magdalen, the widow of the slaughtered man, entered the court, wrapped lowed and supported by five or six women of good (that is, of respectability), dressed in the same tendants held an infant in her arms. the last pledge of poor Oliver's nuptial affections. Another led a years, or thereabouts, which looked with wonder and fear, sometimes on the black dress in which they had muffled him, and sometimes on the scene around him.

The assembly rose to receive them with an expression of the deepest sympathy, which Magdalen, though the mate of poor

distress. then stepped forward, and with the courtesy of a knight to a female, and of a protector to an oppressed and injured widow, took the poor woman's hand, and explained to her briefly, by what course the city had resolved to follow out the vengeance due for her husband's slaughter.

Having, with a softness and gentleness which did not belong to his general manner, ascertained that the unfortunate woman perfectly understood what was meant, he said aloud to the assembly, "Good citizens of Perth, and freeborn men of guild and craft, attend to what is about to pass, for it concerns your rights and privileges. Here stands Magdalen Proudfute, desirous to follow forth the revenge due for the death of her husband, foully murdered, as she sayeth, by Sir John Ramorny, Knight of that Ilk, and which she offers to prove, by the evidence of bier-right, or by the body of a man. Therefore, I, Patrick Charteris, being a belted knight and freeborn gentleman, offer myself to do battle in her just quarrel, whilst man and horse may endure, if any one of my degree shall lift my glove.—How say you, Mag-dalen Proudfute, will you accept me for your champion?"

The widow answered with difficulty; -- "I can desire none nobler.

Sir Patrick then took her right hand in his, and kissing her forehead, for such was the ceremony, when the widow began to address

Sir Patrick Charteris | St. John prosper me at my need, as I will do my devoir as your champion, knightly, truly, and manfully. Go now, Magdalen, and choose, at your will, among the burgesses of the Fair City. present or absent, any one upon whom you desire to rest your challenge, if he against whom you bring plaint shall prove to be beneath my degree."

All eyes were turned to Henry Smith, whom the general voice had already pointed out as in every respect the fittest to act as champion on the occasion. But the widow waited not for the general prompting of their looks. As soon as Sir Patrick had spoken, she crossed the floor to the place where, near the bottom of the table, the armourer stood among the men of his degree, and took him by the hand :---

"Henry Gow, or Smith," she said, "good burgher and craftsman, my-my-"

Husband, she would have said. but the word would not come forth; she was obliged to change the expression.

"He who is gone, loved and prized you over all men; therefore meet it is that thou shouldst follow out the guarrel of his widow and orphans."

If there had been a possibility, which in that age there was not, of Henry's rejecting or escaping from a trust for which all men seemed to destine him, every wish and idea of retreat was cut off, said solemnly,-"So may God and him; and a command from Heaven

impression than did the appeal of present took in the prosecution of the unfortunate Magdalen. Her the quarrel, and their confidence allusion to his intimacy with the in the issue. deceased moved him to the soul. During Oliver's life, doubtless, there had been a strain of ab-King's presence, and demanding surdity in his excessive predilection for Henry, which, considering how very different they were in character, had in it something ludicrous. But all this was now forgotten, and Henry, giving way to his natural ardour, only remembered that Oliver had been his friend and intimate; a man who had loved and honoured him as much as he was capable of entertaining such sentiments for any one; and above all, that there was much reason to suspect that the deceased had fallen victim to a blow meant for Henry himself.

It was, therefore, with an alacrity which, the minute before, he could scarce have commanded, and which seemed to express a stern pleasure, that, having pressed his lips to the cold brow of the unhappy Magdalen, the armourer replied,-

"1, Henry the Smith, dwelling in the Wynd of Perth, good man and true, and freely born, accept the office of champion to this widow Magdalen, and these orphans, and will do battle in their quarrel to the death, with any man whomsoever of my own degree, and that so long as I shall draw breath. So help me at my need God and good St. John!"

a half-suppressed cry, expressing was indeed natural, that one who

could hardly have made a stronger | the interest which the persons

Sir Patrick Charteris then took measures for repairing to the leave to proceed with inquiry into the murder of Oliver Proudfute according to the custom of bierright, and if necessary, by combat.

He performed this duty after the Town-Council had dissolved, in a private interview between himself and the King, who heard of this new trouble with much vexation. and appointed next morning, after mass, for Sir Patrick and the parties interested, to attend his pleasure in council. In the meantime, a royal pursuivant was despatched to the Constable's lodgings, to call over the roll of Sir John Ramorny's attendants, and charge him, with his whole retinue, under high penalties, to abide within Perth, until the King's pleasure should be farther known.

## CHAPTER XXI.

In God's name, see the lists and all things fit;

There let them end it-God defend the Henry IV., Part II. right!

In the same council-room of the conventual palace of the Dominicans, King Robert was seated with his brother Albany, whose affected austerity of virtue, and real art and dissimulation, maintained so high an influence over There arose from the audience the feeble-minded monarch. It

seldom saw things according to Prince and Ramorny has not their real forms and outlines, been renewed since he seemed should view them according to to comply with your Grace's the light in which they were pre- wishes." sented to him by a bold astucious man, possessing the claim of such nection renewed?" said the King: near relationship.

misguided and unfortunate son, David promised to me, that if the King was now endeavouring that unhappy matter of Curfew to make Albany coincide in opinion Street were but smothered up and with him, in exculpating Rothsay | concealed, he would part with from any part in the death of the Ramorny, as he was a counsellor Bonnet-maker, the precognition thought capable of involving him concerning which had been left in similar fooleries, and would by Sir Patrick Charteris for his acquiesce in our inflicting on him Majesty's consideration.

"This is an unhappy matter, brother Robin," he said, "a most unhappy occurrence; and goes nigh to put strife and quarrel betwixt the nobility and the commons here, as they have been at that a heavy fine should be levied war together in so many distant lands. I see but one cause of comfort in the matter; and that is. that Sir John Ramorny having received his dismissal from the Duke of Rothsay's family, it cannot be said that he or any of his brother. Nor, truly, could I have people, who may have done this bloody deed (if it has truly been done by them), have been encouraged or hounded out upon such an errand by my poor boy. I am sure, brother, you and I can bear witness, how readily, upon my entreaties, he agreed to dismiss Ramorny from his service, might still continue to influence on account of that brawl in Cur- his conduct. I then regretted I few Street."

said Albany; "and well do I hope and now new mischief has octhat the connection betwixt the curred, fraught with much peril

"Seemed to comply?-the con-"what mean you by these ex-Ever anxious on account of his pressions, brother? Surely, when either exile, or such punishment as it should please us to imposesurely you cannot doubt that he was sincere in his professions, and would keep his word? Remember you not, that when you advised upon his estate in Fife in lieu of banishment, the Prince himself seemed to say, that exile would be better for Ramorny, and even for himself?"

"I remember it well, my royal suspected Ramorny of having so much influence over the Prince, after having been accessory to placing him in a situation so perilous, had it not been for my royal kinsman's own confession. alluded to by your Grace, that, if suffered to remain at court, he had advised a fine in place of "I remember his doing so," exile. But that time has passed,

to your Majesty, as well as to the King, taking his brother's your royal heir, and to the whole hand. "I knew I might rely that kingdom."

"What mean you, Robin?" said the weak-minded King. "By the tomb of our parents! by the soul of Bruce, our immortal ancestor! I entreat thee, my dearest him." brother, to take compassion on Tell me what evil threatens me. my son, or my kingdom?"

The features of the King, trembling with anxiety, and his eyes brimful of tears, were bent upon his brother, who seemed to assume time for consideration ere he replied.

"My lord, the danger lies here. Your Grace believes that the Prince had no accession to this second aggression upon the citizens of Perth-the slaughter of this bonnet-making fellow, about whose death they clamour, as a set of gulls about their comrade, when one of the noisy brood is mask and revel, stopping men struck down by a boy's shaft."

"Their lives," said the King, "are dear to themselves and their friends, Robin."

"Truly, ay, my liege; and they make them dear to us too, ere we Sir John Ramorny's, and broke can settle with the knaves for the their way into the house, in order least blood-witt.-But, as I said, your Majesty thinks the Prince thus affording good reason to had no share in this last slaughter: judge, that the dismissal of Sir I will not attempt to shake your John from the Prince's service belief in that delicate point, but was but a feigned stratagem to will endeavour to believe along deceive the public. And hence, with you. What you think is rule they urge, that if ill were done for me. Robert of Albany will that night, by Sir John Ramorny never think otherwise than Robert or his followers, much it is to be of broad Scotland."

your affection would do justice to poor heedless Rothsay, who exposes himself to so much misconstruction that he scarcely deserves the sentiments you feel for

Albany had such an immovable constancy of purpose, that he was able to return the fraternal pressure of the King's hand, while tearing up by the very roots the hopes of the indulgent fond old man.

"But, alas!" the Duke continued with a sigh, "this burly intractable Knight of Kinfauns, and his brawling herd of burghers, will not view the matter as we They have the boldness to do. say that this dead fellow had been misused by Rothsay and his fellows, who were in the street in and women, compelling them to dance, or to drink huge quantities of wine, with other follies needless to recount; and they say, that the whole party repaired to to conclude their revel there: thought that the Duke of Roth-"Thank you, thank you," said say must have at least been privy to, if he did not authorise incurable condition of a shattered it."

the King; "would they make a remedy." murderer of my boy? would they pretend my David would soil his roused to a degree of alarm and hands in Scottish blood, without indignation greater than his brohaving either provocation or pur- ther had deemed he could be pose? No, no-they will not invent calumnies so broad as these, for they are flagrant and in-credible."

"Pardon, my liege," answered the Duke of Albany; "they say the cause of quarrel which occasioned the riot in Curfew Street, and its consequences, were more proper to the Prince than to Sir John; since none suspects, far less believes, that that hopeful enterprise was conducted for the gratification of the Knight of Ramorny."

"Thou drivest me mad, Robin!" said the King.

"I am dumb," answered his brother; "I did but speak my poor mind according to your royal order."

"Thou meanest well, I know," said the King; "but, instead of like them, to be cut off and tearing me to pieces with the thrown from us, as things which display of inevitable calamities, were it not kinder, Robin, to point things. me out some mode to escape from them!"

only road of extrication is rough son's follies, exiled from court, and difficult, it is necessary your said the relieved monarch, "until Grace should be first possessed these unhappy scandals are forwith the absolute necessity of gotten, and our subjects are dis-using it, ere you hear it even de- posed to look upon our son with scribed. The chirurgeon must different and more confiding eyes." first convince his patient of the "That were good counsel, my

member, ere he venture to name "Albany, this is dreadful!" said amputation, though it be the only

The King at those words was awakened to.

"Shattered and mortified member! my lord of Albany? Amputation the only remedy !- These are unintelligible words, my lord. -If thou appliest them to our son Rothsay, thou must make them good to the letter, else mayst thou have bitter cause to rue the consequence."

<sup>*û*</sup> You construe me too literally, my royal liege," said Albany. "I spoke not of the Prince in such unbeseeming terms; for I call Heaven to witness, that he is dearer to me as the son of a wellbeloved brother, than had he been son of my own. But I spoke in regard to separating him from the follies and vanities of life, which holy men say are like to mortified members, and ought, interrupt our progress in better

"I understand-thou wouldst have this Ramorny, who hath "True, my liege; but as the been thought the instrument of my

liege; but mine went a little-alshould be subjected to the charge very little-farther. I would have of some grave counsellor, who the Prince himself removed for must be responsible both for his some brief period from court."

"How, Albany! part with my child, my first-born, the light of my eyes, and-wilful as he isthe darling of my heart!-Oh Robin! I cannot and I will not."

"Nay, I did but suggest, my lord-I am sensible of the wound such a proceeding must inflict on a parent's heart, for am I not my-self a father?" And he hung his head as if in hopeless despondency.

"I could not survive it, Albany. When I think that even our own influence over him, which, sometimes forgotten in our absence, is ever effectual whilst he is with us. is by your plan to be entirely removed, what perils might he not rush upon? I could not sleep in his absence-I should hear his death-groan in every breeze; and you, Albany, though you conceal it better, would be nearly as anxious."

Thus spoke the facile monarch, willing to conciliate his brother and cheat himself, by taking it for granted, that an affection, of which there were no traces, subsisted betwixt the uncle nephew.

are too easily alarmed, my lord," field or lists." said Albany. "I do not propose to leave the disposal of the Prince's motions to his own wild pleasure. for two or three minutes in a re-I understand that the Prince is to verie which he did not attempt to be placed for a short time under interrupt, he added, in a more

conduct and his safety, as a tutor for his pupil."

"How! a tutor? and at Rothsay's age?" exclaimed the King; "he is two years beyond the space to which our laws limit the term of nonage."

"The wiser Romans," said Albany, "extended it for four years after the period we assign; and, in common sense, the right of control ought to last till it be no longer necessary, and so the time ought to vary with the disposition. Here is young Lindsay, the Earl of Crawford, who they say gives patronage to Ramorny on this appeal-He is a lad of fifteen, with the deep passions and fixed purpose of a man of thirty; while my royal nephew, with much more amiable and noble qualities both of head and heart, sometimes shews, at twenty three years of age, the wanton humours of a boy, towards whom restraint may be kindness. - And do not be discouraged that it is so, my liege, or angry with your brother for telling the truth; since the best fruits are those that are slowest and in ripening, and the best horses such as give most trouble to the "Your paternal apprehensions grooms who train them for the

The Duke stopped; and after suffering King Robert to indulge some becoming restraint-that he lively tone,-"But cheer up. my

noble liege; perhaps the feud may where it is supposed they intend be made up without farther fighting or difficulty. The widow is poor, for her husband, though he was much employed, had idle and costly habits. The matter may be therefore redeemed for money, and the amount of an assythment\* may be recovered out of Ramorny's estate."

"Nay, that we will ourselves discharge," said King Robert, eagerly catching at the hope of a pacific termination of this unpleasing debate. "Ramorny's prospects will be destroyed by his being sent from court, and deprived of his charge in Rothsay's household; and it would be ungenerous to load a falling man.-But here comes our secretary, the Prior, to tell us the hour of counsel approaches .- Good morrow, my worthy father."

"Benedicite, my royal liege," answered the Abbot.

"Now, good father," continued the King, "without waiting for Rothsay, whose accession to our counsels we will ourselves guarantee, proceed we to the business of our kingdom. What advices have you from the Douglas?"

"He has arrived at his castle of Tantallon, my liege, and has sent a post to say, that though the Earl of March remains in sullen seclusion in his fortress of Dunbar, his friends and followers are gathering and forming an encampment near Coldingham,

\* A mulct, in atonement for bloodshed, due to the nearest relations of the deceased.

to await the arrival of a large force of English, which Hotspur and Sir Ralph Percy are assembling on the English frontier."

"That is cold news," said the King; "and may God forgive George of Dunbar!"-The Prince entered as he spoke, and he continued — "Ha! thou art here at length, Rothsay;-I saw thee not at mass."

"I was an idler this morning," said the Prince, "having spent a restless and feverish night."

"Ah, foolish boy!" answered the King; "hadst thou not been over restless on Fastern's Eve, thou hadst not been feverish on the night of Ash-Wednesday."

"Let me not interrupt your prayers, my liege," said the Prince lightly. "Your grace was invoking Heaven in behalf of some one-an enemy doubtless, for these have the frequent advantage of your orisons."

"Sit down and be at peace, foolish youth!" said his father, his eye resting at the same time on the handsome face and graceful figure of his favourite son. Rothsay drew a cushion near to his father's feet, and threw himself carelessly down upon it, while the King resumed.

"I was regretting that the Earl of March, having separated warm from my hand with full assurance that he should receive compensation for everything which he could complain of as injurious, should have been capable of caballing with Northumberland against his own country—Is it possible he "I am si could doubt our intentions to make good our word?" "And w

"I will answer for him, No," said the Prince; "March never doubted your Highness's word. Marry, he may well have made question whether your learned counsellors would leave your Majesty the power of keeping it."

Robert the Third had adopted to a great extent the timid policy, of not seeming to hear expressions, which, being heard, required, even in his own eyes, some display of displeasure. He passed on, therefore, in his discourse, without observing his son's speech; but in private, Rothsay's rashness augmented the displeasure which his father began to entertain against him.

"It is well the Douglas is on the marches," said the King. "His breast, like those of his ancestors, has ever been the best bulwark of Scotland."

"Then wo betide us if he should turn his back to the enemy," said the incorrigible Rothsay.

"Dare you impeach the courage of Douglas?" replied the King, extremely chafed.

"No man dare question the Earl's courage," said Rothsay; "it is as certain as his pride; but his luck may be something doubted."

"By Saint Andrew, David!" exclaimed his father, "thou art like a screech-owl-every word thou sayst betokens strife and calamity." "I am silent, father," answered the youth.

"And what news of our Highland disturbances?" continued the King, addressing the Prior.

"I trust they have assumed a favourable aspect," answered the clergyman. ""The fire which threatened the whole country is likely to be drenched out by the blood of some forty or fifty kerne; for the two great confederacies have agreed, by solemn indenture of arms, to decide their quarrel with such weapons as your Highness may name, and in your royal presence, in such place as shall be appointed, on the 30th of March next to come, being Palm Sunday; the number of combatants being limited to thirty on each side, and the fight to be maintained to extremity, since they affectionately make humble suit and petition to your Majesty. that you will parentally condescend to waive for the day your royal privilege of interrupting the combat, by flinging down of truncheon, or crying of Ho! until the battle shall be utterly fought to an end."

"The wild savages!" exclaimed the King, "would they limit our best and dearest royal privilege, that of putting a stop to strife, and crying truce to battle?—Will they remove the only motive which could bring me to the butcherly spectacle of their combat?— Would they fight like men, or like their own mountain wolves?" "My Lord," said Albany; "the

Earl of Crawford and I had pre-

sumed, without consulting you, to schemes for massacring men on ratify that preliminary, for the Palm Sunday, as if he were backadoption of which we saw much ing a Welsh main, where all must and pressing reason."

"How! the Earl of Crawford!" said the King. "Methinks he is a young counsellor on such grave occurrents."

"He is," replied Albany, "notwithstanding his early years, of such esteem among his Highland neighbours, that I could have done little with them but for his aid and influence."

"Hear this, young Rothsay!" said the King, reproachfully to his heir.

"I pity Crawford, Sire," replied the Prince. "He has too early lost a father, whose counsels would have better become such a season as this."

The King turned next towards Albany with a look of triumph, at the filial affection which his son displayed in his reply.

Albany proceeded without emo-"It is not the life of these tion. Highlandmen, but their death, which is to be profitable to this commonwealth of Scotland; and truly it seemed to the Earl of Crawford and myself most desirable that the combat should be a strife of extermination."

"Marry," said the Prince, "if such be the juvenile policy of Lindsay, he will be a merciful ruler some ten or twelve years hence! Out upon a boy that is be the same, and the hoped-for hard of heart before he has hair upon his lip! Better he had contented himself with fighting cocks

fight to death."

"Rothsay is right, Albany," said the King; "it were unlike a Christian Monarch to give way in this point. I cannot consent to see men battle until they are all hewn down like cattle in the shambles. It would sicken me to look at it, and the warder would drop from my hand for mere lack of strength to hold it."

"It would drop unheeded," said "Let me entreat your Albany. Grace to recollect, that you only give up a royal privilege, which, exercised, would win you no respect, since it would receive no obedience. Were your Majesty to throw down your warder when the war is high, and these men's blood is hot, it would meet no more regard than if a sparrow should drop among a herd of battling wolves the straw which he was carrying to his nest. Nothing will separate them but the exhaustion of slaughter; and better they sustain it at the hands of each other, than from the swords of such troops as might attempt to separate them at your Majesty's commands. An attempt to keep the peace by violence, would be construed into an ambush laid for them; both parties would unite to resist it,-the slaughter would results of future peace would be utterly disappointed."

"There is even too much truth on Fastern's Even, than laying in what you say, brother Robin,"

replied the flexible King. "To air. The demon of strife and little purpose is it to command what I cannot enforce; and, al- land!" though I have the unhappiness to do so each day of my life, it were needless to give such a very public example of royal impotency, before the crowds who may assemble to behold this spectacle. Let these savage men, therefore, work their bloody will to the uttermost upon each other; I will not attempt to forbid what I cannot prevent them from executing-Heaven help this wretched country! I will to my oratory and pray for her, since to aid her by hand and head is alike denied to me. Father Prior, I pray the support of your arm."

"Nay, but, brother," said Albany, "forgive me if I remind you, that we must hear the matter between the citizens of Perth and Ramorny, about the death of a townsman----"

"True, true,"-said the Monarch, reseating himself; "more violence-more battle !-- Oh, Scotland, Scotland! if the best blood of thy bravest children could enrich thy barren soil, what land on earth would excel thee in fertility? When is it that a white hair is seen on the beard of a Scottish man, unless he be some wretch like thy sovereign, protected from murder by impotence. to witness the scenes of slaughter to which he cannot put a period? -Let them come in-delay them not. They are in haste to kill. and grudge each other each fresh King Robert asked her name and breath of their Creator's blessed business. She made no answer,

slaughter hath possessed the whole

As the mild Prince threw himself back on his seat, with an air of impatience and anger not very usual with him. the door at the lower end of the room was unclosed, and advancing from the gallery into which it led (where in perspective was seen a guard of the Bute-men or Brandanes under arms), came, in mournful procession, the widow of poor Oliver, led by Sir Patrick Charteris, with as much respect as if she had been a lady of the first rank. Behind them came two women of good, the wives of magistrates of the city, both in mourning garments, one bearing the infant, and the other leading the elder child. The Smith followed in his best attire, and wearing over his buff-coat a scarf of crape. Bailie Craigdallie, and a brother magistrate, closed the melancholy procession, exhibiting similar marks of mourning.

The good King's transitory passion was gone the instant he looked on the pallid countenance of the sorrowing widow, and beheld the unconsciousness of the innocent orphans who had sustained so great a loss; and when Sir Patrick Charteris had assisted Magdalen Proudfute to kneel down, and, still holding her hand, kneeled himself on one knee, it was with a sympathetic tone that but muttered something, looking and pursuing vengeance, and that towards her conductor.

"Speak for the poor woman, Sir Patrick Charteris," said the King, "and tell us the cause of her seeking our presence."

"So please you, my liege," answered Sir Patrick, rising up, "this woman, and these unhappy orphans, make plaint to your Highness upon Sir John Ramorny of Ramorny, Knight, that by him, or by some of his household, her umquhile husband, Oliver Proudfute, freeman and burgess of Perth, was slain upon the streets of the city on the Eve of Shrove Tuesday, or morning of Ash Wednesday.

"Woman," replied the King, with much kindness, "thou art gentle by sex, and shouldest be pitiful even by thy affliction; for our own calamity ought to make us-nay, I think, doth make usmerciful to others. Thy husband hath only trodden the path appointed to us all."

"In his case," said the widow, "my liege must remember it has been a brief and a bloody one."

"I agree he hath had foul measure. But since I have been unable to protect him, as I confess was my royal duty, I am willing, in atonement, to support thee and these orphans, as well, or better, than you lived in the days of your husband; only do thou pass from this charge, and be not the occasion of spilling more life. Remember, I put before you the choice betwixt practising mercy bert III.

betwixt plenty and penury."

"It is true, my liege, we are poor," answered the widow, with unshaken firmness; "but I and my children will feed with the beasts of the field, ere we live on the price of my husband's blood. I demand the combat by my champion, as you are belted knight and crowned King."

"I knew it would be so!" said the King, aside to Albany. "In Scotland the first words stammered by an infant, and the last uttered by a dying grey-beard, are-'combat-blood-revenge.'- It skills not arguing farther. Admit the defendants."

Sir John Ramorny entered the apartment. He was dressed in a long furred robe, such as men of quality wore when they were unarmed. Concealed by the folds of drapery, his wounded arm was supported by a scarf, or sling of crimson silk, and with the left arm he leaned on a youth, who, scarcely beyond the years of boyhood, bore on his brow the deep impression of early thought, and premature passion. This was that celebrated Lindsay, Earl of Crawford, who, in his after-days, was known by the epithet of the Tiger Earl,\* and who ruled the great and rich valley of Strathmore with the absolute power and unrelenting cruelty of a feudal tyrant. Two or three gentlemen, friends of the Earl, or of his own, coun-

\* Sir Alexander Lyndsaye, fourth Earl of Crawford, and brother in-law to Rotenanced Sir John Ramorny by half. He was wise who wrote, their presence on this occasion. 'Put not your faith in Princes.'" The charge was then stated, and met by a broad denial on the part of the accused; and in reply, the challengers offered to prove their assertion by an appeal to the ordeal of bier-right.

"I am not bound," answered Sir John Ramorny, "to submit to this ordeal, since I can prove, by the evidence of my late royal master, that I was in my own lodgings, lying on my bed, ill at ease, while this Provost and these Bailies pretend I was committing a crime to which I had neither will nor temptation. I can therefore be no just object of suspicion."

"I can aver," said the Prince, "that I saw and conversed with Sir John Ramorny about some thy followers?" matters concerning my own household, on the very night when this obtained time to name the word murder was a-doing. I therefore know that he was ill at ease, and would have accepted it. But I could not in person commit the am not at present fit to hold a deed in question. But I know lance." nothing of the employment of his "I am glad of it, under your attendants, and will not take it favour, Sir John-There will be upon me to say that some one of the less bloodshed," said the them may not have been guilty King. "You must therefore proof the crime now charged on duce your followers according to them."

the beginning of this speech, that, in presence of all whom it looked round with an air of de-|may concern, they may purge fiance, which was somewhat dis- themselves of this accusation. See concerted by the concluding that every man of them do appear sentence of Rothsay's speech. "I at the time of High Mass, other-thank your Highness," he said, wise your honour may be sorely with a smile, "for your cautious tainted." and limited testimony in my be-| "They shall attend to a man,"

"If you have no other evidence of your innocence, Sir John Ramorny," said the King, "we may not, in respect to your followers, refuse to the injured widow and orphans, the complainers, the grant of a proof by ordeal of bier-right, unless any of them should prefer that of combat. For yourself, you are, by the Prince's evidence, freed from the attaint."

"My liege," answered Sir John, "I can take warrant upon myself for the innocence of my household and followers."

"Why so a monk or a woman might speak," said Sir Patrick. Charteris. "In knightly language, wilt thou, Sir John de Ramorny, do battle with me in the behalf of

"The Provost of Perth had not combat," said Ramorny, "ere I

your steward's household book, Sir John Ramorny had, during in the great church of St. John,

said Sir John Ramorny. Then, the Earl of Crawford at length bowing low to the King, he took horse, to go to his distant directed himself to the young quarters in the Castle of Dupplin, Duke of Rothsay, and making a where he resided as a guest, the deep obeisance, spoke so as to be heard by him alone. "You have used me generously, my lord!-One word of your lips could have ended this controversy, and you have refused to speak it!"-

"On my life," whispered the both respects. Prince, "I spake as far as the extreme verge of truth and conscience would permit. I think patient merry and happy. thou couldst not expect I should frame lies for thee;-and after Ramorny, "and happy as the all, John, in my broken recollections of that night, I do bethink me of a butcherly-looking mute. with a curtal-axe, much like such a one as may have done yonder night-job?-Ha! have I touched single carouse. I must do him you, Sir Knight?"

turned away as precipitately as if some one had pressed suddenly on his wounded arm, and regained his lodgings with the Earl of Crawford; to whom, though disposed for anything rather than revelry, he was obliged to offer a splendid collation, to acknowledge in some degree his sense of the glowing stump were like a dagger countenance which the young to me." noble had afforded him.

## CHAPTER XXII.

In pottingry he wrocht great pyne; He murdreit mony in medecyne. DUNBAR.

the prolonging of which was like the irritation which you sustain torture to the wounded knight, so firmly."

Knight of Ramorny retired into his sleeping apartment, agonized by pains of body and anxiety of mind. Here he found Henbane Dwining, on whom it was his hard fate to depend for consolation in The physician, with his affectation of extreme humility, hoped he saw his exalted

"Merry as a mad dog!" said wretch whom the cur hath bitten. and who begins to feel the approach of the ravening madness. -That ruthless boy, Crawford, saw my agony, and spared not a justice, forsooth! If I had done Ramorny made no answer, but justice to him and to the world, I had thrown him out of window, and cut short a career, which, if he grow up as he has begun, will prove a source of misery to all Scotland, but especially to Tayside.-Take heed as thou undoest the ligatures, chirurgeon; the touch of a fly's wing on that raw

"Fear not, my noble patron," said the leech, with a chuckling laugh of enjoyment, which he vainly endeavoured to disguise under a tone of affected sen-"We will apply some sibility. fresh balsam, and-he, he, he!-WHEN, after an entertainment, relieve your knightly honour of

"Firmly man?" said Ramorny, or forgive it, thou thyself shalt grinning with pain; "I sustain it preach up the pardoning of inas I would the scorching flames juries !---And then the care for toof purgatory-the bone seems made of red-hot iron-thy greasy ointment will hiss as it drops upon the wound-And yet it is December's ice compared to the fever fit of my mind!"

"We will first use our emollients upon the body, my noble patron," said Dwining; "and then, with your knighthood's permission. your servant will try his art on the troubled mind-though I fain hope even the mental pain also may in some degree depend on the irritation of the wound, and that, abated as I trust the corporeal pangs will soon be, perhaps the stormy feelings of the mind may subside of themselves."

"Henbane Dwining," said the patient, as he felt the pain of his wound assuaged, "thou art a precious and invaluable leech. but some things are beyond thy power. Thou canst stupify my bodily sense of this raging agony, but thou canst not teach me to bear the scorn of the boy whom I have brought up; -- whom I loved, Dwining-for I did love him-dearly love him! The worst of my ill deeds have been to flatter his vices-and he grudged me a word of his mouth, when a word would have allayed this cumber! He smiled, too-I saw him smile, when yon paltry provost, the companion and patron of wretched burghers, defied me, whom this heartless Prince knew to be un- he had slain a man, is now afraid able to bear arms.-Ere I forget to see a dead body bleed."

morrow-Think'st thou, Henbane Dwining, that, in very reality, the wounds of the slaughtered corpse gape, and shed tears of will fresh blood at the murderer's approach?"

"I cannot tell, my lord, save by report," said Dwining, "which avouches the fact."

"The brute Bonthron," said Ramorny, "is startled at the apprehension of such a thing, and speaks of being rather willing to stand the combat. What think'st thou?—he is a fellow of steel."

"It is the armourer's trade to deal with steel," replied Dwining.

"Were Bonthron to fall, it would little grieve me," said Ramorny; "though I should miss a useful hand."

"I well believe your lordship will not sorrow as for that you lost in Curfew Street-Excuse my pleasantry-he, he, he!-But what are the useful properties of this fellow Bonthron?"

"Those of a bull-dog," answered the knight; "he worries without barking."

"You have no fear of his confessing?" said the physician.

"Who can tell what the dread of approaching death may do?" replied the patient. "He has already shewn a timorousness entirely alien from his ordinary sullenness of nature; he that would scarce wash his hands after

"Well," said the leech, "I must | champion be not killed stone-dead do something for him if I can. since it was to further my revenge that he struck yonder downright blow, though by ill luck it lighted not where it was intended."

"And whose fault was that, timid villain," said Ramorny, "save thine own, who marked a rascal deer for a buck of the first head?"

"Benedicite, noble sir," replied the mediciner; "would you have me, who know little save of chamber practice be as skilful of woodcraft as your noble self, or tell hart from hind, doe from roe, in a glade at midnight? I misdoubted me little when I saw the figure run past us to the Smith's habitation in the Wynd, habited like a morrice dancer; and yet my mind partly misgave me whether it was our man, for methought he seemed less of stature. But when he came out again, after so much Leech," replied Ramorny. time as to change his dress, and swaggered onwards with buff-coat and steel cap, whistling after the armourer's wonted fashion, I do own I was mistaken, super totam materiem, and loosed your knighthood's bull-dog upon him, who did his devoir most duly, though he pulled down the wrong deer. Therefore, unless the accursed Smith kill our poor friend stonedead on the spot, I am determined, if art may do it, that the ban-dog Bonthron shall not miscarry."

"It will put thine art to the test, man of medicine," said Ramorny; "for know that, having intelligent knighthood? I tell the worst of the combat, if our you, I will put the change on Scott. the Fair Maid of Perth.

in the lists, he will be drawn forth of them by the heels, and without further ceremony knitted up to the gallows, as convicted of the murder; and when he hath swung there like a loose tassel for an hour or so, I think thou wilt hardly take it in hand to cure his broken neck."

"I am of a different opinion, may it please your knighthood," answered Dwining, gently. ۴T will carry him off from the very foot of the gallows into the land of faery, like King Arthur, or Sir Huon of Bordeaux, or Ugero the Dane; or I will, if I please, suffer him to dangle on the gibbet for a certain number of minutes, or hours, and then whisk him away from the sight of all, with as much ease as the wind wafts away the withered leaf."

"This is idle boasting, Sir "The whole mob of Perth will attend him to the gallows, each more eager than another to see the retainer of a nobleman die, for the slaughter of a cuckoldy citizen. There will be a thousand of them round the gibbet's foot."

"And were there ten thousand," said Dwining, "shall I, who am a high clerk, and have studied in Spain, and Araby itself, not be able to deceive the eyes of this hoggish herd of citizens, when the pettiest juggler, that ever dealt in legerdemain, can gull even the sharp observation of your most them as if I were in possession of this Fair City. I marvel your Keddie's ring."

"If thou speakest truth," answered the knight, "and I think thou darest not palter with me on such a theme, thou must have the aid of Satan, and I will have nought to do with him. I disown and defy him."

Dwining indulged in his internal chuckling laugh when he heard his patron testify his defiance of the foul Fiend, and saw him second it by crossing himself. He composed himself, however, upon observing Ramorny's aspect become very stern, and said, with tolerable gravity, though I exchange certain sums of silver a little interrupted by the effort necessary to suppress his mirthful mood,-

"Confederacy, most devout sir; confederacy is the soul of jugglery. But-he, he, he!--I have not the honour to be-he, he!-an ally of the gentleman of whom you speak -in whose existence I am-he, he!---no very profound believer, though your knightship, doubtless, hath better opportunities of acquaintance."

"Proceed, rascal, and without that sneer, which thou mayst otherwise dearly pay for."

"I will, most undaunted," re-"Know that I plied Dwining. have my confederate too, else my skill were little worth."

you?"

like your honour, lockman\* of poor laboratory, I could show you

\* Executioner. So called because one ladleful (Scottice, lock) of meal, out of of his dues consisted in taking a small every cashful exposed in the market.

knighthood knows him not."

"And I marvel thy knaveship knows him not on professional acquaintance," replied Ramorny; "but I see thy nose is unslit, thy ears yet uncropped, and if thy shoulders are scarred or branded. thou art wise for using a high collared jerkin."

"He, he! your honour is pleasant," said the mediciner. "It is not by personal circumstances that I have acquired the intimacy of Stephen Smotherwell, but on account of a certain traffic betwixt us, in which, an't please you, for the bodies, heads, and limbs, of those who die by aid of friend Stephen."

"Wretch !" exclaimed the knight, with horror, "is it to compose charms and forward works of witchcraft, that you trade for these miserable relics of mortality?"

"He, he, he!-No, an it please your knighthood," answered the mediciner, much amused with the ignorance of his patron; "but we, who are knights of the scalpel, are accustomed to practise careful carving of the limbs of defunct persons, which we call dissection, whereby we discover, by examination of a dead member, how to deal with one belonging to a liv-"And who may that be, pray ing man, which hath become diseased through injury or other-"Stephen Smotherwell, if it wise. Ah! if your honour saw my

heads and hands, feet and lungs, to stand the bier-ordeal, it may be which have been long supposed to be rotting in the mould. The skull of Wallace, stolen from Lonbat, he is fierce as a baited bear, don Bridge; the heart of Sir Simon Fraser,\* that never feared man; the lovely skull of the fair safe—we are revenged. If Bon-Katie Logie,\*\*—Oh, had I but had the fortune to have preserved the chivalrous hand of mine honoured patron!"

"Out upon thee, slave! — Thinkest thou to disgust me with thy catalogue of horrors?—Tell me at once where thy discourse drives. How can thy traffic with the hangdog executioner be of avail to serve me, or to help my servant, Bonthron?"

"Nay, I do not recommend it to your knighthood, save in an extremity," replied Dwining.— "But we will suppose the battle fought and our cock beaten Now, we must first possess him with the certainty, that, if unable to gain the day, we will at least save him from the hangman, provided he confess nothing which can prejudice your knighthood's honour."

"Ha!—ay, a thought strikes me," said Ramorny. "We can do more than this—we can place a word in Bonthron's mouth that will be troublesome enough to him whom I am bound to curse, for being the cause of my misfortune. Let us to the ban-dog's kennel, and explain to him what is to be done in every view of the question. If we can persuade him

\* The famous ancestor of the Lovats, hanged and quartered at London Bridge. \*\* The beautiful mistress of David II.

bat, he is fierce as a baited bear, and may, perchance master his safe-we are revenged. If Bonwill put thy device in exercise; and if thou canst manage it cleanly, we may dictate his confession, take the advantage of it, as I will shew thee on further conference, and make a giant stride towards satisfaction for my wrongs .- Still there remains one hazard. Suppose our mastiff mortally wounded in the lists, who shall prevent his growling out some species of confession different from what we would recommend?"

"Marry, that can his mediciner," said Dwining. "Let me wait on him, and have the opportunity to lay but a finger on his wound, and trust me he shall betray no confidence."

"Why, there's a willing fiend, that needs neither pushing nor prompting!" said Ramorny.

"As I trust I shall need neither in your knighthood's service."

"We will go indoctrinate our agent," continued the Knight. "We shall find him pliant; for, hound as he is, he knows those who feed from those who browbeat him; and he holds a late royal master of mine in deep hate for some injurious treatment and base terms which he received at his hand. I must also farther concert with thee the particulars

of thy practice, for saving the the boat of an argosy would be herd of citizens."

friends to their secret practices, of which we shall afterwards see but Ramorny felt not the less the the results. They were, although influence which Dwining exercised of different qualities, as well matched for device and execution of criminal projects, as the grevhound is to destroy the game which the slowhound raises. or the slowhound to track the prev which the gazehound discovers by the eve. Pride and selfishness were the characteristics of both: but from the difference of rank. education, and talents, they had assumed the most different appearance in the two individuals.

Nothing could less resemble the high-blown ambition of the favourite courtier, the successful gallant, and the bold warrior, than the submissive, unassuming mediciner, who seemed even to On the whole, he considered court and delight in insult; whilst, in his secret soul, he felt himself possessed of a superiority of for the gold which he worshipped, knowledge,—a power, both of science and of mind, which placed the rude nobles of the day infinitely beneath him. So conscious was Henbane Dwining of in his own eyes, by persuading this elevation, that, like a keeper himself that it had its source in of wild beasts, he sometimes adventured, for his own amusement, to rouse the stormy passions of such men as Ramorny, trusting, with his humble manner, to elude the turmoil he had excited, as an from time to time, "is no silly Indian boy will launch his light miser, that doats on those pieces cance, secure from its very fragil-ity, upon a broken surf, in which power with which they endow the

ban-dog from the hands of the assuredly dashed to pieces. That the feudal baron should despise We leave this worthy pair of the humble practitioner in medicine, was a matter of course; over him, and was in the encounter of their wits often mastered by him, as the most eccentric efforts of a fiery horse are overcome by a boy of twelve years old, if he has been bred to the arts of the manege. But the contempt of Dwining for Ramorny was far less qualified. He regarded the knight, in comparison with himself, as scarcely rising above the brute creation; capable, indeed, of working destruction, as the bull with his horns, or the wolf with his fangs, but mastered by mean prejudices, and a slave to priestcraft, in which phrase Dwining included religion of every kind. Ramorny as one whom nature had assigned to him as a serf, to mine and the avaricious love of which was his greatest failing, though by no means his worst vice. He vindicated this sordid tendency the love of power.

"Henbane Dwining," he said, as he gazed in delight upon the hoards which he had secretly amassed, and which he visited

adore them. What is there that these put not within your command? Do you love beauty, and are mean, deformed, infirm and old?-here is a lure the fairest hawk of them all will stoop to. Are you feeble, weak, subject to the oppression of the powerful?here is that will arm in your defence those more mighty than the petty tyrant whom you fear. Are you splendid in your wishes, and desire the outward show of opulence?-this dark chest contains many a wide range of hill and dale, many a fair forest full of game; the allegiance of a thousand vassals. Wish you for favour in courts, temporal or spiritual?the smiles of kings, the pardon of popes and priests for old crimes, and the indulgence which encourages priest-ridden fools to venture on new ones, -all these holy incentives to vice may be purchased for gold. Revenge itself, which the gods are said to reserve to themselves, doubtless because they envy humanity so sweet a morsel-revenge itself is to be bought by it. But it is also to be won by superior skill, and that is the nobler mode of reaching it. I will spare, then, my treasure for other uses, and accomplish my revenge gratis; or rather I will add the luxury of augmented wealth to the triumph of requited wrongs."

Thus thought Dwining, as, returned from his visit to Sir John he acts as wisely as if he should Ramorny, he added the gold he had received for his various serout of my head, while my hand

possessor, which makes him thus adore them. What is there that these put not within your command? Do you love beauty, and are mean, deformed, infirm and old?—here is a lure the fairest hawk of them all will stoop to. Are you feeble, weak, subject to the oppression of the powerful? here is that will arm in your defence those more mighty than the petty tyrant whom you fear. Are you splendid in your wishes, and

"Caitiffs," was the thought of his heart, while he did such obeisance, "base, sodden-witted mechanics! did you know what this key could disclose, what foul weather from heaven would prevent your unbonneting? what putrid kennel in your wretched hamlet would be disgusting enough to make you scruple to fall down and worship the owner of such wealth? But I will make you feel my power, though it suits my humour to hide the source of it. 1 will be an incubus to your city, since you have rejected me as a magistrate. Like the nightmare, I will hag-ride ye, vet remain invisible myself .---This miserable Ramorny too, he who, in losing his hand, has, like a poor artisan, lost the only valuable part of his frame, he heaps insulting language on me. as if anything which he can say had power to chafe a constant mind like mine! Yet while he calls me rogue, villain, and slave,

had hold of his heart-strings. the house instantly," continued Every insult I can pay back instantly by a pang of bodily pain or mental agony-and-he! he! liberally, notwithstanding his na--I run no long accounts with his knighthood, that must be allowed."

indulging his diabolical musing, and passing, in his creeping manner, along the street, the cry of females was heard behind him.

"Ay, there he is, Our Lady be praised!-there is the most helpful man in Perth." said one voice.

"They may speak of knights and Kings for redressing wrongs as they call it-but give me worthy Master Dwining the pottercarrier, cummers," replied another.

At the same moment, the leech was surrounded and taken hold of by the speakers, good women of the Fair City.

"How now-what's the matter?" said Dwining, "whose cow has calved?"

"There is no calving in the case," said one of the women, "but a poor fatherless wean dying; so come awa wi' you, for our trust is constant in you, as Bruce said to Donald of the Isles."

"Opiferque per orbem dicor." said Henbane Dwining. "What is the child dying of?"

"The croup," To avenge the deed expelling croup — the Thee untimely from thy dwelling. screamed one of the gossips; Mystic force thou shalt retain "the innocent is rouping like a O'er the blood and o'er the brain. corbie."

"Cynanche trachealis-that dis-When the form thou shalt espy ease makes brief work. Shew me That darken'd on thy closing eye;

the mediciner, who was in the habit of exercising his profession tural avarice, and humanely, in spite of his natural malignity. As we can suspect him of no While the mediciner was thus better principle, his motive most probably may have been vanity and the love of his art.

He would nevertheless have declined giving his attendance in the present case, had he known whither the kind gossips were conducting him, in time sufficient to frame an apology. But, ere he guessed where he was going. the leech was hurried into the house of the late Oliver Proudfute, from which he heard the chant of the women, as they swathed and dressed the corpse of the umquhille Bonnet-maker, for the ceremony of next morning; of which chant, the following verses may be received as a modern imitation :---

Viewless Essence, thin and bare, Well-nigh melted into air, Still with fondness hovering near, The earthly form thou once didst wear:

Pause upon thy pinion's flight, Be thy course to left or right; Be thou doom'd to soar or sink, Pause upon the awful brink.

3.

When the footstep thou shalt hear, That thrill'd upon thy dying ear;

Then strange sympathies shall wake, The flesh shall thrill, the nerves shall

quake; The wounds renew their clotter'd flood, And every drop cry blood for blood.

Hardened as he was, the physician felt reluctance to pass the threshold of the man to whose death he had been so directly, though, so far as the individual was concerned, mistakingly accessory.

"Let me pass on, women," he said, "my art can only help the living-the dead are past our power."

"Nay, but your patient is up stairs-the youngest orphan----

Dwining was compelled to go into the house. But he was surprised, when, the instant he stepped over the threshold, the gossips, who were busied with the dead body, stinted suddenly in their song, while one said to the others,---

"In God's name, who entered? -that was a large gout of blood!"

"Not so," said another voice, "it is a drop of the liquid balm."

"Nay, cummer, it was blood-Again I say, who entered the house even now?"

ment into the little entrance, his arms, and seeming from time where Dwining, under pretence to time to speak a word or two of of not distinctly seeing the trapladder by which he was to ascend mingle some observation on the into the upper part of this house child's disorder.

of lamentation, was delaying his progress purposely, disconcerted with what had reached him of the conversation.

"Nay, it is only worthy Master Henbane Dwining," answered one of the sibyls.

"Only Master Dwining?" replied the one who had first spoken, in a tone of acquiescence; "our best helper in need?-then it must have been balm sure enough."

"Nay," said the other, "it may have been blood nevertheless--for the leech, look you, when the body was found, was commanded by the magistrates to probe the wound with his instruments, and how could the poor dead corpse know that that was done with good purpose?"

"Ay, truly, cummer; and as poor gossip Oliver often mistook friends for enemies while he was in life, his judgment cannot be thought to have mended now."

Dwining heard no more, being now forced up stairs into a species of garret, where Magdalen sat on her widowed bed, clasping to her bosom her infant, which, already black in the face, and uttering the gasping crowing sound, which gives the popular name to the complaint, seemed on the point of rendering up its brief existence. A Dominican monk sat near the One looked out from the apart-bed, holding the other child in spiritual consolation, or inter-

good father a single glance, filled with that ineffable disdain which men of science entertain against love of one who loved you well. interlopers. His own aid was instant and efficacious; he snatched the child from the despairing mother, stripped its throat, and opened a vein, which, as it bled freely, relieved the little patient instantaneously. In a brief space, every dangerous symptom disappeared, and Dwining, having bound up the vein, replaced the infant in the arms of the half distracted mother.

The poor woman's distress for her husband's loss, which had been suspended during the extremity of the child's danger, now returned on Magdalen with the force of an augmented torrent, which has borne down the damdyke that for a while interrupted its waves.

"Oh, learned sir," she said, "you see a poor woman of her that you once knew a richer-But the hands that restored this bairn to my arms must not leave this Generous, kind house empty. Master Dwining, accept of his beads-they are made of ebony and silver-he ave liked to have his things as handsome as any gentleman-and liker he was in all his ways to a gentleman than any one of his standing, and even so came of it."

With these words, in a mute passion of grief she pressed to her breast and to her lips the Dwining, "you take me at too chaplet of her deceased husband, great advantage. I said I could

The mediciner cast upon the and proceeded to thrust it into Dwining's hands.

"Take it," she said, "for the -Ah! he used ever to say, if ever man could be brought back from the brink of the grave, it must be by Master Dwining's guidance .--And his ain bairn is brought back this blessed day, and he is lying there stark and stiff, and kens naething of its health and sickness! O, wo is me, and wala wa!-But take the beads, and think on his puir soul, as you put them through your fingers; he will be freed from purgatory the sooner that good people pray to assoilzie him.

"Take back your beads, cummer-I know no leger-demaincan do no conjuring tricks," said the mediciner, who, more moved than perhaps his rugged nature had anticipated, endeavoured to avoid receiving the ill-omened But his last words gave gift. offence to the churchman, whose presence he had not recollected when he uttered them.

"How now, Sir Leech!" said the Dominican; "do you call prayers for the dead juggling tricks? I know that Chaucer, the English Maker, says of you mediciners, that your study is but little on the Bible. Our mother, the Church, hath nodded of late, but her eves are now opened to discern friends from foes; and be well assured "-

"Nay, reverend father," said

do no miracles, and was about to John," of whose good graces they add, that as the Church certainly could work such conclusions, those rich beads should be deposited in your hands, to be applied as they may best benefit the soul of the deceased."

He dropped the beads into the Dominican's hand, and escaped from the house of mourning.

"This was a strangely timed visit," he said to himself, when he got safe out of doors. "I hold such things cheap as any can; vet, though it is but a silly fancy, I am glad I saved the squalling child's life .- But I must to my friend Smotherwell, whom I have no doubt to bring to my purpose in the matter of Bonthron; and thus on this occasion I shall save two lives, and have destroyed only one."

#### CHAPTER XXIII.

Lo! where he lies embalmed in gore, His wound to Heaven cries; The floodgates of his blood implore For vengeance from the skies. URANUS AND PSYCHE.

THE High Church of St. John in Perth, being that of the patron saint of the burgh, had been selected by the Magistrates as that in which the community was likely to have most fair play for the of the ordeal. The display churches and convents of the Dominicans, Carthusians, and others of the regular clergy, had been highly endowed by the King and tions were made for appealing to nobles, and therefore it was the the direct judgment of Heaven on universal cry of the city-council, the mysterious murder of the unthat "their ain good auld St. fortunate Bonnet-maker.

thought themselves sure, ought to be fully confided in, and preferred to the new patrons, for whom the Dominicans, Carthusians, Carmelites, and others, had founded newer seats around the Fair City. The disputes between the regular and secular clergy added to the jealousy which dictated this choice of the spot in which Heaven was to display a species of miracle, upon a direct appeal to the divine decision in a case of doubtful guilt; and the town-clerk was as anxious that the Church of St. John should be preferred, as if there had been a faction in the body of saints for and against the interests of the beautiful town of Perth.

Many, therefore, were the petty intrigues entered into and disconcerted, for the purpose of fixing on the Church. But the Magistrates, considering it as a matter touching in a close degree the honour of the city, determined, with judicious confidence in the justice and impartiality of their patron, to confide the issue to the influence of St. John.

It was, therefore, after high mass had been performed with the greatest solemnity of which circumstances rendered the ceremony capable, and after the most repeated and fervent prayers had been offered to Heaven by the crowded assembly, that prepara-

The scene presented that effect the necessity of attendance as a of imposing solemnity, which the party subjected to the ordeal; rites of the Catholic Church are and his illness served as a reason so well qualified to produce. The for his remaining at home. His eastern window, richly and vari- household, including those who, ously painted, streamed down a though immediately in waiting torrent of checkered light upon upon Sir John, were accounted the high altar. On the bier placed the Prince's domestics, and had before it were stretched the mortal not yet received their dismissal, remains of the murdered man, his amounted to eight or ten persons, arms folded on his breast, and his most of them esteemed men of palms joined together, with the fingers pointed upwards, as if the therefore be deemed capable, in senseless clay were itself appealing to Heaven for vengeance against those who had violently divorced the immortal spirit from up in a row on the left side of the its mangled tenement.

the throne, which supported Robert of Scotland, and his brother The Prince sat upon a Albany. lower stool, beside his father; an certed, as to excite among the arrangement which occasioned some observation, as Albany's seat being little distinguished from that of the King, the heirapparent, though of full age, seemed to be degraded beneath his uncle in the sight of the assembled people of Perth. The bier was so placed, as to leave the view of the body it sustained open to the greater part of the face was bare, as were the breast multitude assembled in church.

At the head of the bier stood the Knight of Kinfauns, the challenger, and at the foot the young Earl of Crawford, as representing fail to be instantly manifest. the defendant. The evidence of the Duke of Rothsay in expurga- formed, followed by a solemn intion, as it was termed, of Sir John vocation to the Deity, that he Ramorny had exempted him from would be pleased to protect the

profligate habits, and who might the riot of a festival evening, of committing the slaughter of the Bonnet-maker. They were drawn church, and wore a species of Close to the bier was placed white cassock, resembling the dress of a penitentiary. All eyes being bent on them, several of this band seemed so much disconspectators strong prepossessions of their guilt. The real murderer had a countenance incapable of betraying him,-a sullen, dark look, which neither the feast nor wine cup could enliven, and which the peril of discovery and death could not render dejected.

We have already noticed the posture of the dead body. The the and arms. The rest of the corpse was shrouded in a winding-sheet of the finest linen, so that, if blood should flow from any place which was covered, it could not

High mass having been per-

innocent, and make known the | who did not partake that increasguilty, Eviot, Sir John Ramorny's ing confidence. The name of page, was summoned to undergo "Bonthron-Bonthron!" sounded the ordeal.\* He advanced with an three times through the aisles of ill-assured step. Perhaps he the church; but he who owned it thought his internal consciousness that Bonthron must have been the assassin, might be sufficient to implicate him in the murder. though he was not directly accessory to it. He paused before the bier; and his voice faltered, as he swore by all that was created in seven days and seven nights, by heaven, by hell, by his part of paradise, and by the God and author of all, that he was free and sackless of the bloody deed done upon the corpse before which he stood, and on whose breast he made the sign of the cross, in evidence of the appeal. No consequences ensued. The body remained stiff as before; the curdled wounds gave no sign of blood.

The citizens looked on each other with faces of blank disappointment. They had persuaded themselves of Eviot's guilt; and their suspicions had been confirmed by his irresolute manner. Their surprise at his escape was he threw his glove upon the floor therefore extreme. The other followers of Ramorny took heart, and advanced to take the oath, with a boldness which increased as, one by one, they performed the ordeal, and were declared, by the voice of the judges, free and innocent of every suspicion attaching to them on account of the death of Oliver Proudfute.

But there was one individual, not.

\* Note N. Ordeal by Fire.

acknowledged the call no otherwise than by a sort of shuffling motion with his feet, as if he had been suddenly affected with a fit of the palsy.

"Speak dog," whispered Eviot, "or prepare for a dog's death."

But the murderer's brain was so much disturbed by the sight before him, that the judges, beholding his deportment. doubted whether to ordain him to be dragged before the bier, or to pronounce judgment in default; and it was not, until he was asked for the last time, whether he would submit to the ordeal, that answered, with his usual he brevity,---

"I will not;-what do I know what juggling tricks may be practised to take a poor man's life?-I offer the combat to any man who says I harmed that dead body."

And, according to usual form, of the church.

Henry Smith stepped forward, amidst the murmured applauses of his fellow-citizens, which even the august presence could not entirely suppress; and lifting the ruffian's glove, which he placed in his bonnet, laid down his own in the usual form, as a gage of battle. But Bonthron raised it

"He is no match for me,"

growled the savage, "nor fit to Constable, to whose office it more lift my glove. I follow the Prince particularly belonged. The Duke of Scotland, in attending on his of Albany watched the whole Master of Horse. This fellow is proceeding with a close and wary a wretched mechanic "

him, "Thou follow me, caitiff! 1 discharge thee from my service on the spot .- Take him in hand. Smith, and beat him as thou didst in the lists, nothing could be more never thump anvil!-The villain striking than the contrast betwixt is both guilty and recreant. It sickens me even to look at him: and if my royal father will be ruled by me, he will give the ing with the victory he hoped for, parties two handsome Scottish and the sullen downcast aspect of axes, and we will see which of them turns out the best fellow before the day is half an hour older."

This was readily assented to by the Earl of Crawford and Sir Patrick Charteris, the godfathers of the parties, who, as the combatants were men of inferior rank, agreed that they should fight in steel caps, buff jackets, and with axes; and that as soon as they could be prepared for the combat.

The lists were appointed in the Skinners' Yards, \* a neighbouring space of ground, occupied by the corporation from which it had the name, and who quickly cleared a Earl, "but a powerful knave as I space of about thirty feet by twenty-five, for the combatants. Thither thronged the nobles, priests, and commons,-all excepting the old King, who, detesting such scenes of blood, much more active. And then look retired to his residence, and de-at his bold bearing! There is volved the charge of the field something in that other fellow upon the Earl of Errol, Lord High that is loathsome to look upon.

\* Note O. Skinners' Yards.

eve. His nephew gave the scene Here the Prince interrupted the heedless degree of notice which corresponded with his character.

When the combatants appeared the manly, cheerful countenance of the Smith, whose sparkling bright eye seemed already beamthe brutal Bonthron, who looked as if he were some obscene bird. driven into sunshine out of the shelter of its darksome haunts. They made oath severally, each to the truth of his quarrel; ceremony which Henry Gow performed with serene and manly confidence-Bonthron with a dogged resolution, which induced the Duke of Rothsay to say to the High Constable, "Didst thou ever, my dear Errol, behold such a mixture of malignity, cruelty, and I think fear, as in that fellow's countenance?"

"He is not comely," said the have seen."

"I'll gage a hogshead of wine with you, my good lord, that he loses the day. Henry the armourer is as strong as he, and Let them yoke presently, my dear

Constable, for I am sick of be-ling the whole strength of his holding him."

The High Constable then addressed the widow, who, in her deep weeds, and having her children still beside her, occupied a chair within the lists :--- "Woman, do you willingly accept of this man, Henry the Smith, to do battle as your champion in this cause?"

"I do-I do, most willingly," answered Magdalen Proudfute; "and may the blessing of God and St. John give him strength and fortune, since he strikes for the orphan and fatherless!"

"Then I pronounce this a fenced field of battle," said the Constable aloud. "Let no one dare, upon peril of his life, to interrupt this combat by word, speech, or look.-Sound trumpets, and fight, combatants!"

The trumpets flourished, and the combatants, advancing from the opposite ends of the lists, feated. with a steady and even pace, looked at each other attentively, well skilled in judging from the the Dominican Prior, now entered motion of the eye, the direction in which a blow was meditated. They halted opposite to, within reach of, each other, and in turn made more than one feint to strike, in order to ascertain the activity and vigilance of the opponent. At length, whether another." weary of these manœuvres, or fearing lest, in a contest so conducted, his unwieldy strength fess, my son, and merit thy parwould be foiled by the activity of don in another world; for with the Smith, Bonthron heaved up this thou hast little more to do." his axe for a downright blow, add-| "I took the slain man," an-

sturdy arms to the weight of the weapon in its descent. The Smith, however, avoided the stroke by stepping aside; for it was too forcible to be controlled by any guard which he could have interposed. Ere Bonthron recovered guard, Henry struck him a sidelong blow on the steel headpeace, which prostrated him on the ground.

"Confess, or die," said the victor, placing his foot on the body of the vanquished, and holding to his throat the point of the axe, which terminated in a spike or poniard.

"I will confess," said the villain, glaring wildly upward on the sky. "Let me rise."

"Not till you have yielded," said Harry Smith.

"I do yield," again murmured Bonthron, and Henry proclaimed aloud that his antagonist was de-

The Dukes of Rothsay and Albany, the High Constable, and the lists, and addressing Bonthron, demanded if he acknowledged and himself vanquished.

"I do," answered the miscreant. "And guilty of the murder of Oliver Proudfute?"

"I am-but I mistook him for

"And whom didst thou intend to slay?" said the Prior. "Con-

struck me down, whose foot now stirred thee to so foul a deed?" presses me."

the Prior: "now all those who doubt the virtue of the holy ordeal, may have their eyes opened Prince. to their error. Lo, he is trapped in the snare which he laid for the Duke of Rothsay; "do you dare guiltless."

"I scarce ever saw the man before," said the Smith. "I never did wrong to him or his.-Ask him, an it please your reverence, why he should have thought of slaving me treacherously."

"It is a fitting question," answered the Prior.-"Give glory where it is due, my son, even though it is manifested by thy shame. For what reason wouldst thou have waylaid this armourer, who says he never wronged thee?"

"He had wronged him whom I served," answered Bonthron; "and I meditated the deed by his command."

"By whose command?" asked the Prior.

Bonthron was silent for an instant, then growled out,-""He is false accusations against the too mighty for me to name."

churchman; "tarry but a brief hour, and the mighty and the mean of this earth shall to thee me," said the Earl of Errol; "I alike be empty sounds. The must protect him till his doom is sledge is even now preparing to drag thee to the place of execution. I charge thee to consult thy soul's you, my royal nephew, why stand weal by glorifying Heaven, and you there fixed in astonishment?

swered the discomfited combat-speaking the truth. Was it thy ant, "for him whose hand has master, Sir John Ramorny, that

"Blessed be the saints!" said villain, "it was a greater than he." And at the same time he pointed with his finger to the

"Wretch!" said the astonished to hint that I was your instigator?"

"You yourself, my lord," answered the unblushing ruffian.

"Die in thy falsehood, accursed slave!" said the Prince; and, drawing his sword he would have pierced his calumniator, had not the Lord High Constable interposed with word and action.

"Your Grace must forgive my discharging mine office-this caitiff must be delivered into the hands of the executioner. He is unfit to be dealt with by any other, much less by your Highness."

"What! noble Earl," said Albany, aloud, and with much real or affected emotion, "would you let the dog pass alive from hence, to poison the people's ears with Prince of Scotland?-I say, cut "Hearken, my son," said the him to mammocks upon the spot!"

"Your Highness will pardon executed."

"Then let him be gagged in-Therefore, son, once more stantly," said Albany.--"And Call your resolution up-speak ing sorrowfully towards Rothsay, to the prisoner-swear-protest "could your Highness seek an by all that is sacred that you innocent fellow's life for doing knew not of this felon deed—See his duty by a helpless maiden? how the people look on each I would rather have died in these other, and whisper apart! My lists, than live to hear it said of life on't that this lie spreads the Bruce's heir!" faster than any gospel truth.--Speak to them, royal kinsman, no said the Prince; "but I cannot matter what you say, so you be constant in denial."

"What, sir," said Rothsay, starting from his pause of surprise and mortification, and turning haughtily towards his uncle; "would you have me gage my royal word against that of an abject recreant? Let those who can believe the son of their sovereign, the descendant of Bruce, capable of laying ambush for the life of a poor mechanic, enjoy the pleasure of thinking the villain's tale true."

the Smith, bluntly. "I never did few of his own immediate folaught but what was in honour to-lowers attended him from the wards his royal Grace the Duke field, though various persons of Rothsay, and never received of distinction had come there unkindness from him in word, look, or deed; and I cannot think he would have given aim to such base practice."

"Was it in honour that you threw his Highness from the ladder in Curfew Street, upon St. Valentine's Eve?" said Bonthron; |ing suspicions of the most atro-"or think you the favour was received kindly or unkindly?"

seemed so plausible, that it shook the Smith's opinion of the Prince's innocence.

"Thou artagood fellow, Smith," expect thee to judge more wisely than others. - Away with that convict to the gallows, and gibbet him alive an you will, that he may speak falsehood and spread scandal on us to the last prolonged moment of his existence!"

So saying, the Prince turned away from the lists, disdaining to notice the gloomy looks cast towards him, as the crowd made slow and reluctant way for him to pass, and expressing neither surprise nor displeasure at a deep hollow murmur, or groan, which "That will not I for one," said accompanied his retreat. Only a in his train. Even the lower class of citizens ceased to follow the unhappy Prince, whose former indifferent reputation had exposed him to so many charges of impropriety and levity, and around whom there seemed now darkencious nature.

He took his slow and thoughtful This was so boldly said, and way to the church of the Dominicans; but the ill news, which fly proverbially fast, had reached his father's place of retirement, before "Alas, my lord," said he, look- he himself appeared. On entering

the palace and inquiring for the chamber; but that the Duke of King, the Duke of Rothsay was Albany would presently wait upon surprised to be informed that he was in deep consultation with the Duke of Albany, who, mounting on horseback as the Prince left the lists, had reached the convent before him. He was about to use the privilege of his rank and birth, to enter the royal apartment, when MacLewis, the commander of the guard of Brandanes gave him to understand, in the most respectful terms, that he had special instructions which forbade his admittance.

"Go at least, MacLewis, and let them know that I wait their pleasure," said the Prince. my uncle desires to have the credit of shutting the father's apartment against the son, it will gratify him to know that I am attending in the outer hall like a lackey."

"May it please you," said Mac-Lewis, with hesitation, "if your Highness would consent to retire just now, and to wait a while in patience, I will send to acquaint you when the Duke of Albany goes; and I doubt not that his rol?" said the Prince, in astonish-Majesty will then admit your Grace to his presence. At present, jail, and is your lordship to be my your Highness must forgive me, jailor?" -it is impossible you can have access."

"I understand you, MacLewis; but go, nevertheless, and obey my commands."

The officer went accordingly, and returned with a message that the King was indisposed, and on the point of retiring to his private

the Prince of Scotland.

It was, however, a full half hour ere the Duke of Albany appeared, -a period of time which Rothsay spent partly in moody silence, and partly in idle talk with MacLewis and the Brandanes, as the levity or irritability of his temper obtained the ascendant.

At length the Duke came, and with him the Lord High Constable, whose countenance expressed much sorrow and embarrassment.

"Fair kinsman," said the Duke of Albany, "I grieve to say that "If it is my royal brother's opinion, that it will be best, for the honour of the royal family, that your Royal Highness do restrict yourself for a time to the seclusion of the High Constable's lodgings,\* and accept of the noble Earl here present for your principal, if not sole companion, until the scandals which have been this day spread abroad, shall be refuted, or forgotten.'

"How is this, my Lord of Erment. "Is your house to be my

"The saints forbid, my lord," said the Earl of Errol; "but it is my unhappy duty to obey the commands of your father, by considering your Royal Highness for some time as being under my ward."

"The Prince-the heir of Scot-

\* Note P. Earl of Errol's Lodgings.

land, under the ward of the High Constable!-What reason can be is too insulting! Do you, my uncle given for this? Is the blighting speech of a convicted recreant of strength sufficient to tarnish my royal escutcheon?"

"While such accusations are not refuted and denied my kinsman," said the Duke of Albany, "they will contaminate that of a monarch."

"Denied, my lord!" exclaimed the Prince; "by whom are they asserted? save by a wretch too infamous, even by his own confession, to be credited for a moment. though a beggar's character, not a prince's were impeached.—Fetch him hither,—let the rack be shewn to him; you will soon hear him retract the calumny which he dared to assert."

too surely to leave Bonthron sensible to the rack," said the Duke "He has been exeof Albany. cuted an hour since."

"And why such haste, my lord?" said the Prince; "know you it looks as if there were practice in it, to bring a stain on my name?"

"The custom is universal-the defeated combatant in the ordeal of battle is instantly transferred from the lists to the gallows.--And yet, fair kinsman," continued the Duke of Albany, "if you had boldly and strongly denied the imputation, I would have judged right to keep the wretch alive for further investigation; but as your Highness was silent, I deemed it best to stifle the scandal in the breath of him that uttered it."

"Saint Mary, my lord, but this and kinsman, suppose me guilty of prompting such a useless and unworthy action, as that which the slave confessed?"

"It is not for me to bandy question with your Highness; otherwise I would ask, whether you also mean to deny the scarce less unworthy, though less bloody attack, upon the house in Couvrefew Street? - Be not angry with me, kinsman; but, indeed, your sequestering yourself for some brief space from the court, were it only during the King's residence in this city, where so much offence has been given, is imperiously demanded."

Rothsay paused when he heard this exhortation; and looking at "The gibbet has done its work the Duke in a very marked manner, replied .---

"Uncle, you are a good huntsman. You have pitched your toils with much skill; but you would have been foiled, notwithstanding, had not the stag rushed among the nets of free-will. God speed you, and may you have the profit by this matter, which your mea-sures deserve. Say to my father, 1 obey his arrest.—My Lord High Constable, I wait only your pleasure to attend you to your lodgings. Since I am to lie in ward, I could not have desired a kinder or more courteous warden."

The interview between the uncle and nephew being thus concluded. the Prince retired with the Earl of Errol to his apartments; the citizens whom they met in the

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

street passing to the further side, | entertained a high estimation of when they observed the Duke of all honours which flowed from Rothsay, to escape the necessity such a source, and thought that of saluting one whom they had his intended son-in-law would do been taught to consider as a ferocious as well as unprincipled libertine. The constable's lodgings received the owner and his princely guest, both glad to leave the streets, yet neither feeling easy in the situation which they occupied with regard to each other be a rare occasion for thee to within doors.

We must return to the lists after the combat had ceased, and when the nobles had withdrawn. The crowds were now separated into two distinct bodies. That which made the smallest in number, was at the same time the most distinguished for respectability, consisting of the better class of inhabitants of Perth, who were congratulating the successful champion, and each other, upon the triumphant conclusion to which they had brought their feud with the courtiers. The magistrates were so much elated on the occasion, that they entreated Sir Patrick Charteris's acceptance of a collation in the Town-Hall. To this, Henry, the hero of the day, was of course in- it will cost thee some trouble to vited, or he was rather commanded to attend. He listened to the summons with great embarrassment, for it may be readily be-|King and Council, Kirk and Calieved his heart was with Catharine nons, Provost and Bailies. But I Glover. But the advice of his will take up the quarrel with her father Simon decided him. That myself, and will so work for thee, veteran citizen had a natural that though she may receive thee and becoming deference for the to-morrow with somewhat of a Magistracy of the Fair City; he chiding, it shall melt into tears

wrong not to receive them with gratitude.

"Thou must not think to absent thyself from such a solemn occasion, son Henry," was his advice. "Sir Patrick Charteris is to be there himself, and I think it will gain his goodwill. It is like he may order of thee a new suit of harness; and I myself heard worthy Bailie Craigdallie say, there was a talk of furbishing up the city's armoury. Thou must not neglect the good trade, now that thou takest on thee an expensive family."

"Tush, father Glover," answered the embarrassed victor, "I lack no custom-and thou knowest there is Catharine, who may wonder at my absence, and have her ear abused once more by tales of glee-maidens, and I wot not what."

"Fear not for that," said the Glover, "but go, like an obedient burgess, where thy betters desire to have thee. I do not deny that make thy peace with Catharine about this duel: for she thinks herself wiser in such matters than

and smiles, like an April morning, other in mighty draughts, to the that begins with a mild shower. memory of the heroes who had Away with thee then, my son, and be constant to the time, to-morrow morning after mass."

The Smith, though reluctantly, was obliged to defer to the reasoning of his proposed father-in-law, and, once determined to accept invest him with some distinguished the honour destined for him by the fathers of the city, he extricated himself from the crowd, and hastened home to put on his best apparel; in which he presently afterwards repaired to the Councilhouse, where the ponderous oak table seemed to bend under the massy dishes of choice Tay salmon, and delicious sea-fish from Dundee, being the dainties which the fasting season permitted, whilst neither wine, ale, nor metheglin, were wanting to wash The waits, or minthem down. strels of the burgh, played during the repast, and in the intervals of the music, one of them recited with great emphasis, a long poetical account of the battle of Blackearn-side, fought by Sir William Wallace, and his redoubted captain and friend, Thomas of Longueville, against the English general, Seward-a theme perfectly familiar to all the guests, who, nevertheless, more tolerant than their descendants, listened widow Magdalen and her poor oras if it had all the zest of novelty. It was complimentary to the an-| "That may well be done," said cestor of the Knight of Kinfauns Sir Patrick Charteris, "and yet doubtless, and to other Perth-leave the Fair City rich enough shire families, in passages which to pay her debts to Henry Wynd, the audience applauded vociferously, whilst they pledged each | \* The public property of the burgh.

fought by the side of the champion of Scotland. The health of Henry Wynd was quaffed with repeated shouts, and the Provost announced publicly, that the magistrates were consulting how they might best privilege, or honorary reward, to shew how highly his fellowcitizens valued his courageous exertions.

"Nay, take it not thus, an it like your worships," said the Smith, with his usual blunt manmer, "lest men say that valour must be rare in Perth, when they reward a man for fighting for the right of a forlorn widow. I am sure there are many scores of stout burghers in the town who would have done this day's dargue, as well or better than I. For. in good sooth, I ought to have cracked yonder fellow's headpiece, like an earthen pipkinay, and would have done it too, if it had not been one which I myself tempered for Sir John Ramorny. But an the Fair City think my service of any worth, I will conceive it far more than acquitted by any aid which you may afford from the Common Good,\* to the support of the phans."

of which every man of us is a) the Church required. Henry rebetter judge than himself, who is turned to the Wynd, warm with blinded with an unavailing nicety, the good wine and the applause which men call modesty-And if of his fellow-citizens, and fell the burgh be too poor for this, the asleep to dream of perfect happi-Provost will bear his share. The Rover's golden angels have not all taken flight yet."

culated, under the name of a cup of comfort to the widow, and, able portion attended the victor anon, flowed around once more in joyous procession, much the to the happy memory of the mur-greater number, or what might be dered Oliver, now so bravely termed the rabble, waited upon avenged. In short, it was a feast the subdued and sentenced Bonso jovial, that all agreed nothing thron, who was travelling in a was wanting to render it perfect, different direction, and for a very but the presence of the Bonnet-maker himself, whose calamity be thought of the comparative athad occasioned the meeting, and tractions of the house of mournwho had usually furnished the ing and of feasting under other standing jest at such festive assemblies. "Had his attendance been possible," it was dryly observed by Bailie Craigdallie, "he ther we would witness miseries would certainly have claimed the which we are not to share, or success of the day, and vouched himself the avenger of his own murder."

At the sound of the vesper bell the company broke up, some of the graver sort going to evening prayers, where, with half-shut eyes and shining countenances, they made a most orthodox and edifying portion of a Lenten congregation; others to their own homes, to tell over the occurrences had made upon the place of comof the fight and feast, for the in-|bat, which charged the Duke of formation of the family circle; Rothsay with being director of and some, doubtless, to the li-the ambuscade by which the un-censed freedoms of some tavern, fortunate Bonnet-maker had sufthe door of which Lent did not fered. The same falsehood he keep so close shut as the forms of disseminated among the crowd,

ness and Catharine Glover.

We have said, that when the combat was decided, the specta-The beakers were now cir- tors were divided into two bodies. Of these, when the more respectcircumstances, there can be little doubt which will draw most visiters, when the question is, whefestivities of which we are not to partake. Accordingly, the tumbril in which the criminal was conveyed to execution, was attended by far the greater proportion of the inhabitants of Perth.

> A friar was seated in the same car with the murderer, to whom he did not hesitate to repeat, under the seal of confession, the same false asseveration which he

averring, with unblushing effron-|would sacrifice one, who might on tery, to those who were nighest some future occasion be a dangerto the car, that he owed his death ous evidence against him. to his having been willing to execute the Duke of Rothsay's plea- and there was no escaping from sure. these words, sullenly and dog-fatal tree, which was erected on gedly, in the manner of one recit- a bank by the river's side, about ing a task, or a liar who endea- half a mile from the walls of the yours by reiteration to obtain a credit for his words, which he is internally sensible they do not deserve. But when he lifted up his eyes, and beheld in the distance the black outline of a gallows, at least forty feet high, with its ladder and its fatal cord, rising against the horizon, he became suddenly silent, and the friar could observe that he trembled verv much.

"Be comforted, my son," said the good priest, "you have confessed the truth, and received absolution. Your penitence will be accepted according to your sincerity; and though you have been a man of bloody hands and cruel heart, yet, by the Church's prayers, vou shall be in due time assoilzied from the penal fires of purgatory."

These assurances were calculated rather to augment than to diminish the terrors of the culprit, who was agitated by doubts whether the mode suggested for his preservation from death would to tendance of rabble at the place a certainty be effectual, and some suspicion whether there was really ceedings of justice with its victim. any purpose of employing them But great was the astonishment in his favour; for he knew his and resentment of these amateurs, master well enough to be aware to find that the dead body had

His doom, however, was sealed. For a time he repeated it. They slowly approached the city; a site chosen that the body of the wretch, which was to remain food for the carrion crows. might be seen from a distance in every direction. Here the priest delivered Bonthron to the executioner, by whom he was assisted up the ladder, and to all appearance despatched according to the usual forms of the law. He seemed to struggle for life for a minute, but soon after hung still and inanimate. The executioner, after remaining upon duty for more than half an hour, as if to permit the last spark of life to be extinguished, announced to the admirers of such spectacles, that the irons for the permanent suspension of the carcass not having been got ready, the concluding ceremony of disembowelling the dead body, and attaching it finally to the gibbet, would be deferred till the next morning at sunrise.

Notwithstanding the early hour which he had named. Master Smotherwell had a reasonable atof execution, to see the final proof the indifference with which he been removed from the gibbet.

They were not, however, long at interior movements occasioning a loss to guess the cause of its the course of events. This is a disappearance. Bonthron had been legitimate and reasonable cuthe follower of a Baron whose riosity; for every man hath a estates lay in Fife, and was himself a native of that province. What was more natural than that some of the Fife men, whose boats were frequently plying on the river, should have clandestinely removed the body of their countryman from the place of public shame? The crowd vented their rage against Smotherwell, for not completing his job on the preceding evening; and had not he and his assistant betaken themselves to a boat, and escaped across the Tay, they would have run some risk of being pelted to death. The event, however, was too much in the spirit of the times to be much wondered at. Its real cause we shall explain in the following chapter.

#### CHAPTER XXIV.

Let gallows gape for dogs, let men go free. HENRY V.

THE incidents of a narrative of this kind must be adapted to each other, as the wards of a key must tally accurately with those of the lock to which it belongs. The reader, however gentle, will not hold himself obliged to rest satisfied with the mere fact, that such and such occurrences took place, which is, generally speaking, all that in ordinary life he can know of what is passing around him; clouds, which seemed to threaten but he is desirous, while reading rain. for amusement, of knowing the tered the boat with great precau-

right to open and examine the mechanism of his own watch, put together for his proper use, although he is not permitted to pry into the interior of the timepièce, which, for general information, is displayed on the town-steeple.

It would be, therefore, uncourteous to leave my readers under any doubt concerning the agency which removed the assassin Bonthron from the gallows; an event which some of the Perth citizens ascribed to the foul Fiend himself, while others were content to lay it upon the natural dislike of Bonthron's countrymen of Fife to see him hanging on the river side, as a spectacle dishonourable to their province.

About midnight succeeding the day when the execution had taken place, and while the inhabitants of Perth were deeply buried in slumber, three men, muffled in their cloaks, and bearing a dark lantern, descended the alleys of a garden which led from the house occupied by Sir John Ramorny to the banks of the Tay, where a small boat lay moored to a landing-place, or little projecting pier. The wind howled in a low and melancholy manner through the leafless shrubs and bushes; and a pale moon waded, as it is termed in Scotland, amongst drifting The three individuals ention, to escape observation. One | with precaution, and to converse, of them was a tall powerful man; though in a low tone. another short and bent downwards; the third middle-sized, and apparently younger than his one of the rowers to the other. companions, well made and ac-Thus much the imperfect tive. light could discover. They seated themselves in the boat, and unmoored it from the pier.

"We must let her drift with the current till we pass the bridge, where the burghers still keep guard; and you know the proverb-A Perth arrow hath a perfect flight," said the most vouthful of the party, who assumed the office of helmsman. and pushed the boat off from the pier; whilst the others took the oars, which were muffled, and rowed with all precaution, till they attained the middle of the river; they then ceased their efforts, lay upon their oars, and trusted to the steersman for keening her in mid-channel.

In this manner they passed unnoticed or disregarded beneath the stately Gothic arches of the old bridge, erected by the magnificent patronage of Robert Bruce in 1329, and carried away by an inundation in 1621. Although they heard the voices of a civic watch, which, since these disturbances commenced, had been nightly maintained in that important pass, no challenge was given; and when they were so far than Kamorny's page, Eviot. down the stream as to be out of "Marry, then," replied Dwinhearing of these guardians of the ing, "hang me the patient up in night, they began to row, but still such fashion that the carotid ar-

"You have found a new trade. comrade, since I left you," said "I left you engaged in tending a sick knight, and I find you employed in purloining a dead body from the gallows."

"A living body, so please your squirehood, Master Buncle; or else my craft hath failed of its purpose."

"So I am told, Master Pottercarrier; but saving your clerkship, unless you tell me your trick, I will take leave to doubt of its success."

"A simple toy, Master Buncle, not likely to please a genius so acute as that of your valiancie. Marry, thus it is. The suspension of the human body, which the vulgar call hanging, operates death by apoplexia,-that is, the blood being unable to return to the heart by the compression of the veins, it rushes to the brain, and the man dies. Also, and as an additional cause of dissolution, the lungs no longer receive the needful supply of the vital air owing to the ligature of the cord around the thorax; and hence the patient perishes."

"I understand that well enough -But how is such a revulsion of blood to the brain to be prevented, Sir Mediciner?" said the third person, who was no other

teries shall not be compressed, of applying it to the bare throat and the blood will not determine of the patient. Thus, when thrown to the brain, and apoplexia will off from the ladder, the sufferer not take place; and, again, if will find himself suspended, not there be no ligature around the by his neck, if it please you, but thorax, the lungs will be supplied with air, whether the man be the loops in which his feet are hanging in the middle heaven, or placed, and on which his weight standing on the firm earth."

"All this I conceive." said Eviot; "but how these precautions can be reconciled with the execution of the sentence of hanging, is what my dull brain cannot comprehend."

"Ah! good youth, thy valiancie hath spoiled a fair wit. Hadst thou studied with me, thou shouldst have learned things more difficult than this. But here is my trick. I get me certain bandages, made of the same substance with your young valiancie's horse-girths, having especial care that they are of a kind which ing to what height Sir John Rawill not shrink on being strained, since that would spoil my experiment. One loop of this substance is drawn under each foot, and returns up either side of the leg to a cincture, with which it is united; these cinctures are connected by divers straps down the breast and back, in order to divide the weight, and there are sundry other conveniences for easing the patient; but the chief is this. The straps, or ligatures, are attached to a broad steel collar. curving outwards, and having a hook or two, for the better security of the halter, which the friendly executioner passes around what a night the bloody hangdog that part of the machine, instead Bonthron must have had of it.

by the steel circle, which supports really rests, diminished a little by similar supports under each arm. Thus, neither vein nor windpipe being compressed, the man will breathe as free, and his blood, saving from fright and novelty of situation, will flow as temperately as your valiancies', when you stand up in your stirrups to view a field of battle."

"By my faith, a quaint and rare device!" quoth Buncle. "Is it not?" pursued the leech,

"and well worth being known to such mounting spirits as your valliancies, since there is no knowmorny's pupils may arrive; and if these be such, that it is necessarv to descend from them by a rope, you may find my mode of management more convenient than the common practice. Marry, but you must be provided with a high-collared doublet, to conceal the ring of steel; and above all, such a bonus socius as Smotherwell to adjust the noose."

"Base poison-vender," said Eviot, "men of our calling die on the field of battle!"

"I will save the lesson, however," replied Buncle, "in case of some pinching occasion .- But dancing a pavise in mid air to the much cost of wit," said the chimusic of his own shackles, as the night wind swings him that way and this!"

"It were an almsdeed to leave him there," said Eviot; "for his descent from the gibbet will but encourage him to new murders. He knows but two elementsdrunkenness and bloodshed."

"Perhaps Sir John Ramorny might have been of your opinion," said Dwining: "but it would first have been necessary to cut out the rogue's tongue, lest he had told strange tales from his airy height. And there are other reasons that it concerns not your valiancies to know. In truth, I myself have been generous in serving him, for the fellow is built as strong as Edinburgh Castle, and his anatomy would have matched any that is in the chirurgical hall of Padua.-But tell me, Master Buncle, what news bring you from the doughty Douglas?"

They may tell that know," said Buncle. "I am the dull ass that they could plainly hear groans, bears the message, and kens The safer nought of its purport. for myself perhaps. I carried letters from the Duke of Albany and from Sir John Ramorny to the Douglas, and he looked black as a northern tempest when he opened them-I brought them answers from the Earl, at which they smiled like the sun when the harvest storm is closing over him. Go to your Ephemerides, leech. and conjure the meaning out of that."

rurgeon; "but yonder I see in the pale moonlight our dead alive. Should he have screamed out to any chance passenger, it were a curious interruption to a nightjourney to be hailed from the top of such a gallows as that.-Hark, methinks I do hear his groans amid the whistling of the wind, and the creaking of the chains. So-fair and softly-make fast the boat with the grappling-and get out the casket with my matters—we would be better for a little fire, but the light might bring observation on us. Come on, my men of valour, march warily, for we are bound for the gallows foot-Follow with the lantern-I trust the ladder has been left.

Sing, three merry-men, and three merrymen,

And three merry-men are we; Thou on the land, and I on the sand, And Jack on the gallows tree."

As they advanced to the gibbet, though uttered in a low tone. Dwining ventured to give a low cough once or twice, by way of signal; but receiving no answer, "We had best make haste," said he to his companions, "for our friend must be *in extremis*, as he gives no answer to the signal which announces the arrival of help.— Come, let us to the gear. I will go up the ladder first, and cut the Do you two follow, one rope. after another, and take fast hold of the body, so that he fall not "Methinks I can do so without when the halter is unloosed. Keep sure gripe, for which the bandages of the surgeon triumphed over all will afford you convenience. Bethink you, that though he plays stretching himself, with one or an owl's part to-night, he hath no wings, and to fall out of a halter may be as dangerous as to fall into one.

While he spoke thus with sneer and gibe, he ascended the ladder, and having ascertained that the men-at-arms who followed him had the body in their hold, he cut the rope, and then gave his aid to support the almost lifeless form of the criminal.

By a skilful exertion of strength and address, the body of Bonthron was placed safely on the ground, and the faint, yet certain existence of life having been ascertained, it was thence transported to the river side, where, shrouded by the bank, the party might be best concealed from observation, while the leech employed himself in the necessary means of recalling animation, with which he had taken care to provide himself.

For this purpose he first freed the recovered person from his shackles, which the executioner had left unlocked on purpose, and at the same time disengaged the complicated envelopes and bandages by which he had been suspended. It was some time ere Dwining's efforts succeeded; for in despite of the skill with which his machine had been constructed, the straps designed to support the body, had stretched so considerably as to occasion the sense of suffocation becoming extremely intellects of any other person, was overpowering. But the address found effectual in recalling those

obstacles; and after sneezing and two brief convulsions, Bonthron gave decided proofs of reanimation by arresting the hand of the operator as it was in the act of dropping strong waters on his breast and throat; and directing the bottle which contained them to his lips, he took, almost perforce, a considerable gulp of the contents.

"It is spiritual essence, double distilled," said the astonished operator, "and would blister the throat, and burn the stomach of any other man. But this extraordinary beast is so unlike all other human creatures, that I should not wonder if it brought him to the complete possession of his faculties."

Bonthron seemed to confirm this; he started with a strong convulsion, sat up, stared around, and indicated some consciousness of existence.

"Wine-wine," were the first words which he articulated.

The leech gave him a draught of medicated wine, mixed with water. He rejected it, under the dishonourable epithet of "kennelwashings," and again uttered the words-""Wine, wine."

"Nay, take it to thee, i' the devil's name," said the leech; "since none but he can judge of thy constitution."

A draught, long and deep enough to have discomposed the of Bonthron to a more perfect tingles in my veins as if it had state; though he betrayed no re-pin-points, and my knees refuse collection of where he was or what to bear their burden. What can had befallen him, and in his brief be the meaning of all this? This and sullen manner, asked why he is some practice of thine, thou was brought to the river side at dog leech?" this time of night

"Another frolic of the wild Prince, for drenching me as he did before-Nails and blood, but I would-"

"Hold thy peace," interrupted Eviot, "and be thankful, I pray you, if you have any thankfulness in you, that thy body is not crow's Bonthron was deposited there as meat, and thy soul in a place where water is too scarce to duck of. He answered their attentions thee."

"I begin to bethink me," said the ruffian; and raising the flask to his mouth, which he saluted with a long and hearty kiss, he set the empty bottle on the earth, dropped his head on his bosom, and seemed to muse for the purnose of arranging his confused recollections.

"We can abide the issue of his meditations no longer," said Dwining, "he will be better after he has slept.-Up, sir! you have been riding the air these some hourstry if the water be not an easier mode of conveyance.-Your valours must lend me a hand. I can no more lift this mass, than I could raise in my arms a slaughtered bull."

"Stand upright on thine own feet, Bonthron, now we have placed thee upon them," said Eviot.

tient. "Every drop of blood lantern, Buncle, for thou wilt re-

"Ay, ay, so it is, honest Bon-thron," said Dwining, "a practice thou shalt thank me for, when thou comest to learn it. In the meanwhile, stretch down in the stern of that boat, and let me wrap this cloak about thee." Assisted into the boat accordingly. conveniently as things admitted with one or two snorts resembling the grunt of a boar, who has got some food particularly agreeable to him.

"And now, Buncle," said the chirurgeon, "your valiant squireship knows your charge. You are to carry this lively cargo by the river to Newburgh, where you are to dispose of him as you wot of; meantime, here are his shackles and bandages, the marks of his confinement and liberation. Bind them up together, and fling them into the deepest pool you pass over; for, found in your possession, they might tell tales against This low, light breath of us all. wind from the west, will permit you to use a sail as soon as the light comes in, and you are tired of rowing. Your other valiancy, Master Page Eviot, must be content to return to Perth with me a-foot, for here severs our fair "I cannot," answered the pa-|company.-Take with thee the

quire it more than we, and see trial and sentence. Of his conthou send me back my flasket."

As the pedestrians returned to Perth, Eviot expressed his belief that Bonthron's understanding remembered him not a word. would never recover the shock Neither of leaving the prisonwhich terror had inflicted upon nor of his passage to the Greve, it, and which appeared to him to where he suffered - nor of the have disturbed all the faculties of devout speeches with which hehis mind, and in particular his he! he!-edified-he! he! he!memory.

"It is not so an it please your pagehood," said the leech. "Bonthron's intellect, such as it is, hath a solid character-it will but -But here we reach the point vacillate to and fro like a pendu-where we must separate; for it lum which hath been put in mo- were unfit, should we meet any of tion, and then will rest in its the watch, that we be found toproper point of gravity. memory is, of all our powers of that we enter the city by different mind, that which is peculiarly liable to be suspended. Deep intoxication or sound sleep alike destroy it, and yet it returns when hood will make such explanation the drunkard becomes sober, or the sleeper is awakened. Terror sometimes produces the same effects. I knew at Paris a criminal condemned to die by the halter, who suffered the sentence accordingly, shewing no particular degree of timidity upon the scaffold, and behaving and expressing himself as men in the same condition are wont to do. Accident did for him what a little ingenious practice hath done for our amiable friend from whom we but now parted. He was cut down, and given to his friends before life was extinct, and I had the good fortune to restore him. But though he recovered in other particulars, he remembered but little of his with the girl after her recovery.

fession on the morning of his execution-he! he! he!"-(in his usual chuckling manner)-"he so many good Christians-nor of ascending the fatal tree, nor of taking the fatal leap, had my revenant the slightest recollection.\* Our gether, and it were also prudent gates. My profession forms an excuse for my going and coming at all times. Your valiant pageas may seem sufficing."

"I shall make my will a sufficient excuse if I am interrogated," said the haughty young man. "Yet I will avoid interruption, if possible. The moon is quite obscured, and the road as black as a wolf's mouth."

"Tut," said the physicianer, "let not your valour care for that; we shall tread darker paths ere it be long."

Without inquiring into the

\* An incident precisely similar to that in the text actually occurred, within the present century, at Oxford, in the case of a young woman who underwent the last sentence of the law for child-murder. A learned professor of that university has published an account of his conversation

meaning of these evilboding sentences, and indeed hardly listening to them, in the pride and recklessness of his nature, the page of Ramorny parted from his ingenious and dangerous companion; and each took his own way.

## CHAPTER XXV.

The course of true love never did run smooth. SHAKSPEARE.

THE ominous anxiety of our armourer had not played him false. When the good Glover parted with his intended son-in-law, after the judicial combat had been decided, he found, what he indeed had expected, that his fair daughter was in no favourable disposition towards her lover. But although he perceived that Catharine was cold, restrained, collected, had cast away the appearance of mortal passion, and listened with a reserve, implying contempt, to the most splendid description he could give her, of the combat in the Skinners' Yards, he was determined not to take the least notice of her altered manner, but to speak of her marriage with his son Henry as a thing which must of course take place. At length, when she began, as on a former occasion, to intimate, that her attachment to the armourer did not exceed the bounds of friendship, -that she was resolved never to marry, - that the pretended judicial combat was a mockery of the divine will, and of human laws,the Glover not unnaturally grew angry.

"I cannot read thy thoughts, wench; nor can I pretend to guess under what wicked delusion it is that you kiss a declared lover,suffer him to kiss you,-run to his house when a report is spread of his death, and fling yourself into his arms when you find him alone. All this shows very well in a girl prepared to obey her parents in a match sanctioned by her father; but such tokens of intimacy, bestowed on one whom a young woman cannot esteem, and is determined not to marry, are uncomely and unmaidenly. You have already been more bounteous of your favours to Henry Smith, than your mother, whom God assoilzie, ever was to me before I married her. I tell thee, Catharine, this trifling with the love of an honest man, is what I neither can, will, nor ought to endure. I have given my consent to the match, and I insist it shall take place without delay; and that you receive Henry Wynd to-morrow as a man whose bride you are to be with all despatch."

"A power more potent than yours, father, will say no," replied Catharine.

"I will risk it; my power is a lawful one, that of a father over a child, and an erring child," answered her father. "God and man allow of my influence."

"Then may Heaven help us!" said Catharine: "for if you are obstinate in your purpose, we are all lost."

"We can expect no help from Heaven," said the Glover, "when

clerk enough myself to know that; excellent reason to the contrary." and that your causeless resistance to my will is sinful, every priest during the evening; but early on will inform you. Ay, and more the next morning, just at sun risthan that, you have spoken de-|ing, Catharine knelt before the gradingly of the blessed appeal to bed in which her parent still God in the combat of ordeal. slumbered. Her heart sobbed as Take heed! for the holy Church if it would burst, and her tears is awakened to watch her sheep- fell thick upon her father's face. fold, and to extirpate heresy by The good old man awoke, looked fire and steel: so much I warn ro. crossed his child's forehead, thee of."

Catharine uttered a suppressed exclamation; and with difficulty compelling herself to assume an appearance of composure, promised her father, that if he would spare her any further discussion of the subject till to-morrow morning, she would then meet him, determined to make a full discovery of her sentiments.

was obliged to remain contented, you cannot be ignorant men called though extremely anxious for the you one of his converts, and with postponed explanation. It could greater justice termed me so likenot be levity or fickleness of char-wise?" acter which induced his daughter to act with so much apparent in- old man, raising himself on his consistency towards the man of elbow; "but I defy foul fame to his choice, and whom she had so shew that I ever owned him in lately unequivocally owned to be any heretical proposition, though also the man of her own. What I loved to hear him talk of the external force there could exist, of corruptions of the Church, the the resolutions she had so de- the wild ignorance of the poor, cidedly expressed within twenty proving, as it seemed to me, that four hours, was a matter of com- the sole virtue of our commonplete mystery.

she can be," thought the Glover, Smith without farther delay, or and creditable to the town.

we act with indiscretion. I am old Simon Glover will know an

The subject was not renewed and kissed her affectionately.

"I understand thee, Kate," he said; "thou art come to confession, and, I trust, art desirous to escape a heavy penance by being sincere."

Catharine was silent for an instant.

"I need not ask, my father, if vou remember the Carthusian monk, Clement, and his preachings and lessons; at which, in-With this promise, Simon Glover deed, you assisted so often, that

"I am aware of both," said the a kind powerful enough to change misgovernment of the nobles, and weal, its strength, and its estima-"But I will be as obstinate as tion, lay among the burgher craft of the better class, which I re-"and she shall either marry Henry ceived as comfortable doctrine, And

if he preached other than right "wouldst thou have me avouch doctrine, wherefore did his superiors in the Carthusian convent land and goods! For a full compermit it? If the shepherds turn a wolf in sheep's clothing into the flock, they should not blame the sheep for being worried."

"They endured his preaching, nay, they encouraged it," said Catharine, "while the voices of the laity, the contentions of the nobles, and the oppression of the poor, were the subject of his censure, and they rejoiced in the crowds, who, attracted to the Carthusian church, forsook those of the other convents. But the hypocrites-for such they arejoined with the other fraternities in accusing their preacher Clement, when, passing from censuring the crimes of the state, he began to display the pride, ignorance, and luxury of the churchmen themselves; their thirst of nower, their usurpation over men's consciences, and their desire to augment their worldly wealth."

"For God's sake, Catharine." said her father, "speak within doors; your voice rises in tone, and your speech in bitterness, your eyes sparkle. It is owing to this zeal in what concerns you no more than others, that malicious persons fix upon you the odious and dangerous name of a heretic."

"You know I speak no more than what is truth," said Catharine, "and which you yourself have avouched often."

answered the Glover, hastily; kept a mistress.

what might cost me life and limb, mission hath been granted for taking and trying heretics, upon whom is laid the cause of all late tumults and miscarriages; wherefore, few words are best, wench. I am ever of mind with the old Maker,---

Since word is thrall, and thought is free, Keep well thy tongue, I counsel thee."\*

"The counsel comes too late, father," answered Catharine, sinking down on a chair by her father's "The words have been bedside. spoken and heard; and it is indited against Simon Glover, burgess in Perth, that he hath spoken irreverent discourses of the doctrines of holy Church-"

"As I live by knife and needle." interrupted Simon, "it is a lie! I never was so silly as to speak of what I understood not."

"And hath slandered the anointed of the Church, both regular and secular." continued Catharine.

"Nay, I will never deny the truth," said the Glover; "an idle word I may have spoken at the ale-bench, or over a pottle pot of wine, or in right sure company; but, else, my tongue is not one to run my head into peril."

"So you think, my dearest father; but your slightest language has been espied, your best-mean-

\* These lines are still extant in the "By needle and buckskin, no!" ruinous house of an Abbot, and are said to be allusive to the holy man having ing phrases have been perverted, and you are in dittay as a gross railer against Church and churchmen, and for holding discourse against them with loose and profligate persons, such as the deceased Oliver Proudfute, the Smith Henry of the Wynd, and others, set forth as commending the doctrines of Father Clement, whom they charge with seven rank heresies, and seek for with staff and spear, to try him to the death.-But that," saidCatharine, kneeling, and looking upwards with the aspect of one of those beauteous saints whom the Catholics have given to the fine arts, --- "that they shall never do. He hath escaped from the net of the fowler; and, I thank Heaven, it was by my means."

"Thy means, girl—art thou mad?" said the amazed Glover.

"I will not deny what I glory in," answered Catharine; "it was by my means that Conachar was led to come hither with a party of men, and carry off the old man, who is now far beyond the Highland line."

"O my rash — my unlucky child!" said the Glover; "hast thou dared to aid the escape of one accused of heresy, and to invite Highlanders in arms to interfere with the administration of justice within burgh? Alas! thou hast offended both against the laws of the Church and those of the realm. What—what would become of us, were this known!"

"It is known, my dear father," said the maiden, firmly; "known

even to those who will be the most willing avengers of the deed."

"This must be some idle notion, Catharine, or some trick of those cogging priests and nuns; it accords not with thy late cheerful willingness to wed Henry Smith."

"Alas! dearest father, remember the dismal surprise occasioned by his reported death, and the joyful amazement at finding him alive; and deem it not wonder if I permitted myself, under your protection, to say more than my reflection justified. But then, I knew not the worst, and thought the danger exaggerated. Alas! I was yesterday fearfully undeceived, when the Abbess herself came hither, and with her the Dominican. They shewed me the commission, under the broad seal of Scotland, for inquiring into and punishing heresy; they shewed me your name, and my own, in a list of suspected persons; and it was with tears, real tears, that the Abbess conjured me to avert a dreadful fate, by a speedy retreat into the cloister; and that the monk pledged his word that you should not be molested, if I complied."

"The foul fiend take them both, for weeping crocodiles!" said the Glover.

"Alas!" replied Catharine, "complaint or anger will little help us; but you see I have had real cause for this present alarm." "Alarm!—call it utter ruin.— Alas! my reckless child, where was your prudence when you ran headlong into such a snare?"

"Hear me, father," said Catha-

rine; "there is still one mode of reached me alone, I could have safety held out; it is one which I stood firm; for their cruelty on have often proposed, and for which earth I could have endured, and I have in vain supplicated your permission."

"I understand you-the convent," said her father. "But. Catharine, what abbess or prioress would dare-"

"That I will explain to you, father, and it will also show the circumstances which have made me seem unsteady of resolution to a degree which has brought censure upon me from yourself and others. Our confessor, old Father again looking up, "the terrors Francis, whom I chose from the Dominican convent at your command ----"

"Ay, truly," interrupted the Glover; "and I so counselled and commanded thee, in order to take off the report that thy conscience was altogether under the direction of Father Clement."

different times urged and provoked me to converse on such matters love and thoughts of wedlock, I as he judged I was likely to learn something of from the Carthusian preacher. Heaven forgive me my blindness! I fell into the snare, spoke freely, and, as he argued joined in singing the same song. gently, as one who would fain be Remain in the world,' said they, convinced, I even spoke warmly in defence of what I believed devoutly. The confessor assumed sume the veil, and the errors of not his real aspect, and betrayed both shall be forgiven and cannot his secret purpose, until he celled.' They spoke not even of had learned all that I had to recantation of errors of doctrine; tell him. It was then that he all should be peace if I would but threatened me with temporal enter the convent." punishment, and with eternal

their power beyond this life I have no belief in."

"For Heaven's sake!" said the Glover, who was well-nigh beside himself at perceiving at every new word the increasing extremity of his daughter's danger, "beware of blaspheming the holy Church -whose arms are as prompt to strike as her ears are sharp to hear."

"Tome," said the Maid of Perth, of the threatened denunciations would have been of little avail; but when they spoke of involving thee, my father, in the charge against me, I own I trembled, and desired to compromise. The Abbess Martha, of Elcho nunnery, being my mother's kinswoman, I told her my distresses, and ob-"Well this Father Francis has at | tained her promise that she would receive me, if, renouncing worldly would take the veil in her sisterhood. She had conversation on the topic, I doubt not, with the Dominican Francis, and both 'and thy father and thou shall be brought to trial as heretics — as-

"I doubt not-I doubt not," condemnation. Had his threats said Simon; "the old Glover is Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth. 18

thought rich, and his wealth would the nunneries, and receive their follow his daughter to the convent of Elcho, unless what the Domini- Our privileges have been often cans might claim as their own share. So this was thy call to the veil-these thy objections to Henry Wynd?"

"Indeed, father, the course was urged on all hands, nor did my own mind recoil from it. Sir John Ramorny threatened me with the powerful vengeance of the young Prince, if I continued to repel his wicked suit-and as for poor Henry, it is but of late that I have discovered, to my own surprisethat-that-I love his virtues more than I dislike his faults. Alas! the discovery has only been made to render my quitting the world more difficult than when I thought I had thee only to regret!"

She rested her head on her hand, and wept bitterly.

"All this is folly," said the Glo-"Never was there an exver. tremity so pinching, but what a wise man might find counsel if he was daring enough to act upon it. This has never been the land or the people over whom priests could rule in the name of Rome, without their usurpation being controlled. If they are to punish each honest burgher who says the monks love gold, and that the lives of some of them cry shame upon the doctrines they teach, why truly, the world, and retire with my sor-Stephen Smotherwell will not lack row among the sisters of Elcho, employment-and if all foolish would you but let me be the sacrimaidens are to be secluded from fice. Only, father-comfort poor the world, because they follow Henry, when we are parted for the erring doctrines of a popular ever-and do not-do not let him preaching friar, they must enlarge think of me too harshly-Say Ca-

inmates on slighter composition. defended against the Pope himself, by our good monarchs of yore, and when he pretended to interfere with the temporal government of the kingdom, there wanted not a Scottish Parliament, who told him his duty in a letter that should have been written in letters of gold. I have seen the epistle myself, and though I could not read it, the very sight of the seals of the right reverend prelates, and noble and true barons. which hung at it, made my heart leap for joy. Thou shouldst not have kept this secret, my child; but it is no time to tax thee with thy fault. Go down, get me some food. I will mount instantly, and go to our Lord Provost, and have his advice, and, as I trust, his protection, and that of other truehearted Scottish nobles, who will not see a true man trodden down for an idle word."

"Alas, my father!" said Catharine, "it was even this impetuosity which I dreaded. I knew if I made my plaint to you there would soon be fire and feud, as if religion, though sent to us by the Father of peace, were fit only to be the mother of discord;-and hence I could now-even now-give up tharine will never vex him more | winds howl, and waves arise, he by her remonstrances, but that stands by the helm himself .--she will never forget him in her prayers."

"The girl hath a tongue that would make a Saracen weep," said her father, his own eyes sympathizing with those of his daughter. "But I will not yield way to this combination between the nun and the priest to rob me of my only child .--- Away with you, girl, and let me don my clothes; and prepare yourself to obey me in what I may have to recommend for your safety. Get a few clothes together, and what valuables thou hast-also, take the keys of my iron box, which poor Henry Smith gave me, and divide what gold vou find into two portions, -- put the one into a purse for thyself, and the other into the quilted journey, a horse's tramp was girdle which I made on purpose to wear on journeys. Thus both shall be provided, in case fate should sunder us; in which event, God send the whirlwind may take the withered leaf, and spare the green one!-Let them make ready my horse instantly, and the white jennet that I bought for thee but a day since, hoping to see thee ride to St. John's Kirk with maids and matrons, as blithe a bride as ever crossed the holy threshold. ascended the stair and entered But it skills not talking-Away, the sleeping apartment. and remember that the saints help astonished and alarmed, and disthose who are willing to help posed to see in this early visitant themselves. Not a word in answer an apparitor or sumner, come to -begone, I say, -- no wilfulness attach him and his daughter, was now. The pilot, in calm weather, much relieved, when, as the will let a sea-boy trifle with the stranger doffed the bonnet, and rudder; but, by my soul, when threw the skirt of the mantle from

Away; no reply."

Catharine left the room to execute, as well as she might, the commands of her father, who, gentle in disposition, and devotedly attached to his child, suffered her often, as it seemed, to guide and rule both herself and him; yet who, as she knew, was wont to claim filial obedience. and exercise parental authority, with sufficient strictness, when the occasion seemed to require an enforcement of domestic discipline.

While the fair Catharine was engaged in executing her father's behests, and the good old Glover was hastily attiring himself, as one who was about to take a heard in the narrow street. The horseman was wrapped in his riding-cloak, having the cape of it drawn up, as if to hide the under part of his face, while his bonnet was pulled over his brows, and a broad plume obscured his upper features. He sprung from the saddle, and Dorothy had scarce time to reply to his inquiries that the Glover was in his bedroom, ere the stranger had Simon.

his face, he recognised the with the Duke of Albanv in court knightly Provost of the Fair intrigue, and by alleging the de-City, a visit from whom, at any cay of the purity of Catholic time was a favour of no ordinary Doctrine as the sole cause of the degree; but being made at such presentnational misfortunes, have, an hour, had something marvel- at least for the present hour, an lous, and, connected with the cir- irresistible authority over the cumstances of the times, even King, will receive a check. alarming.

"Sir Patrick Charteris!" said the Glover-"this high honour done to your poor beadsman----"

"Hush!" said the knight, "there is no time for idle civilities. I came hither, because a man is, on trying occasions, his own safest page, and I can remain ing to Rome those freedoms and no longer than to bid thee fly. good Glover, since warrants are to be granted this day in council time of Malcolm Canmore, have for the arrest of thy daughter and thee, under charge of heresy; and delay will cost you both your liberty for certain, and perhaps your lives."

"I have heard something of such a matter," said the Glover, "and was this instant setting forth to Kinfauns, to plead my innocence of this scandalous charge, to ask your lordship's counsel, and to implore your pro-

"Thy innocence, friend Simon, will avail thee but little before prejudiced judges; my advice is, in one word, to fly, and wait for happier times. As for my protection, we must tarry till the tide turns ere it will in any sort avail thee. But if thou canst lie concealed for a few days or weeks, I have little doubt that the churchmen, who, by siding

In the meanwhile, however, know that King Robert hath not only given way to this general warrant for inquisition after heresy, but hath confirmed the Pope's nomination of Henry Wardlaw, to be Archbishop of St. Andrews, and Primate of Scotland;\* thus yieldimmunities of the Scottish church, which his ancestors, from the so boldly defended. His brave fathers would have rather subscribed a covenant with the devil. than yielded in such a matter to the pretensions of Rome."

"Alas, and what remedy?"

"None, old man, save in some sudden court change," said Sir Patrick. "The King is but like a mirror, which, having no light itself, reflects back with equal readiness any which is placed near to it for the time. Now.

Mastere Henry of Wardlaw That like til Vertue was to draw, Chantour that time of Glasgu, Commendit of alkyn Vertew, The Pape had in affectioun, Baith for his fame and his resoun. Sua by this resoun speciale Of the threttinth Benet Pape, This Master Henry was Bischape Of Sanct Andrewis with honoure. Of Canon he was then Doctour. WYNTOUN, B, ix. chap. 23.

with Albany, yet the Earl is un-Highland bracken." favourable to the high claims of those domineering priests, having spects, my lord, that I hesitate," quarrelled with them about the said the Glover. "Catharine is exactions which his retinue hath raised on the Abbot of Arbroath. He will come back again with a lodging. But the son of MacIan high hand, for report says, the hath been for many years a guest Earl of March hath fled before in my house, and I am obliged to him. When he returns we shall have a changed world, for his looking at my daughter-who is presence will control Albany; especially as many nobles, and I myself, as I tell you in confidence, are resolved to league with him few Street, would give me some to defend the general right. Thy exile, therefore, will end with his land Glen, where I have no friend, return to our court. Thou hast but to seek thee some temporary hiding-place."

"For that, my lord," said the Glover, "I can be at no loss, since I have just title to the protection of the Highland Chief, Gilchrist MacIan, Chief of the Clan Quhele."

"Nay, if thou canst take hold of his mantle thou needs no help of any one else-neither lowland churchman nor layman finds a free course of justice beyond the Highland frontier."

"But then my child, noble sir-my Catharine?" said the Glover.

"Let her go with thee, man. The graddan cake will keep her white teeth in order, the goat's whey will make the blood spring tocher." to her cheek again, which these alarms have banished; and even the Knight of Kinfauns; "by the the Fair Maiden of Perth may Thane's Cross, man, but this is

although the Douglas is banded sleep soft enough on a bed of

"It is not from such idle rethe daughter of a plain burgher, and knows not nicety of food or say, that I have observed him as good as a betrothed bride-in a manner that, though I cared not for it in this lodging in Curfear of consequences in a Highand Conachar many."

The knightly Provost replied by a long whistle.—"Whew! whew!-Nay, in that case, I advise thee to send her to the nunnery at Elcho, where the Abbess, if I forget not, is some relation of yours. Indeed, she said so herself; adding, that she loved her kinswoman well, together with all that belongs to thee, Simon."

"Truly, my lord, I do believe that the Abbess hath so much regard for me, that she would willingly receive the trust of my daughter, and my whole goods and gear into her sisterhood-Marry, her affection is something of a tenacious character, and would be loath to unloose its hold, either upon the wench or her

"Whew! whew!" again whistled

it shall never be said the fairest when a conversation ensued which maid in the Fair City was cooped up in a convent, like a kain-hen passages of this history. in a cavey, and she about to be married to the bold burgess Henry Wynd. That tale shall not be told while I wear belt and spurs, and am called Provost of Perth.

"But what remede, my lord?" asked the Glover.

"We must all take our share of the risk. Come, get you and your daughter presently to horse. You shall ride with me, and we'll see who dare gloom at you. The summons is not yet served on thee, and if they send an apparitor to Kinfauns, without a warrant under the King's own hand, I make mine avow, by the Red Rover's soul! that he shall eat his writ, both wax and wetherskin. To horse, to horse! and," addressing Catharine, as she entered at the moment, "you, too, my pretty maid.

To horse, and fear not for your quarters; They thrive in law that trust in Charters."

In a minute or two the father and daughter were on horseback, both keeping an arrow's flight before the Provost, by his direction, that they might not seem to be of the same company. They passed the eastern gate in some Highlanders, as with the men haste, and rode forward roundly until they were out of sight. Sir with the means of conducting our Patrick followed leisurely; but, trade, to the great profit of the when he was lost to the view of burgh. Thus it hath chanced the warders, he spurred his with me to have great dealings mettled horse and soon came up with these men; and I can take

an ill-favoured pirn to wind. Yet with the Glover and Catharine, throws light upon some previous

# CHAPTER XXVL

Hail, land of bowmen! seed of those who scorned

To stoop the neck to wide imperial Rome-

O dearest half of Albion sea-walled! ALBANIA (1737).

"I HAVE been devising a mode," said the well-meaning Provost, "by which I may make you both secure for a week or two from the malice of your enemies, when I have little doubt I may see a changed world at court. But that I may the better judge what is to be done, tell me frankly Simon, the nature of your connection with Gilchrist MacIan, which leads you to repose such implicit confidence in him. You are a close observer of the rules of the city, and are aware of the severe penalties which they denounce against such burghers as have covine and alliance with the Highland clans."

"True, my lord; but it is also known to you that our craft, working in skins of cattle, stags, and every other description of hides, have a privilege, and are allowed to transact with those who can most readily supply us it on my salvation, that you one faithful servant, and his nowhere find more just and daughter. Here, in sorrow and honourable traffickers, or by care enough, she gave birth to a whom a man may more easily boy; and as the misery of the make an honest penny. I have mother's condition rendered her made, in my day, several distant little able to suckle the infant, he journeys into the far Highlands, was nursed with the milk of a upon the faith of their chiefs; nor doe, which the forester, who atdid I ever meet with a people tended her, contrived to take alive more true to their word, when in a snare. It was not many you can once prevail upon them months afterwards, that, in a seto plight it in your behalf. And cond encounter of these fierce as for the Highland Chief, Gil- clans, MacIan defeated his enemies christ MacIan, saving that he is in his turn, and regained posseshasty in homicide and fire-raising sion of the district which he had towards those with whom he hath lost. It was with unexpected deadly feud, I have nowhere seen a man who walketh a more just and upright path."

"It is more than ever I heard before." said Sir Patrick Charteris, "Yet I have known something of the Highland runagates too."

"They show another favour, and a very different one, to their friends than to their enemies, as your lordship shall understand," said the Glover. "However, be that as it may, it chanced me to serve Gilchrist MacIan in a high matter. It is now about eighteen years since, that it chanced, the Clan Quhele and Clan Chattan of holly, and suckled by a white being at feud, as, indeed, they are seldom at peace, the former tunately for the Chief, tallied exsustained such a defeat, as wellnigh extirpated the family of their child which remained to him, and chief, MacIan. Seven of his sons it was demanded of him by the were slain in battle and after it, elders of the clan, that the boy himself put to flight, and his should be either put to death, or castle taken and given to the at least removed from the doflames. His wife, then near the minions of the tribe, and brought time of giving birth to an infant, up in obscurity. Gilchrist Maclan fled into the forest, attended by was obliged to consent; and hav-

rapture, that he found his wife and child were in existence, having never expected to see more of them than the bleached bones, from which the wolves and wildcats had eaten the flesh.

"But a strong and prevailing prejudice, such as is often entertained by these wild people, prevented their Chief from enjoying the full happiness arising from having thus regained his only son in safety. An ancient prophecy was current among them, that the power of the tribe should fall by means of a boy born under a bush The circumstance, unfordoe. actly with the birth of the only

posal, the child, under the name of Conachar, was brought up in my family, with the purpose, as was at first intended, of concealing from him all knowledge who or what he was, or of his pretensions to authority over a numerous and warlike people. But as years rolled on, the elders of the tribe, who had exerted so much authority, were removed by death, or rendered incapable of interfering in the public affairs by age; while, on the other hand, the influence of Gilchrist Maclan was increased by his successful struggles against the Clan Chattan, in which he restored the equality betwixt the two contending confederacies, which had existed before the calamitous defeat of which I told your honour. Feel-had this nursling of the doe been ing himself thus firmly seated, he naturally became desirous to bring home his only son to his bosom landers I have known, I question and family; and for that purpose if the Fair Maiden of Perth would caused me to send the young Conachar, as he was called, more his conversion; and if Catharine than once to the Highlands. He was a youth expressly made, by his form and gallantry of bearing, to gain a father's heart. At length, I suppose the lad either guessed the secret of his birth, or something of it was communicated to him; and the disgust which the haughty Hieland varlet had always shewn for my honest trade, became more manifest; so that I dared not so much as lay my staff over his costard, for fear of receiving a stab with a dirk, as an bours, my lord," answered Caanswer in Gaelic to a Saxon re-tharine, with some spirit.

ing made choice of the latter pro-|mark. It was then that I wished to be well rid of him, the rather that he shewed so much devotion to Catharine, who, forscoth, set herself up to wash the Ethiopian. and teach a wild Hielandman mercy and morals. She knows herself how it ended."

"Nay, my father," said Ca-tharine, "it was surely but a point of charity to snatch the brand from the burning."

"But a small point of wisdom," said her father, "to risk the burning of your own fingers for such an end.-What says my lord to the matter?"

"My lord would not offend the Fair Maid of Perth," said Sir Patrick: "and he knows well the purity and truth of her mind. And yet I must needs say, that shrivelled, haggard, cross-made, and red-haired, like some Highhave bestowed so much zeal upon had been as aged, wrinkled, and bent by years, as the old woman that opened the door to me this morning, I would wager my gold spurs against a pair of Highland brogues, that this wild roebuck would never have listened to a second lecture.-You laugh, Glover. and Catharine blushes a blush of anger. Let it pass, it is the way of the world."

"The way in which the men of the world esteem their neigh"Nay, fair saint, forgive a jest," off without blood or blemish. said the knight; "and thou, Simon, Hence, Torquil of the Oak argued tell us how this tale ended—with Conachar's escape to the Highlands, I suppose?" of So much I am pos-

"With his return thither," said the Glover. "There was, for some two or three years, a fellow about Perth, a sort of messenger. who came and went under divers pretences, but was in fact the means of communication between Gilchrist MacIan and his son. young Conachar, or, as he is now called, Hector. From this gillie, I learned, in general, that the banishment of the Dault an Neigh Dheil, or foster child of the White Doe, was again brought under consideration of the tribe. His foster father, Torquil of the Oak, the old forester, appeared with eight sons, the finest men of the clan, and demanded that the doom of banishment should be revoked. He spoke with the greater authority, as he was himself Taishatar, or a Seer, and supposed to have communication with the invisible world. He affirmed that he had performed a magical ceremony, termed Tine-Egan,\* by which he evoked a fiend, from whom he extorted a confession that Conachar. now called Eachin, or Hector Maclan, was the only man in the approaching combat between the two hostile clans, who should come

\* Tine-egan, or Neidfyre, i. e., forced fire. All the fires in the house being extinguished, two men produced a flame of potent virtue by the friction of wood. This charm was used, within the memory of living persons, in the Hebrides, in cases of murrain among cattle,

off without blood or blemish. Hence, Torquil of the Oak argued that the presence of the fated person was necessary to ensure the victory. 'So much I am possessed of this,' said the forester, 'that unless Eachin fight in his place in the ranks of the Clan Quhele, neither I, his foster father, nor any of my eight sons, will lift a weapon in the quarrel.'"

This speech was received with much alarm; for the defection of nine men, the stoutest of their tribe, would be a serious blow, more especially if the combat, as begins to be rumoured, should be decided by a small number from each side. The ancient superstition concerning the foster son of the White Doe was counterbalanced by a new and later prejudice, and the father took the opportunity of presenting to the clan his long-hidden son, whose youthful, but handsome and animated countenance, haughty carriage, and active limbs, excited the admiration of the clansmen, who joyfully received him as the heir and descendant of their chief, notwithstanding the ominous presage attending his birth and nurture.

"From this tale, my lord," continued Simon Glover, "your lordship may easily conceive why I myself should be secure of a good reception among the Clan Quhele; and you may also have reason to judge that it would be very rash in me to carry Catharine thither. And this, noble lord, is the heaviest of my troubles."

"We shall lighten the load, Heed no longer for me, my lord, then," said Sir Patrick; "and, good Glover, I will take risk for thee and this damsel. My alliance with the Douglas gives me some interest with Marjory, Duchess of Rothsay, his daughter, the neglected wife of our wilful Prince. Rely on it, good Glover, that in her retinue thy daughter will be as secure as in a fenced castle. The Duchess keeps house now at Falkland, a castle which the Duke of Albany, to whom it belongs, has lent to her for her accommodation. I cannot promise you pleasure, Fair Maiden; for the Duchess Marjory of Rothsay unfortunate, and therefore is splenetic, haughty, and overbearing; conscious of the want of attractive qualities, therefore jealous of those women who possess them. But she is firm in faith, and noble in spirit, and would fling Pope or prelate into the ditch of her castle, who should come to arrest any one under her You will therefore protection. have absolute safety, though you may lack comfort."

"I have no title to more," said Catharine; "and deeply do I feel the kindness that is willing to secure me such honourable protection. If she be haughty, I will remember she is a Douglas, and hath right, as being such, to entertain as much pride as may become a mortal-if she be fretful. I will recollect that she is unfortunate—and if she be unreasonably captious, I will not need not tell an honoured warrior forget that she is my protectress. like yourself, that danger must be

when you have placed me under the noble lady's charge. - But my poor father, to be exposed amongst these wild and dangerous people!"

"Think not of that, Catharine," said the Glover; "I am as familiar with brogues and bracken as if I had worn them myself. I have only to fear that the decisive battle may be fought before I can leave this country; and if the Clan Quhele lose the combat, I may suffer by the ruin of my protectors."

"We must have that cared for," said Sir Patrick; "rely on my looking out for your safety-But which party will carry the day, think you?"

"Frankly, my Lord Provost, I believe the Clan Chattan will have the worse; these nine children of the forest form a third nearly of the band surrounding the Chief of Clan Quhele, and are redoubted champions."

"And your apprentice, will he stand to it, thinkest thou?"

"He is hot as fire, Sir Patrick," answered the Glover; "but he is also unstable as water. Nevertheless, if he is spared, he seems likely to be one day a brave man."

"But, as now, he has some of the White Doe's milk still lurking about his liver, ha, Simon?"

"He has little experience, my lord," said the Glover, "and I familiar to us ere we can dally north-westerly with it like a mistress."

This conversation brought them speedily to the Castle of Kinfauns. where, after a short refreshment, it was necessary that the father and the daughter should part, in order to seek their respective places of refuge. It was then Kinfauns, owing to the obstacles first, as she saw that her father's anxiety on her account had drowned all recollections of his friend, that Catharine dropped, as if in a dream, the name of highly trusted. "Henry Gow."

"True, most true," continued her father; "we must possess him of our purposes."

"Leave that to me," said Sir "I will not trust to a Patrick. messenger, nor will I send a letter, because if I could write one, I think he could not read it. He will suffer anxiety in the meanwhile, but I will ride to Perth to-morrow by times, and acquaint him with your designs."

The time of separation now approached. It was a bitter moment; but the manly character of the old burgher, and the devout resignation of Catharine to the will of Providence, made it lighter than might have been expected. The good Knight hurried the departure of the burgess, but in the kindest manner; and even went so far as to offer him some gold accounts of this memorable feud. pieces in loan, which might, where | It is sufficient to say, that the specie was so scarce, be considered as the ne plus ultra of tended far and wide, comprehendregard. The Glover, however, as- ing Caithness and Sutherland, sured him he was amply provided, and having for their paramount

direction. The hospitable protection of Sir Patrick Charteris was no less manifested towards his fair guest. She was placed under the charge of a duenna, who managed the good knight's household, and was compelled to remain several days in and delays interposed by a Tay boatman, named Kitt Henshaw, to whose charge she was to be committed, and whom the Provost

Thus were severed the child and parent in a moment of great danger and difficulty, much augmented by circumstances of which they were then ignorant, and which seemed greatly to diminish any chance of safety that remained for them.

### CHAPTER XXVII.

"This Austin humbly did."-"Did he?" quoth he.

"Austin may do the same again for me." POPE'S Prologue to Canterbury Tales from Chaucer.

THE course of our story will be best pursued by attending that of Simon Glover. It is not our purpose to indicate the exact local boundaries of the two contending clans, especially since they are not clearly pointed out by the historians who have transmitted territory of the clan Chattan exand departed on his journey in a chief the powerful Earl of the

latter shire, thence called Mohr ar | of MacKay. If this is done on chat.\* In this general sense, the good authority, which is to be Keiths, the Sinclairs, the Guns, doubted, the MacKays must have and other families and clans of shifted their settlements greatly great power, were included in the since the reign of Robert III., confederacy. These, however, since they are now to be found (as were not engaged in the present quarrel, which was limited to that part of the Clan Chattan occupy-of Ross and Sutherland.\* We ing the extensive mountainous cannot, therefore, be so clear as districts of Perthshire and Inver-ness-shire, which form a large of the story. Suffice it, that portion of what is called the north-eastern Highlands. It is well known that two large septs, un-questionably known to belong to the direction of the Breadalbane the Clan Chattan, the MacPher-sons and the MacIntoshes, dis-pute to this day which of their MacIan, the Captain of the Clan chieftains was at the head of this Quhele, and the father of his Badenoch branch of the great pupil Conachar, usually held his confederacy, and both have of residence, with a barbarous pomp later times assumed the title of of attendance and ceremonial Captain of Clan Chattan. Non suited to his lofty pretensions. nostrum est-But, at all events, Badenoch must have been the the toil and terrors of such a centre of the confederacy, so far as involved in the feud of which traced among wastes and mounwe treat.

Quhele we have a still less distinct account, for reasons which will appear in the sequel. Some authors have identified them with the numerous and powerful sept

\* i. e. The Great Cat. The County of Caithness is supposed to have its name from Teutonic settlers of the race of the Catti and heraldry has not neglected so fair an occasion for that species of painted punning in which she used to delight. Touch not the cat but a glove, is the motto of Mackintosh, alluding to his crest, which, as with most of the now scattered septs of the old Clan Chattan, is the Mountain Cat.

We need not stop to describe journey, where the path was to be tains, now ascending precipitous Of the rival league of Clan ravines, now plunging into inextricable bogs, and often intersected with large brooks, and even rivers. But all these perils Simon Glover had before encountered, in quest of honest gain; and it was not to be supposed that he shunned or feared them where liberty, and life itself, were at stake.

> \* Their territory, commonly called, after the chief of the MacKays, Lord Reay's country, has lately passed into the possession of the noble family of Stafford-Sutherland.

to another at least as formidable and ravage that had ever disas the perils of the journey. But tracted that unhappy country. Simon's knowledge of the manners and language of the people this state of desolation. He had assured him on this point also. made a halt since he left Kin-An appeal to the hospitality of fauns, to allow his nag some rest; the wildest Gael was never unsuccessful; and the kern, that in how he was to pass the night. other circumstances would have He had reckoned upon spending taken a man's life for the silver it at the cottage of an old acbutton of his cloak, would deprive quaintance, called Niel Booshalhimself of a meal to relieve the loch (or the Cowherd), because traveller who implored hospitality he had charge of numerous herds at the door of his bothy. The of cattle belonging to the Captain art of travelling in the Highlands | of Clan Quhele, for which purpose was to appear as confident and he had a settlement on the banks defenceless as possible; and ac-of the Tay, not far from the spot cordingly the Glover carried no where it leaves the lake of the arms whatever, journeyed without same name. From this his old the least appearance of precau-host and friend, with whom he tion, and took good care to ex-had transacted many bargains for hibit nothing which might excite hides and furs, the old Glover cupidity. Another rule which he hoped to learn the present state of deemed it prudent to observe. was to avoid communication with or war, and the best measures to any of the passengers whom he might chance to meet, except in the interchange of the common civilities of salutation, which the Highlanders rarely omit. Few opportunities occurred of exchanging even such passing greetings. The country, always lonely, seemed now entirely forsaken; and even in the little straths or valleys which he had occasion to pass or traverse, the hamlets were I shall be finely holped up, deserted and the inhabitants had betaken themselves to woods and only the advantage of his good caves. This was easily accounted advice, but also his interest with for, considering the imminent Gilchrist MacIan; and, more-

The danger from the warlike dangers of a feud, which all ex-and uncivilized inhabitants of pected would become one of the these wilds would have appeared most general signals for plunder

Simon began to be alarmed at and now he began to be anxious the country, the prospect of peace be taken for his own safety. It will be remembered that the news of the indentures of battle entered into for diminishing the extent of the feud, had only been communicated to King Robert the day before the Glover left Perth, and did not become public till some time afterwards.

"If Niel Booshalloch hath left his dwelling like the rest of them, thought Simon, "since I want not over, a night's quarters and a | on the margin of the lake. In this supper.'

Thus reflecting, he reached the top of a swelling green hill, and saw the splendid vision of Loch Tay lying beneath him, an immense plate of polished silver, its dark heathy mountains and leafless thickets of oak serving as an arabesque frame to a magnificent mirror.

Indifferent to natural beauty at any time, Simon Glover was now particularly so; and the only part of the splendid landscape on which he turned his eye was the angle or loop of meadow land. where the river Tay, rushing in full-swollen dignity from its the hut came forth. There was parent lake, and wheeling around a beautiful valley of about a mile in breadth, begins his broad course to the south-eastward, like man covered both as well as he a conqueror and a legislator, to might; for nothing in that region subdue and to enrich remote could be reckoned more uncivil. districts. Upon the sequestered spot, which is so beautifully situated between lake, mountain, and river, arose afterwards the feudal castle of The Ballough,\* which in our time has been succeeded by the splendid palace of the Earls of Breadalbane.

But the Campbells, though they had already attained very great power in Argyleshire, had not yet extended themselves so far eastward as Loch Tay, the banks of which were, either by right, or by mere occupancy, possessed for the present by the Clan Quhele, whose choicest herds were fattened

\* Balloch is Gaelic for the discharge of a lake into a river.

valley, therefore, between the river and the lake, amid extensive forests of oak-wood, hazel, rowantree, and larches, arose the humble cottage of Niel Booshalloch, a village Eumæus, whose hospitable chimneys were seen to smoke plentifully, to the great encouragement of Simon Glover, who might otherwise have been obliged to spend the night in the open air. to his no small discomfort.

He reached the door of the cottage, whistled, shouted, and made his approach known. There was a baying of hounds and collies, and presently the master of much care on his brow, and he seemed surprised at the sight of Simon Glover, though the herdsthan for the landlord to suffer anything to escape him in look or gesture, which might induce the visiter to think that his arrival was an unpleasing, or even an unexpected incident. The traveller's horse was conducted to a stable, which was almost too low to receive him, and the Glover himself was led into the mansion of the Booshalloch, where, according to the custom of the country, bread and cheese was placed before the wayfarer, while more solid food was preparing. Simon, who understood all their habits, took no notice of the obvious marks of sadness on the brow of his entertainer, and on those of the family,

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until he had eaten somewhat for | funeral is instantly to take place, form's sake: after which he asked the general question, Was there any news in the country?

"Bad news as ever were told," said the herdsman; "our father is no more."

"How?" said Simon, greatly alarmed, "is the Captain of the Clan Quhele dead?"

"The Captain of the Clan Quhele never dies," answered the Booshalloch; "but Gilchrist MacIan died twenty hours since, and his son, Eachin MacIan, is now Captain."

"What, Eachin-that is Conachar-my apprentice?"

"As little of that subject as you list, brother Simon," said the "It is to be rememherdsman. bered, friend, that your craft, which doth very well for a living in the douce city of Perth, is something too mechanical to be much esteemed at the foot of Ben Lawers, and on the Banks of Loch Tay. We have not a Gaelic word by which we can even name a maker of gloves."

"It would be strange if you had, friend Niel," said Simon dryly, "having so few gloves to wear. I think there be none in the whole Clan Quhele, save those which I myself gave to Gilchrist MacIan, whom God assoilzie, who esteemed them a choice propine. Most deeply do I regret his death, for I was coming to him on express business."

head southward with morning | This Conachar, or Hector of yours,

and it must be with short ceremony; for there is a battle to be fought by the Clan Quhele and the Clan Chattan, thirty champions on a side, as soon as Palm Sunday next, and we have brief time either to lament the dead or honour the living."

"Yet are my affairs so pressing, that I must needs see the young Chief, were it but for a quarter of an hour," said the Glover.

"Hark thee, friend," replied his host, "I think thy business must be either to gather money or to make traffic. Now, if the Chief owe thee anything for upbringing or otherwise, ask him not to pay it when all the treasures of the tribe are called in for making gallant preparation of arms and equipment for their combatants, that we may meet these proud hill-cats in a fashion to shew ourselves their superiors. But if thou comest to practise commerce with us, thy time is still worse chosen. Thou knowest that thou art already envied of many of our tribe, for having had the fosterage of the young Chief, which is a thing usually given to the best of the clan."

"But, St. Mary, man!" ex-claimed the Glover, "men should remember the office was not conferred on me as a favour which I courted, but that it was accepted by me on importunity and en-"You had better turn the nag's treaty, to my no small prejudice light," said the herdsman. "The or whatever you call him, has

destroyed me doe-skins to the Street, to bask me in the beams amount of many pounds Scots."

"There again, now," said the Booshalloch, "you have spoken a word to cost your life:--any allusion to skins or hides, or especially to deer and does, may incur no less a forfeit. The Chief is young. and jealous of his rank-none knows the reason better than thou. He will naturally friend Glover. wish that everything concerning the opposition to his succession. and having reference to his exile, should be totally forgotten; and he will not hold him in affection who shall recall the recollection of his people, or force back his own, upon what they must both remember with pain. Think how, at such a moment, they will look on the old Glover of Perth, to whom the Chief was so long apprentice!-Come, come, old friend, you have erred in this. You are in over great haste to worship the rising sun, while his beams are yet level with the horizon. Come thou when he has climbed higher in the heavens, and thou shalt have thy share of the warmth of his noonday height."

"Niel Booshalloch," said the Glover, "we have been old friends, as thou say'st; and as I think thee a true one, I will speak to thee freely, though what I say might be perilous if spoken to others of thy clan. Thou think'st I come hither to make my own profit of thy young Chief, and it is natural thou shouldst think so. But I would not, at my years, quit my own chimney corner in Curfew preparations for the combat-the

of the brightest sun that ever shone upon Highland heather. The very truth is, I come hither in extremity-my foes have the advantage of me, and have laid things to my charge whereof I am incapable, even in thought. Nevertheless, doom is like to go forth against me, and there is no remedy but that I must up and fly, or remain and perish. I come to your young Chief, as one who had refuge with me in his distress, who ate of my bread and drank of my cup. I ask of him refuge, which, as I trust, I shall need but a short time."

"That makes a different case," replied the herdsman. "So different, that if you came at midnight to the gate of MacIan, having the King of Scotland's head in your hand, and a thousand men in pursuit for the avenging of his blood, I could not think it for his honour to refuse you protection. And for your innocence or guilt, concerns not the case, -- or it rather, he ought the more to shelter you if guilty, seeing your necessity and his risk are both in that case the greater. I must straightway to him, that no hasty tongue tell him of your arriving hither without saying the cause.

"A pity of your trouble," said the Glover; "but where lies the Chief?"

"He is quartered about ten miles hence, busied with the affairs of the funeral, and with dead to the grave, and the living stir you within his bounds. But to battle."

you all night to go and come," said the Glover; "and I am very sure that Conachar, when he cocked the sweet gale [bog-myrtle] knows it is I who-"

herdsman, placing his finger on "And as for the ten his lips. miles, they are but a Highland leap, when one bears a message between his friend and his Chief."

So saying, and committing the traveller to the charge of his eldest son and his daughter, the active herdsman left his house two hours before midnight, to which he returned long before sunrise. He did not disturb his wearied guest, but when the old man had arisen in the morning. he acquainted him that the funeral of the late Chieftain was to take place the same day, and that, although Eachin MacIan could sions of general affliction. not invite a Saxon to the funeral, he would be glad to receive him alone, resorted to the stable to at the entertainment which was to follow.

"His will must be obeyed," said the Glover, half smiling at the barley. Of this kindness he was change of relation between him. self and his late apprentice. "The bably, the family had little of this man is the master now, and I trust delicacy left to themselves, until he will remember, that, when the next harvest should bring matters were otherwise between them a scanty supply. In animal us, I did not use my authority un- food they were well provided, and graciously."

the Booshalloch, "the less of that they did not observe very strictly; you say the better. You will find but bread was a delicacy very yourself a right welcome guest to scanty in the Highlands. The Eachin, and the deil a man dares bogs afforded a soft species of Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

fare you well, for I must go, as "It is a long way, and will take beseems me, to the burial of the best Chief the Clan ever had, and the wisest Captain that ever in his bonnet. Farewell to you "Forget Conachar," said the for a while, and if you will go to the top of the Tom-an-Lonach behind the house, you will see a gallant sight, and hear such a coronach as will reach the top of Ben Lawers. A boat will wait for you, three hours hence, at a wee bit creek about half a mile westward from the head of the Tav."

With these words he took his departure, followed by his three sons, to man the boat in which he was to join the rest of the mourners, and two daughters, whose voices were wanted to join in the Lament, which was chanted, or rather screamed, on such occa-

Simon Glover, finding himself look after his nag, which, he found, had been well served with graddan, or bread made of scorched fully sensible, knowing that, prothe lake found them abundance "Troutsho, friend!" exclaimed of fish for their lenten diet, which

hay, none of the best to be sure, | covered with copsewood, partly but Scottish horses, like their opening into glades of pasture, riders, were then accustomed to hard fare. Gauntlet, for this was the name of the palfrey, had his stall crammed full of dried fern for litter, and was otherwise as well provided for as Highland hospitality could contrive.

Simon Glover being thus left to his own painful reflections, nothing better remained, after having looked to the comforts of the dumb companion of his journey, than to follow the herdsman's advice; and ascending towards the top of an eminence called Tom-an-Lonach. or the Knoll of Yew-trees, after a walk of half an hour he reached the summit, and could look down on the broad expanse of the lake, of which the height commanded a noble view. A few aged and scattered yew-trees, of great size, still vindicated for the beautiful green hill the name attached to it. But a far greater number had fallen a sacrifice to the general demand for bow-staves in that warlike age, the bow being a weapon much used by the mountaineers, though those which they employed, as well as their arrows, were, in shape and form, and especially in efficacy, far inferior year. to the archery of merry England. The dark and shattered individual yews which remained, were lake, intimated, even at that early like the veterans of a broken host, period, many traces of human occupying in disorder some post | habitation. Hamlets were seen, of advantage, with the stern pur- especially on the northern margin pose of resisting to the last. Be- of the lake, half hid among the hind this eminence, but detached little glens that poured their from it, arose a higher hill, partly tributary streams into Loch Tay,

where the cattle strayed, finding, at this season of the year, a scanty sustenance among the springheads and marshy places, where the fresh grass began first to arise.

The opposite, or northern shore of the lake presented a far more Alpine prospect than that upon which the Glover was stationed. Woods and thickets ran up the sides of the mountains, and disappeared among the sinuosities formed by the winding ravines which separated them from each other; but far above these specimens of a tolerable natural soil, arose the swart and bare mountains themselves, in the dark gray desolation proper to the season.

Some were peaked, some broadcrested, some rocky and precipitous, others of a tamer outline; and the clan of Titans seemed to be commanded by their appropriate chieftains-the frowning mountain of Ben Lawers, and the still more lofty eminence of Ben Mohr, arising high above the rest, whose peaks retain a dazzling helmet of snow far into the summer season, and sometimes during the whole Yet the borders of this wild and sylvan region, where the mountains descended upon the

which. like many earthly things, most shapeless, being overgrown made a fair show at a distance, with wood, rose, at the time we but when more closely approached, speak of, into the towers and were disgustful and repulsive, pinnacles of a priory, where slumfrom their squalid want of the bered the remains of Sibilla. conveniences which attend even daughter of Henry I. of England, Indian wigwams. They were in- and consort of Alexander the First habited by a race who neither of Scotland. This holy place had cultivated the earth, nor cared for been deemed of dignity sufficient the procures. otherwise treated with affection. and even delicacy of respect, discharged all the absolutely necessary domestic labour. The men, excepting some reluctant use of an ill-formed plough, or more frequently a spade, grudgingly gone to repose with all his ancestry. through, as a task infinitely beneath them, took no other employment than the charge of the and more distant shore, many disherds of black cattle, in which playing sable banners, and others their wealth consisted. other times, they hunted, fished, or marauded, during the brief intervals of peace, by way of pastime, plundering with bolder intimated to the Glover that the license, and fighting with embittered animosity, in time of war, These sounds of lamentation were which public or private, upon a but the tuning as it were of the broader or more restricted scale, instruments, compared with the formed the proper business of their lives, and the only one which to be raised. they esteemed worthy of them.

lake itself was a scene to gaze on from the remote and distant glens, with delight. Its noble breadth, with its termination in a full and Lochy pour their streams into beautiful run, was rendered yet Loch Tay. It was in a wild inmore picturesque by one of those accessible spot, where the Camp-\* Note Q.

enjoyments which industry to be the deposit of the remains The women, although of the Captain of the Clan Quhele, at least till times when the removal of the danger, now so imminently pressing, should permit of his body being conveyed to a distinguished convent in the north, where he was destined ultimately

> A number of boats pushed off from various points of the near At all having their several pipers in the bow, who from time to time poured forth a few notes of a shrill, plaintive, and wailing character, and ceremony was about to take place. general wail which was speedily

A distant sound was heard from The magnificent bosom of the far up the lake, even as it seemed out of which the Dochart and the islets which are often happily bells at a subsequent period situated in the Scottish lakes.\* founded their strong fortress of The ruins upon that isle, now al- Finlayrigg, that the redoubted commander of the Clan Quhele

due pomp to his funeral, his filled the vessel, while a great corpse was now to be brought number of boats, of every descripdown the Loch to the island as | tion that could be assembled, signed for his temporary place of either on Loch Tay itself or rest. The funeral fleet, led by brought by land carriage from the Chieftain's barge, from which Loch Earn and otherwise, fola huge black banner was dis- lowed in the rear, some of them played, had made more than two of very frail materials. thirds of its voyage ere it was visible from the eminence on which Simon Glover stood to overlook the ceremony. The instant the distant wail of the coronach themselves to rafts formed for the was heard proceeding from the attendants on the funeral barge, all the subordinate sounds of such a precarious manner as to lamentation were hushed at once. as the raven ceases to croak and the accomplishment of the voyage, the hawk to whistle, whenever the scream of the eagle is heard. The boats, which had floated hither and thither upon the lake, spirits. like a flock of water-fowl dispersing themselves on its surface, now in sight of the smaller group of drew together with an appearance of order, that the funeral flotilla might pass onward, and that they themselves might fall into their proper places. In the meanwhile the piercing din of the war-pipes became louder and louder, and the crv from the numberless boats which followed that from which the black banner of the Chief was displayed, rose in wild unison up to the Tom-an-Lonach, from which the Glover viewed the spectacle. The galley which headed the procession, bore on its poop a species of scaffold, upon which, arrayed in white linen, and with the face bare, was displayed the vent by those sounds, the monks corpse of the deceased Chieftain. who inhabited the little islet, be-

drew his last breath; and, to give | His son, and the nearest relatives, There were even curraghs, composed of ox-hides stretched over hoops of willow, in the manner of the ancient British; and some committed occasion, from the readiest materials that occurred, and united in render it probable, that, before some of the clansmen of the deceased might be sent to attend their Chieftain in the world of

When the principal flotilla came boats collected towards the foot of the lake, and bearing off from the little island, they hailed each other with a shout so loud and general, and terminating in a cadence so wildly prolonged, that not only the deer started from their glens for miles around, and sought the distant recesses of the mountains, but even the domestic cattle, accustomed to the voice of man, felt the full panic which the human shout strikes into the wilder tribes, and like them fled from their pasture into morasses and dingles.

Summoned forth from their con-

gan to issue from their lowly swered by so many hundred portal, with cross and banner, echoes, that the Glover instincand as much of ecclesiastical state tively raised his hands to his ears, as they had the means of dis- to shut out, or deaden at least, a playing; their bells at the same sound so piercing. He kept this sessed three, pealing the death-and other birds, scared by the toll over the long lake, which wild scream, had begun to settle came to the ears of the now silent in their retreats, when, as he withmultitude, mingled with the so- drew his hands, a voice, close by lemn chant of the Catholic Church, him, said,raised by the monks in their procession. Various ceremonies were the hymn of penitence and praise, gone through, while the kindred with which it becomes poor forof the deceased carried the body lorn man, cast out from his teneashore, and, placing it on a bank ment of clay, to be wafted into long consecrated to the purpose, the presence of his Maker?" made the Deasil\* around the departed. When the corpse was old man, with a long white beard, uplifted to be borne into the who stood close beside him, had church, another united yell burst no difficulty, from the clear mild from the assembled multitude, in eve, and the benevolent cast of which the deep shout of warriors, features, to recognise the Carand the shrill wail of females, thusian monk, Father Clement, joined their notes with the no longer wearing his monastic tremulous voice of age, and the habiliments, but wrapped in a babbling cry of childhood. The frieze mantle, and having a Highcoronach was again, and for the land cap on his head. last time, shrieked, as the body was carried into the interior of Glover regarded this man with a the church, where only the nearest combined feeling of respect and relatives of the deceased, and the dislike-respect, which his judgmost distinguished of the leaders ment could not deny to the monk's of the clan, were permitted to enter.\*\* The last yell of wo was so terribly loud, and an-

\* A very ancient custom, which consists in going three times round the body of a dead or living person, imploring blessings upon him. The Deasil must be performed sunways, that is, by moving from right to left. If misfortune is imprecated, the party moves withershins (German WIDDERSINS), that is, against the sun, from left to right. \*\* Note R.

"Think you this, Simon Glover,

The Glover turned, and in the

It may be recollected that the person and character, and dislike, which arose from Father Clement's peculiar doctrines being the cause of his daughter's exile and his own distress. It was not, therefore, with sentiments of unmixed satisfaction, that he returned the greetings of the Father. and replied to the reiterated question, What he thought of the funeral rites, which were discharged in so wild a manner,—"I "Your speech is fair, father, I know not, my good Father; but grant you," said the Glover; "but these men do their duty to their if I am to judge the doctrine by deceased Chief according to the the fruits, Heaven has punished fashion of their ancestors; they me by the hand of the Church for mean to express their regret for having hearkened thereto. Ere their friend's loss, and their I heard you, my confessor was prayers to Heaven in his behalf; little moved, though I might have and that which is done of good owned to have told a merry tale will, must, to my thinking, be ac-upon the ale-bench, even if a cepted favourably. Had it been friar or a nun were the subject. otherwise, methinks they had If at a time I had called Father ere now been enlightened to do Hubert a better hunter of hares better."

"Thou art deceived," answered the monk. "God has sent his light amongst us all, though in various proportions; but man wilfully shuts his eyes and prefers darkness. This benighted people mingle with the ritual of the Roman Church, the old heathen ceremonies of their own fathers, and thus unite with the abominations of a church corrupted by wealth and power, the cruel and bloody ritual of savage Paynims."

"Father," said Simon, abruptly, "methinks your presence were more useful in yonder chapel, aiding your brethren in the discharge of their clerical duties, this. Therefore, avoid you, Fathan in troubling and unsettling the belief of an humble, though who can understand your doctrine. ignorant Christian, like myself."

ther, that I would unfix thy prin- courage enough so much as to ciples of belief?" answered Cle-|snuff a candle with my fingers; ment. me, as, were my life-blood necessary to cement the mind of any man to the holy religion he professeth, it should be freely poured lows' foot, in token of recantation, out for the purpose."

than of souls, I confessed me to the Vicar Vinesauf, who laughed and made me pay a reckoning for penance-or if I had said that the Vicar Vinesauf was more constant to his cup than to his breviary, I confessed me to Father Hubert, and a new hawkingglove made all well again; and thus I, my conscience, and Mother Church, lived together on terms of peace, friendship, and mutual forbearance. But since I have listened to you, Father Clement, this goodly union is broken to pieces, and nothing is thundered in my ear but purgatory in the next world and fire and fagot in ther Clement, or speak to those I have no heart to be a martyr; I "And wherefore say, good bro-have never in my whole life had "So Heaven deal with and, to speak the truth, I am minded to go back to Perth, sue out my pardon in the spiritual court, carry my fagot to the galand purchase myself once more

the name of a good Catholic, were speak of what you little underit at the price of all the worldly stand. Since it is wasting time wealth that remains to me."

brother," said Clement; "and repent you on the pinch of a little worldly danger, and a little worldly loss, for the good thoughts which you once entertained."

Clement, since I think you have to Clement Blair as to her own long forsworn the wealth and father." goods of the world, and are prepared to yield up your life, when eyes as he spoke, and Simon it is demanded, in exchange for the doctrine you preach and believe. You are as ready to put on your pitched shirt and brim-|Clement, the kindest and most stone head-gear, as a naked man is to go to his bed, and it would then, that thy steps are haunted seem you have not much more reluctance to the ceremony. But I still wear that which clings to lay my life thou hast contrived me. My wealth is still my own. and I thank Heaven it is a decent pittance whereon to live --- my life, too, is that of a hale old man of sixty, who is in no haste to bring it to a close—and if I were poor as Job, and on the Carthusian, "and I doubt whether edge of the grave, must I not their malice will suffer me to restill cling to my daughter, whom main in this country. I did but your doctrines have already cost so dear?"

"Thy daughter, friend Simon," said the Carthusian, "may be truly called an angel upon earth."

doctrines, Father, she is now like to be called on to be an angel in me forth of their communion, as heaven, and to be transported they will speedily cast me out of thither in a chariot of fire."

"Nay, my good brother," said

to show thee the light that thou "You are angry, my dearest chafest against, yet listen to that which I have to say touching thy daughter, whose temporal felicity, though I weigh it not even for an instant in the scale against that which is spiritual, is, never-"You speak at ease, Father theless, in its order, as dear

The tears stood in the old man's Glover was in some degree mollified as he again addressed him.

"One would think thee, Father amiable of men; how comes it, by general ill-will wherever thou chancest to turn them? I could already to offend yonder half score of poor friars in their watergirdled cage, and that you have been prohibited from attendance on the funeral!"

"Even so, my son," said the speak a few sentences about the superstition and folly of frequenting St. Fillian's church, to detect theft by means of his bell-of bathing mad patients in his pool, "Ay; and by listening to your to cure their infirmity of mindand, lo! the persecutors have cast this life."

"Lo you there now," said the Clement, "desist, I pray you, to Glover, "see what it is for a man

that cannot take a warning!— Well, Father Clement, men will not cast me forth unless it were as a companion of yours. I pray you, therefore, tell me what you have to say of my daughter, and let us be less neighbours than we have been."

"This then, brother Simon, I have to acquaint you with. This young Chief, who is swollen with contemplation of his own power and glory, loves one thing better than it all, and that is thy daughter."

"He, Conachar!" exclaimed Simon. "My runagate apprentice look up to my daughter!"

"Alas!" said Clement, "how close sits our worldly pride, even as ivy clings to the wall, and cannot be separated!—Look up to thy daughter, good Simon! Alas, no! The Captain of Clan Quhele, great as he is, and greater as he soon expects to be, looks down to the daughter of the Perth burgess, and considers himself demeaned in doing so. But, to use his own profane expression, Catharine is dearer to him than life here, and heaven hereafter—he cannot live without her."

"Then he may die, if he lists," said Simon Glover, "for she is betrothed to an honest burgess of Perth; and I would not break my word to make my daughter bride to the Prince of Scotland."

"I thought it would be your creatures?" It is no light thing to answer," replied the Monk; "I be shunned by the worthy as an would, worthy friend, thou couldst infected patient; to be persecuted carry into thy spiritual concerns by the Pharisees of the day as an some part of that daring and re- unbelieving heretic; to be re-

that cannot take a warning!—|solved spirit with which thou canst Well, Father Clement, men will direct thy temporal affairs."

"Hush thee — hush, Father Clement!" answered the Glover; "when thou fallest into that vein of argument, thy words savour of blazing tar, and that is a scent I like not. As to Catharine, I must manage as I can, so as not to displease the young dignitary; but well is it for me that she is far beyond his reach."

"She must then be distant indeed," said the Carthusian. "And now, brother Simon, since you think it perilous to own me and my opinions, I must walk alone with my own doctrines, and the dangers they draw on me. But should your eye, less blinded than it now is by worldly hopes and fears, ever turn a glance back on him, who soon may be snatched from you, remember, that, by nought, save a deep sense of the truth and importance of the doctrine which he taught, could Clement Blair have learned to encounter, nay, to provoke, the animosity of the powerful and inveterate, to alarm the fears of the jealous and timid, to walk in the world as he belonged not to it, and to be accounted mad of men, that he might, if possible, win souls to God. Heaven be my witness, that I would comply in all lawful things, to conciliate the love and sympathy of my fellowcreatures? It is no light thing to be shunned by the worthy as an garded with horror at once and; contempt by the multitude, who consider me as a madman, who What want these outlaws conquerors may be expected to turn mischievous. But were all those evils But History's purchased page to call them multiplied an hundred-fold, the multiplied an nunared-fold, the A wider space, an ornamented grave? fire within must not be stifled, the Their hopes were not less warm, their voice which says within me--Speak, must receive obedience. Wo unto me if I preach not the Gospel, even should I at length preach it from amidst the pile of flames!"

So spoke this bold witness; one of those whom Heaven raised up from time to time, to preserve amidst the most ignorant ages, and to carry down to those which succeed them, a manifestation of and their most formidable rivals unadulterated Christianity, from the time of the Apostles to the agreed, therefore, that the funeral age when, favoured by the inven- feast should be blended with that tion of printing, the Reformation usually given at the inauguration broke out in full splendour. The of the young Chief. selfish policy of the Glover was exposed in his own eyes; and he this arrangement, as containing felt himself contemptible as he an evil omen. But, on the other saw the Carthusian turn from him hand, it had a species of recomin all the hallowedness of resigna- mendation, from the habits and tion. He was even conscious of a feelings of the Highlanders, who, momentary inclination to follow to this day, are wont to mingle a the example of the preacher's degree of solemn mirth with their philanthropy and disinterested mourning, and something rezeal: but it glanced like a flash of sembling melancholy with their lightning through a dark vault, mirth. The usual aversion to speak where there lies nothing to catch or think of those who have been the blaze; and he slowly descended beloved and lost, is less known to the hill, in a direction different this grave and enthusiastic race, from that of the Carthusian, forgetting him and his doctrines, and only the young mention (as is buried in anxious thoughts about his child's fate and his own.

## CHAPTER XXVIII.

should have,

great,

souls were full as brave.

BYRON.

THE funeral obsequies being over, the same flotilla which had proceeded in solemn and sad array down the lake, prepared to return with displayed banners, and every demonstration of mirth and joy; for there was but brief time to celebrate festivals, when the awful conflict betwixt the Clan Quhele so nearly approached. It had been

Some objections were made to than it is to others. You hear not everywhere usual) the merits and the character of parents, who have, in the course of nature, predeceased them; but the widowed

partner speaks, in ordinary con- been extended, and surrounded versation, of the lost spouse, and, by triumphant friends, as that had what is still stranger, the parents been by desolate mourners. One allude frequently to the beauty or boat kept closest of the flotilla to valour of the child whom they the honoured galley. Torquil of have interred. The Scottish High- the Oak, a grizzled giant, was landers appear to regard the steersman; and his eight sons, separation of friends by death, as each exceeding the ordinary something less absolute and com- stature of mankind, pulled the plete than it is generally esteemed oars. Like some powerful and in other countries, and converse favourite wolf-hound, unloosed of the dear connections, who have from his couples, and frolicking sought the grave before them, as around a liberal master, the boat if they had gone upon a long of the foster brethren passed the journey in which they themselves Chieftain's barge, now on one must soon follow. The funeral feast, therefore, being a general custom throughout Scotland, was travagance of joy; while, at the not, in the opinion of those who were to share it, unseemingly mingled, on the present occasion, with the festivities which hailed for any other of the flotilla to apthe succession to the Chieftainship.

The barge which had lately borne the dead to the grave, now manœuvres. Raised to an eminent conveyed the young MacIan to his rank in the clan by the succession new command; and the minstrels of their foster brother to the comsent forth their gayest notes to mand of the Clan Quhele, this gratulate Eachin's succession, as was the tumultuous and almost they had lately sounded their terrible mode in which they testimost doleful dirges when carry-fied their peculiar share in their ing Gilchrist to his grave. From Chief's triumph. the attendant flotilla rang notes Far behind, and with different of triumph and jubilee, instead of feelings, on the part of one at those yells of lamentation, which least of the company, came the had so lately disturbed the echoes small boat, in which, manned by of Loch Tay; and a thousand the Booshalloch, and one of his voices hailed the youthful Chief-|sons, Simon Glover was a pastain as he stood on the poop, senger. armed at all points, in the flower of early manhood, beauty, and of the lake," said Simon to his activity, on the very spot where friend, "we shall hardly be there his father's corpse had so lately for hours."

side, and now on another, and even rowed around it, as if in exsame time, with the jealous vigilance of the animal we have compared it to, they made it dangerous proach so near as themselves, from the risk of being run down by their impetuous and reckless

"If we are bound for the head

the boat of the foster brethren, or lavish preparations which had Leichtach.\* on a signal from the been made for the entertain-Chief's galley, lay on their oars until the Booshalloch's boat came up, and throwing on board a rope of hides, which Niel made fast to the head of his skiff, they stretched to their oars once more; and, notwithstanding they had the small boat in tow, swept through the lake with almost the same rapidity as before. The skiff was tugged on with a velocity which seemed to hazard the pulling her under water, or the separation of her head from her other timbers.

Simon Glover saw with anxiety the reckless fury of their course. and the bows of the boat occasionally brought within an inch or two of the level of the water: and though his friend Niel Booshalloch assured him it was roof. Within this silvan palace all done in special honour, he the most important personages heartily wished his voyage might have a safe termination. It had so, and much sooner than he apprehended; for the place of festivity was not four miles distant from the sepulchral island, being chosen to suit the Chieftain's course, which lay to the southeast, as soon as the banquet should be concluded.

A bay on the southern side of Loch Tay presented a beautiful beach of sparkling sand, on which the boats might land with ease, and a dry meadow, covered with turf, verdant considering the season, behind and around which rose high banks, fringed with venison-wooden spits supported

\* i. e., Body-guard.

But as he spoke, the crew of copsewood, and displaying the ment.

The Highlanders, well known for ready hatchetmen, had constructed a long arbour or silvan banqueting room, capable of receiving two hundred men, while a number of smaller huts around seemed intended for sleeping apartments. The uprights, the couples, and rooftree of the temporary hall, were composed of mountain-pine, still covered with its bark. The framework of the sides was of planks or spars of the same material, closely interwoven with the leafy boughs of the fir and other evergreens, which the neighbouring woods afforded, while the hills had furnished plenty of heath to form the present were invited to hold high festival. Others of less note were to feast in various long sheds, constructed with less care; and tables of sod, or rough planks, placed in the open air, were allotted to the numberless multitude. At a distance were to be seen piles of glowing charcoal or blazing wood, around which countless cooks toiled, bustled, and fretted, like so many demons working in their native element. Pits, wrought in the hill-side, and lined with heated stones, served as ovens for stewing immense quantities of beef, mutton, and sheep and goats, which were

roasted entire; others were cut enter, did not address any perinto joints, and seethed in caldrons made of the animals' own places were assigned them in a skins, sewed hastily together, and filled with water; while huge quantities of pike, trout, salmon, and char, were broiled with more ceremony on glowing embers. The Glover had seen many a Highland banquet, but never one the preparations for which were on such a scale of barbarous profusion.

He had little time, however, to admire the scene around him; for, as soon as they landed on the beach, the Booshalloch observed rest his soul, would have spoken with some embarrassment, that as to us both; but these are bad they had not been bidden to the manners which he has learned table of the dais, to which he among you Sassenachs in the Low seemed to have expected an in- Country." vitation, they had best secure a place in one of the inferior bothies not think it necessary to reply; or booths; and was leading the instead of which he adverted to way in that direction, when he the evergreens, and particularly was stopped by one of the body- to the skins and other ornaments guards, appearing to act as master with which the interior of the of ceremonies, who whispered bower was decorated. The most something in his ear.

"I thought so," said the herdsman, much relieved, "I thought shirts of mail, with steel-bonnets, neither the stranger, nor the man that has my charge, would be left swords to match, which hung out at the high table."

They were conducted accordingly into the ample lodge, within and richly embossed. Each mailwhich were long ranges of tables already mostly occupied by the stag's hide, which at once disguests, while those who acted as played the armour to advantage, domestics were placing upon them and saved it from suffering by the abundant though rude materials of the festival. The young Chief, although he certainly saw alloch, "are the arms of the the Glover and the herdsman chosen champions of the Clan

sonal salute to either, and their distant corner, far beneath the Salt (a huge piece of antique silver plate), the only article of value that the table displayed, and which was regarded by the Clan as a species of palladium, only produced and used on the most solemn occasions, such as the present.

The Booshalloch, somewhat discontented, muttered to Simon as he took his place-"These are changed days, friend. His father,

To this remark the Glover did remarkable part of these ornaments was a number of Highland battle-axes, and two-handed around the upper part of the room, together with targets highly shirt was hung over a well-dressed damp.

"These," whispered the Boosh-

Quhele. They are twenty-nine in tival, in respect of the quality of number, as you see, Eachin him- the food, was of the most rude self being the thirtieth, who wears description, consisting chiefly of his armour to-day, else had there been thirty. And he has not got such a good hauberk after all, as he should wear on Palm Sunday. These nine suits of harness, of such large size, are for the Leichtach, from whom so much is expected."

"And these goodly deer-hides," said Simon, the spirit of his profession awakened at the sight of juice of the meat, which was held the goods in which he traded, "think you the Chief will be disposed to chaffer for them?-they are in demand for the doublets which knights wear under their Bread was the scarcest article at armour."

Booshalloch, "to say nothing on that subject?"

"It is the mail shirts I speak of," said Simon-"may I ask if any of them were made by our celebrated Perth armourer, called Henry of the Wynd?"

"Thou art more unlucky than before," said Niel; "that man's name is to Eachin's temper like a whirlwind upon the lake; yet no man knows for what cause."

"I can guess," thought our Glover, but gave no utterance to the thought; and, having twice lighted on unpleasant subjects of conversation, he prepared to apply himself like those around him, to his food, without starting another topic.

preparations as may lead the the place of honour. reader to conclude, that the fes-| The reader would be greatly

huge joints of meat, which were consumed with little respect to fasting season, the although several of the friars of the Island Convent graced and hallowed the board by their presence. The platters were of wood, and so were the hooped cogues or cups, out of which the guests quaffed their liquor, as also the broth or a delicacy. There were also various preparations of milk which were highly esteemed, and were eaten out of similar vessels. the banquet, but the Glover and "Did I not pray you," said Niel his patron Niel were served with two small loaves expressly for their own use. In eating, as indeed was then the case all over Britain, the guests used their knives called skenes, or the large poniards named dirks, without troubling themselves by the reflection that they might occasionally have served different or more fatal purposes.

At the upper end of the table stood a vacant seat, elevated a step or two above the floor. It was covered with a canopy of hollow bows and ivy, and there rested against it a sheathed sword and a folded banner. This had been the seat of the deceased Chieftain, and was left vacant in honour of him. Eachin occupied We have said as much of the a lower chair on the right hand of

this description, by supposing the clan's confidence in the blos-that the guests behaved like a soming virtues of his successor. herd of hungry wolves, rushing upon a feast rarely offered to them. On the contrary, the Clan Quhele conducted themselves with the harpers played within, while that species of courteous reserve and attention to the wants of tude without. The conversation others, which is often found in primitive nations, especially such as are always in arms; because a general observance of the rules of courtesy is necessary to prevent quarrels, bloodshed, and death. The guests took the places as signed them by Torquil of the Oak, who, acting as Marischal Tach, i. e., sewer of the mess, Perth, than was made on this octouched with a white wand, without speaking a word, the place mountaineers. where each was to sit. <sup>†</sup>Fhus placed in order, the company patiently awaited for the portion assigned them, which was distributed among them by the -wine appeared in very small Leichtach;--the bravest men, or quantities, and was served out more distinguished warriors of only to the principal guests, among the tribe, being accommodated which honoured number Simon the tribe, being accommodated which honoured number smoon with a double mess, emphatically Glover was again included. The called *bieyfir*, or the portion of a man. When the sewers them-selves had seen every one served, they resumed their places at the they resumed their places at the festival, and were each served jealous of his master's reputation with one of these larger messes of for hospitality, failed not to enfood. Water was placed within large on them as proofs of high each man's reach, and a handful distinction. Distilled liquors, since of soft moss served the purposes so generally used in the Highlands, of a table-napkin, so that, as at were then comparatively unknown. an Eastern banquet, the hands The usquebaugh was circulated in were washed as often as the mess small quantities, and was highly was changed. For amusement, flavoured with a decoction of saf-the bard recited the praises of fron and other herbs, so as to re-

mistaken who should follow out the deceased Chief, and expressed The Seanachie recited the genealogy of the tribe, which they traced to the race of the Dalriads; the war-pipes cheered the multiamong the guests was grave, subdued, and civil-no jest was attempted beyond the bounds of a very gentle pleasantry, calculated only to excite a passing smile. There were no raised voices, no contentious arguments; and Simon Glover had heard a hundred times more noise at a guild-feast in casion by two hundred wild

Even the liquor itself did not seem to raise the festive party above the same tone of decorous gravity. It was of various kinds

semble a medicinal potion, rather dexterity, brandished the huge than a festive cordial. Cider and mead were seen at the entertainment; but ale, brewed in great quantities for the purpose, and flowing round without restriction. was the liquor generally used, and that was drunk with a moderation youth before them, was disposed much less known among the more modern Highlanders. A cup to the memory of the deceased Chieftain was the first pledge solemnly proclaimed after the banquet was finished; and a low murmur of benedictions was heard from the company, while the monks alone, uplifting their united voices, sung Requiem eternam dona. An unusual silence followed, as if something extraordinary was expected, when Eachin arose, with a bold and manly yet modest grace, and ascended the vacant seat or throne, saying with dignity and firmness-

"This seat and my father's inheritance, I claim as my rightso prosper me God and St. Barr!"

"How will you rule your father's children?" said an old man, the uncle of the deceased.

"I will defend them with my father's sword, and distribute iustice to them under my father's banner."

The old man, with a trembling hand, unsheathed the ponderous weapon, and holding it by the blade, offered the hilt to the young Chieftain's grasp; at the same time Torquil of the Oak unfurled the the Blue Falcon, the emblem of pennon of the tribe, and swung it the Clan Quhele, should rend to repeatedly over Eachin's head, pieces the Mountain-cat, the well-

claymore as in its defence. The guests raised a yelling shout, to testify their acceptance of the patriarchial Chief who claimed their allegiance, nor was there any who, in the graceful and agile to recollect the subject of sinister vaticinations. As he stood in glittering mail, resting on the long sword, and acknowledging by gracious gestures the acclamations which rent the air within, without, and around, Simon Glover was tempted to doubt whether this majestic figure was that of the same lad whom he had often treated with little ceremony, and began to have some apprehension of the consequences of having done so. A general burst of minstrelsy succeeded to the acclamations, and rock and greenwood rang to harp and pipes, as lately to shout and yell of wo.

It would be tedious to pursue the progress of the inaugural feast, or detail the pledges that were quaffed to former heroes of the clan, and above all to the twentynine brave Gallowglasses who were to fight in the approaching conflict, under the eye and leading of their young Chief. The bards, assuming in old times, the prophetic character combined with their own, ventured to assure them of the most distinguished victory, and to predict the fury with which who with singular grace and known badge of the Clan Chattan.

a bowl, called the grace-cup, made he was as fast asleep as if he had of oak, hooped with silver, was lain in his own bed in Curfew handed round the table as the Street. signal of dispersion, although it was left free to any one who chose a longer carouse to retreat to any of the outer bothies. As for Simon Glover, the Booshalloch conducted him to a small hut, contrived, it would seem, for the use of a single individual, where a bed of heath and moss was arranged as well as the season would permit, and an ample supply of such delicacies as the late feast afforded, shewed that all care had been taken for the inhabitant's accommodation.

"Do not leave this hut," said the Booshalloch, taking leave of his friend and protegée; "this is your place of rest. But apartments are lost on such a night of confusion, and if the badger leaves his hole the tod \* will creep into it."

To Simon Glover this arrangement was by no means disagreeable. He had been wearied by the noise of the day, and felt desirous of repose. After eating, therefore, a morsel, which his appetite scarce required, and drinking a cup of wine to expel the cold, he muttered his evening prayer, wrapt himself in his cloak, and lay down on a couch which old acquaintance had made familiar and easy to him. The hum and murmur, and even the occasional shouts of some of the festive multitude who continued revelling without, did not long interrupt his trestle which answered the pur-

\* Tod. Scottice for fox.

It was approaching sunset, when | repose; and in about ten minutes

## CHAPTER XXIX.

Still harping on my daughter.

HAMLET.

Two hours before the blackcock crew, Simon Glover was wakened by a well known voice, which called him by name.

"What, Conachar!" he replied, as he started from sleep, "is the morning so far advanced?" and raising his eyes, the person of whom he was dreaming stood before him; and at the same moment, the events of yesterday rushing on his recollection, he saw with surprise that the vision retained the form which sleep had assigned it, and it was not the mail-clad Highland Chief, with claymore in hand, as he had seen him the preceding night, but Conachar of Curfew Street, in his humble apprentice's garb, holding in his hand a switch of oak. An apparition would not more have surprised our Perth burgher. As he gazed with wonder, the youth turned upon him a piece of lighted bog-wood which he carried in a lantern, and to his waking exclamation replied,-

"Even so, father Simon; it is Conachar, come to renew our old acquaintance, when our intercourse will attract least notice."

So saying, he sat down on a pose of a chair, and placing the lantern beside him, proceeded in where the banqueting bower of the most friendly tone.

"I have tasted of thy good cheer many a day, father Simon -I trust thou hast found no lack in my family?"

"None whatever, Eachin Mac-Ian," answered the Glover,-for the simplicity of the Celtic language and manners rejects all honorary titles; "it was even too good for this fasting season, and much too good for me, since I must be ashamed to think how hard you fared in Curfew Street."

"Even too well, to use your own word," said Conachar, "for the deserts of an idle apprentice, and for the wants of a young Highlander. But yesterday, if there was, as I trust, enough of food, found you not, good Glover, some lack of courteous welcome? Excuse it not,-I know you did so. But I am young in authority with my people, and I must not too early draw their attention to the period of my residence in the Lowlands, which, however, I can never forget."

"I understand the cause entirely," said Simon; "and therefore it is unwillingly, and as it were by force, that I have made so early a visit hither."

"Hush, father, hush! It is well you are come to see some of my ing a candle to the devil, to show Highland splendour while it yet him the way to mischief." after Palmsparkles-Return Sunday, and who knows whom or plans come too late." what you may find in the territories we now possess! The Wild- Eachin. "The indentures of battle cat may have made his lodge are signed by our marks and seals: Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth,

MacIan now stands."

The young Chief was silent, and pressed the top of the rod to his lips, as if to guard against uttering more.

"There is no fear of that, Eachin," said Simon, in that vague way in which lukewarm comforters endeavour to turn the reflections of their friends from the consideration of inevitable danger.

"There is fear, and there is peril of utter ruin," answered Eachin: "and there is positive certainty of great loss. I marvel my father consented to this wily proposal of Albany. I would MacGillie Chattachan would agree with me, and then, instead of wasting our best blood against each other, we would go down together to Strathmore, and kill and take possession. I would rule at Perth, and he at Dundee, and all the Great Strath should be our own to the banks of the Frith of Tay. Such is the policy I have caught from your old gray head, father Simon, when holding a trencher at thy back, and listening to thy evening talk with Bailie Craigdallie."

"The tongue is well called an unruly member," thought the Glover. "Here have I been hold-

But he only said aloud, "These

"Too late indeed!" answered

Quhele and Clan Chattan is blown tary hesitation. up to an inextinguishable flame by mutual insults and boasts. Yes, the time is passed by.-But to thine own affairs, Father Glover. It is religion that has brought thee hither, as I learn from Niel Booshalloch. Surely, my experience of thy prudence did not lead me to suspect thee of any quarrel with Mother Church. As for my old acquaintance, Father Clement. he is one of those who hunt after the crown of martyrdom, and think a stake, surrounded with blazing fagots, better worth embracing than a willing bride. He is a very knight-errant, in defence of his religious notions, and does hattle wherever he comes. He hath already a quarrel with the monks of Sibyl's Isle yonder, about some point of doctrine.-Hastseen journey through a desolate and him?'

"I have," answered Simon; "but we spoke little together, the time being pressing."

"He may have said that there is a third person,-one more likely, I think, to be a true fugitive for religion, than either you, a shrewd citizen, or he, a wrangling preacher, -who would be right heartily welcome to share our protection? -Thou art dull, man, and wilt not guess my meaning - thy daughter Catharine?"

Chief spoke in English; and he the magistrates are elected, not in continued the conversation in that Lent, but at St. Martinmas." language, as if apprehensive of being overheard; and, indeed, as

the burning hate of the Clan if under the sense of some involun-

"My daughter Catharine," said the Glover, remembering what the Carthusian had told him, "is well and safe."

"But where, or with whom?" said the young Chief. "And wherefore came she not with you? Think you the Clan Quhele have no caillachs,\* as active as old Dorothy, whose hand has warmed my haffits \*\* before now, to wait upon the daughter of their Chieftain's master?"

"Again I thank you," said the Glover, "and doubt neither your power nor your will to protect my daughter, as well as myself. But an honourable lady, the friend of Sir Patrick Charteris, hath offered her a safe place of refuge, without the risk of a toilsome distracted country."

"Oh, ay,-Sir Patrick Charteris," said Eachin, in a more reserved and distant tone-"he must be preferred to all men, without doubt; he is your friend, 1 think?"

Simon Glover longed to punish this affectation of a boy, who had been scolded four times a-day for running into the street to see Sir Patrick Charteris ride past; but he checked his spirit of repartee, and simply said,—

"Sir Patrick Charteris has been Provost of Perth for seven years; These last words the young and it is likely is so still, since

\* Old women.

\*\* i. e. Boxed my ears.

youth, in his kinder and more familiar mode of address, "you are so used to see the sumptuous Conachar." shows and pageants of Perth, that you would but little relish our barbarous festival in comparison. What didst thou think of our ceremonial of yesterday?"

"It was noble and touching," said the Glover; "and to me, who knew your father, most especially 80. When you rested on the sword, and looked around you, methought I saw mine old friend Gilchrist MacIan arisen from the dead, and renewed in years and in strength."

"I played my part there boldly, I trust; and shewed little of that paltry apprentice boy, whom you used to-use just as he deserved."

"Eachin resembles Conachar," said the Glover, "no more than a salmon resembles a par, though men say they are the same fish in a different state; or than a butterfly resembles a grub."

"Thinkest thou that while I was taking upon me the power which all women love, I would have been myself an object for a maiden's I were safe in our humble booth eye to restupon?-To speak plain, what would Catharine have thought for our only vassal." of me in the ceremonial?"

now," thought Simon Glover; him to pine away in solitary gran-"and without nice pilotage, we deur?" drive right on shore.

but I think my daughter Catha-|Quhele, mine ancient friends, as rine be an exception. She would to deprive them, at the moment rejoice in the good fortune of her of emergency, of a brave young

"Ah, father Glover," said the but she would not value the splendid MacIan, Captain of Clan Quhele, more than the orphan

"She is ever generous and disinterested," replied the young "But yourself, father, Chief. have seen the world for many more years than she has done, and can better form a judgment what power and wealth do for those who enjoy them. Think, and speak sincerely, what would be your own thoughts, if you saw your Catharine standing under vonder canopy. with the command over a hundred hills, and the devoted obedience of ten thousand vassals; and as the price of these advantages, her hand in that of the man who loves her the best in the world?"

"Meaning in your own, Conachar?" said Simon.

"Ay, Conachar call me-I love the name, since it was by that I have been known to Catharine."

"Sincerely then," said the Glover, endeavouring to give the least offensive turn to his reply, "my inmost thought would be the earnest wish that Catharine and in Curfew Street, with Dorothy

"And with poor Conachar also, "We approach the shallows I trust? You would not leave

"I would not," answered the "Mostwomenlikeshow, Eachin; Glover, "wish so ill to the Clan household friend and playmate; Chief, and that Chief of the fame

which he is about to acquire at hope of gaining Catharine, we their head in the approaching shall win it-my heart tells me conflict."

his irritated feelings, as he re-plied,—"Words—words,—empty so it was my pleasure, they would words, father Simon. You fear hail her as if she were a daughter the Clan Quhele more than you of MacCallanmore.-But you relove them, and you suppose their | ject my suit?" said Eachin sternly. indignation would be formidable. should their Chief marry the daughter of a burgess of Perth."

"And if I do fear such an issue, Hector MacIan, have Instreason? How have ill assorted marriages my daughter shall never wed, had issue in the House of Mac-Callanmore, in that of the power- heart would break amid the conful MacLeans, nay, of the Lords stant wars and scenes of bloodshed of the Isles themselves? What which connect themselves with has ever come of them but divorce your lot. If you really love her, and exheredation --- sometimes and recollect her dread of strife worse fate-to the ambitious in- and combat, you would not wish truder? You could not marry my her to be subjected to the train of child before a priest, and you military horrors in which you, like could only wed her with your left your father, must needs be inhand; and I"-he checked the evitably and eternally engaged. strain of impetuosity which the Choose a bride amongst the subject inspired, and concluded, daughters of the mountain-chiefs, -"And I am an honest, though my son, or fiery Lowland nobles. humble burgher of Perth, who You are fair, young, rich, highwould rather my child were the born, and powerful, and will not lawful and undoubted spouse of a woo in vain. You will readily citizen in my own rank, than the find one who will rejoice in your licensed concubine of a monarch."

the priest and before the world,--- would be as frightful as the other. before the altar and before the A warrior must wear a steel black stones of Iona," said the im- gauntlet-a glove of kidskin would petuous young man. "She is the be torn to pieces in an hour." love of my youth, and there is not | A dark cloud passed over the a tie in religion or honour, but I face of the young Chief, lately will bind myself by them! I have animated with so much fire.

so-I shall be so much lord over Eachin bit his lip, to suppress their affections, that were I to

"You put words of offence in my mouth," said the old man, "and may next punish me for them, since I am wholly in your power. But, with my consent, save in her own degree. Her conquests, and cheer you under "I will wed Catharine before defeat. To Catharine, the one

sounded my people. If we do but "Farewell," he said, "the only win this combat-and with the hope, which could have lighted me to fame or victory!"-He re- present business?" said Simon, in mained for a space silent, and in- some surprise. tensely thoughtful, with down-

his hands, and said, "Father,- he from time to time assumed. for such you have been to me,-I am about to tell you a secret. to speak of olden times," said Reason and Pride both advise me to be silent, but fate urges me, and must be obeyed. I am about versation away from the subject to lodge in you the deepest and of his daughter, "and I must dearest secret that man ever confided to man. But beware-end much short of the high cheerful this conference how it will-beware how you ever breathe a syllable of what I am now to trust to to battle. My life and profession you; for know, that were you to do so in the most remote corner of Scotland, I have ears to hear it even there, and a hand and poniard I have seldom slept worse than to reach a traitor's bosom.-I am the night before that onslaught. -but the word will not out!"

the prudent Glover; "a secret is no longer safe when it crosses the lips of him who owns it; and I desire not a confidence so dangerous as you menace me with."

must hear," said the youth. "In pricked my side, I started and this age of battle, father, you have waked, thinking an English aryourself been a combatant?"

"Once only," replied Simon, "when the Southron assaulted the very weariness to sink into some Fair City. I was summoned to repose, I was waked by the tolltake my part in the defence, as ing of the common bell, which my tenure required, like that of called us burghers to the walls; other craftsmen, who are bound |-- I never heard its sound peal so to keep watch and ward."

"And how felt you upon that since." matter?" inquired the young Chief.

"Much, else I had not asked cast eyes, a lowering brow and the question," answered Eachin. folded arms. At length he raised in the tone of haughtiness which

"An old man is easily brought Simon, not unwilling, on an in stant's reflection, to lead the conneeds confess, my feelings were confidence, nay, the pleasure, with which I have seen other men go were peaceful, and though I have not wanted the spirit of a man, when the time demanded it, yet My ideas were harrowed by the "Do not speak it then," said tales we were told (nothing short of the truth) about the Saxon archers; how they drew shafts of a cloth-yard length, and used bows a third longer than ours. When I fell into a broken slumber, "Ay, but I must speak, and you if but a straw in the mattrass row was quivering in my body. In the morning, as I began for like a passing knell before or

"Go on-what further chanced?" demanded Eachin.

"What can that import to the | "I did on my harness," said

Simon, "such as it was—took my placed with others on the Spey mother's blessing, a high-spirited Tower, being accounted a good woman, who spoke of my father's bowman. But a very cold fit actions for the honour of the Fair seized me as I saw the English, Town. This heartened me, and in great order, with their archers I felt still bolder when I found in front, and their men-at-arms myself ranked among the other behind, marching forward to the crafts, all bowmen, for thou attack in strong columns, three in knowest, the Perth citizens have number. They came on steadily, good skill in archery. We were and some of us would fain have dispersed on the walls, several shot at them; but it was strictly knights and squires in armour of forbidden, and we were obliged proof being mingled amongst us, to remain motionless, sheltering who kept a bold countenance, ourselves behind the battlement confident perhaps in their harness, as we best might. As the Southand informed us, for our en- ron formed their long ranks into couragement, that they would cut lines, each man occupying his down with their swords and axes, place as by magic, and preparing any of those who should attempt to cover themselves by large to quit their post. I was kindly shields, called pavesses, which assured of this myself by the old they planted before them, I again Kempe of Kinfauns, as he was felt a strange breathlessness, and called, this good Sir Patrick's some desire to go home for a glass father, then our Provost. He was of distilled waters. But as I a grandson of the Red Rover, looked aside, I saw the worthy Tom of Longueville, and a likely Kempe of Kinfauns bending a man to keep his word, which he large crossbow, and I thought it addressed to me in especial, be- pity he should waste the bolt on cause a night of much discomfort a truehearted Scotsman, when so may have made me look paler many English were in presence; than usual; and, besides, I was so I e'en staid where I was, being but a lad."

"And did his exhortation add to your fear, or your resolution?" said Eachin, who seemed very at- drew their bowstrings,-not to the tentive.

Simon; "for I think nothing can their volleys of swallow-tails bemake a man so bold to face one fore we could call on St. Andrew. danger at some distance in his I winked when I saw them haul front, as the knowledge of another up their tackle, and I believe I close behind him, to push him started as the shafts began to forward. Well-I mounted the rattle against the parapet. But

in a comfortable angle, formed by two battlements. The English then strode forward, and breast, as your Highland kerne "To my resolution," answered do, but to the ear,-and sent off walls in tolerable heart, and was looking round me, and seeing

none hurt but John Squallit, the I bear grows short and pale, a town-crier, whose jaws were few minutes will extinguish it— pierced through with a cloth-yard but before it expires, the hideous shaft, I took heart of grace, and tale will be told. Father, I am— shot in my turn with good will a cowARD!——It is said at last, and good aim. A little man I and the secret of my disgrace is shot at, who had just peeped out in keeping of another!" from behind his target, dropt with a shaft through his shoulder. The a species of syncope, produced by Provost cried, - 'Well stiched, the agony of his mind as he made Simon Glover!' 'Saint John, for the fatal communication. his own town, my fellow crafts- Glover, moved as well by fear as men!'-shouted I,-though I was by compassion, applied himself to then but an apprentice. And if recall him to life, and succeeded vou will believe me, in the rest of in doing so, but not in restoring the skirmish, which was ended him to composure. He hid his by the foes drawing off, I drew face with his hands, and his tears bowstring and loosed shaft as flowed plentifully and bitterly. calmly as if I had been shooting at butts instead of men's breasts. I gained some credit, and I have ever afterwards thought, that in better than yourself-you are no case of necessity (for with me it) had never been matter of choice), inexperienced, ay, and somewhat I should not have lost it again. too quick of fancy, to have the And this is all I can tell of war- steady valour of a bearded man. like experience in battle. Other I would hear no other man say dangers I have had, which I have that of you Conachar, without endeavoured to avoid like a wise giving him the lie-You are no man, or, when they were inevitable, I have faced them like a true one. Upon other terms a slight enough provocation." man cannot live or hold up his head in Scotland."

Eachin; "but I shall find it diffi-ported by the resolution that cult to make you credit mine, should have backed them? the knowing the race of which I am sparks you speak of, fell on my descended, and especially that I dastardly heart as on a piece of am the son of him whom we have ice which could catch fire from this day laid in the tomb-well nothing-if my offended pride that he lies where he will never urged me to strike, my weakness learn what you are now to hear! of mind prompted me the next Look, my father-the light which moment to fly."

The

"For Our Lady's sake, be composed," said the old man, "and recall the vile word! I know you coward, but only too young and coward-I have seen high sparks of spirit fly from you even on

"High sparks of pride and passion!" said the unfortunate youth; "I understand your tale," said "but when saw you them sup"Want of habit," said Simon; "it is by clambering over walls that youths learn to scale precipices. Begin with slight feuds exercise daily the arms of your country in tourney with your followers."

"And what leisure is there for this?" exclaimed the young Chief, starting as if something horrid had occurred to his imagination. "How many days are there betwixt this hour and Palm Sunday. and what is to chance then?—A list enclosed, from which no man can stir, more than the poor bear who is chained to his stake. Sixty living men, the best and fiercest (one alone excepted!) which Albyn can send down from her mountains, all athirst for each other's blood, while a King and his nobles, and shouting thousands besides, attend, as at a theatre, to encourage their demoniac fury! Blows clang, and blood flows, thicker, faster, redder-they rush on each other like madmen-they tear each other like wild beasts- the wounded are trodden to death amid the feet of their companions! Blood ebbs, arms become weak-but there must be no parley, no truce, no interruption, while any of the maimed wretches remain alive! Here is no crouching behind battlements, no fighting with missile weapons,—all is hand to hand, till by another.' hands can no longer be raised to maintain the ghastly conflict!-If such a field is so horrible in idea, what think you it will be in reality?"

The Glover remained silent.

"I say again what think you?" "I can only pity you,Conachar,"

said Simon. "It is hard to be the descendant of a lofty line-the son of a noble father-the leader by birth of a gallant array-and yet to want or think you want (for still I trust the fault lies much in a quick fancy that overestimates danger),-to want that dogged quality, which is possessed by every game-cock that is worth a handful of corn. every hound that is worth a mess of offal. But how chanced it. that with such a consciousness of inability to fight in this battle, you proffered even now to share your chiefdom with my daughter? Your power must depend on your fighting this combat, and in that Catharine cannot help you."

"You mistake, old man," replied Eachin; "were Catharine to look kindly on the earnest love I bear her, it would carry me against the front of the enemies with the mettle of a war-horse. Overwhelming as my sense of weakness is, the feeling that Catharine looked on would give me strength. Say yet—oh, say yet—she shall be mine if we gain the combat, and not the *Gow Chrom* himself, whose heart is of a piece with his anvil, ever went to battle so light as I shall do! One strong passion is conquered by another."

"This is folly, Conachar. Cannot the recollections of your interest, your honour, your kindred, do as much to stir your courage, as the thoughts of a brent-browed lass? Fie upon you, man!"

"You tell me but what I have joy all that unbounded affection told myself-but it is in vain," can confer upon her, and will be replied Eachin, with a sigh. "It freed from apprehension of the is only whilst the timid stag is sights and sounds of horror, which paired with the doe, that he is your ill-assorted match would desperate and dangerous. Be it have prepared for her; and you, from constitution-be it, as our Father Glover, shall occupy your Highland cailliachs will say, from the milk of the White Doe-be it from my peaceful education, and ever----" the experience of your strict restraint—be it, as you think, from hold," said the Glover; "the fir an overheated fancy, which paints light, with which this discourse danger yet more dangerous and must terminate, burns very low, ghastly than it is in reality, I cannot tell. But I know my fail-|turn, and plain dealing is best. ing, and-yes, it must be said!so sorely dread that I cannot con- enrage you, let me end these viquer it, that, could I have your sions by saying at once-Cathaconsent to my wishes on such rine can never be yours. A glove terms, I would even here make a is the emblem of faith, and a man pause, renounce the rank I have of my craft should therefore less assumed, and retire into humble than any other break his own. life."

"What, turn glover at last, Conachar?" said Simon; "this may hate, but whom you must beats the legend of St. Crispin. Nay, nay, your hand was not The match is fitting by degree, framed for that; you shall spoil agreeable to their mutual wishes, me no more doe-skins."

serious. If I cannot labour, I will my refusal as you will—I am bring wealth enough to live with-out it. They will proclaim me recreant with horn and war-pipe word." -Let them do so-Catharine will love me the better that I have cidedly, because he was aware preferred the paths of peace to from experience that the very those of bloodshed, and Father irritable disposition of his former Clement shall teach us to pity apprentice yielded in most cases and forgive the world, which will to stern and decided resolution. load us with reproaches that Yet recollecting where he was, it wound not. I shall be the hap- was with some feelings of fear piest of men-Catharine will en- that he saw the dying flame leap

chimney-corner, the happiest and most honoured man, that

"Hold, Eachin - I prithee, and I would speak a word in my Though it may vex, or perhaps Catharine's hand is promisedpromised to a man whom you honour-to Henry the Armourer. and I have given my promise. It "Jest not," said Eachin, "I am is best to be plain at once-resent

The Glover spoke thus de-

up, and spread a flash of light though no Sir William Wallace, on the vision of Eachin, which cannot conceive. And to propose seemed pale as the grave, while himself for a husband to my his eve rolled like that of a ma- daughter, as if a bride were to niac in his fever fit. The light find courage for herself and the instantly sunk down and died, bridegroom! No, no-Cathaand Simon felt a momentary ter- rine must wed a man to whom ror, lest he should have to dispute she may say,-'Husband, spare for his life with the youth, whom your enemy'--not one in whose he knew to be capable of violent behalf she must cry,-'Generous actions when highly excited, however short a period his nature could support the measures which tions, the old man at length fell his passion commenced. He was relieved by the voice of Eachin, who muttered in a hoarse and altered tone.-

night rest in silence for ever-1f thou bring'st it to light, thou wert better dig thine own grave."

hut opened, admitting a gleam of moonshine. The form of the retiring Chief crossed it for an instant, the hurdle was then closed, and the shieling left in darkness.

Simon Glover felt relieved, when a conversation, fraught with offence and danger, was thus peaceably terminated. But he remained deeply affected by the condition of Hector MacIan, whom he had himself bred up.

"The poor child," said he, "to be called up to a place of eminence, only to be hurled from it with contempt! What he told me thing, and bred up among your I partly knew, having often remarked that Conachar was more prone to quarrel than to fight. But this overpowering faint-a race incapable of civility?" heartedness, which neither shame nor necessity can overcome, I, believed, felt none of the want of

enemy, spare my husband.""

Tired out with these reflecasleep. In the morning, he was awakened by his friend the Booshalloch, who, with something of a blank visage, proposed to him "Let what we have spoken this to return to his abode on the meadow at the Ballough. He apologized, that the Chief could not see Simon Glover that morn-Thus speaking, the door of the ing, being busied with things about the expected combat; and that Eachin Maclan thought the residence at the Ballough would safest for Simon Glover's be health, and had given charge that every care should be taken for his protection and accommodation.

Niel Booshalloch dilated on these circumstances, to gloss over the neglect implied in the Chief's dismissing his visiter without a particular audience.

"His father knew better," said the herdsman. "But where should he have learned manners, poor Perth burghers, who, excepting yourself, neighbour Glover, who speak Gaelic as well as I do, are

Simon Glover, it may be well

respect which his friend resented which may be one day useful to on his account. On the contrary, me. I have suffered enough by he greatly preferred the quiet resi- his preachments already, 1 trow. dence of the good herdsman, to Little the wiser and much the the tumultuous hospitality of the poorer have they made me. No, daily festival of the Chief, even if no, Catharine and Clement may there had not just passed an in- think as they will; but I will take terview with Eachin upon a sub- the first opportunity to sneak ject which it would be most pain- back like a rated hound at the ful to revive.

quietly retreated, where, could he whip-cord, disburse a lusty mulct, have been secure of Catharine's and become whole with the safety, his leisure was spent plea- Church again." santly enough. His amusement More than a fortnight had passed was sailing on the lake, in a little since the Glover had arrived at skiff, which a Highland boy man- Ballough, and he began to wonder aged while the old man angled. that he had not heard news of He frequently landed on the little Catharine or of Henry Wynd, to island, where he mused over the whom he concluded the Provost tomb of his old friend Gilchrist had communicated the plan and MacIan, and made friends with place of his retreat. He knew the monks, presenting the prior the stout Smith dared not come with gloves of marten's fur, and up into the Clan Quhele country, the superior officers with each of on account of various feuds with them a pair made from the skin the inhabitants, and with Eachin of the wild cat. The cutting and himself, while bearing the name stitching of these little presents of Conachar; but yet the Glover served to beguile the time after thought Henry might have found sunset, while the family of the means to send him a message, or herdsman crowded around, ad-atoken, by some one of the various miring his address, and listening to the tales and songs with which between the court and the head-the old man had skill to pass quarters of the Clan Quhele, in away a heavy evening.

It must be confessed that the impending combat, the march of cautious Glover avoided the con-the parties to Perth, and other versation of Father Clement, particulars requiring previous ad-particulars requiring previous ad-solution of March, and the fatal Palm Sunday was fast approaching. Whilst time was thus creeping on, the exiled Glover had not good-will of these kind monks, even once set eyes upon his

call of his master, submit to a To the Ballough, therefore, he plentiful course of hair cloth and

order to concert the terms of the It must be confessed that the impending combat, the march of

former apprentice. The care that cealed him. He had hardly done was taken to attend to his wants so, ere Eachin, rosy with exercise, and convenience in every respect, dashed from the thicket into the shewed that he was not forgotten; open glade, accompanied by his but yet when he heard the Chief- foster-father, Torquil of the Oak. tain's horn ringing through the The latter, with equal strength woods, he usually made it a point and address, turned the strugto choose his walk in a different gling hind on her back, and holddirection. ever, he found himself unexpectedly in Eachin's close neighbourhood, with scarce leisure to avoid him; and thus it happened.

As Simon strolled pensively through a little sylvan glade, surrounded on either side with tall forest trees, mixed with underwood, a white doe broke from the thicket, closely pursued by two deer greyhounds, one of which griped her haunch, the other her throat, and pulled her down within half a furlong of the Glover, who was something startled at the suddenness of the incident. The near and piercing blast of a horn. and the baying of a slowhound, made Simon aware that the hunters were close behind, and on the trace of the deer. Hallooing and the sound of men running through the copse, were heard close at hand. A moment's recollection would have satisfied Simon. that his best way was to stand fast, or retire slowly, and leave it to Eachin to acknowledge his presence or not, as he should see cause. But his desire of shunning the young man had grown into a kind of instinct, and in the alarm of finding him so near, Simon hid himself in a bush of hazels mixed with holly, which altogether con-

One morning, how-ling her forefeet in his right hand. while he knelt on her body. offered his skene with the left, to the young Chief, that he might cut the animal's throat.

> "It may not be, Torquil; do thine office, and take the assay thyself. I must not kill the likeness of my foster-mother."

> This was spoken with a melancholy smile, while a tear at the same time stood in the speaker's eye. Torquil stared at his young Chief for an instant, then drew his sharp wood-knife across the creature's throat, with a cut so swift and steady, that the weapon reached the back-bone. Then rising on his feet, and again fixing a long piercing look on his chief, he said, - "As much as I have done to that hind, would I do to any living man whose ears could have heard my dault (foster-son) so much as name a white doe, and couple the word with Hector's name!"

If Simon had no reason before to keep himself concealed, this speech of Torquil furnished him with a pressing one.

"It cannot be concealed, father Torquil," said Eachin; "it will all out to the broad day."

"What will out? what will to

broad day?" asked Torquil in have lighted among the very surprise.

Simon; "and now, if this huge privy counsellor cannot keep silence. I shall be made answerable, I suppose, for Eachin's disgrace having been blown abroad."

Thinking thus anxiously, he availed himself, at the same time, of his position to see as much as turn. he could of what passed between the afflicted Chieftain and his confidant, impelled by that spirit of curiosity which prompts us in |-falsest of MY dault! I offer my the most momentous, as well as the most trivial occasions of life, and which is sometimes found to exist in company with great personal fear.

As Torquil listened to what Eachin communicated, the young man sank into his arms, and, supporting himself on his shoulder, concluded his confession by a whisper into his ear. Torquil up, my beloved! Thou shalt with seemed to listen with such amazement as to make him incapable of Columbus, with the whole choir crediting his ears. As if to be certain that it was Eachin who spoke, he gradually roused the vouth from his reclining posture, and holding him up in some have stolen from thee." measure by a grasp on his shoulder, fixed on him an eye that seemed if he would fain have believed the enlarged, and at the same time turned to stone, by the marvels he listened to. And so wild waxed posing this might avail us, the the old man's visage after he had heard the murmured communication, that Simon Glover apprehended he would cast the youth from him as a dishonoured said Torquil,-"Hell shall not thing, in which case he might prevail so far-we will steep thy

copse in which he lay concealed. "It is the fatal secret," thought and occasioned his discovery in a manner equally painful and dangerous. But the passions of Torquil, who entertained for his foster-child even a double portion of that passionate fondness which always attends that connection in the Highlands, took a different

> "I believe it not!" - he exclaimed; "it is false of thy father's child;-false of thy mother's son; gage to heaven and hell, and will maintain the combat with him that shall call it true! Thou hast been spell-bound by an evil eye, my darling, and the fainting which you call cowardice is the work of magic. I remember the bat that struck the torch out on. the hour that thou wert born,that hour of grief and joy. Cheer me to Iona, and the good St. of blessed saints and angels who ever favoured thy race, shall take from thee the heart of the white doe, and return that which they

Eachin listened, with a look as words of the comforter.

"But, Torquil," he said, "supfatal day approaches, and if I go to the lists, I dread me we shall be shamed."

"It cannot be-it shall not!"

sword in holy water,-place ver- a sign of favour, and well I know vain, St. John's-wort, and rowan- he will forget kith and kin, fortree in thy crest. We will sur-sake the field, and fly with her to sound thee, I and thy eight the desert." brethren—thou shalt be safe as "He, th in a castle."

Again the youth helplessly muttered something, which, from the dejected tone in which it was spoken. Simon could not under-ling at the mean chance of safety stand, while Torquil's deep tones in reply fell full and distinct upon his ear.

of withdrawing thee from the thee their own lives and that of conflict. Thou art the youngest their sons-I sacrifice to thee the who is to draw blade. Now, hear me, and thou shalt know what it is to have a foster-father's peated the Chief, folding Torquil love, and how far it exceeds the to his bosom, "what a base wretch The of kinsmen. love even youngest on the indenture of the enough to avail myself of your Clan Chattan is Ferguhard Day. His father slew mine, and the red blood is seething hot between us woods have ears. Let us back to -I looked to Palm Sunday as the camp, and send our gillies for the term that should cool it---But mark!-Thou wouldst have thought that the blood in the The slowhound, or lyme-dog, veins of this Ferquhard Day and luckily for Simon, had drenched in mine would not have mingled, had they been put into the same vessel, yet hath he cast the eyes Glover's lair in the thicket; but of his love upon my only daughter its more acute properties of scent Eva-the fairest of our maidens. being lost, it followed tranquilly Think with what feelings I heard with the gazehounds. the news. It was as if a wolf from the skirts of Ferragon had said, 'Give me thy child in wed- arose, greatly relieved by their lock, Torquil.' My child thought departure, and began to move off, not thus, she loves Ferquhard, in the opposite direction, as fast and weeps away her colour and as his age permitted. His first strength in dread of the approach- reflection was on the fidelity of ing battle. Let her give him but the foster-father.

"He, the youngest of the champions of Clan Chattan, being absent, I, the youngest of the Clan Quhele, may be excused from combat," said Eachin, blushthus opened to him.

"See now, my Chief," said Torquil, "and judge my thoughts "Yes, there may be a chance towards thee-others might give honour of my house."

"My friend, my father," ream I that have a spirit dastardly sacrifice!"

"Speak not of that-Green the venison.-Back, dogs, and follow at heel."

his nose in the blood of the deer. else he might have found the

When the hunters were out of sight and hearing, the Glover

"The wild mountain heart is ing that the warrant for the High faithful and true. Yonder man is Court of Commission more like the giants in romaunts, heresy be withdrawn, as a trouble than a man of mould like our- to men's consciences-that the selves; and yet Christians might nomination of Henry of Wardlaw take an example from him for his to be Prelate of St. Andrews, be lealty. A simple contrivance this referred to the Parliament, with though, to finger a man from off sundry other things pleasing to their enemies' chequer, as if there the Commons? Now, most of the would not be twenty of the Wild- nobles that are with the King cats ready to supply his place."

aware that the strictest proclama-|Provost, have declared for the tions were issued, prohibiting any of the two contending clans, their Duke of Albany hath agreed to friends, allies, and dependents, from coming within fifty miles of Perth, during a week before and King is easily persuaded to mild a week after the combat which regulation was to be enforced by the jaw-teeth of the oppressors armed men.

So soon as our friend Simon arrived at the habitation of the herdsman, he found other news awaiting him. They were brought by Father Clement, who came in a pilgrim's cloak, or dalmatic, ready to commence his return to the southward, and desirous to take leave of his companion in exile, or to accept him as a travelling companion.

"But what," said the citizen, "has so suddenly induced you to return within the reach of danger?"

"Have you not heard," said Father Clement, "that March and his English allies having retired into England before the Earl of Douglas, the good Earl has applied himself to redress the evils of the commonwealth, and hath leave, "a great scholar, and a great

against at Perth, and with them Sir Thus thought the Glover, not Patrick Charteris, your worthy proposals of the Douglas. The them; whether from goodwill or The good policy I know not. and gentle courses. And thus are dashed to pieces in their sockets, and the prey snatched from their ravening talons. Will you with me to the Lowlands, or do you abide here a little space?"

> Niel Booshalloch saved his friend the trouble of reply.

"He had the Chief's authority," he said, "for saying that Simon Glover should abide until the champions went down to the battle." In this answer the citizen saw something not quite consistent with his own perfect freedom of volition; but he cared little for it at the time, as it furnished a good apology for not travelling along with the clergyman.

"An exemplary man," he said to his friend Niel Booshalloch, as soon as Father Clement had taken written to the court letters, desir-|Saint. It is a pity almost he is no

longer in danger to be burned, as father, he longed, not unnatu-his sermon at the stake would rally, for the society of Sir John convert thousands. O, Niel Boo- Ramorny, on whom he had beeu shalloch! Father Clement's pile so long accustomed to throw himwould be a sweet savouring sacri- self for amusement, and, though fice, and a beacon to all devout he would have resented the im-Christians. But what would the putation as an insult, for guidance burning of a borrell ignorant bur- and direction. He, therefore, sent gess like me serve? Men offer not him a summons to attend him, up old glove leather for incense, providing his health permitted; norare beacons fed with undressed and directed him to come by hides, I trow? Sooth to speak, I water to a little pavilion in the have too little learning and too High Constable's garden, which, much fear to get credit by the like that of Sir John's own lodgaffair, and, therefore, I should, in ings, ran down to the Tay. our homely phrase, have both the renewing an intimacy so dangerscathe and the scorn."

herdsman.

## CHAPTER XXX.

ters of our dramatic narrative, he had treated the subject, and whom we left at Perth, when we the readiness with which Rothsay accompanied the Glover and his had abandoned his cause in the fair daughter to Kinfauns, and matter of the bonnet-maker's from that hospitable mansion slaughter. He laughed bitterly traced the course of Simon to when he read the Prince's billet. Loch Tay; and the Prince, as the highest personage, claims our im- boat with six trusty men,-trusty mediate attention.

young man endured with some impatience his sequestered residence with the Lord High Con- the mediciner. "I was but beatstable, with whose company, other- ing my brains how to get access wise in every respect satisfactory, to this fickle boy, and here he he became dissatisfied, from no sends to invite me." other reason than that he held in some degree the character of his clearly," said Dwining. "Heaven warder. Incensed against his smiles on some untoward conseuncle, and displeased with his quences-he! he! he!"

Ĩn ous, Rothsav only remembered "True for you," answered the that he had been Sir John Ramornv's munificent friend; while Sir John, on receiving the invitation, only recollected, on his part, the capricious insults he had sustained from his patron, the loss of his WE must return to the charac- hand, and the lightness with which

"Eviot," he said, "man a stout men, mark me,--lose not a mo-This rash and inconsiderate ment; and bid Dwining instantly come hither .--- Heaven smiles on us, my trusty friend," he said to

"Hem!-I see the matter very

"No matter, the trap is ready; and the Earl had just asked and it is baited, too, my friend, whether it was his pleasure that with what would lure the boy the table should be cleared, when from a sanctuary, though a troop a note, delivered to the Prince, with drawn weapons waited him changed at once his aspect. in the churchyard. Yet it is "As you will," he said. "I go ness of himself would have done always with permission of my the job. Get thy matters ready— Lord Constable,—to receive my thou goest with us. Write to him, late Master of the Horse." as I cannot, that we come instantly to attend his commands, and do it clerkly. He reads well, mission twice?" and that he owes to me."

debtor for more knowledge be- your Royal Highness recollected fore he dies-he! he! he! But is that Sir John Ramorny-"" your bargain sure with the Duke of Albany?"

"Enough to gratify my ambition, thy avarice, and the revenge of both. Aboard, aboard, and your nature,-farewell for half an speedily; let Eviot throw in a few hour." flasks of the choicest wine, and "A some cold baked meats."

John? Does it not pain you?"

"The throbbing of my heart silences the pain of my wound. It beats as it would burst my bosom."

ing; adding, in a low voice, "It would be a strange sight if it keeping will afford us a flask or should. I should like to dissect two of wine, and a slight collation it, save that its stony case would spoil my best instruments."

In a few minutes they were in the boat, while a speedy messenger carried the note to the Prince.

Constable, after their noontide re- tered the pavilion. past. He was sullen and silent; "It grieves my heart to see Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

"My lord?" said Lord Errol.

"Ay, my lord; must I ask per-

"No, surely, my lord," an-"He will be your valiancy's swered the Constable; "but has

"Has not the plague, I hope?" replied the Duke of Rothsay. "Come, Errol, you would play the surly turnkey; but it is not in

"A new folly!" said Errol, as the Prince, flinging open a lattice "But your arm, my lord, Sir of the ground-parlour in which they sat, stept out into the garden. "A new folly, to call back that villain to his councils. he is infatuated."

The Prince, in the meantime, "Heaven forbid!"-said Dwin- looked back, and said hastily,-

"Your lordship's good housein the pavilion? I love the al fresco of the river."

The Constable bowed, and gave the necessary orders; so that Sir John found the materials of good cheer ready displayed, when, Rothsay was scated with the landing from his barge, he en-

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your Highness under restraint," | eyes are turned to the motions of said Ramorny, with a well-executed appearance of sympathy.

mine," said the Prince. "I am sure here has Errol, and a right It is said he is to be Lieutenant true-hearted lord he is, so tired again. It is certain many have me with grave looks, and something like grave lessons, that he has driven me back to thee, thou free," said Rothsay, "otherwise I reprobate, from whom, as I expect nothing good, I may perhaps obtain something entertaining. Yet, ere we say more, it was foul away from this place, you might work, that upon the Fastern's Even, Ramorny. I well hope thou gavest not aim to it."

simple mistake of the brute Bonthron. I did but hint to him, that Beware of such counsel. I would a dry beating would be due to be free—I would have my person the fellow by whom I had lost a at my own disposal; but I will hand; and, lo you, my knave makes a double mistake. He takes one man for another, and instead of the baton he uses the axe."

"It is well that it went no Small matter for the farther. Bonnet-maker; but I had never your Grace's place, I would get forgiven you had the Armourer me into that good boat which fallen. There is not his match in hovers on the Tay, and drop Britain.-But I hope they hanged quietly down to Fife, where you the villain high enough?"

replied Ramorny.

Rothsay; "his wretched name on your uncle, yet surely-even makes the good wine taste of if the grant were not subject to blood.-And what are the news challenge-your grace might make in Perth, Ramorny?-How stands free with the residence of so near it with the bona robas and the a relative." galliards?"

"He "Little galliardise stirring, my mine," said the Duke, "as the lord," answered the Knight. "All Stewartry of Renfrew can tell.

the Black Douglas, who comes with five thousand chosen men "That grief of thine will grieve to put us all to rights, as if he were bound for another Otterburn. declared for his faction."

> "It is time, then, my feet were may find a worse warder than Errol."

> "Ah, my lord! were you once make as bold a head as Douglas."

"Ramorny," said the Prince, gravely, "I have but a confused "On my honour, my lord, a remembrance of your once having proposed something horrible to me. never levy arms against my father, nor those it pleases him to trust."

"It was only for your Royal Highness's personal freedom that I was presuming to speak," answered Ramorny. "Were I in have many friends, and make free "If thirty feet might serve," to take possession of Falkland. It is a royal castle; and though "Pah! no more of him," said the King has bestowed it in gift

hath made

free with

But stay, Ramorny-hold-Did I at Falkland, or who will soon be not hear Errol say, that the Lady on the road thither. Your High-Marjory Douglas, whom they call ness has not forgotten the Fair Duchess of Kothsay, is at Falk- Maid of Perth?" land? I would neither dwell with that lady, nor insult her by dislodging her."

"The lady was there, my lord," replied Ramorny; "but I have sure advice that she is gone to meet her father."

"Ha! to animate the Douglas against me? or, perhaps, to beg him to spare me, providing I come on my knees to her bed, as pilgrims say the Emirs and Amirals. upon whom a Saracen Soldan bestows a daughter in marriage, are bound to do?-Ramorny, I will act by the Douglas's own saying, 'It is better to hear the lark sing than the mouse squeak.'\* I will keep both foot and hand from fetters."

"No place fitter than Falkland," replied Ramorny. "I have enough of good yeomen to keep the place; and should your Highness wish to leave it, a brief ride reaches the sea in three directions."

"You speak well. But we shall die of gloom yonder. Neither mirth, music, nor maidens-Ha!" said the heedless Prince.

"Pardon me, noble Duke; but though the Lady Marjory Douglas be departed, like an errant dame in romance, to implore succour of Ramorny, "and as much at freeher doughty sire, there is, I may say, a lovelier, I am sure younger maiden, either presently

\* Implying that it was better to keep the forest than shut themselves up in fortified places.

"Forget the prettiest wench in Scotland ?- No-any more than thou hast forgotten the hand that thou hadst in the Curfew Street onslaught on St. Valentine's Eve."

"The hand that I had?-Your Highness would say, the hand that I lost. As certain as I shall never regain it, Catharine Glover is, or will soon be, at Falkland. I will not flatter your Highness by saying she expects to meet you-in truth, she proposes to place herself under the protection of the Lady Marjory."

"The little traitress," said the Prince-"she too to turn against me? She deserves punishment, Ramorny."

"I trust your Grace will make her penance a gentle one," replied the Knight.

"Faith, I would have been her Father Confessor long ago, but I have ever found her coy.

"Opportunity was lacking, my lord," replied Ramorny; "and time presses even now."

"Nay, I am but too apt for a frolic; but my father-

"He is personally safe," said dom as ever he can be; while your \_" a Highness----

"Must brook fetters, conjugal or literal-1 know it.-Yonder comes Douglas, with his daughter in his hand, as haughty, and as touches of age."

"And at Falkland, sits in solitude the fairest wench in Scotland," few minutes wrote a letter which said Ramorny. "Here is penance he handed to Sir John Ramorny. and restraint, yonder is joy and freedom."

sage counsellor," replied Rothsay; spected father and liege Sove-"but mark you, it shall be the reign,-Know that important conlast of my frolics."

"for, when at liberty, you may purposing to make my abode at make a good accommodation with Falkland, both as the seat of my your royal father."

"I will write to him, Ramorny -Get the writing-materials-No, I cannot put my thoughts in words -do thou write."

"Your Royal Highness forgets," said Ramorny, pointing to his mutilated arm.

"Ah! that cursed hand of yours. What can we do?"

"So please your Highness," answered his counsellor, "if you would use the hand of the mediciner Dwining-He writes like a clerk."

"Hath he a hint of the circumstances?-Is he possessed of them?"

"Fully," said Ramorny; and stepping to the window, he called Dwining from the boat.

He entered the presence of the Prince of Scotland, creeping as if he trod upon eggs, with downcast eyes, and a frame that seemed shrunk up by a sense of awe pro- times, it is said, wants a scribe duced by the occasion.

materials. I will make trial of it, and have the praise of the deyou--thou knowest the case--- vice."

harsh-featured as himself, bating place my conduct to my father in a fair light."

Dwining sat down, and in a "Why, the devil has aided thee, Dwining," said the Knight. "Thou hast prevailed, most "Listen, my dear Lord .- 'Residerations induce me to take my "I trust so," replied Ramorny; departure from this your court, dearest uncle Albany, with whom I know your Majesty would desire me to use all familiarity, and as the residence of one from whom I have been too long estranged, and with whom I haste to exchange vows of the closest affection from henceforward."

The Duke of Rothsay and Ramorny laughed aloud; and the physician, who had listened to his own scroll as if it were a sentence of death, encouraged by their applause, raised his eyes, uttered faintly his chuckling note of He! he! and was again grave and silent, as if afraid he had transgressed the bounds of reverent respect.

"Admirable!" said the Prince -"Admirable! The old man will apply all this to the Duchess, as they call her, of Rothsay. - Dwining, thou shouldst be a secretis to his Holiness the Pope, who somethat can make one word record "There, fellow, are writing- two meanings. I will subscribe "And now, my lord," said Ramorny, sealing the letter, and leaving it behind, "will you not to boat?"

"Not till my chamberlain attends, with some clothes and necessaries—and you may call my sewer also."

"My Lord," said Ramorny, "time presses, and preparation will but excite suspicion. Your officers will follow with the mails to-morrow. For to-night, I trust my poor service may suffice to wait on you at table and chamber."

"Nay, this time it is thou who forgets," said the Prince, touching the wounded arm with his walking-rod. "Recollect, man, thou canst neither carve a capon, nor tie a point—a goodly sewer or valet of the mouth!"

Ramorny grinned with rage and pain; for his wound, though in a way of healing, was still highly sensitive, and even the pointing a finger towards it made him tremble.

"Will your Highness now be pleased to take boat?"

"Not till I take leave of the Lord Constable. Rothsay must not slip away, like a thief from a prison, from the house of Errol. Summon him hither."

"My Lord Duke," said Ramorny, "it may be dangerous to our plan."

"To the devil with danger, thy plan, and thyself!—I must and will act to Errol as becomes us both."

The Earl entered, agreeably to the Prince's summons.

"I gave you this trouble, my lord," said Rothsay, with the dignified courtesy which he knew so well how to assume, "to thank you for your hospitality and your good company. I can enjoy them no longer, as pressing affairs call me to Falkland."

"My lord," said the Lord High Constable, "I trust your Grace remembers that you are under ward."

"How!-under ward?—If I am a prisoner, speak plainly-if not, I will take my freedom to depart."

"I would, my lord, your Highness would request his Majesty's permission for this journey. There will be much displeasure."

"Mean you displeasure against yourself, my lord, or against me?"

"I have already said your Highness lies in ward here; but if you determine to break it, I have no warrant—God forbid—to put force on your inclinations. I can but entreat your Highness, for your own sake—"

"Of my own interests I am the best judge—Good evening to you, my lord."

The wilful Prince stepped into the boat with Dwining and Ramorny, and, waiting for no other attendance, Eviot pushed off the vessel, which descended the Tay rapidly by the assistance of sail and oar, and of the ebb-tide.

For some space the Duke of Rothsay appeared silent and

moody, nor did his companions! interrupt his reflections. He raised his head at length, and said, "My your Highness, lest you should father loves a jest, and when all is over, he will take this frolic at the officers of the Commission for no more serious rate than it de-linguiry into heretical opinions serves—a fit of youth, with which he will deal as he has with others. -Yonder, my masters, shows the old Hold of Kinfauns, frowning above the Tay. Now, tell me, signed that the Knight should John Ramorny, how thou hast dealt to get the Fair Maid of Perth fines and confiscations that were out of the hands of yonder bullheaded Provost; for Errol told me it was rumoured that she was under his protection."

"Truly she was, my lord, with tithe." the purpose of being transferred to the patronage of the Duchess -I mean of the Lady Marjory of Douglas. Now, this beetle-headed Provost, who is after all but a piece of blundering valiancy, has, Monks never burn pretty maidens. like most such, a retainer of some An old woman might have been slyness and cunning, whom he in some danger; and as for my uses in all his dealings, and whose Lord Provost, as they call him, if suggestions he generally considers they had clipped off some of his as his own ideas. Whenever I fat acres, it would have been some would possess myself of a land- atonement for the needless brave ward baron, I address myself to he put on me in Saint John's such a confidant, who, in the church." shaw, an old skipper upon the base revenge," said Rothsay. Tay, and who, having in his time sailed as far as Campvere, holds He that cannot right himself by with Sir Patrick Charteris the the hand, must use his head.respect due to one who has seen Well, that chance was over by foreign countries. This his agent the tender-hearted Douglas's de-I have made my own; and, by his claring in favour of tender conmeans, have insinuated various science; and then, my lord, old apologies, in order to postpone the Henshaw found no further objecdeparture of Catharine for Falk- tions to carrying the Fair Maid of land."

"But to what good purpose?"

"I know not if it is wise to tell disapprove of my views.---I meant should have found the Fair Maid at Kinfauns .- for our beauty is a peevish, self-willed swerver from the Church, — and, certes, I dehave come in for his share of the about to be inflicted. The monks were eager enough to be at him, seeing he hath had frequent disputes with them about the salmon-

"But wherefore wouldst thou have ruined the Knight's fortunes, and brought the beautiful young woman to the stake, perchance?'

"Pshaw, my Lord Duke!-

"Rest ye contented, my lord. Perth to Falkland,-not to share the dulness of the Lady Marjory's true; while I-but I can be silent society as Sir Patrick Charteris on the subject if I cannot forget and she herself doth opine, but to it." keep your Highness from tiring when we return from hunting in have scruple about this intrigue. the park."

There was again a long pause, in which the Prince seemed to muse deeply. At length he spoke. -"Ramorny, I have a scruple in this matter; but if I name it to thee, the devil of sophistry, with which thou art possessed, will argue it out of me, as it has done many others. This girl is the most beautiful, one excepted, whom I ever saw or knew; and I like her the more that she bears some features of -- Elizabeth of Dunbar. But she, I mean Catharine Glover, is contracted, and presently to be wedded to Henry the Armourer, a craftsman unequalled for skill, and a man-atarms yet unmatched in the barrace. To follow out this intrigue would do a good fellow too much though lack of spirit and love of wrong."

"Your Highness will not expect it for gold." me to be very solicitous of Henry Smith's interest," said Ramorny, looking at his wounded arm.

"By Saint Andrew with his shored cross, this disaster of thine is too much harped upon, John Ramorny! Others are content with putting a finger into every man's pie, but thou must thrust in man, it is not for me to say thy whole gory hand. It is done, and cannot be undone-let it be forgotten."

more frequently than I," answered leech, "that all Perth knows that

"Well, then, I tell thee that I Dost thou remember, when we went in a frolic to hear Father Clement preach, or rather to see this fair heretic, that he spoke as touchingly as a minstrel about the rich man taking away the poor man's only ewe lamb?"

"A great matter, indeed," answered Sir John, "that this churl's wife's eldest son should be fathered by the Prince of Scotland! How many earls would covet the like fate for their fair countesses? and how many that have had such good luck sleep not a grain the worse for it?"

"And if I might presume to speak," said the mediciner, "the ancient laws of Scotland assigned such a privilege to every feudal lord over his female vassals, money hath made many exchange

"I require no argument to urge me to be kind to a pretty woman: but this Catharine has been ever cold to me," said the Prince.

"Nay, my lord," said Ramorny, "if, young, handsome, and a Prince, you know not how to make yourself acceptable to a fine womoré."

"And if it were not far too great audacity in me to speak "Nay, my lord, you allude to it again, I would say," quoth the the knight,-"In derision, it is the Gow Chrom never was the

upon her by her father. I know -How, skipper!" for certain that she refused him repeatedly."

"Nay, if thou canst assure us Prince's barge. of that, the case is much altered," said Rothsay. smith as well as Harry Wynd; he as well as the appointments of the would needs wed Venus, and our French glee-woman, Louise. Chronicles tell us what came of think I owe thee something for it."

"Then long may Lady Venus live and be worshipped," said Sir John Ramorny; "and success to the gallant knight Mars, who goes a-wooing to her goddessship."

The discourse took a gay and idle turn for a few minutes; but the Duke of Rothsay soon dropped it. "I have left," he said, "yonder air of the prison-house behind me, and yet my spirits scarce revive. I feel that drowsy, not unpleasing, yet melancholy mood, that comes over us when exhausted by exercise, or satiated with plea- she dwell?" sure. Some music now, stealing on the ear, yet not loud enough to make us lift the eye, were a treat for the gods."

"Your Grace has but to speak your wishes, and the nymphs of the Tay are as favourable as the fair ones upon the shore.-Hark --- it is a lute."

"A lute!" said the Duke of Rothsay, listening; "it is, and rarely touched. I should remember that dying fall. Steer towards the boat from whence the music comes."

maiden's choice, but fairly forced morny, "working up the stream.

The boatman answered the hail, and drew up alongside of the

"Oh, ho! my old friend!" said "Vulcan was a the Prince, recognising the figure "I being the means of thy having a fright, at least, upon St. Valentine's day. Into this boat with thee, lute, puppy dog, scrip and all-I will prefer thee to a lady's service, who shall feed thy very cur on capons and canary."

"I trust your Highness will consider "-said Ramorny.

"I will consider nothing but my pleasure, John. Pray, do thou be so complying as to consider it also."

"Is it indeed to a lady's service you would promote me?" said the "And where does glee-maiden.

"At Falkland," answered the Prince.

"Oh, I have heard of that great lady!" said Louise; "and will you indeed prefer me to your right royal consort's service?"

"I will, by my honour-whenever I receive her as such-Mark that reservation, John," said he aside to Ramorny.

The persons who were in the boat caught up the tidings, and concluding a reconciliation was about to take place betwixt the royal couple, exhorted Louise to "It is old Henshaw," said Ra-profit by her good fortune, and

add herself to the Duchess of comes. You wish for beauty-it Rothsav's train. Several offered her some acknowledgment for the exercise of her talents.

During this moment of delay, Ramorny whispered to Dwining. "Make in knave, with some ob-This addition is one too iection. many. Rouse thy wits, while I speak a word with Henshaw."

"If I might presume to speak," said Dwining, ""as one who have made my studies both in Spain and Arabia, I would say, my ford, that the sickness has appeared in Edinburgh, and that there may be risk in admitting this young wanderer into your Highness's vicinity."

"Ah! and what is it to thee," said Rothsay, "whether I choose to be poisoned by the pestilence or the pothecary? Must thou, too, needs thwart my humour?"

While the Prince thus silenced the remonstrances of Dwining, Sir John Ramorny had snatched a moment to learn from Henshaw that the removal of the Duchess of Rothsay from Falkland was still kept profoundly secret, and that Catharine Glover would arrive there that evening or the next morning, in expectation of being taken under the noble lady's protection.

The Duke of Rothsay, deeply plunged in thought, received this intimation so coldly, that Ramorny took the liberty of remonstrating. "This my lord," he said, "is an imitation, were united to a playing the spoiled child of for- tune as doleful as they are themtune. You wish for liberty-it selves.

awaits you, with just so much delay as to render the boon more precious. Even your slightest desires seem a law to the Fates; for you desire music when it seems most distant, and the lute and song are at your hand. These things, so sent, should be enjoyed, else we are but like petted children, who break and throw from them the toys they have wept themselves sick for."

"To enjoy pleasure, Ramorny," said the Prince. "a man should have suffered pain, as it requires fasting to gain a good appetite. We, who can have all for a wish, little enjoy that all when we have possessed it. Seest thou yonder thick cloud, which is about to burst to rain? It seems to stifle me—the waters look dark and lurid—the shores have lost their beautiful form——"

"My lord forgive your servant," said Kamorny. "You indulge a powerful imagination, as an unskilful horseman permits a fiery steed to rear until he falls back on his master and crushes him. I pray you shake off this lethargy. Shall the glee-maiden make some music?"

"Let her-but it must be melancholy; all mirth would at this moment jar on my ear."

The maiden sung a melancholy dirge in Norman French; the words, of which the following is

Yes, thou mayst sigh. And look once more at all around. At stream and bank, and sky and ground, Thy life its final course has found. And thou must die.

2.

Yes, lay thee down, And while thy struggling pulses flutter, Bid the gray monk his soul-mass mutter. And the deep bell its death-tone utter-Thy life is gone.

3.

Be not afraid. 'Tis but a pang, and then a thrill, A fever fit, and then a chill; And then an end of human ill, For thou art dead.

The Prince made no observation on the music; and the maiden, at Ramorny's beck, went on from time to time with her minstrel craft, until the evening sunk down into rain, first soft and gentle, at length in great quantities, and accompanied by a cold wind. There was neither cloak nor covering for the Prince, and he sullenly rejected that which Ramorny offered.

"It is not for Rothsay to wear your cast garments, Sir Johnthis melted snow, which I feel pierce me to the very marrow, I am now encountering by your fault. Why did you presume to put off the boat without my servants and apparel?"

Ramorny did not attempt an exculpation; for he knew the Prince was in one of those humours, when to enlarge upon a grievance was Prince, assisted from horseback, more pleasing to him than to have was ushered into an apartment, his mouth stopped by any reason- where Ramorny waited on him, able apology. In sullen silence, together with Dwining, and en-

or amid unsuppressed chiding, the boat arrived at the fishing village of Newburgh. The party landed, and found horses in readiness, which indeed Ramorny had long since provided for the occasion. Their quality underwent the Prince's bitter sarcasm, expressed to Ramorny sometimes by direct words, oftener by bitter gibes. At length they were mounted, and rode on through the closing night. and the falling rain, the Prince leading the way with reckless haste. The glee-maiden, mounted by his express order, attended them; and well for her that, accustomed to severe weather, and exercise both on foot and horseback, she supported as firmly as the men the fatigues of the nocturnal ride. Ramorny was compelled to keep at the Prince's rein, being under no small anxiety lest. in his wayward fit, he might ride off from him entirely, and, taking refuge in the house of some loval baron, escape the snare which was spread for him. He therefore suffered inexpressibly during the ride, both in mind and in body.

At length the forest of Falkland received them, and a glimpse of the moon shewed the dark and huge tower, an appendage of royalty itself, though granted for a season to the Duke of Albany. On a signal given the drawbridge fell. Torches glared in the courtyard, menials attended, and the

treated him to take the leech's The Duke of Rothsay advice. repulsed the proposal, haughtily ordered his bed to be prepared. and, having stood for some time shivering in his dank garments beside a large blazing fire, he retired to his apartment without taking leave of any one.

"You see the peevish humour of this childish boy, now," said Ramorny to Dwining; "can you wonder that a servant, who has done so much for him as I have, should be tired of such a master?"

"No, truly," said Dwining, "that and the promised Earldom of Lindores would shake any man's fidelity. But shall we commence with him this evening? He has, if eye and cheek speak true, the foundation of a fever within him, which will make our work easy, while it will seem the effect of morny on the subject of Cathanature."

"It is an opportunity lost," said Ramorny; "but we must delay our prude be at seeing herself in a blow till he has seen this beauty, family of men, when she expects Catharine Glover. hereafter a witness, that she saw and pinners of Dame Marjory's him in good health, and master of waiting-women! Thou hast not his own motions, a brief space many of the tender sex in thy before-you understand me?"

Dwining nodded assent and added.

is little difficulty in blighting a flower, exhausted from having is anxiously inquiring after the been made to bloom too soon."

## CHAPTER XXXI.

Ah me! in sooth he was a shameless wight.

Sore given to revel and ungodly glee:

Few earthly things found favour in his sight.

Save concubines and carnal companie,

And flaunting wassailers of high and low degree.

WITH the next morning the humour of the Duke of Rothsay was changed. He complained indeed of pain and fever, but they rather seemed to stimulate than to overwhelm him. He was familiar with Ramorny; and, though he said nothing on the subject of the preceding night, it was plain he remembered what he desired to obliterate from the memory of his followers-the ill-humour he had then displayed. He was civil to every one, and jested with Rarine's arrival.

"How surprised will the pretty She may be to be admitted amongst the hoods household, I take it, Ramorny?"

"Faith none-except the minstrel wench-but a household "There is notime lost; for there drudge or two whom we may not By the way, she dispense with. mistress your Highness promised to prefer her to -Shall I dismiss her, to hunt for her new mistress at leisure?"

> "By no means, she will serve to amuse Catharine.-And, hark

you, were it not well to receive fool," he said; "I care not how that coy jillet with something of a mumming?" little I see him, knowing what is to be done."

"How mean you, my lord?"

"Thou art dull, man.-We will not disappoint her, since she expects to find the Duchess of Rothsav-I will be Duke and Duchess in my own person."

"Still I do not comprehend."

"No one so dull as a wit," said the Prince, "when he does not hit off the scent at once.-My Duchess, as they call her, has been in as great a hurry to run away from Faikland, as I to come hither. We have both left our apparel behind. There is as much female trumpery in the wardrobe He is like enough, should he be adjoining to my sleeping-room, as would equip a whole carnival. Look you, I will play Dame Marjory, disposed on this day-bed here, with a mourning yell and a wreath of willow, to show my forsaken plight; thou, John, wilt look starch and stiff enough for her Galwegian maid of honour, the Countess Hermigild; and Dwining shall present the old Hecate, her nurse,—only she hath more beard on her upper lip than Dwining on his whole face, and skull to boot. He should have the commodity of a beard to set her forth conformably. Get thy kitchen drudges, and what passable pages thou hast with thee, to make my women of the bedroom. Hearest thou?--about it instantly."

Ramorny hasted into the anteroom, and told Dwining the clerk of rare celerity, Dwining Prince's device.

"Do thou look to humour the in Ramorny's hand.

"Trust all to me," said the physician, shrugging his shoulders. "What sort of a butcher is he that can cut the lamb's throat, yet is afraid to hear it bleat?"

"Tush, fear not my constancy. -I cannot forget that he would have cast me into the cloister with as little regard as if he threw away the truncheon of a broken lance. Begone-yet stay-ere you go to arrange this silly pageant, something must be settled to impose on the thick-witted Charteris. left in the belief that the Duchess of Rothsay is still here, and Catharine Glover in attendance on her, to come down with offers of service, and the like, when, as need scarce tell thee, his I presence would be inconvenient. -Indeed, this is the more likely, that some folk have given a warmer name to the iron-headed Knight's great and tender patronage of this damsel."

"With that hint, let me alone to deal with him. I will send him such a letter, that, for this month, he shall hold himself as ready for a journey to hell as to Falkland. ---Can you tell me the name of the Duchess's confessor?"

"Waltheof, a grey friar."

"Enough-then here I start."

In a few minutes, for he was a finished a letter, which he placed

"This is admirable, and would tion more fitting her qualities and have made thy fortune with Roth- habits, than the Castle of Falksay-I think I should have been land, while her Highness the too jealous to trust thee in his Duchess of Rothsay abides there. household, save that his day is She hath charged the said reclosed."

"that we may judge if it goes her a sense of the sin of incon-trippingly off." And Ramorny tinence, and she commendeth thee read as follows: "By command of to confession and penitence.our high and mighty Princess Signed, Waltheof, by command Marjory, Duchess of Rothsay, and of an high and mighty Princess" so forth, we Waltheof, unworthy - and so forth. brother of the order of St. Francis, When he had finished, "Exdo thee, Sir Patrick Charteris, cellent-excellent!" Ramorny ex-Knight, of Kinfauns, to know, claimed. "This unexpected rethat her Highness marvels much buff will drive Charteris mad! He at the temerity with which you hath been long making a sort of have sent to her presence a woman, of whose fame she can judge himself suspected of incontinence. but lightly, seeing she hath made her abode, without any necessity, for more than a week in thine own castle, without company of thou say'st, it will be long enough any other female, saving menials; of which foul cohabitation the the damsel, or do honour to the savour is gone up through Fife, dame.-But away to thy pageant, Angus, and Perthshire. Nevertheless, her Highness, considering close the pageant for ever." the case as one of human frailty, hath not caused this wanton one when Catharine, escorted by old to be scourged with nettles, or Henshaw and a groom of the otherwise to dree penance; but Knight of Kinfauns, arrived beas two good brethren of the con-fore the lordly tower of Falkland. vent of Lindores, the Fathers The broad banner which was dis-Thickscull and Dundermore, have played from it bore the arms of been summoned up to the High-Rothsay, the servants who aplands upon an especial call, her peared wore the colours of the Highness hath committed to their Prince's household, all confirmcare this maiden Catharine, with ing the general belief that the charge to convey her to her father, Duchess still resided there. Ca-whom she states to be residing tharine's heart throbbed, for she beside Loch Tay, under whose had heard that the Duchess had protection she will find a situa- the pride as well as the high

verend brothers so to deal with "Read it aloud," said Dwining, the young woman, as may give

> homage to this lady, and to find when he was expecting the full credit of a charitable action, will altogether confound him; and, as ere he come hither to look after while I prepare that which shall

It was an hour before noon.

courage of the house of Douglas, never need thy help, man-and and felt uncertain touching the tell me now, how look I, thus disreception she was to experience. On entering the Castle, she observed that the train was smaller than she had expected, but as the Duchess lived in close retirement, she was little surprised at this. In a species of anteroom she was met by a little old woman, who seemed bent double with age, and supported herself upon an ebony staff.

"Truly thou art welcome, fair daughter," said she, saluting Catharine, "and, as I may say, to an afflicted house; and I trust" (once more saluting her) "thou wilt be a consolation to my precious and right royal daughter the Duchess. Sit thee down, my child, till I see whether my lady be at leisure to receive thee. Ah. my child, thou art very lovely indeed, if Our Lady hath given to thee a soul to match with so fair body."

With that the counterfeit old woman crept into the next apartment, where she found Rothsay in the masquerading habit he had prepared, and Ramorny, who had her to kneel. Catharine did so, evaded taking part in the pageant, in his ordinary attire.

"Thou art a precious rascal, Sir Doctor," said the Prince; "by my honour I think thou couldst find in thy heart to play out the whole play thyself, lover's part and all."

"If it were to save your Highness trouble," said the leech, with them beneath the storms his usual subdued laugh.

posed on the couch-languishing and ladylike, ha?"

"Something too fine-complexioned and soft-featured for the Lady Marjory of Douglas, if I may presume to say so," said the leech.

"Away villain, and marshal in this fair frost-piece-fear not she will complain of my effeminacyand thou, Ramorny, away also."

As the knight left the apartment by one door, the fictitious old woman ushered in Catharine Glover by another. The room had been carefully darkened to twilight, so that Catharine saw apparently female figure the stretched on the couch without the least suspicion.

"Is that the maiden?" asked Rothsay, in a voice naturally sweet, and now carefully modulated to a whispering tone-"Let her approach, Griselda, and kiss our hand."

The supposed nurse led the trembling maiden forward to the side of the couch, and signed to and kissed with much devotion and simplicity the gloved hand which the counterfeit Duchess extended to her.

"Be not afraid," said the same musical voice; "in me you only see a melancholy example of the vanity of human greatness - happy those, my child, whose rank places state."

"No, no," said Rothsay, "I'll While he spoke, he put his

arms around Catharine's neck and were it in the streets of Perth, drew her towards him, as if to where I might listen or escape as salute her in token of welcome. I listed-it is tyranny here." But the kiss was bestowed with an earnestness which so much wouldst thou fly?" said Rothsay. over-acted the part of the fair patroness, that Catharine, concluding the Duchess had lost her senses, screamed aloud.

"Peace, fool! it is I-David of Rothsav."

Catharine looked around herthe nurse was gone, and the Duke tearing off his veil, she saw herself in the power of a daring young libertine.

"Now be present with me, Heaven!" she said; "and thou wilt if I forsake not myself."

As this resolution darted through her mind, she repressed her disposition to scream, and, as far as she might, strove to conceal her fear.

"The jest hath been played," she said, with as much firmness as she could assume; "may I entreat that your Highness will now unhand me," for he still kept hold of her arm.

"Nay, my pretty captive. struggle not-why should you you the risk of such challenges." fear?"

As you are pleased to detain me, I will not, by striving, provoke you to use me ill, and give pain to yourself, when you have time to think."

held me captive for months," said to assail me with a most disthe Prince; "and wilt thou not honourable purpose. Do not shame let me hold thee for a moment?" yourself and me by putting it to

"And if I did let thee go, whither "The bridges are up-the portcullis down-and the men who follow me are strangely deaf to a peevish maiden's squalls. Be kind, therefore, and you shall know what it is to oblige a Prince."

"Unloose me, then, my lord, and hear me appeal from thyself to thyself-from Rothsay to the Prince of Scotland.-I am the daughter of an humble but honest citizen. I am, I may well-nigh say, the spouse of a brave and honest man. If I have given your Highness any encouragement for what you have done, it has been unintentional. Thus forewarned, I entreat you to forego your power over me, and suffer me to depart. Your Highness can obtain nothing from me, save by means equally unworthy of knighthood or manhood."

"You are bold, Catharine," said the Prince, "but neither as a knight nor a man can I avoid accepting a defiance. I must teach

While he spoke, he attempted "I do not struggle, my lord. to throw his arms again around her; but she eluded his grasp, and proceeded in the same tone of firm decision.

"My strength, my lord, is as great to defend myself in an "Why thou traitress, thou hast honourable strife, as yours can be "This were gallantry, my lord, the combat. You may stun me

with blows, or you may call aid with admiration. "You forget to to overpower me; but, otherwise, you will fail of your purpose."

"What a brute you would make me!" said the Prince. "The force I would use is no more than excuses women in vielding to their own weakness."

He sat down in some emotion.

"Then keep it," said Catharine, "for those women who desire such an excuse. My resistance is that of the most determined mind, which love of honour and fear of shame ever inspired. Alas! my lord, could you succeed, you would but break every bond between me and life-between your-I have been self and honour. trained fraudulently here, by what decoys I know not; but were I to go dishonoured hence, it would be to denounce the destroyer of my happiness to every quarter of Europe. I would take the palmer's staff in my hand, and wherever chivalry is honoured, or the word Scotland has been heard, I would proclaim the heir of a hundred kings, the son of the godly Robert he said; "thou art too noble-Stuart, the Heir of the heroic Bruce-a truthless, faithless man, pleasure, for which my mistake unworthy of the crown he expects, and of the spurs he wears. Every lady in wide Europe would hold your name too foul for her lipsevery worthy knight would hold the homage of the heart only you a baffled, forsworn caitiff, false to the first vow of arms, the But my hopes have been blighted, protection of woman, and the de-|Catharine-the only woman I ever fence of the feeble."

looked at her with a countenance and a wife imposed on me whom in which resentment was mingled | I must ever detest, even had she

whom you speak, maiden. Know the distinction I have offered you is one for which hundreds, whose trains you are born to bear, would feel gratitude."

"Once more, my lord," resumed Catharine, "keep these favours for those by whom they are prized; or rather reserve your time and your health for other and nobler pursuits,-for the defence of your country and the happiness of your subjects. Alas, my lord! how willingly would an exulting people receive you for their chief!-How gladly would they close around you, did you shew desire to head them against the oppression of the mighty, the violence of the lawless, the seduction of the vicious, and the tyranny of the hypocrite!"

The Duke of Rothsay, whose virtuous feelings were as easily excited as they were evanescent, was affected by the enthusiasm with which she spoke "Forgive me. if I have alarmed you, maiden," minded to be the toy of passing destined thee; and I, even were thy birth worthy of thy noble spirit and transcendent beauty, have no heart to give thee; for by should such as thou be wooed. loved has been torn from me in Rothsay resumed his seat, and the very wantonness of policy,

the loveliness and softness which the alone can render a woman amiable in my eyes. My health is fading even in early youth; and all that is left for me is to snatch such flowers as the short passage from life to the grave will now present. Look at my hectic cheek-feel. if you will, my intermitting pulse; and pity me, and excuse me, if I, whose rights as a prince and as a man have leen trampled upon and usurped, feel occasional indifference towards the rights of ference ends here. others, and indulge a selfish desire to gratify the wish of the passing moment."

"Oh, my lord!" exclaimed Catharine, with the enthusiasm which belonged to her character-"I will call you my dear lord,-for dear must the Heir of Bruce be to every child of Scotland,-let me not, I pray, hear you speak thus! Your glorious ancestor endured exile, persecution, the night of famine, and the day of unequal combat, to free his country,-do you practise the like self-denial to free yourself. Tear yourself from those who find their own way to greatness smoothed by feeding your follies. Distrust you dark Ramorny !---You know it not, I am sure-you could not know; -but the wretch who could urge the daughter to courses of shame by threatening the life of the aged father, is capable of all that is vile—all that is treacherous!"

"Did Ramorny do this?" said the Prince.

"He did indeed, my lord, and sance. he dares not deny it."

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

"It shall be looked to," answered the Duke of Rothsay. "T have ceased to love him: but he has suffered much for my sake, and I must see his services honourably requited."

"His services!-Oh, my lord, if chroniclesspeak true, such services brought Troy to ruins, and gave the infidels possession of Spain."

"Hush, maiden; speak within compass, I pray you," said the Prince, rising up. "Our con-

"Yet one word, my Lord Duke of Rothsay," said Catharine with animation, while her beautiful countenance resembled that of an admonitory angel-"I cannot tell what impels me to speak thus boldly. But the fire burns within me, and will break out. Leave this castle without an hour's delay! the air is unwholesome for you. Dismiss this Ramorny, before the day is ten minutes older! his company is most dangerous."

"What reason have you for saying this?"

"None in especial," answered Catharine, abashed at her own eagerness,---"none, perhaps; excepting my fears for your safety." "To vague fears, the Heir of Bruce must not listen.-What, ho! who waits without?"

Ramorny entered, and bowed low to the Duke and to the maiden, whom, perhaps, he considered as likely to be preferred to the post of favourite Sultana, and, therefore, entitled to a courteous obei-

"Ramorny," said the Prince,

22

"is there in the household any same honour. The conversation female of reputation, who is fit to wait on this young woman, till we can send her where she may desire to go?"

"I fear," replied Ramorny, "if it displease not your Highness to hear the truth, your household is indifferently provided in that way; and that, to speak the very verity, the glee-maiden is the most decorous amongst us."

"Let her wait upon this young person, then, since better may not be.-And take patience, maiden, for a few hours.

Catharine retired.

"So, my lord,-part you so soon from the Fair Maid of Perth? This is indeed the very wantonness of victory."

"There is neither victory nor defeat in the case," returned the Prince, dryly. "The girl loves me not; nor do I love her well enough to torment myself concerning her scruples."

"The chaste Malcolm the Maiden revived in one of his descendants!" said Ramorny.

"Favour me, sir, by a truce to your wit, or by choosing a different subject for its career. It is noon, I believe, and you will oblige me by commanding them to serve up dinner."

Rothsay thought he discovered a ready mentioned; one of whom smile upon his countenance; and seemed always to remain in the to be the subject of this man's apartment, while the others obsatire, gave him no ordinary de-served a degree cf precaution gree of pain. He summoned, how- respecting their intercourse with ever, the knight to his table, and the rest of the family, so strict even admitted Dwining to the as to maintain the belief that he

was of a lively and dissolute cast, a tone encouraged by the Prince, as if designing to counterbalance the gravity of his morals in the morning, which Ramorny, who was read in old chronicles, had the boldness to liken to the continence of Scipio.

The banquet, notwithstanding the Duke's indifferent health. was protracted in idle wantonness far beyond the rules of temperance; and, whether owing simply to the strength of the wine which he drank, or the weakness of his constitution, or, as it is probable, because the last wine which he quaffed had been adulterated by Dwining, it so happened that the Prince, towards the end of the repast, fell into a lethargic sleep, from which it seemed impossible to rouse him. Sir John Ramorny and Dwining carried him to his chamber, accepting no other assistance than that of another person, whom we will afterwards give name to.

Next morning, it was announced that the Prince was taken ill of an infectious disorder; and to prevent its spreading through the household, no one was admitted to wait on him save his late Master of Horse, the physician Ramorny left the room, but Dwining, and the domestic alwas dangerously ill of an infec-|on another occasion.- he was only tious disorder. to cease to exist.

## CHAPTER XXXII.

In winter's tedious nights, sit by the fire With good old folks; and let them tell the tales

Of woeful ages, long ago betid:

And, ere thou bid good-night, to quit their grief,

Tell thou the lamentable fall of me.

KING RICHARD II. Act 5, Scene I.

FAR different had been the fate of the misguided Heir of Scotland, from that which was publicly given out in the town of Falkland. His ambitious uncle had determined on his death, as the means of removing the first and most formidable barrier betwixt his own family and the throne. James, the younger son of the King, was a mere boy, who might at more leisure be easily set aside. Ramorny's views of aggrandisement. and the resentment which he had latterly entertained against his master, made him a willing agent in young Rothsay's destruction. Dwining's love of gold, and his native malignity of disposition, rendered him equally forward. It had been resolved, with the most calculating cruelty, that all means to move, and oppressed with fetwhich might leave behind marks of violence were to be carefully avoided, and the extinction of life suffered to take place of itself, by privation of every kind acting dream-his next brought a conupon a frail and impaired con- fused augury of the truth. He stitution. land was not to be murdered, as in frenzy, - but no assistance Ramorny had expressed himself came, and he was only answered

Rothsay's bedchamber in the Tower of Falkland was well adapted for the execution of such a horrible project. A small narrow staircase, scarce known to exist, opened from thence by a trap-door to the subterranean dungeons of the castle, through a passage by which the feudal lord was wont to visit, in private, and in disguise, the inhabitants of those miserable regions. By this staircase the villains conveyed the insensible Prince to the lowest dungeon of the castle, so deep in the bowels of the earth, that no cries or groans, it was supposed, could possibly be heard, while the strength of its door and fastenings must for a long time have defied force, even if the entrance could have been discovered. Bonthron, who had been saved from the gallows for the purpose, was the willing agent of Ramorny's unparalleled cruelty to his misled and betrayed patron.

This wretch revisited the dungeon at the time when the Prince's lethargy began to wear off, and when, awaking to sensation, he felt himself deadly cold, unable ters, which scarce permitted him to stir from the dank straw on which he was laid. His first idea was, that he was in a fearful The Prince of Scot-|called, should-yelled at length

by the vaulted roof of the dun- raw hide covering the bundle geon. The agent of Hell heard which he bore under his arm, these agonizing screams, and and, passing the light to and fro deliberately reckoned them up before it, shewed the unhappy against the taunts and reproaches Prince a bull's head recently with which Rothsay had expressed hewn from the trunk, and known his instinctive aversion to him. in Scotland as the certain signal When exhausted and hopeless, of death. He placed it at the the unhappy youth remained foot of the bed, or rather lair on silent, the savage resolved to pre- which the Prince lay-"Be mosent himself before the eyes of derate in your food," he said; "it his prisoner. The locks were is like to be long ere thou getst drawn, the chain fell; the Prince another meal." raised himself as high as his fetters permitted - a red glare, against which he was fain to shut know of this practice?" his eyes, streamed through the vault; and when he opened them again, it was on the ghastly form of one whom he had reason to think dead. He sunk back in horror. "I am judged and condemned!" he exclaimed: "and the most abhorred fiend in the infernal regions is sent to torment me!"

"I live, my lord," said Bonthron; "and that you may live and enjoy life, be pleased to sit hours, nay days of bodily agony, up and eat your victuals."

"Free me from these irons," said the Prince,-"release me from this Heaven that so great a crime dungeon,-and, dog as thou art, thou shalt be the richest man in Scotland."

weight of your shackles in gold," inmates, who seemed to be ensaid Bonthron, "I would rather gaged with the tidings of the see the iron on you than have the Prince's illness, were, however, treasure myself !- But look up- refused permission to leave the you were wont to love delicate Castle, until it should be seen fare-behold how I have catered how this alarming disease was to for you." The wretch, with terminate, and whether it was fiendish glee, unfolded a piece of actually an infectious sickness.

"Tell me but on thing, wretch," said the Prince. "Does Ramorny

"How else hadst thou been decoved hither?-Poor woodcock, thou art snared!" answered the murderer.

With these words the door shut, the bolts resounded, and the unhappy Prince was left to darkness, solitude, and misery. "Oh, my\_father!---my prophetic father! -The staff I leaned on has, indeed, proved a spear!"-We will not dwell on the subsequent and mental despair.

But it was not the pleasure of should be perpetrated with impunity.

Catharine Glover and the glee-"If you would give me the woman, neglected by the other

Forced on each other's society, avoid as much as possible the the two desolate women become gaze, and perhaps the incivility, companions, if not friends; and of the menials in the offices they the union drew somewhat closer, prepared their food in their own when Catharine discovered that apartment. In the absolutely ne-this was the same female minstrel on whose account Henry Wynd tics, Louise, more accustomed to had fallen under her displeasure. expedients, holder by habit, and She now heard his complete vin-dication, and listened with ardour lingly took on herself the trouble to the praises which Louise of getting from the pantler the heaped on her gallant protector. materials of their slender meal, On the other hand, the minstrel, and of arranging it with the dexwho felt the superiority of Catha- terity of her country. rine's station and character, willingly dwelt upon a theme which broad for this purpose upon the seemed to please her, and recorded her gratitude to the stout Smith in the little song of "Bold hope to find some sallad or potand True," which was long a favourite in Scotland.

Oh, Bold and True, In bonnet blue, That fear or falsehood never knew;

Whose heart was loyal to his word, Whose hand was faithful to his sword-Seek Europe wide from sea to sea, But bonny Blue-cap still for me! I've seen Almain's proud champions

prance-

Have seen the gallant knights of France, Unrivalled with the sword and lance-Have seen the sons of England true, Wield the brown bill, and bend the yew, Search France the fair, and England free. But bonny Blue-cap still for me!

In short, though Louise's disreputable occupation would have been in other circumstances an objection to Catharine's volun-speaking under her breath, and tarily frequenting her company, huddling her words so thick upyet, forced together as they now on each other, that Catharine were, she found her a humble and could hardly catch the sense. "I accommodating companion.

The glee-woman had been asixth day, a little before noon; and the desire of fresh air, or the herbs, or at least an early flower or two, with which to deck their board, had carried her into the small garden appertaining to the castle. She re-entered her apartment in the tower with a countenance pale as ashes, and a frame which trembled like an aspen-leaf. Her terror instantly extended itself to Catharine, who could hardly find words to ask what new misfortune had 00curred.

"Is the Duke of Rothsay dead?"

"Worse! they are starving him alive."

"Madness, woman!"

"No no, no, no!" said Louise, was seeking for flowers to dress They lived in this manner for your pottage, because you said four or five days, and, in order to you loved them yesterday—my poor little dog, thrusting himself and the meat of which it was into a thicket of yew and holly made, wrapped some thin cakes bushes that grow out of some old which she had baked, into the ruins close to the castle-wall, fold of her plaid, and, beckoning came back whining and howling. I crept forward to see what might vessel of milk, also part of their be the cause—and oh! I heard a groaning as of one in extreme pain, but so faint, that it seemed to arise out of the very depth of the earth. At length, I found it proceeded from a small rent in the wall, covered with ivy; and when I laid my ear close to the opening, I could hear the Prince's terruption. voice distinctly say,—'it cannot now last long;' and then it sunk away in something like a prayer."

"Gracious Heaven!- did vou speak to him?"

"I said, 'Is it you, my lord?" and the answer was, 'Who mocks me with that title?'-I asked him if I could help him, and he answered with a voice I shall never forget,--'Food!--1 die of famine!' So I came hither to tell you.-What is to be done?-Shall we alarm the house?"----

"Alas! that were more likely to destroy than to aid him," said Catharine.

"And what then shall we do?" said Louise.

"I know not yet," said Catharine, prompt and bold on occasions of moment, though yielding to her companion in ingenuity of resource on ordinary occasions. "I know not yet-but something we will do-the blood of Bruce shall not die unaided."

So saying, she seized the small with food and drink." cruise which contained their soup,

her companion to follow with a provisions, she hastened towards the garden.

"So. our fair vestal is stirring abroad?" said the only man she met, who was one of the menials; but Catharine passed on without notice or reply, and gained the little garden without farther in-

Louise indicated to her a heap of ruins, which, covered with underwood, was close to the castlewall. It had probably been originally a projection from the building; and the small fissure, which communicated with the dungeon, contrived for air, had terminated within it. But the aperture had been a little enlarged by decay, and admitted a dim ray of light to its recesses, although it could not be observed by those who visited the place with torch-light aids.

"Here is dead silence," said Catharine, after she had listened attentively for a moment. ---"Heaven and earth, he is gone!"

"We must risk something," said her companion, and ran her fingers over the strings of her guitar.

A sigh was the only answer from the depth of the dungeon. Catharine then ventured to speak. "I am here, my lord-I am here,

"Ha! Ramorny? - The jest

comes too late—I am dying," was the answer.

His brain is turned, and no wonder, thought Catharine; but whilst there is life, there may be hope.

<sup>a</sup>It is I, my lord, Catharine Glover—I have food if I could pass it safely to you."

"Heaven bless thee, maiden! I thought the pain was over, but it glows again within me at the name of food."

"The food is here, but how, ah how, can I pass it to you? the chink is so narrow, the wall is so thick! Yet there is a remedy—I have it.—Quick, Louise; cut me a willow bough, and the tallest you can find."

The glee-maiden obeyed, and by means of a cleft in the top of the wand, Catharine transmitted several morsels of the soft cakes, soaked in broth, which served at once for food and for drink.

The unfortunate young man ate little, and with difficulty, but prayed for a thousand blessings on the head of his comforter. "I had destined thee to be the slave of my vices," he said, "and yet thou triest to become the preserver of my life! But away, and save thyself."

"I will return with food as I shall see opportunity," said Catharine, just as the glee-maiden plucked her sleeve, and desired her to be silent and stand close.

Both crouched among the ruins, and they heard the voices of Ramorny and the mediciner in close conversation.

"He is stronger than I thought," said the former, in a low croaking tone. "How long held out Dalwolsy, when the Knight of Liddesdale prisoned him in his castle of

Hermitage?"

"For a fortnight," answered Dwining; "but he was a strong man, and had some assistance by grain which fell from a granary above his prison-house."\*

"Were it not better end the matter more speedily? The Black Douglas comes this way. He is not in Albany's secret. He will demand to see the Prince, and all *must* be over ere he comes."

They passed on in their dark and fatal conversation.

"Now gain we the tower," said Catharine to her companion, when she saw they had left the garden. "I had a plan of escape for myself —I will turn it into one of rescue for the Prince. The dey-woman enters the Castle about vesper time, and usually leaves her cloak in the passage as she goes into the pantler's office with the milk. Take thou the cloak, muffle thyself close, and pass the warder boldly; he is usually drunken at that hour, and thou wilt go, as the dey-woman, unchallenged through gate and along bridge,

\* Sir Alexander Ramsay of Dalhousie having irritated William Douglas, Lord of Galloway, by obtaining the Sheriffship of Teviotdale, which the haughty baron considered due to himself, was surprised in Hawick while exercising his office, and confined in Hermitage Castle until he died of famine in June, A. D. 1342. Godscroft mentions the circumstance of the grain dropping from the coralloft.-p. 75. if thou bear thyself with con-revening were spent in endeavourfidence. Then away to meet the Black Douglas; he is our nearest and only aid."

"But," said Louise, "is he not that terrible lord who threatened me with shame and punishment?"

"Believe it," said Catharine, "such as thou or I never dwelt an hour in the Douglas's memory, either for good or evil. Tell him that his son-in-law, the Prince of Scotland, dies-treacherously famished-in Falkland Castle, and thou wilt merit not pardon only, but reward."

"I care not for reward," said Louise; "the deed will reward itself. But, methinks, to stay is more dangerous than to go-let me stay, then, and nourish the unhappy Prince, and do you depart to bring help. If they kill me before you return, I leave you my poor lute, and pray you to be kind to my poor Charlot."

"No, Louise," replied Catharine, "you are a more privileged and experienced wanderer than I am-do you go-and if you find me dead on your return, as may well chance, give my poor father this ring, and a lock of my hair, and say, Catharine died in endeavouring to save the blood of Bruce. And give this other lock to Henry; say, Catharine thought of him to the last; and that if he has judged her too scrupulous touching the blood of others, he will then know it was not because she valued her own."

They sobbed in each other's When I at the buchting forgather'd wi' arms; and the intervening hours till

ing to devise some better mode of supplying the captive with nourishment, and in the construction of a tube, composed of hollow reeds, slipping into each other, by which liquids might be conveved to him. The bell of the village church of Falkland tolled to vespers. The dev,\* or farmwoman, entered with her pitchers, to deliver the milk for the family, and to hear and tell the news stirring. She had scarcely entered the kitchen, when the female minstrel, again throwing herself in Catharine's arms, and assuring her of her unalterable fidelity, crept in silence down stairs, the little dog under her arm. A moment after, she was seen by the breathless Catharine, wrapped in the dey-woman's cloak, and walking composedly across the drawbridge.

"So," said the warder, "you return early to-night, MayBridget? Small mirth towards in the hall— Ha, wench !- Sick times are sad times!"

"I have forgotten my tallies," said the ready-witted Frenchwoman, "and will return in the skimming of a bowie." \*\*

She went onward, avoiding the village of Falkland, and took a

\* Hence perhaps, dairy-woman and dairy.

\*\* i. e., A small milk-pail .- One of the sweetest couplets in The Gentle Shepherd is-

To bear the milk-bowie no pain was to

thee.

footpath which led through the park. Catharine breathed freely, and blessed God, when she saw her lost in the distance. It was another anxious hour for Catharine, which occurred before the escape of the fugutive was discovered. This happened so soon lately dwelt in this chamber with as the dey-girl, having taken an hour to perform a task which ten minutes might have accomplished. was about to return, and discovered hour since." that some one had taken away her gray frieze cloak. A strict search was set on foot; at length the women of the house remembered the glee-maiden, and ventured to suggest her as one not unlikely to exchange an old cloak for a new one. The warder, strictly questioned, averred, he saw the deywoman depart immediately after vespers; and on this being contradicted by the party herself, he could suggest, as the only alternative, that it must needs have been the devil.

As, however, the glee-woman could not be found, the real circumstances of the case were easily guessed at; and the steward went to inform Sir John Ramorny and Dwining, who were now scarcely ever separate, of the escape of one of their female captives. Every thing awakens the suspicions of the guilty. They looked on each other with faces of dismay, and then went together to the humble apartment of Catharine, that they might take her as much as possible by surprise, while they inquired into the facts attending there," said Catharine, "if human Louise's disappearance.

"Where is your companion, young woman?" said Ramorny in a tone of austere gravity.

"I have no companion here." answered Catharine.

"Trifle not," replied the Knight; "I mean the glee-maiden, who you."

"She is gone they tell me,"-said Catharine, "gone about an

"And whither?" said Dwining.

"How," answered Catharine, "should I know which way a professed wanderer may choose to travel? She was tired no doubt of a solitary life, so different from the scenes of feasting and dancing which her trade leads her to frequent. She is gone and the only wonder is that she should have stayed so long."

"This, then," said Ramorny, "is all you have to tell us?"

"All that I have to tell you, Sir John," answered Catharine. firmly; "and if the Prince himself inquire, I can tell him no more."

"There is little danger of his again doing you the honour to speak to you in person," said Ramorny, "even if Scotland should escape being rendered miserable by the sad event of his decease." "Is the Duke of Rothsay so very ill?" asked Catharine.

"No help, save in Heaven," answered Ramorny, looking upward.

"Then may there yet be help aid prove unavailing!"

"Amen!" said Ramorny, with left the little garden more lonely the most determined gravity; than ever. At length, the hour of while Dwining adopted a face fit noon arrived; she had taken care to echo the feeling, though it seemed to cost him a painful struggle to suppress his sneering. vet soft laugh of triumph, which was peculiarly excited by anything having a religious tendency.

"And it is men-earthly men. and not incarnate devils, who thus appeal to heaven, while they are devouring by inches the life-blood of their hapless master!" muttered Catharine, as her two baffled inquisitors left the apartment.-"Why sleeps the thunder?-But it will roll ere long, and oh! may it be to preserve as well as to punish!"

The hour of dinner alone afforded a space, when, all in the Castle being occupied with that meal, Catharine though she had the best opportunity of venturing to the breach in the wall, with the least chance of being observed. In waiting for the hour, she observed some stir in the Castle, which had been silent as the grave ever since the seclusion of partaker in it. the Duke of Rothsay. The portcullis was lowered and raised, and the creaking of the machinery was intermingled with the tramp of horse, as men-at-arms went out, and returned with steeds, hardridden and covered with foam. She observed, too, that such domestics as she casually saw from her window were in arms. All this made her heart throb high, for it augured the approach tharine, though it has suffered of rescue; and besides, the bustle the profligate to fall by his own

to provide, under pretence of her own wishes, which the pantler seemed disposed to indulge, such articles of food as could be the most easily conveyed to the unhappy captive. She whispered to intimate her presence-there was no answer-she spoke louder, still there was silence.

"He sleeps"-she muttered these words half aloud, and with a shuddering which was succeeded by a start and a scream, when a voice replied behind her.--

"Yes he sleeps—but it is for ever."

She looked round-Sir John Ramorny stood behind her in complete armour, but the visor of his helmet was up, and displayed a countenance more resembling one about to die than to fight. He spoke with a grave tone, something between that of a calm observer of an interesting event, and of one who is an agent and

"Catharine," he said, "all is true which I tell you. He is dead -you have done your best for him—you can do no more." "I will not—I cannot believe

it," said Catharine. "Heaven be merciful to me! it would make one doubt of Providence, to think so great a crime has been accomplished."

"Doubt not of Providence, Ca-

devices. Follow me—I have that "Look you. I have slain— to say which concerns you. I say murdered, if you will—my late follow" (for she hesitated), "unless you prefer being left to the The spark of life which your kindmercies of the brute Bonthron. and the mediciner Henbane Dwining."

"I will follow you," said Catharine. "You cannot do more to me than you are permitted."

He led the way into the tower, and mounted staircase after staircase, and ladder after ladder.

Catharine's resolution failed "I will follow no farther." her. she said. "Whither would you lead me?—If to my death, I can die here."

"Only to the battlements of the castle, fool," said Ramorny, throwing wide a barred door which opened upon the vaulted roof of trembling maiden; "I can neither the castle, where men were bending mangonels, as they called crime." them (military engines, that is, for throwing arrows or stones), getting ready cross-bows, and piling stones together. But the defenders did not exceed twenty in number, and Catharine thought she could observe doubt and irresolution amongst them.

"Catharine," said Ramorny, "I must not quit this station, which is necessary for my defence; but I can speak with you here as well as elsewhere."

"Say on," answered Catharine, -"I am prepared to hear you."

"You have thrust yourself, Catharine, into a bloody secret. Have I fling you headlong from these you the firmness to keep it?"

John," answered the maiden.

master, the Duke of Rothsay. ness would have fed was easily smothered. His last words called on his father. You are faintbear up-you have more to hear. You know the crime, but you know not the provocation. See! this gauntlet is empty-I lost my right hand in his cause; and when I was no longer fit to serve him, I was cast off like a worn-out hound, my loss ridiculed, and a cloister recommended, instead of the halls and palaces in which I had my natural sphere! Think on this -pity and assist me."

"In what manner can you require my assistance?" said the repair your loss, nor cancel your

"Thou canst be silent, Catharine, on what thou hast seen and heard in yonder thicket. It is but a brief oblivion I ask of you, whose word will, I know, be listened to, whether you say such things were or were not. That of your mountebank companion, the foreigner, none will hold to be of a pin-point's value. If you grant me this, I will take your promise for my security, and throw the gate open to those who now approach it. If you will not promise silence, I defend this Castle till every one perishes, and battlements. Ay, look at them-"I do not understand you, Sir it is not a leap to be rashly braved. Seven courses of stairs

brought you up hither, with fatigue and shortened breath; but you shall go from the top to the bottom in briefer time than you can breathe a sigh!—Speak the word, fair maid; for you speak to one unwilling to harm you, but determined in his purpose."

Catharine stood terrified, and without power of answering a man who seemed so desperate; but she was saved the necessity of reply, by the approach of had so long obeyed. Dwining. He spoke with the same humble conges which at all times distinguished his manner. and with his usual suppressed ironical sneer, which gave that manner the lie.

"I do you wrong, noble sir, to intrude on your valiancy when engaged with a fair damsel. But I come to ask a trifling question."

"Speak, tormentor!" said Ramorny; "ill news are sport to thee even when they affect thyself, so that they concern others also."

"Hem !-he, he !-I only desired to know if your knighthood proposed the chivalrous task of defending the Castle with your single hand-I crave pardon-I meant your single arm? The question is worth asking; for I am good for little to aid the defence, unless you could prevail on the besiegers to take physic-He, he, he!---and Bonthron is as drunk as ale and strong waters can make him-and you, he, and spread the report everywhere, I, make up the whole garrison that the Duke of Rothsay is murwho are disposed for resistance." |dered, or at death's door. The

"How!-Will the other dogs not fight?" said Ramorny.

"Never saw men who shewed less stomach to the work," answered Dwining, "never.-But here come a brace of them. --- Venit extrema dies.-He, he, he!"

Eviot and his companion Buncle now approached, with sullen resolution in their faces, like men who had made their minds up to resist that authority which they

"How now!" said Ramorny, stepping forward to meet them. "Wherefore from your posts?-Why have you left the barbican, Eviot?-And you other fellow, did I not charge you to look to the mangonels?"

"We have something to tell you, Sir John Ramorny," answered Eviot. "We will not fight in this quarrel."

"How! my own squires control me?" exclaimed Ramorny.

"We were your squires and pages, my lord, while you were master of the Duke of Rothsay's household-It is bruited about the Duke no longer lives-we desire to know the truth."

"What traitor dares spread such falsehoods?" said Ramorny.

"All who have gone out to skirt the forest, my lord, and I myself among others, bring back the same news. The minstrel woman who left the Castle yesterday has Douglas comes on us with a strong | standing than the buffaloes which force---"

"And you, cowards, take advantage of an idle report to forsake your master?" said Ramorny, indignantly.

"My lord," said Eviot, "let Buncle and myself see the Duke of Rothsay, and receive his personal orders for defence of this Castle, and if we do not fight to the death in that quarrel, I will consent to be hanged on its highest But if he be gone by turret. natural disease, we will yield up the castle to the Earl of Douglas, who is, they say, the King's Lieutenant-Or if,-which Heaven forfend!-the noble Prince has had foul play, we will not involve ourselves in the guilt of using arms in defence of the murderers, be they who they will."

"Eviot," said Ramorny, raising his mutilated arm, "had not that glove been empty, thou hadst not lived to utter two words of this insolence."

"It is as it is," answered Eviot, "and we do but our duty. I have followed you long, my lord, but here I draw bridle."

"Farewell, then, and a curse light on all of you!" exclaimed the incensed Baron. "Let my horse be brought forth!"

"Our Valiancy is about to run away," said the mediciner, who had crept close to Catharine's side before she was aware. "Catharine, thou art a superstitious fool, like most women; nevertheless he repeats by rote. Such would thou hast some mind, and I speak be a fitting counsellor to one who

are herding about us. These haughty barons who overstride the world, what are they in the day of adversity?-chaff before the wind. Let their sledge-hammer hands, or their column-resembling legs, have injury, and bah! -the men-at-arms are goneheart and courage is nothing to them, lith and limb everythinggive them animal strength, what are they better than furious bulls -take that away, and your hero of chivalry lies grovelling like the brute when he is hamstrung. Not so the Sage; while a grain of sense remains in a crushed or mutilated frame, his mind shall be strong as ever.-Catharine, this morning I was practising your death; but methinks I now rejoice that you may survive, to tell how the poor mediciner, the pillgilder, the mortar-pounder, the poison-vendor, met his fate, in company with the gallant Knight of Ramorny, Baron in possession, and Earl of Lindores in expectation.-God save his lordship!"

"Old man," said Catharine. "if thou be indeed so near the day of thy deserved doom, other thoughts were far wholesomer than the vain-glorious ravings of a vain philosophy.--Ask to see a holv man-

"Yes," said Dwining scornfully, "refer myself to a greasy monk, who does not-he! he! he! -understand the barbarous Latin to thee as one of more under-has studied both in Spain and

Arabia! No, Catharine, I will skilful hand; but thy pride has choose a confessor that is pleasant poisoned all these fair gifts, and to look upon, and you shall be made an ungodly Atheist of one honoured with the office.-Now, who might have been a Christian look yonder at his Valiancy,-his sage!" eyebrow drops with moisture, his lip trembles with agony; for his swered Dwining; "perhaps I have Valiancy—he! he! he!—is plead- doubts on that matter—but they ing for his life with his late do- will be soon solved. Yonder mestics, and has not eloquence comes one who will send me, as enough to persuade them to let he has done thousands, to the him slip. See how the fibres of place where all mysteries shall be his face work as he implores the cleared." ungrateful brutes, whom he has heaped with obligations, to per-ciner's eye up one of the forest mit him to get such a start for his glades, and beheld it occupied by life as the hare has from the greyhounds when men course her full gallop. In the midst was a fairly. Look also at the sullen, pennon displayed, which, though downcast, dogged faces with its bearings were not visible to which, fluctuating between fear Catharine, was, by a murmur and shame, the domestic traitors deny their lord this poor chance for his life. These things thought themselves the superior of a man like me! and you foolish wench, think so meanly of your Deity, as where after a loud flourish, he to suppose wretches like them are the work of Omnipotence!"

Catharine, warmly; "the God I worship created these men with the attributes to know and adore Majesty; commanding, at the him, to guard and defend their fellow-creatures, to practise holiness and virtue. Their own vices, and the temptations of the Evil One, have made them such as they now are. Oh, take the lesson home to thine own heart of undecided. "Will adamant! Heaven made thee orders to render the Castle, or wiser than thy fellows, gave thee must I----" eves to look into the secrets of nature, a sagacious heart, and a Knight, "to the last I will com-

"Atheist, sayest thou?" an-

Catharine followed the media body of horsemen advancing at around, acknowledged as that of the Black Douglas. They halted within arrow-shot of the Castle, and a herald with two trumpets advanced up to the main portal, demanded admittance for the high and dreaded Archibald Earl "No! man of evil, no!" said of Douglas, Lord Lieutenant of the King, and acting for the time with the plenary authority of his same time, that the inmates of the Castle should lay down their arms, all under penalty of high treason.

"You hear?" said Eviot to Ramorny, who stood sullen and give vou

"No, villain!" interrupted the

mand you. Open the gates, drop "No other saw him, my lord," the bridge, and render the Castle said Eviot, "though I offered my to the Douglas."

"Now. that's what may be called a gallant exertion of free-apartment, and bring the prisoners will," said Dwining. "Just as if with us.-Also, there should be a the pieces of brass, that were female in the Castle, if she hath screaming a minute since, should pretend to call those notes their own, which are breathed through them by a frowsy trumpeter."

"Wretched man!" said Catharine, "either be silent, or turn thy thoughts to the eternity, on the brink of which thou art standing."

"And what is that to thee?" answered Dwining. "Thou canst not, wench, help hearing what I say to thee, and thou wilt tell it again, for thy sex cannot help that either. Perth and all Scotland shall know, what a man they have lost in Henbane Dwining!"

The clash of armour now announced that the new comers had dismounted and entered the Castle, and were in the act of disarming the small garrison. Earl Douglas himself appeared on the battlements, with a few of his followers, and signed to them to take Ramorny and Dwining into custody. Others dragged from some nook the stupified Bonthron.

"It was to these three that the custody of the Prince was solely committed, during his alleged illness?" said the Douglas, prosecuting an inquiry which he had commenced in the hall of the been to arrange the dead body, Castle.

services."

"Conduct us to the Duke's not been murdered or spirited away,--the companion of the glee-maiden who brought the first alarm."

"She is here, my lord," said Eviot, bringing Catharine forward.

Her beauty, and her agitation, made some impression even upon the impassable Earl.

"Fear nothing, maiden," he said; "thou hast deserved both praise and reward. Tell to me, as thou wouldst confess to Heaven. the things thou hast witnessed in this Castle?"

Few words served Catharine to unfold the dreadful story.

"It agrees," said the Douglas, "with the tale of the glee-maiden, from point to point.-Now shew us the Prince's apartment."

They passed to the room which the unhappy Duke of Rothsay had been supposed to inhabit; but the key was not to be found, and the Earl could only obtain entrance by forcing the door. On entering, the wasted and squalid remains of the unhappy Prince were discovered, flung on the bed as if in haste. The intention of the murderers had apparently so as to resemble a timely parted

corpse, but they had been discon- the keys of which were found at certed by the alarm occasioned by the subaltern assassin's belt,---the the escape of Louise. Douglas looked on the body of the misguided youth, whose wild passions and caprices had brought him to this fatal and premature catastrophe-

"I had wrongs to be redressed," he said: "but to see such a sight as this banishes all remembrance of injury!"

"He! he!-It should have been arranged," said Dwining, "more to your omnipotence's pleasure; but you came suddenly on us, and hasty masters make slovenly service."

Douglas seemed not to hear what his prisoner said, so closely did he examine the wan and wasted features, and stiffened limbs, of the dead body before him. Catharine, overcome by sickness and fainting, at length obtained permission to retire from the dreadful scene, and, through confusion of every description, found her way to her former apartment, where she was locked in the arms of Louise, who had returned in the interval.

The investigations of Douglas proceeded. The dying hand of the Prince was found to be clenched upon a lock of hair, resembling, in colour and texture, the coal-black bristles of Bonthron. Thus, though famine had begun the work, it would seem that Rothsay's death had been finally accomplished by violence. The private stair to the dungeon,

situation of the vault, its communication with the external air by the fissure in the walls, and the wretched lair of straw, with the fetters which remained there, ---fully confirmed the story of Catharine and of the glee-woman.

"We will not hesitate an instant," said the Douglas to his near kinsman, the Lord Balveny, as soon as they returned from the dungeon. "Away with the murderers! hang them over the battlements."

"But, my lord, some trial may be fitting," answered Balveny.

"To what purpose?" answered Douglas. "I have taken them red-hand;\* my authority will stretch to instant execution. Yet stav-have we not some Jedwood men in our troop?"

"Plenty of Turnbulls, Rutherfords, Ainslies, and so forth," said Balveny.

"Call me an inquest of these together; they are all good men and true, saving a little shifting for their living. Do you see to the execution of these felons, while I hold a court in the great hall, and we'll try whether the jury or the Provost Marshal do their work first; we will have Jedwood justice,-hang in haste, and try at leisure."

"Yet stay, my lord," said Ramorny, "you may rue your

\* Note S. Red-hand.

haste-Will you grant me a word | dividual she had always known out of ear-shot?"

"Not for worlds!" said Douglas; "speak out what thou hast to say before all that are here present."

"Know all, then," said Ramorny, aloud, "that this noble Earl had letters from the Duke of Albany and myself, sent him by the hand of yon cowardly deserter, Buncle-let him deny it it he dare,-counselling the removal of the Duke for a space from court, and his seclusion in this Castle of Falkland."

"But not a word," replied Douglas, sternly smiling, "of his being flung into a dungeonfamished-strangled.-Away with the wretches, Balveny, they pollute God's air too long.

The prisoners were dragged off to the battlements. But while the means of execution were in the act of being prepared, the apothecary expressed so ardent a desire to see Catharine once more, and, as he said, for the good of his soul, that the maiden, in hopes his obduracy might have undergone some change even at the last hour, consented again to go to the battlements, and face a scene which her heart recoiled from. A single glance shewed her Bonthron, sunk in total and drunken insensibility; Ramorny, stripped of his armour, endeavouring in vain to conceal fear, while he spoke with a priest, whose good offices he had solicited; and Dwining, the same humble, obsequious-looking, crouching in-thing resembling sorcery.

him. He held in his hand a little silver pen, with which he had been writing on a scrap of parchment.

"Catharine," he said,-"he, he he!-I wish to speak to thee on the nature of my religious faith."

"If such be thy intention, why lose time with me?-Speak with this good father."

"The good father," said Dwining, "is he, he!-already a worshipper of the Deity whom I have served. I therefore prefer to give the altar of mine idol a new worshipper in thee, Catha-This scrap of parchment rine. will tell thee how to make your way into my chapel, where I have worshipped so often in safety. Ι leave the images which it contains to thee as a legacy, simply because I hate and contemn thee something less than any of the absurd wretches whom I have hitherto been obliged to call fellow-creatures. And now away! -or remain and see if the end of the quacksalver belies his life."

"Our Lady forbid!" said Catharine.

"Nay," said the mediciner, "I have but a single word to say, and yonder nobleman's valiancy may hear it if he will."

Lord Balveny approached, with some curiosity; for the undaunted resolution of a man who never wielded sword or bore armour, and was in person a poor dwindled dwarf, had to him an air of some-

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

ment," said the criminal, showing the noose. the silver pen. "By means of this I can escape the power even of the Black Douglas."

"Give him no ink nor paper," said Balveny, hastily, "he will draw a spell.

"Not so, please your wisdom and valiancy,-he, he, he!"-said Dwining, with his usual chuckle, as he unscrewed the top of the pen, within which was a piece of sponge, or some such substance, no bigger than a pea. "Now mark this"-----said the prisoner, and drew it between his lips. The effect was instantaneous. He lay a dead corpse before them, the contemptuous sneer still on his countenance.

Catharine shrieked and fled, seeking by a hasty descent, an escape from a sight so appalling. Lord Balveny was for a moment stupified, and then exclaimed, "This may be glamour! hang treason-ay or no?" him over the battlements, quick or dead. If his foul spirit hath only withdrawn for a space, it shall return to a body with a dislocated neck."

Ramorny and Bonthron were then and let each man keep silence on ordered for execution. The last what has chanced here, until the was hanged before he seemed proceedings shall be laid before quite to comprehend what was the King, which cannot condesigned to be done with him. veniently be till the battle of Ramorny, pale as death, yet with Palm Sunday shall be fought and the same spirit of pride which ended. Select our attendants, and had occasioned his ruin, pleaded tell each man who either goes his knighthood, and demanded with us or remains behind, that the privilege of dying by decapi- he who prates dies."

"You see this triffing imple-|tation of the sword, and not by

"The Douglas never alters his doom," said Balveny. "But thou shalt have all thy rights -- Send the cook hither with a cleaver." The menial whom he called appeared at his summons. "What shakest thou for, fellow?" said Balveny; "here, strike me this man's gilt spurs from his heels with thy cleaver-And now, John Ramorny, thou art no longer a knight, but a knave-To the halter with him provost-marshal! hang him betwixt his companions, and higher than them if it may be."

In a quarter of an hour afterwards, Balveny descended to tell the Douglas that the criminals were executed.

"Then there is no further use in the trial," said the Earl. "How say you, good men of inquest, were these men guilty of high-

"Guilty," exclaimed the obsequious inquest, with edifving unanimity, "we need no farther evidence.

"Sound trumpets, and to horse His commands were obeyed. then, with our own train only;

was on horseback, with the followers selected to attend his person. Expresses were sent to his daughter, the widowed Duchess of Rothsay, directing her to take her course to Perth, by the shores of Lochleven, without approaching Falkland, and committing to her charge Catharine Glover and the glee-woman, as persons whose safety he tendered.

As they rode through the forest, they looked back, and beheld the three bodies hanging, like specks darkening the walls of the old castle.

"The hand is punished," said Douglas; "but who shall arraign the head by whose direction the act was done!"

"You mean the Duke of Albany?" said Balveny.

"I do, kinsman; and were I to listen to the dictates of my heart, I would charge him with the deed, which I am certain he has authorized. But there is no proof of it beyond strong suspicion, he received only the astounding and Albany has attached to himself the numerous friends of the House of Stuart, to whom, indeed, the imbecility of the King, himself carefully muffled from and the ill-regulated habits of observation. To this, Dorothy, Rothsay, left no other choice of a whose talents for forestalling evil, leader. break the band which I have so it, are known to the reader, chose lately formed with Albany, the to add, that she had no doubt her consequence must be civil war, master and young mistress were an event ruinous to poor Scot-bound for the Highlands, to avoid land, while threatened by in- a visit which had been made since vasion from the activity of the their departure, by two or three Percy, backed by the treachery apparitors, who, in the name of

In a few minutes the Douglas of March. No, Balveny-the punishment of Albany must rest with Heaven, which, in its own good time, will execute judgment on him and on his house."

## CHAPTER XXXIII.

The hour is nigh: now hearts beat high; Each sword is sharpen'd well:

And who dares die, who stoops to fly, To-morrow's light shall tell.

SIR EDWALD.

We are now to recall to our reader's recollection, that Simon Glover and his fair daughter had been hurried from their residence without having time to announce to Henry Smith, either their departure or the alarming cause of

When, therefore, the lover it. appeared in Curfew Street, on the morning of their flight, instead of the hearty welcome of the honest burgher, and the April reception, half joy, half censure, which he had been promised on the part of his lovely daughter, intelligence, that her father and she had set off early, on the summons of a stranger, who had kept Were 1, therefore, to and communicating her views of

a Commission appointed by the Catharine being within the ab-King, had searched the house, solute power of young Conachar, put seals upon such places as whose rivalry he could not doubt, were supposed to contain papers, and left citations for father and of urging his suit. What if the daughter to appear before the young Chief should make the Court of Commission on a day safety of the father depend on certain, under pain of outlawry. the favour of the daughter? He All these alarming particulars distrusted not Catharine's affec-Dorothy took care to state in the tions; but then her mode of thinkgloomiest colours, and the only ing was so disinterested, and her consolation which she afforded attachment to her father so tender, the alarmed lover was, that her that, if the love she bore her suitor master had charged her to tell was weighed against his security, him to reside quietly at Perth, or perhaps his life, it was matter and that he should soon hear news of deep and awful doubt, whether of them. This checked the Smith's it might not be found light in the first resolve, which was to follow balance. Tormented by thoughts them instantly to the Highlands, on which we need not dwell, he and partake the fate which they resolved nevertheless to remain at might encounter.

repeated feuds with divers of the Clan Quhele, and particularly his personal quarrel with Conachar. who was now raised to be a high chief, he could not but think, on forgotten his promise to comreflection, that his intrusion on their place of retirement was more likely to disturb the safety bustle occasioned by the movewhich they might otherwise enjoy ment of troops, he could not him-there, than be of any service to self convey the intelligence. He them. He was well acquainted therefore intrusted to his agent, with Simon's habitual intimacy Kitt Henshaw, the task of making with the Chief of the Clan Quhele, it known. But this worthy perand justly augured that the Glover son, as the reader knows, was in would obtain protection, which the interest of Ramorny, whose his own arrival might be likely business it was to conceal from to disturb, while his personal every one, but especially from a prowess could little avail him in lover so active and daring as a quarrel with a whole tribe of Henry, the real place of Cathavindictive mountaineers. At the rine's residence. Henshaw theresame time his heart throbbed with fore announced to the anxious indignation, when he thought of Smith, that his friend the Glover

and who had now so many means home, stifle his anxiety as he But when he recollected his might, and await the promised intelligence from the old man. It came, but it did not relieve his concern.

Sir Patrick Charteris had not municate to the Smith the plans of the fugitives. But amid the

was secure in the Highlands; and |ments for the ensuing combat, bethough he affected to be more reserved on the subject of Catharine, he said little to contradict the belief, that she as well as Simon shared the protection of the Clan Quhele. But he reiterated. in the name of Sir Patrick, assurances that father and daughter were both well, and that Henry would best consult his own interest and their safety, by remaining quiet, and waiting the course of events.

With an agonized heart, therefore, Henry Gow determined to remain quiet till he had more certain intelligence, and employed himself in finishing a shirt of mail. which he intended should be the best tempered, and the most finely polished, that his skilful hands had ever executed. This exercise of his craft pleased him better than any other occupation which he could have adopted, and served as an apology for secluding himself in his workshop, and shunning society, where the idle reports which were daily circulated, served only to perplex and disturb him. He resolved to trust in the warm regard of Simon, the faith of his daughter, and the friendship of the Provost, who, having so highly commended his valour in the combat with Bonthron, would never, he thought, desert him at this extremity of his fortunes. Time, however, passed on day by day; and it was not till Palm Sunday was near approaching, that Sir come. Thou mayst have heard Patrick Charteris, having entered that Gilchrist Maclan is dead, the city to make some arrange-|and that his son Eachin, who was

thought himself of making a visit to the Smith of the Wynd.

He entered his workshop with an air of sympathy unusual to him, and which made Henry instantly augur that he brought bad news. The Smith caught the alarm, and the uplifted hammer was arrested in its descent upon the heated iron, while the agitated arm that wielded it, strong before as that of a giant, became so powerless, that it was with difficulty Henry was able to place the weapon on the ground, instead of dropping it from his hand.

"My poor Henry," said Sir Patrick, "I bring you but cold news-they are uncertain, however; and, if true, they are such as a brave man like you should not take too deeply to heart."

"In God's name, my lord," said Henry, "I trust you bring no evil news of Simon Glover or his daughter?"

"Touching themselves," said Sir Patrick, "no; they are safe and well. But as to thee, Henry, my tidings are more cold. Kitt Henshaw has, I think, apprized thee that I had endeavoured to provide Catharine Glover with a safe protection in the house of an honourable lady, the Duchess of Rothsay. But she hath declined the charge; and Catharine hath been sent to her father in the Highlands. What is worst is to

known in Perth as the apprentice of old Simon, by the name of Conachar, is now the Chief of Clan Quhele; and I heard from one of my domestics, that there is a strong rumour among the MacIans, that the young Chief seeks the hand of Catharine in marriage. Mv domestic learned this (as a secret. however), while in the Breadalbane country, on some arrangements touching the ensuing combat. The thing is uncertain; but, Henry, it wears a face of likelihood."

"Did your lordship's servant see Simon Glover and his daughter?" said Henry, struggling for breath, and coughing, to conceal from the Provost the excess of his agitation.

"He did not," said Sir Patrick; "the Highlanders seemed jealous, and refused to permit him to speak to the old man, and he feared to alarm them by asking to see Catharine. Besides, he talks no Gaelic, nor had his informer much English, so there may be some mistake in the matter. Nevertheless there is such a report, and 1 thought it best to tell it you. But you may be well assured, that the wedding cannot go on till the affair of Palm Sunday be over; and I advise you to take no step till we learn the circumstances of the matter, for certainty is most desirable, even when it is painful.---Go you to the Council-House," he added, after a pause, "to speak of. about the preparations for the lists hundred feet deep the precipice in the North Inch? You will be descends, but you may form a welcome there."

"No, my good lord."

"Well, Smith, I judge by your brief answer, that you are discomposed with this matter; but after all, women are weathercocks, that is the truth on't. Solomon and others have proved it before you."

And so Sir Patrick Charteris retired, fully convinced he had discharged the office of a comforter in the most satisfactory manner.

With very different impressions did the unfortunate lover regard the tidings, and listen to the consoling commentary.

"The Provost," he said bitterly to himself, "is an excellent man; marry, he holds his knighthood so high, that if he speaks nonsense, a poor man must hold it sense, as he must praise dead ale if it be handed to him in his lordship's silver flagon. How would all this sound in another situation? Suppose I were rolling down the steep descent of the Corrichie Dhu, and before I came to the edge of the rock, comes my Lord Provost, and cries, 'Henry, there is a deep precipice, and I grieve to say you are in a fair way of rolling over But be not downcast, for it. Heaven may send a stone or a bush to stop your progress. However, I thought it would be comfort to you to know the worst, which you will be presently aware I do not know how many judgment when you are at the

bottom, for certainty is certainty. was one of those personal guards And hark ye, when come you to of young Eachin, upon whose extake a game at bowls?' And this ertions in the future battle so gossip is to serve instead of any much reliance was placed by those friendly attempt to save the poor of their clan. wight's neck! When I think of this I could go mad, seize my hammer, and break and destroy all around me. But I will be calm: and if this Highland kite, who calls himself a falcon, should stoop at my turtle-dove, he shall know whether a burgess of Perth can draw a bow or not."

It was now the Thursday before the fated Palm Sunday, and the champions on either side were expected to arrive the next day, that they might have the interval of Saturday to rest, refresh themselves, and prepare for the combat. Two or three of each of the contending parties were detached to receive directions about the encampment of their little band, and such other instructions as might be necessary to the proper ordering of the field. Henry was not, therefore, surprised at seeing a tall and powerful Highlander peering anxiously about the wynd in which he lived, in the manner in which the natives of a wild country examine the curiosities of one that is more civilized. The Smith's heart rose against the man, on account of his country, to which our Perth burgher bore a natural prejudice, and more especially as he observed the individual wear the plaid peculiar to the Clan Quhele. The sprig of oak-leaves, worked in silk, in-

Having observed so much, Henry withdrew into his smithy, for the sight of the man raised his passion; and knowing that the Highlander came plighted to a solemn combat, and could not be the subject of any inferior quarrel, he was resolved at least to avoid friendly intercourse with him. In a few minutes, however, the door of the smithy flew open, and, fluttering in his tartans, which greatly magnified his actual size, the Gael entered with the haughty step of a man conscious of a personal dignity superior to anything which he is likely to meet with. He stood looking around him, and seemed to expect to be received with courtesy, and regarded with wonder. But Henry had no sort of inclination to indulge his vanity, and kept hammering away at a breastplate, which was lying upon his anvil, as if he were not aware of his visiter's presence.

"You are the Gow Chrom?" (the bandy-legged smith), said the Highlander.

"Those that wish to be crookbacked call me so," answered Henry.

"No offence meant," said the Highlander; "but her own self comes to buy an armour."

"Her own self's bare shanks timated also that the individual may trot hence with her," answered Henry,-"I have none to haughtily. "Her own self cannot sell."

"If it was not within two days of Palm Sunday, herself would make you sing another song," retorted the Gael.

"And being the day it is," said Henry, with the same contemptuous indifference, "I pray you to stand out of my light."

her own self is fir nan ord\* too; and she knows the smith is fiery when the iron is hot."

"If her nainsell be hammer-man hersell, her nainsell may make her nain harness," replied Henry. had been lately employed.

"And so her nainsell would, and never fash you for the matter; but it is said, Gow Chrom, that you sing and whistle tunes over the swords and harnishes that you work, that have power to make the blades cut steel links as if they were paper, and the plait and mail turn back steel lances as if they were boddle prins?"

"They tell your ignorance any nonsense that Christian men refuse to believe," said Henry. "I whistle at my work whatever comes uppermost, like an honest craftsman, and commonly it is the Highlandman's 'Och hone for Houghmanstares!'\*\* My hammer goes naturally to that tune."

"Friend, it is but idle to spur a horse when his legs are hamshackled," said the Highlander,

\*\* Note T. Ploughman Stares.

fight even now, and there is little gallantry in taunting her thus."

"Bv nails and hammer, you are right there," said the Smith, altering his tone. "But speak out at once, friend, what is it thou wouldst have of me? I am in no humour for dallying."

"A hauberk for her Chief, "You are an uncivil person; but Eachin MacIan," said the Highlander.

> "You are a hammerman, you say? Are you a judge of this?" said our Smith, producing from a chest the mail shirt on which he

> The Gael handled it with a degree of admiration which had something of envy in it. He looked curiously at every part of its texture, and at length declared it the very best piece of armour that he had ever seen.

> "A hundred cows and bullocks. and a good drift of sheep, would be e'en ower cheap an offer," said the Highlandman, by way of tentative; "but her nainsell will never bid thee less, come by them how she can."

> "It is a fair proffer," replied Henry; "but gold nor gear will never buy that harness. I want to try my own sword on my own armour; and I will not give that mail-coat to any one but who will face me for the best of three blows and a thrust in the fair field; and it is your Chief's upon these terms."

"Hut, prut, man-take a drink

<sup>\*</sup> i. e., A man of the hammer.

and go to bed," said the High-|with an air of triumph to Henry, lander in great scorn. "Are ye who again smiled in reply. mad? Think ye the Captain of the Clan Quhele will be brawling and battling with a bit Perth burgess body like you? Whisht man and hearken. Her nainsell will do ye mair credit than ever belonged to your kin. She will fight you for the fair harness hersell."

"She must first show that she is my match," said Henry, with a grim smile.

"How! I, one of Eachin Mac-Ian's Leichtach, and not your match!"

"You may try me, if you will. You say you are a fir nan ord-Do you know how to cast a sledgehammer?"

"Ay, truly—ask the eagle if he can fly over Ferragon."

"But before you strive with me,| you must first try a cast with one of my Leichtach.-Here, Dunter, stand forth for the honour of Perth !-- And now, Highlandman, there stands a row of hammerschoose which you will, and let us to the garden."

The Highlander, whose name was Norman nan Ord, or Norman of the Hammer, shewed his title to the epithet by selecting, the largest hammer of the set, at which Henry smiled. Dunter, the stout journeyman of the Smith, made what was called a prodigious cast; but the Highlander, making a desperate effort, threw beyond the sport already," he replied.

"Will you mend that?" said the Gael, offering our Smith the hammer.

"Not with that child's toy," said Henry, "which has scarce weight to fly against the wind.-Janniken, fetch me Samson; or one of you help the boy, for Samson is somewhat ponderous."

The hammer now produced was half as heavy again as that which the Highlander had selected as one of unusual weight. Norman stood astonished; but he was still more so when Henry, taking his position, swung the ponderous implement far behind his right haunch joint, and dismissed it from his hand as if it had flown from a warlike engine. The air groaned and whistled as the mass flew through it. Down at length it came, and the iron head sunk a foot into the earth, a full yard beyond the cast of Norman.

The Highlander, defeated and mortified, went to the spot where the weapon lay, lifted it, poised it in his hand with great wonder, and examined it closely, as if he expected to discover more in it He at than a common hammer. length returned it to the owner with a melancholy smile, shrugging his shoulders and shaking his head, as the Smith asked him whether he would not mend his cast.

"Norman has lost too much at it by two or three feet, and looked |"She has lost her own name of

the Hammerer. But does her ownself, the Gow Chrom, work at said Henry, "after the fight on the anvil with that horse's load of Sunday?" iron?"

"You shall see, brother," said Henry, leading the way to the smithy. "Dunter," he said, "rax me that bar from the furnace;" and uplifting Samson, as he called the monstrous hammer, he plied the metal with a hundred strokes from right to left-now with the right hand, now with the left, now with both, with so much strength at once and dexterity, that he worked off a small but beautifully proportioned horseshoe in half the time that an ordinary smith would have taken for the same purpose, using a more manageable implement.

"Oigh, oigh!" said the Highlander, and what for would you be fighting with our young Chief, who is far above your standard, though you were the best smith ever wrought with wind and fire?"

"Hark you!" said Henry-"You seem a good fellow, and I'll tell you the truth. Your master has wronged me, and I give him this harness freely for the chance of fighting him myself."

he must meet you," said the life- Catharine be his who can win her guardsman. "To do a man wrong fairly. But much I dread the takes the eagle's feather out of the youth will find some evasion, un-Chief's bonnet; and were he the less he have such luck on Palm first in the Highlands, and to be Sunday as may induce him to try sure so is Eachin, he must fight another combat. That is some the man he has wronged, or else hope, however; for I have often,

"Will you move him to this,"

"Oh, her nainsell will do her best, if the hawks have not got her nainsell's bones to pick; for you must know, brother, that Clan Chattan's claws pierce rather deep."

"The armour is your Chief's on that condition," said Henry; "but I will disgrace him before King and Court if he does not pay me the price."

"Deil a fear, deil a fear; I will bring him into the barrace myself," said Norman, "assuredly."

"You will do me a pleasure," replied Henry; "and that you may remember your promise, I will bestow on you this dirk. Look-If you hold it truly, and can strike between the mail-hood and the collar of your enemy, the surgeon will be needless."

The Highlander was lavish in his expressions of gratitude, and took his leave.

"I have given him the best mail harness I ever wrought," said the Smith to himself, rather repenting his liberality, "for the poor chance that he will bring his Chief into a "Nay, if he hath wronged you, fair field with me; and then let a rose falls from his chaplet." ere now, seen a raw young fellow shoot up after his first fight, from of which existed betwixt the a dwarf into a giant-queller."

Thus, with little hope, but with the most determined resolution. Henry Smith awaited the time that should decide his fate. What made him augur the worst, was the silence both of the Glover and of his daughter. They are ashamed, he said, to confess the truth to me, and therefore they are silent.

Upon the Friday at noon, the two bands of thirty men each, representing the contending Clans, arrived at the several points where they were to halt for refreshments.

The Clan Quhele was entertained hospitably at the rich Abbey of Scone, while the Provost regaled their rivals at his Castle of Kinfauns; the utmost care being taken to treat both parties with the most punctilious attention, and to afford neither an opportunity of complaining of partiality. All points of etiquette were, in the meanwhile, discussed and settled by the Lord High Constable Errol, and the young Earl of Crawford, the former acting on the part of the Clan Chattan, and the latter patronising the Clan Quhele. Messengers were passing continually from the one Earl to the other, and they held more than six meetings within thirty hours, before the ceremonial of the field could be exactly arranged.

of ancient quarrels, many seeds of Jove, yet silent, attentive, and

burghers and their mountain neighbours, a proclamation commanded the citizens not to approach within half a mile of the place where the Highlanders were quartered; while on their part the intended combatants were prohibited from approaching Perth without special license. Troops were stationed to enforce this order, who did their charge so scrupulously, as to prevent Simon Glover himself, burgess and citizen of Perth, from approaching the town, because he owned having come thither at the same time with the champions of Eachin MacIan, and wore a plaid around him of their check or pattern. This interruption prevented Simon from seeking out Henry Wynd, and possessing him with a true knowledge of all that had happened since their separation, which intercourse, had it taken place, must have materially altered the catastrophe of our narrative.

On Saturday afternoon another arrival took place, which interested the city almost as much as the preparations for the expected combat. This was the approach of the Earl Douglas, who rode through the town with a troop of only thirty horse, but all of whom were knights and gentlemen of the first consequence. Men's eyes followed this dreaded peer as they pursue the flight of an eagle through the clouds, un-Meanwhile, in case of revival able to ken the course of the bird

as earnest in observing him, as if they could guess the object for lord?" said Albany. which he sweeps through the firmament. He rode slowly through the city, and passed out at the northern gate. He next alighted at the Dominican Convent, and desired to see the Duke of Albany. The Earl was introduced instantly, and received by the Duke with a manner which was meant to be graceful and conciliatory, but which could not conceal both art and inquietude. When the first greetings were over, the Earl said with great gravity, "I bring you melancholy news. Your Grace's royal nephew, the Duke of Rothsay is no more, and I fear hath perished by some foul practices."

"Practices!" said the Duke in confusion, "what practices ?---who dared practise on the heir of the Scottish throne?"

"Tis not for me to state how these doubts arise," said Douglas -"but men say the eagle was killed with an arrow fledged from his own wing, and the oak trunk rent by a wedge of the same wood."

"Earl of Douglas," said the Duke of Albany, "I am no reader of riddles."

"Nor am I a propounder of them," said Douglas, haughtily. "Your Grace will find particulars in these papers worthy of perusal. I will go for half an hour to the cloister garden,\* and then rejoin you."

"You go not to the King, my

"No," answered Douglas; "I trust your Grace will agree with me that we should conceal this great family misfortune from our Sovereign till the business of tomorrow be decided."

"I willingly agree," said Albany. "If the King heard of this loss, he could not witness the combat; and if he appear not in person, these men are likely to refuse to fight, and the whole work is cast loose. But I pray you sit down, my lord, while I read these papers respecting melancholy poor Rothsay.

He passed the papers through his hands, turning some over with a hasty glance, and dwelling on others as if their contents had been of the last importance. When he had spent nearly a quarter of an hour in this manner, he raised his eyes and said very gravely, "My lord, in these most melancholy documents, it is yet a comfort to see nothing which can renew the divisions in the King's councils, which were settled by the last solemn agreement between your lordship and myself. My unhappy nephew was by that agreement to be set aside, until Time should send him a graver judgment. He is now removed by Fate, and our purpose in that matter is anticipated and rendered unnecessary."

"If your Grace," replied the \* Note U. Gardens of the Dominican Earl, "sees nothing to disturb the

Convent.

good understanding which the "For my part, my conscience ac-tranquility and safety of Scotland quits me." require should exist between us. I am not so ill a friend of my country as to look closely for such."

"I understand you, my Lord of Douglas," said Albany, eagerly. "You hastily judged that I should be offended with your lordship for exercising your powers of Lieutenancy, and punishing the detestable murderers within my territory of Falkland. Credit me, on the contrary, I am obliged to your lordship for taking out of my hands the punishment of these wretches, as it would have broken my heart even to have looked on The Scottish Parliament them. will inquire, doubtless, into this sacrilegious deed; and happy am I that the avenging sword has been in the hand of a man so important as your lordship. Our communication together, as your lordship must well recollect, bore only concerning a proposed restraint of my unfortunate nephew, until the advance of a year or two had taught him discretion?"

"Such was certainly your Grace's purpose, as expressed to me," said the Earl; "I can safely avouch it."

"Why, then, noble Earl, we cannot be censured, because villains, for their own revengeful ends, appear to have engrafted a bloody termination on our honest purpose?"

"The Parliament will judge it after their wisdom," said Douglas.

"And mine assoilzies me," said the Duke with solemnity. "Now, my lord, touching the custody of the boy James," who succeeds to his father's claims of inheritance?"

"The King must decide it," said Douglas, impatient of the "I will consent to conference. his residence anywhere save at Stirling, Doune or Falkland."

With that he left the apartment abruptly.

"He is gone," muttered the crafty Albany, "and he must be my ally-yet feels himself disposed to be my mortal foe. No matter-Rothsay sleeps with his fathers-James may follow in time, and then-a crown is the recompense of my perplexities.

\* Second son of Robert III., brother of the unfortunate Duke of Rothsay, and afterwards King James I. of Scotland.

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## CHAPTER XXXIV.

Faucht in Barreris. At Sanct Johnstoun on a day Besyde the Black Freris. WYNTOUN.

PALM SUNDAY now dawned.  $\mathbf{At}$ an earlier period of the Christian Church, the use of any of the days of Passion Week for the purpose taken, that, during this march, of combat, would have been accounted a profanity worthy of ex-The Church of communication. Rome, to her infinite honour, had decided, that during the holy season of Easter, when the redemotion of man from his fallen state was accomplished, the sword of war should be sheathed, and angry monarchs should respect to see the unusual procession on the season termed the Truce of God. The ferocious violence of the latter wars betwixt Scotland and England had destroyed all observance of this decent and religious ordinance. Very often the most solemn occasions were chosen by one party for an attack, because they hoped to find the other engaged in religious duties, and unprovided for defence. Thus the truce, once considered as proper to the season, had been discontinued; and it became not unusual even to select the sacred festivals of the church for decision of the trial by combat, to which this intended contest bore a considerable resemblance.

On the present occasion, however, the duties of the day were observed with the usual solemnity. and the combatants themselves took share in them. Bearing branches of yew in their hands, as the readiest substitute for palm boughs, they marched respectively to the Dominican and Carthusian convents, to hear High Mass, and, by a show at least of devotion, to prepare themselves for the bloody strife of the day. Great care had of course been they should not even come within the sound of each other's bagpipes; for it was certain that, like game-cocks exchanging mutual notes of defiance, they would have sought out and attacked each other before they arrived at the place of combat.

The citizens of Perth crowded the streets, and thronged the churches where the two clans attended their devotions, to witness their behaviour, and to form a judgment from their appearance which was most likely to obtain the advantage in the approaching conflict. Their demeanour in the church, although not habitual frequenters of places of devotion, was perfectly decorous; and, notwithstanding their wild and untamed dispositions, there were few of the mountaineers who seemed affected either with curiosity or They appeared to think wonder. it beneath their dignity of character to testify either curiosity or surprise at many things which were probably then presented to upon the same passionate boy, them for the first time.

On the issue of the combat, few even of the most competent judges dared venture a prediction; although the great size of Torquil and his eight stalwart sons, induced some who professed themselves judges of the thews and sinews of men, to incline to ascribe the advantage to the party of the Clan Quhele. The opinion of the female sex was much decided by the handsome form, noble countenance, and gallant demeanour of Eachin MacIan. There were more than one who imagined they had recollection of his features; but his splendid military attire rendered the humble Glover's apprentice unrecognisable in the young Highland Chief, saving by one person.

That person, as may well be supposed, was the Smith of the Wynd, who had been the foremost in the crowd that thronged to see the gallant champions of Clan Quhele. It was with mingled feelings of dislike, jealousy, and something approaching to admiration, that he saw the Glover's apprentice stripped of his mean slough, and blazing forth as a chieftain, who, by his quick eve and gallant demeanour, the noble shape of his brow and throat, his splendid arms and well-proportioned limbs, seemed well worthy to hold the foremost rank among men selected to live or die for the honour of their race. The Smith crowd as hastily as the solemnity

whom he had brushed off as he might a wasp that stung him, and, in mere compassion, forebore to despatch by treading on him.

"He looks it gallantly with my noble hauberk," thus muttered Henry to himself, "the best I ever wrought. Yet if he and I stood together where there was neither hand to help nor eye to see, by all that is blessed in this holy church, the good harness should return to its owner! All that I am worth would I give for three fair blows on his shoulders to undo my own best work; but such happiness will never be mine. If he escape from the conflict, it will be with so high a character for courage, that he may well disdain to put his fortune, in its freshness, to the risk of an encounter with a poor burgess like myself. He will fight by his champion, and turn me over to my fellow-craftsman the Hammerer, when all I can reap will be the pleasure of knocking a Highland bullock on the head. If I could but see Simon Glover!-I will to the other church in quest of him, since for sure he must have come down from the Highlands."

The congregation was moving from the church of the Dominicans, when the Smith formed this determination, which he endeavoured to carry into speedy execution, by thrusting through the could hardly think that he looked of the place and occasion would permit. In making his way as the Champion of Perth, and through the press, he was at one the universal sense of his ability instant carried so close to Eachin to force a passage, induced all to that their eyes encountered. The unite in yielding room for him, Smith's hardy and embrowned so that he was presently quite countenance coloured up like the close to the warriors of the Clan heated iron on which he wrought, Chattan. Their pipers marched and retained its dark-red hue for at the head of their column. Next Eachin's feaseveral minutes. tures glowed with a brighter blush of indignation, and a glance of fiery hatred was shot from his tion,-"Touch not the cat but But the sudden flush died eves. away in ashy paleness, and his gaze instantly avoided the unfriendly but steady look with which it was encountered.

Torquil, whose eye never quitted his foster-son, saw his emotion, and looked anxiously around to discover the cause. But Henry was already at a distance, and hastening on his way to the Carthusian Convent. Here also the religious service of the day was ended; and those who had so lately borne palms in honour of the great event which brought peace on earth, and good-will to the children of men, were now streaming to the place of combat; some prepared to take the lives of their fellow-creatures, or to loose their own; others to view the deadly strife, with the savage delight which the heathens took in the contests of their gladiators.

any other person might well have a matter of importance to all despaired of making way through save to their high-mettled Chief, it. But the general deference en- MacGillie Chattanach. tertained for Henry of the Wynd,

followed the well-known banner, displaying a mountain cat rampant with the appropriate cau-(i. e., without) the glove." The Chief followed with his twohanded sword advanced, as if to protect the emblem of the tribe. He was a man of middle stature, more than fifty years old, but betraying, neither in features nor form, any decay of strength, or symptoms of age. His dark-red close-curled locks were in part chequered by a few grizzled hairs, but his step and gesture were as light in the dance, in the chase, or in the battle, as if he had not passed his thirtieth year. His gray eye gleamed with a wild light, expressive of valour and ferocity mingled; but wisdom and experience dwelt on the expression of his forehead, eyebrows, and lips. The chosen champions There followed by two and two. was a cast of anxiety on several of their faces, for they had that morning discovered the absence of one of their appointed number; and in a contest so desperate The crowd was so great, that as was expected, the loss seemed

"Say nothing to the Saxons of

his absence." said this bold leader, | it a strong palisade, enclosing on when the diminution of his force was reported to him. "The false Lowland tongues might say that one of Clan Chattan was a coward. and perhaps that the rest favoured his escape, in order to have a pretence to avoid the battle. am sure that Ferguhard Day will be found in the ranks ere we are ready for battle; or, if he should not, am not I man enough for two of the Clan Quhele? or would we not fight them fifteen to thirty, rather than lose the renown that this day will bring us?"

The tribe received the brave speech of their leader with applause, yet there were anxious looks thrown out in hopes of espying the return of the deserter; and perhaps the Chiet himself was the only one of the determined band who was totally indifferent on the subject.

They marched on through the streets without seeing anything of Ferquhard Day, who, many a mile beyond the mountains, was busied in receiving such indemnification as successful love could bestow for the loss of honour. MacGillie Chattanach marched on without seeming to observe the absence of the deserter, and entered upon the North Inch. a beautiful and level plain, closely adjacent to the city, and appropriated to the martial exercises of the inhabitants.

The plain is washed on one bands with the Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

three sides a space of one hundred and fifty yards in length, and seventy-four yards in width. The fourth side of the lists was considered as sufficiently fenced by the river. An amphitheatre for the accommodation of spectators surrounded the palisade. leaving a large space free to be occupied by armed men on foot and horseback, and for the more ordinary class of spectators. At the extremity of the lists, which was nearest to the city, there was a range of elevated galleries for the King and his courtiers, so highly decorated with rustic treillage, intermingled with gilded ornaments, that the spot retains to this day the name of the Golden, or Gilded Arbour.

The mountain minstrelsy, which sounded the appropriate pibrochs or battle-tunes of the rival confederacies, was silent when they entered on the Inch, for such was the order which had been given. Two stately, but aged warriors, each bearing the banner of his tribe, advanced to the opposite extremities of the lists, and pitching their standards into the earth. prepared to be spectators of a fight in which they were not to join. The pipers, who were also to be neutral in the strife, took their places by their respective brattachs.

The multitude received both same general side by the deep and swelling shout, with which on similar oc-Tay. There was erected within casions they welcome those from whose exertion they expect amuse-|Meanwhile the two Chiefs, each ment, or what they term sport. The destined combatants returned adviser, met in the midst of the no answer to this greeting, but lists, having, to assist them in each party advanced to the op-determining what was to be done, posite extremities of the lists, where were entrances by which they were to be admitted to the interior. A strong body of menat-arms guarded either access; and the Earl Marshal at the one. and the Lord High Constable at without regard to the disparity of the other, carefully examined each individual, to see whether he had the appropriate arms, being steel-cap, mail-shirt, twohanded sword, and dagger. They also examined the numbers of each party; and great was the alarm among the multitude, when the Earl of Errol held up his hand and cried, - "Ho! - The combat cannot proceed, for the Clan Chattan lack one of their number."

"What reck of that?" said the young Earl of Crawford; "they should have counted better ere they left home."

the fight could not proceed until termed, of MacGillie Chattanach. the inequality should be removed; "The life of the Chief is to the and a general apprehension was Clan the breath of our nostrils. excited in the assembled multitude, nor will we ever consent that our that after all the preparation there Chief shall be exposed to dangers would be no battle.

Of all present, there were only Quhele does not share." two perhaps who rejoiced at the "Torquil saw with dee prospect of the combat being ad- that his plan was about to fail journed; and these were, the when the objection was made to Captain of the Clan Quhele, and Hector's being withdrawn from the tender-hearted King Robert. the battle; and he was meditating

attended by a special friend and the Earl Marshal, the Lord High Constable, the Earl of Crawford, and Sir Patrick Charteris. The Chief of the Clan Chattan declared himself willing and desirous of fighting upon the spot, numbers.

"That," said Torquil of the Oak, "Clan Quhele will never consent to. You can never win honour from us with the sword. and you seek but a subterfuge. that you may say when you are defeated, as you know will be, that it was for want of the number of your band fully counted out. But I make a proposal-Ferquhard Day was the youngest of your band, Eachin Maclan is the youngest of ours-we will set him aside in place of the man who has fled from the combat."

"A most unjust and unequal The Earl Marshal, however, proposal," exclaimed Toshach agreed with the Constable, that Beg, the second, as he might be which the Captain of the Clan

"Torquil saw with deep anxiety

how to support his proposal, when Eachin himself interfered. His timidity, it must be observed, was not of that sordid and selfish nature which induces those who are infected by it, calmly to submit to dishonour rather than risk danger. On the contrary, he was morally brave, though constitutionally timid, and the shame of avoiding the combat became at the moment more powerful than the fear of facing it.

"I will not hear," he said, "of a scheme which will leave my sword sheathed during this day's glorious combat. If I am young in arms, there are enough of brave men around me, whom I may imitate if I cannot equal."

He spoke these words in a spirit which imposed on Torquil, and perhaps on the young Chief himself.

"Now, God bless his noble heart!" said the foster-father to himself. "I was sure the foul spell would be broken through, and that the tardy spirit which besieged him would fly at the sound of the pipe, and the first flutter of the Brattach!"

"Hear me, Lord Marshal," said the Constable. "The hour of combat may not be much longer postponed, for the day approaches to high noon. Let the Chief of Clan Chattan take the half hour which remains, to find if he can, a substitute for this deserter; if he cannot, let them fight as they stand."

"Content I am," said the Marshal, "though as none of his own clan are nearer than fifty miles, I see not how MacGillie Chattanach is to find an auxiliary."

"That is his business," said the High Constable; "but if he offers a high reward, there are enough of stout yeomen surrounding the lists, who will be glad enough to stretch their limbs in such a game as is expected. I myself, did my quality and charge permit, would blithely take a turn of work amongst these wild fellows, and think it fame won."

They communicated their decision to the Highlanders, and the Chief of the Clan Chattan replied,—"You have judged impartially and nobly, my lords, and I deem myself obliged to follow your direction.—So make proclamation, heralds, that if any one will take his share with Clan Chattan of the honours and chances of this day, he shall have present payment of a gold crown, and liberty to fight to the death in my ranks."

"You are something chary of your treasure, Chief," said the Earl Marshal; "a gold crown is poor payment for such a campaign as is before you."

"If there be any man willing to fight for honour," replied MacGillie Chattanach, "the price will be enough; and I want not the service of a fellow who draws his sword for gold alone."

The heralds had made their

the lists, stopping from time to of the Wynd, willing to do time to make proclamation as battle on the part of the Clan they had been directed, without Chattan." the least apparent disposition on the part of any one to accept of the proffered enlistment. Some sneered at the poverty of the Highlanders, who set so mean a price upon such a desperate service. Others affected resentment, that they should esteem the blood of citizens so lightly. None shewed the slightest intention to undertake the task proposed, until the sound of the proclamation reached Henry of the Wynd, as he stood without the barrier, speaking from time to time with Bailie Craigdallie, or rather listening vaguely to what the magistrate was saving to him.

"Ha! what proclaim they?" he cried out.

"A liberal offer on the part of MacGillie Chattanach," said the Host of the Griffin, "who pro-poses a gold crown to any one who will turn wild cat for the day, and be killed a little in his service! That's all."

"How! exclaimed the Smith, eagerly, "do they make proclamation for a man to fight against the Clan Quhele?"

"Ay, marry do they," said Griffin; "but I think they will find no such fools in Perth."

He had hardly said the word, when he beheld the Smith clear out without being cracked, or the barriers at a single bound, the other lay on without snapand alight in the lists, saying, ping."

progress, moving half way round |"Here am I, Sir Herald, Henry

A cry of admiration ran through the multitude, while the grave burghers, not being able to conceive the slightest reason for Henry's behaviour, concluded that his head must be absolutely turned with the love of fighting. The Provost was especially shocked.

"Thou art mad," he said, "Henry! Thou hast neither twohanded sword nor shirt of mail."

"Truly no," said Henry, "for I parted with a mail-shirt, which I had made for myself, to yonder gay Chief of the Član Quhele, who will soon find on his shoulders with what sort of blows I clink my rivets! As for two-handed sword, why this boy's brand will serve my turn till I can master a heavier one."

"This must not be," said Errol. "Hark thee, armourer, by Saint Mary, thou shalt have my Milan and good Spanish hauberk sword."

"I thank your noble earlship, Sir Gilbert Hay; but the yoke with which your brave ancestor turned the battle at Loncarty. would serve my turn well enough. I am little used to sword or harness that I have not wrought myself, because I do not well know what blows the one will bear

The cry had in the meanwhile hand, that proved how powerfully run through the multitude, and and skilfully he could wield the passed into the town, that the ponderous weapon. The chamdauntless Smith was about to pions were now ordered to march fight without armour, when, just as the fated hour was approaching, the shrill voice of a female was heard screaming for passage through the crowd. The multitude gave place to her importunity, and she advanced, breathless with haste, under the burden of a mail hauberk and a large two-The widow of handed sword. Oliver Proudfute was soon recognised, and the arms which she bore were those of the Smith himself, which, occupied by her husband on the fatal evening when he was murdered, had been naturally conveyed to his house with the dead body, and were now, by the exertions of his grateful widow, brought to the lists at a moment when such proved weapons were of the last consequence to their owner. Henry joyfully received the well-known arms, and the widow with trembling haste assisted in putting them on, and then took leave of him, saying, "God for the champion of the widow and orphan, and ill luck to all who come before him!"

his well-proved armour, Henry shook himself as if to settle the pression, were taken, that he would steel shirt around him, and un-kill three of his opponents before sheathing the two-handed sword, he himself fell. Scarcely was the made it flourish over his head, Smith equipped for the combat, cutting the air through which it when the commands of the Chiefs whistled in the form of the figure ordered the champions into their eight, with an ease and sleight of places; and at the same moment

in their turns around the lists, crossing so as to avoid meeting each other, and making obeisance as they passed the Golden Arbour where the King was seated.

While this course was performing, most of the spectators were again curiously comparing the stature, limbs, and sinews of the two parties, and endeavouring to form a conjecture as to the probable issue of the combat. The feud of a hundred years, with all its acts of aggression and retaliation, was concentrated in the bosom of each combatant. Their countenances seemed fiercely writhen into the wildest expression of pride, hate, and a desperate purpose of fighting to the very last.

The spectators murmured a joyful applause, in high-wrought expectation of the bloody game. Wagers were offered and accepted both on the general issue of the conflict, and on the feats of particular champions. The clear. frank, and elated look of Henry Smith, rendered him a general Confident at feeling himself in favourite among the spectators, and odds, to use the modern exHenry heard the voice of Simon Glover issuing from the crowd. who were now silent with expectation, and calling on him, "Harry Smith, Harry Smith, what madness hath possessed thee?"

"Ay, he wishes to save his hopeful son-in-law, that is, or is to be, from the Smith's handling," was Henry's first thought-his second, was to turn and speak with him—and his third, that he could on no pretext desert the band which he had joined, or even seem desirous to delay the fight, him obedience, as having taken consistently with honour.

to the business of the hour. Both third line, immediately behind parties were disposed by the respective Chiefs in three lines, each containing ten men. Thev were arranged with such intervals between each individual, as offered him scope to wield his sword, the blade of which was five feet long, not including the handle. The second and third lines were to come up as reserves, in case the first experienced disaster. On the right of the array of Clan Quhele, the Chief, Eachin MacIan, placed himself in the second line betwixt two of his foster-brothers. Four of them occupied the right of the first line, whilst the father and two others protected the rear of the beloved chieftain. Torquil, in particular, kept close behind, for the purpose of covering him. Thus Eachin stood in the centre of nine of the strongest men of his band, having four especial defenders in front, one on each hand, and three in his rear.

The line of the Clan Chattan was arranged in precisely the same order, only that the chiet occupied the centre of the middle rank, instead of being on the extreme right. This induced Henry Smith, who saw in the opposing bands only one enemy, and that was the unhappy Eachin, to propose placing himself on the left of the front rank of the Clan Chattan. But the leader disapproved of this arrangement; and having reminded Henry that he owed wages at his hand, he commanded He turned himself, therefore, him to occupy the space in the himself,-a post of honour, certainly, which Henry could not decline, though he accepted of it with reluctance.

> When the clans were thus drawn up opposed to each other, they intimated their feudal animosity and their eagerness to engage, by a wild scream, which, uttered by the Clan Quhele, was answered and echoed back by the Clan Chattan, the whole at the same time shaking their swords, and menacing each other, as if they meant to conquer the imagination of their opponents ere they mingled in the actual strife.

At this trying moment, Torquil, who had never feared for himself, was agitated with alarm on the part of his Dault, yet consoled by observing that he kept a determined posture; and that the few words which he spoke to his clan were delivered boldly, and well

calculated to animate them to manner of the Highlanders at all combat, as expressing his resolu- times, they could hardly be said tion to partake their fate in death to shout, but to yell. Those of or victory. But there was no time the spectators, whose eyes were for further observation. trumpets of the King sounded a blood and confusion, could nevercharge, the bagpipes blew up their theless discover no advantage yet screaming and maddening notes, acquired by either party. and the combatants, starting for- conflict swayed, indeed, at difward in regular order, and increasing their pace till they came wards, but it was only in momento a smart run, met together in the centre of the ground, as a furious land torrent encounters an advancing tide.

For an instant or two the front lines, hewing at each other with their long swords, seemed engaged in a succession of single combats; but the second and third ranks soon came up on either side, actuated alike by the eagerness of hatred and the thirst of honour, pressed through the intervals, and rendered the scene a tumultuous chaos, over which the huge swords rose and sunk, some still glittering, others streaming with blood, appearing, from the wild rapidity with which they were swayed, rather to be put in motion by some complicated machinery than to be wielded by human hands. Some of the combatants, too much crowded together to use those long weapons, had already betaken themselves to their poniards, and endeavoured to get within the sword-sweep of those opposed to them. In the meantime, blood flowed fast, and the groans of those who fell began twenty of both sides lay on the to mingle with the cries of those field dead or dying; and arms and who fought; for, according to the legs lopped off, heads cleft to the

The best accustomed to such scenes of Ťhe ferent intervals forwards or backtary superiority, which the party who acquired it almost instantly lost by a corresponding exertion on the other side. The wild notes of the pipers were still heard above the fumult, and stimulated to farther exertions the fury of the combatants.

At once, however, and as if by mutual agreement, the instruments sounded a retreat: it was expressed in wailing notes, which seemed to imply a dirge for the fallen. The two parties disengaged themselves from each other, to take breath for a few minutes. The eyes of the spectators greedily surveyed the shattered array of the combatants as they drew off from the contest, but found it still impossible to decide which had sustained the greater loss. It seemed as if the Clan Chattan had lost rather fewer men than their antagonists; but in compensation, the blooc plaids and shirts of their party (for several on both sides had thrown their mantles away) shewed more wounded men than the Clan Quhele. About

chin, slashes deep through the the force of the blow which had shoulder into the breast, shewed swept it off, exhibited the oakat once the fury of the combat, leaf, the appropriate ornament of the weapons used, and the fatal Since he slew this man, Henry strength of the arms which wielded had not struck a blow but had conthem. Chattan had behaved himself with many that were dealt at himself the most determined courage, and and some which were aimed at was slightly wounded. also had fought with spirit, sur-became alarmed, when, having rounded by his body-guard. His given the signal that his men sword was bloody; his bearing should again draw together, he bold and warlike; and he smiled when old Torquil, folding him in remained at a distance from the his arms, loaded him with praises and with blessings.

The two Chiefs, after allowing their followers to breathe for the space of about ten minutes, again drew up in their files, diminished by nearly one-third of their original number. They now chose their ground nearer to the river than that on which they had formerly encountered, which was encumbered with the wounded and the slain. Some of the former were observed, from time to time, to raise themselves to gain a glimpse of the field, and sink back, most of them to die from the effusion of blood which poured from the terrific gashes inflicted by the claymore.

Harry Smith was easily distinguished by his Lowland habit, as well as his remaining on the spot where they had first encountered, where he stood leaning on a sword beside a corpse, whose bonneted head, carried to ten yard's distance from the body by and shouldering his heavy weapon,

ghastly character of the the body-guard of Eachin Maclan. The Chief of the Clan tented himself with warding off Eachin the Chief. MacGillie Chattanach observed that his powerful recruit ranks, and shewed little disposition to join them.

> "What ails thee, man?" said the Chief. "Can so strong a body have a mean and cowardly spirit? Come and make in to the combat."

> "You as good as called me hireling but now," replied Henry --"If I am such," pointing to the headless corpse, "I have done enough for my day's wage."

> "He that serves me without counting his hours," replied the Chief, "I reward him without reckoning wages."

> "Then," said the Smith, "I fight as a volunteer, and in the post which best likes me."

> "All that is at your own discretion" replied MacGillie Chattanach, who saw the prudence of humouring an auxiliary of such promise.

> "It is enough," said Henry;

he joined the rest of the combat-|anxiously, but in a whisper, deants with alacrity, and placed himself opposite to the Chief of the Clan Quhele.

It was then, for the first time, that Eachin shewed some uncertainty. He had long looked up to Henry as the best combatant which Perth and its neighbourhood could bring into the lists. His hatred to him as a rival was mingled with the recollection of the ease with which he had once, though unarmed, foiled his own sudden and desperate attack; and when he beheld him with his eyes fixed in his direction, the dripping sword in his hand, and obviously meditating an attack on him individually, his courage fell, and he gave symptoms of wavering, which did not escape his fosterfather.

It was lucky for Eachin, that Torquil was incapable, from the formation of his own temper, and that of those with whom he had lived, to conceive the idea of one of his own tribe, much less of his Chief and foster-son, being deficient in animal courage. Could he have imagined this, his grief and rage might have driven him to the fierce extremity of taking Eachin's life, to save him from staining his honour. But his mind rejected the idea that his Dault was a personal coward, as something which was monstrous and unnatural. That he was under the influence of enchantment, was a solution which super-

manded of Hector, "Does the spell now darken thy spirit, Eachin?"

"Yes, wretch that I am," answered the unhappy youth; "and vonder stands the fell enchanter!"

"What!" exclaimed Torquil, "and you wear harness of his making? - Norman, miserable boy, why brought you that accursed mail?"

"If my arrow has flown astray, I can but shoot my life after it,' answered Norman - nan - Ord. -"Stand firm, you shall see me break the spell."

"Yes, stand firm," said Torquil. "He may be a fell enchanter; but my own ear has heard, and my tongue has told, that Eachin shall leave the battle whole, free, and unwounded-let us see the Saxon wizard who can gainsay that. He may be a strong man, but the fair forest of the oak shall fall. stock and bough, ere he lay a finger on my Dault. Ring around him, my sons, -Bas air son Eachin!"

The sons of Torquil shouted back the words, which signify, "Death for Hector."

Encouraged by their devotion, Eachin renewed his spirit, and called boldly to the minstrels of his clan, "Seid suas," that is, Strike up.

The wild pibroch again sounded the onset; but the two parties apstition had suggested, and he now proached each other more slowly

than at first, as men who knew and respected each other's valour. Henry Wynd, in his impatience to begin the contest, advanced before the Clan Chattan, and signed to Eachin to come on. Norman, however, sprang forward to cover his foster-brother, and there was a general, though momentary pause, as if both parties were willing to obtain an omen of the fate of the day, from the event of this duel. The Highlander advanced, with his large sword uplifted, as in act to strike; but just as he came within sword's length, he dropt the long and cumbrous weapon, leapt lightly over the Smith's sword, as he fetched a cut at him, drew his dagger, and, being thus within Henry's guard, struck him with the weapon (his own gift) on the side of the throat, directing the blow downwards into the chest, and calling aloud, at the same time, "You taught me the stab!"

But Henry Wynd wore his own good hauberk, doubly defended with a lining of tempered steel. Had he been less surely armed, his combats had been ended for ever. Even as it was, he was slightly wounded.

"Fool!" he replied, striking Norman a blow with the pommel of his long sword, which made him stagger backwards, "you were taught the thrust, but not the parry;" and fetching a blow at his antagonist, which cleft his skull through the steel-cap, he strode over the lifeless body to avenged, but left dreadful marks

engage the young Chief, who now stood open before him.

But the sonorous voice of Torquil thundered out, "Far eil air son Eachin!" (Another for Hector!) and the two brethren who flanked their Chief on each side, thrust forward upon Henry, and, striking both at once, compelled him to keep the defensive.

"Forward, race of the Tiger Cat!" cried MacGillie Chattanach; "save the brave Saxon; let these kites feel your talons!"

Already much wounded, the Chief dragged himself up to the Smith's assistance, and cut down one of the *Leichtach*, by whom he was assailed. Henry's own good sword rid him of the other.

"Reist air son Eachin!" (Again for Hector), shouted the faithful foster-father.

"Bas air son Eachin!" (Death for Hector), answered two more of his devoted sons, and opposed themselves to the fury of the Smith and those who had come to his aid; while Eachin, moving towards the left wing of the battle, sought less formidable adversaries, and again, by some show of valour, revived the sinking hopes of his followers. The two children of the oak, who had covered this movement, shared the fate of their brethren; for the cry of the Clan Chattan Chief had drawn to that part of the field some of his bravest warriors. The sons of Torquil did not fall unavenged, but left dreadful marks

of their swords on the persons of used to intercept all blows levelled the dead and living. But the against his person, escaped withnecessity of keeping their most out injury. The rage of both distinguished soldiers around the parties had sunk, through experson of their Chief told to dis- haustion, into sullen desperation. advantage on the general event of They walked staggering, as if in the combat; and so few were now the number who remained fighting, that it was easy to see that as if again to animate their hatred the Clan Chattan had fifteen of their number left, though most of by viewing the friends they had them wounded; and that of the Clan Quhele, only about ten remained, of whom there were four of the Chief's body-guard, including Torquil himself.

They fought and struggled on, however, and as their strength decayed, their fury seemed to Henry Wynd, now increase. wounded in many places, was still bent on breaking through, or exterminating, the band of bold hearts who continued to fight around the object of his animosity. But still the father's shout of, "Another for Hector?" was cheerfully answered by the fatal countersign, "Death for Hector!" and though the Clan Quhele were now outnumbered, the combat seemed still dubious. It was bodily lassitude alone that again compelled them to another pause.

The Clan Chattan were then observed to be twelve in number, but two or three were scarce able to stand without leaning on their swords. Five were left of the Clan Quhele; Torquil and his youngest son were of the number. both slightly wounded. Eachin

their sleep, through the carcasses of the slain, and gazed on them, towards their surviving enemies, lost.

The multitude soon after beheld the survivors of the desperate conflict drawing together to renew the exterminating feud on the banks of the river, as the spot least slippery with blood, and less encumbered with the bodies of the slain.

"For God's sake-for the sake of the mercy which we daily pray for," said the kind-hearted old King, to the Duke of Albany, "let this be ended! Wherefore should these wretched rags and remnants of humanity be suffered complete their butchery!to Surely they will now be ruled, and accept of peace on moderate terms."

"Compose yourself, my liege," said his brother. "These men are the pest of the Lowlands. Both Chiefs are still living-if they go back unharmed, the whole day's work is cast away. Remember your promise to the council, that you would not cry hold."

"You compel me to a great alone had, from the vigilance crime, Albany, both as a King

who should protect his subjects, Torquil composedly. "Why laand as a Christian man, who respects the brother of his faith." to the quiver, providing it hit the

"You judge wrong, my lord," said the Duke; "these are not loving subjects, but disobedient rebels, as my lord of Crawford can bear witness; and they are still less Christian men, for the Prior of the Dominicans will vouch for me, that they are more than half heathen."

The King sighed deeply. "You must work your pleasure, and are too wise for me to contend with. I can but turn away, and shut my eyes from the sights and sounds of a carnage which makes me sicken. But well I know that God will punish me for even witnessing this waste of human life."

"Sound, trumpets," said Albany; "their wounds will stiffen if they dally longer."

While this was passing, Torquil was embracing and encouraging his young Chief.

"Resist the witchcraft but a few minutes longer! Be of good cheer—you will come off without either scar or scratch, wem or wound. Be of good cheer!"

"How can I be of good cheer," said Eachin, "while my brave kinsmen have one by one died at my feet?—died all for me, who could never deserve the least of their kindness?"

"And for what were they born, fury of battle, the frenzy of rage save to die for their Chief?" said and despair, infected next the

Torquil composedly. "Why lament that the arrow returns not to the quiver, providing it hit the mark? Cheer up yet-Here are Tormot and I but little hurt, while the wild-cats drag themselves through the plain as if they were half throttled by the terriers -Yet one brave stand and the day shall be your own, though it may well be that you alone remain alive.—Minstrels sound the gathering!"

The pipers on both sides blew their charge, and the combatants again mingled in battle, not indeed with the same strength, but with unabated inveteracy. They were joined by those whose duty it was to have remained neuter, but who now found themselves unable to do so. The two old champions who bore the standards, had gradually advanced from the extremity of the lists, and now approached close to the immediate scene of action. When they beheld the carnage more nearly, they were mutually impelled by the desire to revenge their brethren, or not to survive them. They attacked each other furiously with the lances to which the standards were attached, closed after exchanging several deadly thrusts, then grappled in close strife, still holding their banners, until at length, in the eagerness of their conflict, they fell together into the Tay, and were found drowned after the combat, closely locked in each other's arms. The fury of battle, the frenzy of rage

minstrels. The two pipers, who, been mortally wounded by the during the conflict, had done their unsparing sword of the Smith. utmost to keep up the spirits of The other two remaining of the their brethren, now saw the dis- Clan Quhele had also fallen, and pute well-nigh terminated for Torquil, with his foster-son, and want of men to support it. They the wounded Tormot, forced to threw down their instruments, retreat before eight or ten of the rushed desperately upon each Clan Chattan, made a stand on other with their daggers, and the bank of the river, while their each being more intent on de- enemies were making such exerspatching his opponent than in tions as their wounds would perdefending himself, the piper of mit to come up with them. Clan Quhele was almost instantly quil had just reached the spot slain, and he of Clan Chattan where he had resolved to make mortally wounded. The last, never- the stand, when the youth Tornot theless, again grasped his instrument, and the pibroch of the drew from his father the first and clan yet poured its expiring notes over the Clan Chattan, while the dving minstrel had breath to inspire it. The instrument which he used, or at least that part of it called the chanter, is preserved in the family of a Highland Chief thee all that man may, excepting to this day, and is much honoured under the name of the *Federan* Dhu, or Black Chanter.\*

Meanwhile, in the final charge, young Tormot, devoted, like his brethren, by his father Torquil to the protection of his Chief, had

\* The present Cluny MacPherson, Chier of his Clan, is in possession of this ancient trophy of their presence at the North Inch. Another account of it is given by a tradition, which says that an aerial minstrel appeared over the heads of the Clan Chattan, and having played some wild strains, let the instrument drop from his hand. Being made of glass, it was broken by the fall, excepting only the chanter, which, as usual, was of lignum vitæ. The MacPherson piper secured this enchanted pipe, and the possession of it is still considered as ensuring the prosperity of the clan,

Tordropped and expired. His death only sigh which he had breathed throughout the eventful day.

"My son Tormot!" he said. "my youngest and dearest! But if I save Hector, I save all.-Now. my darling Dault, I have done for the last. Let me undo the clasps of that ill-omened armour, and do thou put on that of Tormot; it is light, and will fit thee well. While you do so, I will rush on these crippled men, and make what play with them I can. I trust I shall have but little to do. for they are following each other like disabled steers. At least. darling of my soul, if I am unable to save thee, I can shew thee how a man should die."

While Torquil thus spoke, he unloosed the clasps of the young Chief's hauberk, in the simple belief that he could thus break the meshes which fear and necromancy had twined about his heart.

than parent!" said the unhappy to the last "

"It is impossible," said Torquil. "I will stop them coming up, while you put on the hauberk. God eternally bless thee, beloved of my soul!"

And then, brandishing his sword, Torquil of the Oak rushed forward with the same fatal war-cry, despair, and hurried forward to which had so often sounded over support his foster-father in the that bloody field, Bas air son terrible struggle, ere some other Eachin!-The words rung three of the Clan Chattan should come times in a voice of thunder; and up. When he was within five each time that he cried his war- yards, and sternly determined to shout, he struck down one of the take his share in the death-fight, Clan Chattan, as he met them his foster-father fell, cleft from successively straggling towards the collarbone well-nigh to the him .--- "Brave battle, hawk-well heart, and murmuring with his flown, falcon!" exclaimed the last breath, Bas air son Eachin !-multitude, as they witnessed exer- The unfortunate youth saw the tions which seemed, even at this fall of his last friend, and at the last hour, to threaten a change same moment beheld the deadof the fortunes of the day. Sud-ly enemy who had hunted him denly these cries were hushed through the whole field, standing into silence, and succeeded by a within sword's point of him, and clashing of swords so dreadful, as brandishing the huge weapon if the whole conflict had recom- which had hued its way to his menced in the person of Henry life through so many obstacles. Wynd and Torquil of the Oak. Perhaps this was enough to bring They cut, foined, hewed, and his constitutional timidity to its thrust, as if they had drawn their highest point; or perhaps he reblades for the first time that day; collected, at the same moment, and their inveteracy was mutual, that he was without defensive arfor Torquil recognized the foul mour, and that a line of enemies, wizard, who, as he supposed, had halting indeed and crippled, but cast a spell over his child; and eager for revenge and blood, were Henry saw before him the giant, closely approaching. It is enough who, during the whole conflict, to say, that his heart sickened, had interrupted the purpose for his eyes darkened, his ears tingled,

"My father, my father, my more | which alone he had joined the combatants-that of engaging in Eachin-"Stay with me!-with single combat with Hector. They you by my side, I feel I can fight fought with an equality which, perhaps would not have existed, had not Henry, more wounded than his antagonist, been somewhat deprived of his usual agility.

Meanwhile Eachin finding himself alone, after a disorderly and vain attempt to put on his fosterbrother's harness, became animated by an emotion of shame and considerations were lost in the apprehension of instant death: and, drawing one ineffectual blow at the Smith, he avoided that which was aimed at him in return. by bounding backward; and ere former could recover his the weapon, Eachin had plunged into the stream of the Tay. A roar of contumely pursued him as he swam across the river, although, perhaps, not a dozen of those who joined in it would have behaved otherwise in the like circumstances. Henry looked after the fugitive in silence and surprise, but could not speculate on the consequences of his flight, on account of the faintness which seemed to overpower him as soon as the animation of the contest had subsided. He sat down on the grassy bank, and endeavoured to staunch such of his wounds as were pouring fastest.

The victors had the general The Duke meed of gratulation. of Albany and others went down to survey the field; and Henry Wynd was honoured with particular notice.

"If thou wilt follow me, good fellow," said the Black Douglas, "I will change thy leathren apron for a knight's girdle, and thy burgage tenement for an hundredpound-land to maintain thy rank withal."

"I thank you humbly, my lord," said the Smith, dejectedly, "but I have shed blood enough already; and Heaven has punished me, by own pleasure, not for your profit.

his brain turned giddy-all other foiling the only purpose for which I entered the combat."

> "How, friend?" said Douglas. "Didst thou not fight for the Clan Chattan, and have they not gained a glorious conquest?"

> "I fought for my own hand," said the Smith, indifferently; and the expression is still proverbial in Scotland.\*

> The good King Robert now came up on an ambling palfrey, having entered the barriers for the purpose of causing the wounded to be looked after.

> "My Lord of Douglas," he said, "you vex the poor man with temporal matters, when it seems he may have short time to consider those that are spiritual. Has he no friends here who will bear him where his bodily wounds, and the health of his soul, may be both cared for?"

> "He hath as many friends as there are good men in Perth," said Sir Patrick Charteris; "and lesteemmyself one of the closest."

> "A churl will sayour of churl's kind "-said the haughty Douglas, "the turning his horse aside; proffer of knighthood from the sword of Douglas had recalled him from death's door, had there been a drop of gentle blood in his body."

Disregarding the taunt of the mighty Earl, the Knight of Kinfauns dismounted to take Henry

\* Meaning, I did such a thing for my

in his arms, as he now sunk back from very faintness. But he was prevented by Simon Glover, who, with other burgesses of consideration, had now entered the barrace.

"Henry, my beloved son Henry!" said the old man. "O, what tempted you to this fatal affray!—Dying —speechless?"

"No-not speechless," said Henry.-"Catharine-"

He could utter no more.

"Catharine is well, I trust: and shall be thine--that is, if----"

"If she be safe, thou wouldst say, old man," said the Douglas, who, though something affronted at Henry's rejection of his offer, was too magnanimous not to interest himself in what was passing, —"She is safe, if Douglas's banner can protect her—safe, and shall be rich. Douglas can give wealth to those who value it more than honour."

"For her safety, my lord, let the heartfelt thanks and blessings of a father go with the noble Douglas. For wealth, we are rich enough—Gold cannot restore my beloved son."

"A marvel!" said the Earl,— "a churl refuses nobility—a citizen despises gold!"

"Under your lordship's favour," thence in litters, in a case little said Sir Patrick, "I, who am knight and noble, take license to say, that such a brave man as Henry Wynd may reject honourable titles. such an honest man as this retheir strife. Eachin alone had

in his arms, as he now sunk back verend citizen may dispense with from very faintness. But he was gold."

"You do well, Sir Patrick, to speak for your town, and I take no offence," said the Douglas "I force my bounty on no one.--But," he added, in a whisper to Albany, "your Grace must withdraw the King from this bloody sight, for he must know that tonight which will ring over broad Scotland when to-morrow dawns. This feud is ended. Yet even I grieve that so many brave Scottish men lie here slain, whose brands might have decided a pitched field in their country's cause."

With difficulty King Robert was withdrawn from the field; the tears running down his aged cheeks and white beard, as he conjured all around him, nobles and priests, that care should be taken for the bodies and souls of the few wounded survivors, and honourable burial rendered to the slain. The priests who were present answered zealously for both services, and redeemed their pledge faithfully and piously.

Thus ended this celebrated conflict of the North Inch of Perth. Of sixty-four brave men (the minstrels and standard-bearers included) who strode manfully to the fatal field, seven alone survived, who were conveyed from thence in litters, in a case little different from the dead and dying around them, and mingled with them in the sad procession which conveyed them from the scene of their strife. Eachin alone had left it void of wounds, and void it not for the rebellion of March, of honour.

It remains but to say, that not a man of the Clan Quhele survived the bloody combat, except the fugitive Chief; and the consequence of the defeat was the dis- his tale as he best could. solution of their confederacy. The clans of which it consisted are now only matter of conjecture to the antiquary, for, after this eventful contest, they never assembled under the same banner. The Clan from mine. Well, since the task Chattan, on the other hand, continued to increase and flourish; and the best families of the Northern Highlands boast their descent from the race of the Cat-a-mountain.\*

## CHAPTER XXXV.

WHILE the King rode slowly back to the convent which he then occupied, Albany, with a discomposed aspect and faltering voice, asked the Earl of Douglas, "Will not your lordship, who saw this most melancholy scene at Falkland communicate the tidings to my unhappy brother?"

"Not for broad Scotland," said the Douglas. "I would sooner bare my breast, within flight-shot, as a butt to an hundred Tynedale No, by St. Bride of he paused. bowmen. Douglas! I could but say I saw the ill-fated youth dead. How he came by his death, your Grace Rothsay?-It must be-it is Rothcan perhaps better explain. Were

\* Note X. Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

and the English war, I would speak my own mind of it." So saying, and making his obeisance to the King, the Earl rode off to his own lodgings, leaving Albany to tell

"The rebellion and the English war?" said the Duke to himself. -"Ay, and thine own interest, haughty Earl, which, imperious as thou art, thou darest not separate falls on me, I must and will discharge it."

He followed the King into his apartment. The King looked at him with surprise after he had assumed his usual seat.

"Thy countenance is ghastly. Robin," said the King. "I would thou wouldst think more deeply when blood is to be spilled, since its consequences affect thee so powerfully. And yet, Robin, I love thee the better that thy kind nature will sometimes show itself, even through thy reflecting policy."

"I would to Heaven, my royal brother," said Albany, with a voice half choked, "that the bloody field we have seen were the worst we had to see or hear of this day. I should waste little sorrow on the wild kerne who lie piled on it like carrion. But"-

"How!" exclaimed the King, in terror,-"What new evil?say!-Speak out!-What new folly has been done?-What fresh mischance?"

mischance are now ended with Brandanes!-Treachery!-Murmy hapless nephew."

"He is dead!-he is dead!" screamed the agonized parent. "Albany, as thy brother, I conjure thee-But no-I am thy brother no longer! As thy King, dark and subtle man. I charge thee to tell the worst!"

Albany faltered out .--- "The details are but imperfectly known to me--but the certainty is, that my unhappy nephew was found dead in his apartment last night from sudden illness-as I have heard."

"O, Rothsay!-O, my beloved David!-Would to God I had died for thee, my son-my son!"

So spoke, in the emphatic words of Scripture, the helpless and bereft father, tearing his gray beard and hoary hair, while Albany, speechless and consciencestruck, did not venture to interrupt the tempest of his grief. But the agony of the King's sorrow almost instantly changed to fury -a mood so contrary to the gentleness and timidity of his nature, that the remorse of Albany was drowned in his fear.

"And this is the end," said the King, "of thy moral saws and religious maxims!-But the besotted father, who gave the son into thy hands, who gave the innocent lamb to the butcher, is a king! and thou shalt know it to Shall the murderer thy cost. stand in presence of his brother towards the Duke of Albany, who -stained with the blood of that endeavoured to hide his confusion brother's son? No!-What ho, under an affectation of deep

"My lord-my liege-folly and without there!--MacLouis!-der!-Take arms, if you love the Stuart!"

> MacLouis, with several of the guards, rushed into the apartment.

> "Murder and treason!" exclaimed the miserable King. "Brandanes-your noble Prince" -here his grief and agitation interrupted for a moment the fatal information it was his object to convey. At length he resumed his broken speech, ""An axe and a block instantly into the court-yard! -Arrest"-The word choked his utterance.

"Arrest whom, my noble liege?" said MacLouis, who, observing the King influenced by a tide of passion so different from the gentleness of his ordinary demeanour, almost conjectured that his brain had been disturbed by the unusual horrors of the combat he had witnessed,--"Whom shall I arrest, my liege?" he replied. "Here is none but your Grace's royal brother of Albany."

"Most true," said the King, his brief fit of vindictive passion soon dying away. "Most truenone but Albany-none but my parent's child-none but my brother. O God! enable me to quell the sinful passion which glows in this bosom-Sancta Maria, ora pro nobis!"

MacLouis cast a look of wonder

sympathy, and muttered to the willing to swear by cross and altar officer,---

"The great misfortune has been souls of our royal parents-" too much for his understanding."

"What misfortune, please your Grace?" replied MacLouis. "T have heard of none."

of my nephew Rothsay?"

"The Duke of Rothsay dead, my Lord of Albany!" exclaimed the faithful Brandane, with the utmost horror and astonishment, -"When, how, and where?"

"Two days since-the manner as yet unknown—at Falkland."

MacLouis gazed at the Duke for an instant; then, with a kindling eye and determined look, said to the King, who seemed deeply engaged in his mental devotion, — "My liege! a minute or two since you left a wordone word-unspoken. Let it pass your lips, and your pleasure is law to your Brandanes!"

"I was praying against tempta-tion, MacLouis," said the heartbroken King, "and you bring it with us whose truth is not known to me. Would you arm a mad- to thee. None in especial who man with a drawn weapon?-But has trafficked with the Duke of oh, Albany! my friend, my brother, my bosom counsellor!---how -how camest thou by the heart order my litter to be instantly to do this!"

Albany, seeing that the King's mood was softening, replied with more firmness than before,-"My hearts, shall defend the child till castle has no barrier against the we can put oceans betwixt him power of death-I have not deserved the foul suspicions which Farewell, Robert of Albanyyour Majesty's words imply. I farewell for ever thou hardpardon them, from the distraction hearted bloody man! Enjoy such

-by my share in salvation, by the

"Be silent, Robert," said the King; "add not perjury to murder.-And was this all done to gain a step nearer to a crown and sceptre? Take them to thee. at once, man; and mayst thou feel as I have done, that they are both of red-hot iron!-Oh Rothsay, Rothsay! thou hast at least

escaped being a king!" "My liege," said MacLouis, "let me remind you, that the crown and sceptre of Scotland are, when your Majesty ceases to bear them, the right of Prince James, who succeeds to his brother's rights."

"True, MacLouis," said the King, eagerly, "and will succeed, poor child, to his brother's perils! Thanks, MacLouis, thanks-You have reminded me that I have still work upon earth. Get thy Brandanes under arms with what speed thou canst. Let no man go Albany-that man, I mean, who calls himself my brother!--and prepared. We will to Dunbarton, MacLouis, or to Bute. Precipices, and tides, and my Brandanes' and his cruel uncle's ambition.--of a bereaved father. But I am share of power as the Douglas

may permit thee.-But seek not to | foully acquired, to his son Mursee my face again, far less to approach my remaining child! for, that hour thou dost, my guards shall have orders to stab thee down with their partisans!-Mac-Louis, look it be so directed."

The Duke of Albany left the his own.\* presence without attempting further justification or reply.

What followed is matter of history. In the ensuing Parliament, the Duke of Albany prevailed on that body to declare him innocent of the death of Rothsay, while, at the same time, he shewed his own sense of guilt by taking out a remission or pardon for the offence. The unhappy of Perth, who had been sent from and aged monarch secluded himself in his Castle of Rothsay, in Bute, to mourn over the son he had lost, and watch with feverish anxiety over the life of him who remained. As the best step for the youthful James's security, he sent him to France to receive his education at the court of the reigning sovereign. But the vessel in which the Prince of Scotland sailed, was taken by an English cruiser; and although there was a truce for the moment betwixt the kingdoms, Henry IV. ungenerously detained him a prisoner. This last blow completely broke the heart of the unhappy King Robert III. Vengeance followed, though with a slow pace, the treachery and cruelty of his bro-Robert of Albany's own ther. gray hairs went, indeed, in peace Hunnand, and hither they were to the grave, and he transferred the regency which he had so

doch. But nineteen years after the death of the old King, James I. returned to Scotland, and Duke Murdoch of Albany, with his sons, was brought to the scaffold, in expiation of his father's guilt, and

## CHAPTER XXXVI.

The honest heart that's free frae a' Intended fraud or guile, However Fortune kick the ba'. Has ave some cause to smile. BURNS.

WE now return to the Fair Maid the horrible scene at Falkland, by order of the Douglas, to be placed under the protection of his daughter, the now widowed Duchess of Rothsay. That lady's temporary residence was a religious house called Campsie, the ruins of which still occupy a striking situation on the Tay. It arose on the summit of a precipitous rock, which descends on the princely river, there rendered peculiarly remarkable by the cataract called Campsie Linn, where its waters rush tumultuously over a range of basaltic rock, which intercepts the current like a dike erected by human hands. Delighted with a site so romantic, the monks of the Abbey of Cupar reared a structure there, dedicated to an obscure Saint, named St.

readily opened its gates to admit own refection, assuring both, and the noble lady who was its present Catharine in particular, of her inmate, as the country was under efficient protection, which should the influence of the powerful include, she said, her father's, Lord Drummond, the ally of the Douglas. There the Earl's letters were presented to the Duchess by the leader of the escort which conducted Catharine and the glee-partook of a repast with her maiden to Campsie. Whatever duennas and ladies, all of whom, reason she might have to complain of Rothsay, his horrible and showed a character of stateliness, unexpected end greatly shocked which chilled the light heart of the noble lady, and she spent the the Frenchwoman, and imposed greatre part of the night in in- restraint even on the more serious dulging her grief, and in devotional exercises.

On the next morning, which was that of the memorable Palm to escape from the society of Sunday, she ordered Catharine these persons, all of them born Glover and the minstrel into her gentlewomen, who thought thempresence. the young women had been much burgher's daughter, and a strollsunk and shaken by the dreadful ing glee-maiden, and saw them scenes in which they had so lately with pleasure go out to walk in been engaged; and the outward the neighbourhood of the convent. appearance of the Duchess Mar- A little garden, with its bushes jory was, like that of her father, and fruit-trees, advanced on one more calculated to inspire awe side of the convent, so as to skirt than confidence. She spoke with the precipice, from which it was kindness, however, though ap-only separated by a parapet built parently in deep affliction, and on the ledge of the rock, so low learned from them all which they that the eye might easily measure had to tell concerning the fate of the depth of the crag, and gaze her erring and inconsiderate hus-on the conflicting waters which band. She appeared grateful for foamed, struggled, and chafed the efforts which Catharine and over the reef below. the glee-maiden had made, at The Fair Maiden of Perth and their own extreme peril to save her companion walked slowly on

wont themselves to retire for dinner gave them her hand to pleasure or devotion. It had kiss, and dismissed them to their and be a wall around them both, so long as she herself lived.

They retired from the presence of the widowed Princess, and amid their profound sorrow, character of Catharine Glover. The friends, for so we may now term them, were fain, therefore, The spirits of both selves but ill-assorted with a

Rothsay from his horrible fate. a path that ran within this She invited them to join in her parapet, looked at the romantic devotions; and at the hour of prospect, and judged what it

must be when the advancing sum- him, barking furiously, but came mer should clothe the grove with leaves. They observed for some time a deep silence. At length the gay and bold spirit of the glee-maiden rose above the circumstances in which she had been and was now placed. him the group of the furious the gay and bold spirit of the and was now placed. him the group of the furious the furious of the furious of the furious of the furious the group of the furious of the furious of the furious the furious of the furious of the furious of the furious the furious of the furies of the furies

"Do the horrors of Falkland, fair May, still weigh down your spirits? Strive to forget them as I do; we cannot tread life's path lightly, if we shake not from our mantles the rain-drops as they fall."

"These horrors are not to be forgotten," answered Catharine. "Yet my mind is at present anxious respecting my father's safety; and I cannot but think how many brave men may be at this instant leaving the world, even within six miles of us, or little farther."

"You mean the combat betwixt sixty champions, of which the Douglas's equerry told us yesterday? It were a sight for a minstrel to witness. But out upon these womanish eyes of mine they could never see swords cross each other, without being dazzled. But see,—look yonder, May Catharine, look yonder! That flying messenger certainly brings news of the battle."

"Methinks I should know him who runs so wildly," said Catharine—"But if it be him I think of, some wild thoughts are urging his speed."

As she spoke, the runner directed his course to the garden. Louise's little dog ran to meet

energy of irresistible passion, and dread to cross or encounter them in their career. The fugitive rushed into the garden at the same reckless pace. His head was bare, his hair dishevelled; his rich acton, and all his other vestments, looked as if they had been lately drenched in water. His leathern buskins were cut and torn, and his feet marked the sod with blood. His countenance was wild, haggard, and highly excited, or, as the Scottish phrase expresses it, much raised.

<sup>t</sup> Conachar!" said Catharine, as he advanced, apparently without seeing what was before him, as hares are said to do when severely pressed by the greyhounds. But he stopped short when he heard his own name.

"Conachar," said Catharine, "or rather Eachin MacIan—what means all this?—Have the Clan Quhele sustained a defeat?"

"I have borne such names as this maiden gives me," said the fugitive, after a moment's recollection. "Yes, I was called Conachar when I was happy, and Eachin when I was powerful. But now I have no name, and there is no such clan as thou speak'st of; and thou art a foolish maid to speak of that which is not, to one who has no existence." "Alas! unfortunate".

"And why unfortunate, I pray

you?" exclaimed the youth. "If lowing and bleating—the wild I am coward and villain, have winds in their rustling and howl-not villany and cowardice com-ing—the hoarse waters in their mand over the elements?—Have dash and roar, cried, Out upon I not braved the water without the dastard!—The faithful nine its choking me, and trod the are still pursuing me; they cry, firm earth without its opening to with feeble voice, 'Strike but one devour me? And shall a mortal blow in our revenge, we all died oppose my purpose?" oppose my purpose?"

"He raves, alas!" said Catharine. He will not harm me; but I fear the bushes. "There is but one he will do evil to himself. See how he stares down on the roaring waterfall!"

The glee-woman hastened to do as she was ordered; and Conachar's half frenzied spirit purpose of surprising him. But seemed relieved by her absence. "Catharine," he said, "now she is gone, I will say I know thee-I know thy love of peace and over his head, and shrieking out, hatred of war. But hearken-I "Bas air Eachin!" plunged down have, rather than strike a blow at the precipice into the raging my enemy, given up all that a man calls dearest --- I have lost It is needless to say, that aught honour, fame, and friends; and such friends!" (he placed his hands before his face), -- "Oh! their love surpassed the love of the remains of the unhappy youth woman! Why should I hide my tears?—All know my shame—all should see my sorrow. Yes, all might see, but who would pity it? -Catharine, as I ran like a madman down the strath, man and swam safe to shore, far below woman called shame on me!- | the Linns of Campsie; and that, Woman caned sname on mei— the Linns of Campsle; and that, The beggar to whom I flung an alms, that I might purchase one deserts of Rannoch, he met with blessing, threw it back in dis-gust, and with a curse upon the coward! Each bell that tolled, a hermit, on the principle of the rung out, Shame on the recreant old Culdees. He converted, it is caitiff! The brute beasts in their said, the heart-broken and peni-

While the unhappy youth thus "Haste to call some help. raved, a rustling was heard in way!" he exclaimed, springing upon the parapet, but with a terrified glance towards the thicket. through which one or two attendants were stealing, with the the instant he saw a human form emerge from the cover of the bushes, he waved his hands wildly cataract beneath.

save thistledown must have been dashed to pieces in such a fall. But the river was swelled, and were never seen. A varying tradition has assigned more than one supplement to the history. It is said by one account, that the young Captain of Clan Quhele tent Conachar, who lived with had refused both honour and him in his cell, sharing his devo- wealth, rather than become a protion and privations till death re-fessed soldier and follow the moved them in succession.

Another wilder legend supposes, that he was snatched from of bloody Palm Sunday on the death by the Daione-Shie, or North Inch. But apparently she fairy-folk; and that he continues had reflected that men rarely adto wander through wood and wild, vance in civilization or refinement armed like an ancient Highlander, beyond the ideas of their own age, but carrying his sword in his left and that a headlong and exuberant hand. The phantom appears al-|courage, like that of Henry Smith, ways in deep grief. Sometimes was, in the iron days in which he seems about to attack the they lived, preferable to the detraveller, but when resisted with ficiency which had led to Concourage, always flies. These achar's catastrophe. If she had legends are founded on two pe-culiar points in his story—his were removed in due time by evincing timidity, and his com- Henry's protestations, so soon as mitting suicide; both of them cir- restored health enabled him to cumstances almost unexampled in plead his own cause. the history of a Mountain Chief.

his friend Henry duly taken care thoughts of doing battle. Yonder of in his own house in Curfew last field shewed carnage enough Street, arrived that evening at the to glut a tiger. I am therefore Place of Campsie, he found his resolved to hang up my broaddaughter extremely ill of a fever, sword, never to be drawn more in consequence of the scenes to unless against the enemies of Scotwhich she had lately been a wit- land." ness, and particularly the catastrophe of her late playmate. The it," said Catharine, "I will buckle affection of the glee-maiden ren- it round you." dered her so attentive and careful a nurse, that the Glover said it ful Glover, "we will pay largely should not be his fault if she ever for soul masses for those who have touched lute again, save for her own amusement.

It was some time ere Simon ventured to tell his daughter of Henry's Church again." late exploits, and his severe wounds; and he took care to make Catharine, "the hoards of the the most of the encouraging cir-wretched Dwining may be applied. cumstance, that her faithful lover He bequeathed them to me, but I

Douglas. Catharine sighed deeply, and shook her head at the history

"I should blush to say, Catha-When Simon Glover having seen rine, that I am even sick of the

"And should Scotland call for

"And, Catharine," said the joyfallen by Henry's sword; and that will not only cure spiritual flaws, but make us friends with the

"For that purpose, father," said

think you would not mix his base filled the well-spread cradle, and blood-money with your honest was rocked by Louise to the tune gains!" of

"I would bring the plague into my house as soon," said the resolute Glover.

The treasures of the wicked apothecary were distributed accordingly among the four monasteries; nor was there ever after a breath of suspicion concerning the orthodoxy of old Simon or his daughter.

Henry and Catharine were married within four months after the battle of the North Inch, and never did the corporations of the houses in Scotland, but especially glovers and hammermen trip their in Perthshire, and many indivisword-dance so featly as at the duals, distinguished both in arts wedding of the boldest burgess and arms, record with pride their and brightest maiden in Perth. descent from the Gow Chrom and Ten months after, a gallant infant the Fair Maid of Perth.

#### Bold and True, In bonnet blue,

The names of the boy's sponsors are recorded, as "Ane Hie and Michty Lord, Archibald Erl of Douglas, ane Honorabil and gude Knicht, Schir Patrick Charteris of Kinfauns, and ane Gracious Princess, Marjory, Dowaire of his Serene Highness David, umquhile Duke of Rothsay." Under such patronage a family rises fast; and several of the most respected

# NOTES

#### TO THE FAIR MAID OF PERTH.

NOTE A. D. 20. VIEW FROM THE WICKS OF BAIGLIE.

The following note is supplied by a distinguished local antiquary.

"The modern method of conducting the highways through the valleys and along the bases, instead of over the tops of the mountains, as in the days when Chrystal Croftangry travelled, has deprived the stranger of two very striking points of view on the road from Edinburgh to Perth. The first of these presented itself at the summit of one of the Ochills, and the second, which was, in fact, but a nearer view of a portion of the first, was enjoyed on attaining the western shoulder of the hill of Moredun, or Moncreiff. This view from Moncreiff (that which, it is said, made the Romans exclaim that they had found another field of Mars on the bank of another Tiber) now opens to the traveller in a less abrupt and striking manner than formerly, but it still retains many of those features which Pennant has so warmly eulogized. The view from the Ochills has been less fortunate, for the road here winds through a narrow but romantic valley amongst these eminences, and the passing stranger is ushered into Strathearn, without an opportunity being offered to him of surveying the magnificent scene which in days of no ancient date every traveller from the South had spread out before him at the Wicks of Baiglie.

"But in seeking out this spot-and it will repay the toil of the ascent a thou-straits, watching a spider near his bed, sandfold-the admirer of such scenes as it made repeated unsuccessful efforts should not confine his researches to the to attach its thread, but, still persever-Wicks of Baiglie, strictly so called, but ing, at last attained the object, and

extend them westward until he gain the old road from Kinross to the Church of Drone, being that by which Mr. Croftangry must have journeyed. The point cannot be mistaken; it is the only one from which Perth itself is visible. To this station, for reasons that the critic will duly appreciate, might, with great propriety, be applied the language of one of the guides at Dunkeld, on reaching a bold projecting rock on Craig Vinean-'Ah, sirs, this is the decisive point !'"

#### NOTE B, p. 21.

David II., after the death of his Queen Jane married his mistress, "ane lusty woman, Catherine Logie," and though he soon repented, and would fain have repudiated her, the Pope interesting him-self in her favour, he found himself bound. As to the next generation, Boece tells us that, "After King Robert (II.) marryit the Earl of Rossis dochter, he had Elizabeth Mure (of Rowallan) in place of his wife. In the thrid year of King Robert, deceasit Euphame his Queen; and he incontinent marryit Elizabeth, lemman afore rehearsit, for the affection that he had to her bairnis."-BELLENDEN, vol. I. p. 452.

Robert III. himself was the son of Elizabeth Mure.

# NOTE C, p. 34. ROBERT BRUCE.

The story of Bruce, when in sore

drawing from this an augury which encouraged him to proceed in spite of fortune's hard usage, is familiar to the reader of Barbour. It was ever after held a foul crime in any of the name of Bruce, or inheriting Gentle King Robert's blood, to injure an insect of this tribe. But. indeed, it is well known, that compassion towards the weak formed part of his character through life; and the beautiful incident of his stopping his army when on the march in circumstances of pressing difficulty in the Ulster campaign, because a poor lavendere (washerwoman) was taken with the pains of childbirth. and must have been left, had he proceeded, to the mercy of the Irish Kernes, is only one of many anecdotes, that to this day keep up a peculiar tenderness. as well as pride of feeling, in the general recollection of this great man, now five hundred years mingled with the dust.

#### NOTE D, p. 42. GLUNE-AMIE.

This word has been one of the torments of the lexicographers. There is no doubt that in Perthshire, and wherever the Highlanders and the Lowlanders bordered on each other, it was a common term whereby, whether in scorn or honour, the Gaelic race used to be designated. Whether the etymon be, as Celtic scholars say, Gluineamach-i. e., the Gartered - (and certainly the garter has always been a marking feature in "the Garb of old Gaul)"-or, as Dr. Jamieson seems to insinuate, the word originally means black cattle, and had been contemptuously applied by the Sassenach to the herdsman, as on an intellectual level with his herd-I shall not pretend to say, more than that adhuc sub judice lis est.

### NOTE E, p. 46. HIGH STREET.

The two following notes are furnished by a gentleman well versed in the antiquities of bonnie St. Johnston :---

"Some confusion occasionally occurs in the historical records of Perth, from there having been two high or principal streets in that city: the North High Street, still called *the* High Street, and a very early period, men of considerable the South High Street, now known only substance. There are still extant among as the South Street, or Shoegate. An in- their records many charters and grants stance of this occurs in the evidence of of money and lands to various religious

one of the witnesses on the Gowrie Conspiracy, who deponed, that the Earl of Gowrie ran in from 'the High Street;' whereas the Earl's house stood in that part of the town now known as the South Street. This circumstance will explain how the Smith had to pass St. Ann's Chapel and St. John's Church on his way from the High Street to Curfew Row, which edifices he would not have approached if his morning walk had been taken through the more northerly of the two principal streets."

#### NOTE F, p. 46. CURFEW STREET.

"Curfew Street, or Row, must, at a period not much earlier than that of the story, have formed part of the suburbs of Perth. It was the Wynd or Row immediately surrounding the Castle Yard. and had probably been built, in part at least, soon after the Castle was raised. and its moat filled up, by Robert Bruce. There is every probability that in the days of Robert the Third, it was of greater extent than at present,-the Castle Gable, which now terminates it to the eastward, having then run in a line with the Skinnergate, as the ruins of some walls still bear witness. The shops, as well as the houses of the Glovers, were then, as the name implies, chiefly in the Skinnergate; but the charters in possession of the incorporation shew that the members had considerable property in or adjacent to the Curfew Row, consisting not only of fields and gardens, but of dwelling-houses.

"In the wall of the corner house of the Curfew Row, adjacent to Blackfriar's Vennel, there is still to be seen a niche in the wall where the Curfew bell hung. This house formed at one time a part of a chapel dedicated to Saint Bartholomew. and in it at no very distant period the members of the Glover incorporation held their meetings."

#### NOTE G, p. 65. THE GLOVERS.

Our local antiquary says. "The Perth artisans of this craft were of great repute, and numbered amongst them, from purposes; in particular, to the upholding stood at the other end of the Watergatethe parish church of St. John.

"While alluding to these evidences of the rich possessions of the old Glovers of Perth, it ought not to pass unnoticed,as Henry pinched Simon on the subject of his rival artificers in leather, the cordwainers-that the chaplain 'aikers of St. Crispin,' on the Leonardhall property, were afterwards bought up by the Glovers.

"The avocations of this incorporation were not always of a peaceful nature. They still shew a banner under which their forefathers fought in the troubles of the seventeenth century. It bears this inscription. 'The perfect honour of a craft, or beauty of a trade, is not in wealthe but in moral worth, whereby virtue gains renowne ;' and surmounted by the words, 'Grace and Peace,' the date 1604.

"The only other relic in the archives of this body which calls for notice in this place, is a leathern lash, called 'The whip of St. Bartholomew,' which the craft are often admonished in the records, to apply to the back of refractory apprentices. It cannot have existed in the days of our friend the Glover, otherwise its frequent application to the shoulders of Conachar would have been matter of record in the history of that family."

#### NOTE H, p. 81. EAST PORT.

The following is extracted from a kind communication of the well-known antiquary, Mr. Morrison of Perth :-

"The port at which the deputation for Kinfauns must have met, was a strongly fortified gate at the east end of the High Street, opening to the Bridge. On the north side of the street adjoining the gate, stood the chapel of the Virgin, from which the monks had access to the river by a flight of steps, still called 'Our Some remains of this Lady's Stairs.' chapel are yet extant, and one of the towers is in a style of architecture which most antiquaries consider peculiar to the age of Robert III. Immediately opposite, on the south side of the street, a staircase is still to be seen, evidently of great antiquity, which is said to have formed part Moving their quivering head, their brains of 'Gowrie's Palace.' But as Gowrie House

of the altar of St. Bartholomew, one of as most of the houses of the nobility the richest of the many shrines within were situated between the staircase we now refer to and Gowrie House; and as. singularly enough, this stair is built upon ground, which, although in the middle of the town, is not within the burgh lands, some of the local antiquaries do not hesitate to say, that it formed part of the Royal Palace, in which the Kings of Scotland resided until they found more secluded, and probably more comfortable, lodging in the Blackfriars' Monastery. Leaving the determination of this question to those who have more leisure for solving it, thus far is certain, that the place of rendezvous for the hero of the tale and his companions was one of some consequence in the town, where their bearing was not likely to pass unobserved. The bridge to which they passed through the gate, was a very stately edifice. Major calls it, 'Pontem Sancti Joannis ingentem apud Perth.' The date of its erection is not known, but it was extensively repaired by Robert Bruce, in whose reign it suffered by the repeated sieges to which Perth was subjected, as well as by some of those inundations of the Tay to which it was frequently exposed, and one of which eventually swept it away in 1621.

NOTE I, p.203. ST. JOHNSTON'S HUNT IS UP.

This celebrated Slogan, or War Cry, was often accompanied by a stirring strain of music, which was of much repute in its day, but which has long eluded the search of musical antiquaries. It is described by the local poet, Mr. Adamson, as a great inspirer of courage.

Courage to give, was mightily then blown.

Saint Johnston's Hunt is up, since most famous known

By all musicians .--

Muses' Threnodie, 5th Muse.

From the description which follows, one might suppose that it had also been accompanied by a kind of war-dance.

O! how they bend their backs and fingers tirle.

do whirle

- With divers moods; and as with uncouth tremely difficult matter to say which of them are in the direct line, even if it
- Transported, so do shake their bodies' structure;
- Their eyes do reele, heads, arms, and shoulders move;
- Feet, legs, and hands, and all parts approve
- That heavenly harmonie; while as they threw
- Their browes,—O mighty strain! that's brave!—they shew

Great fantasie :---

Ibid. Id.

NOTE J, p. 205. HENRY SMITH OR WYND.

Mr. Morrison says:--"The various designations by which Henry or Hal of the Wynd, the Gow Chrom or Bandy-legged Smith of St. Johnston, was known, have left the field open to a great variety of competitors for the honour of being reckoned among his descendants. The want of early registers and various other circumstances, prevent our venturing to pronounce any verdict on the comparative strength of these claims, but we shall state them all fairly and briefly.

"First, we have the Henry or Hendrie families, who can produce many other instances besides their own, in which a Christian name has become that of a family or tribe, from the celebrity attached to it through the great deeds of some one of their ancestors by whom it was borne. Then follow the Hals, Halls, and Halleys, among whom even some of the ancient and honourable race of the Halkets have ranged themselves. All these claims are, however, esteemed very lightly by the Wynds, who to this day pride themselves on their thewes and sinews, and consider that their ancestor being styled Henry Winde, by the metrical historian of the town, is of itself proof sufficient that their claim is more solid than the name would altogether imply.

"It is rather singular that, in spite of all the ill-will which Henry seems to have borne to the Celts, and the contemptuous terms in which he so often speaks of them in the text, the Gows should be found foremost among the claimants, and that the strife should lie mainly between them and their Saxon namesakes the Smiths, families whose number, opulence, and respectability, will render it an ex-

tremely difficult matter to say which of them are in the direct line, even if it should be clearer than it is, that the children of the hero were known by their father's occupation, and not by his residence.

"It only remains to notice the pretensions of the Chroms, Crooms, Crembs, or Crombies, a name which every schoolboy will associate, if not with the athletic, at least with the gymnastic exercises for which the Gow Chrom and the grammar school of Perth were equally celebrated. We need scarcely add, that while the Saxon name corresponding with the word Gow, has brought a host of competitors into the field, there has not yet started any claimant resting his pretensions on the quality expressed in the epithet Chrom, i. e., bandy-legged."

#### NOTE K, p. 219. THE COUNCIL-ROOM.

Mr. Morrison says, "The places where the public assemblies of the citizens, or their magistrates, were held, were so seldom changed in former times, that there seems every reason to conclude, that the meetings of the town-council of Perth were always held in or near the place where they still convene. The room itself is evidently modern; but the adjoining building, which seems to have been reared close to, if it did not actually form a part of, the Chapel of the Virgin, bears many marks of antiquity. The room, in which it is not improbable the council meetings were held about the period of our story, had been relieved of part of its gloomy aspect in the reign of the third James, by the addition of one of those octagonal towers which distinguish the architecture of his favourite Cochran. The upper part of it and the spire are modern, but the lower structure is a good specimen of that artist's taste.

"The power of trying criminal cases of the most serious kind, and of inflicting the highest punishment of the law, was granted by Robert III. to the magistrates of Perth, and was frequently exercised by them, as the records of the town abundantly prove."

#### NOTE L, p. 220. MORRICE-DANCERS.

Smiths, families whose number, opulence, Considerable diversity of opinion exists and respectability, will render it an ex- respecting the introduction of the Mor-

rice dance into Britain. The name points it out as of Moorish origin: and so popular has this leaping kind of dancing for many centuries been in this country, that when Handel was asked to point out the peculiar taste in dancing and music of the several nations of Europe-to the French he ascribed the minuet; to the Spaniard, the saraband; to the Italian, the arietta; to the English, the hornpipe, or Morrice dance.

The local antiquary whose kindness has already been more than once acknowledged, says-

"It adds not a little interest to such an inquiry, in connection with a story in which the fortunes of a Perth Glover form so prominent a part-to find that the Glover Incorporation of Perth have preserved entire among their relics, the attire of one of the Morrice dancers, who, on some festive occasion, exhibited his paces 'to the jocose recreatment' of one of the Scottish monarchs, while on a visit to the Fair City.

"This curious vestment is made of fawn-coloured silk, in the form of a tunic, with trappings of green and red satin. There accompany it two hundred and fifty-two small circular bells, formed into twenty-one sets of twelve bells each, upon pieces of leather, made to fasten to various parts of the body. What is most remarkable about these bells, is the perfect intonation of each set, and the regular musical intervals between the tone of each. The twelve bells on each piece of leather are of various sizes, yet all com-bining to form one perfect intonation in concord with the leading note in the set. These concords are maintained not only in each set, but also in the intervals between the various pieces. The performer could thus produce, if not a tune, at least a pleasing and musical chime, according by fire had, during many centuries, the as he regulated with skill the movements of his body. This is sufficient evidence that the Morrice dance was not quite so absurd and unmeaning as might at first be supposed; but that a tasteful performer could give pleasure by it to the skilful, as well as amusement to the vulgar."

# NOTE M, p. 224. CHURCH OF ST. JOHN.

simplicity in the internal architecture of German antiquary, has the merit of hav-

cient origin, and makes us suspect that the changes it has undergone have in a great measure been confined to its exterior. Tradition ascribes its foundation to the Picts, and there is no doubt that in the age immediately subsequent to the termination of that monarchy it was It is famed throughout all Scotland. probable that the western part of it was built about that period, and the eastern not long afterwards, and in both divisions there is still to be seen a unity and beauty of design, which is done little justice to by the broken, irregular, and paltry manner in which the exterior has at various times been patched up. When the three churches into which it is now cut down were in one, the ceilings high and decorated, the aisles enriched by the offerings of the devotees to the various altars which were reared around it, and the arches free from the galleries which now deform all these Gothic buildings,---it must have formed a splendid theatre for such a spectacle as that of the trial by bier-right."

#### NOTE N. p. 251. ORDEAL BY FIRE.

In a volume of miscellanies published in Edinburgh in 1825, under the name of Janus, there is included a very curious paper illustrative of the solemnity with which the Catholic Church in the dark ages superintended the appeal to Heaven by the ordeal of fire; and as the ceremonial on occasions such as that in the text was probably much the same as what is there described, an extract may interest the reader.

#### "CHURCH-SERVICE FOR THE ORDEAL BY FIRE.

"We are all well aware that the ordeal sanction of the church, and moreover, that, considering in what hands the knowledge of those times lay, this blasphemous horror could never have existed without the connivance, and even actual co-operation, of the priesthood.

"It is only a few years ago, however, that any actual form of ritual, set apart by ecclesiastical authority for this atrocious ceremony of fraud, has been re-"There is," says Mr. Morrison, "a covered. Mr. Büsching, the well-known the building which bespeaks a very an- ing discovered a most extraordinary

document of this kind in the course of proachable. Bless this fire, O God; and examining the charter-chest of an ancient Thuringian monastery: and he haspublished it in a periodical work, entitled <sup>7</sup>Die Vorzeit,' in 1817. We shall translate the prayers, as given in that work, as literally as possibly. To those who suspected no deceit, there can be no doubt this service must have been as awfully impressive as any that is to be found in the formularies of any church; but words are wanting to express the abject guilt of those who, well knowing the base trickery of the whole matter, who, having themselves assisted in preparing all the apnliances of legerdemain behind the scenes of the sanctuary-stage, dared to clothe their iniquity in the most solemn phraseology of religion.

A fire was kindled within the church, not far from the great altar. The person about to undergo the ordeal was placed in front of the fire, surrounded by his friends, by all who were in any way interested in the result of the trial, and by the whole clergy of the vicinity. Upon a table near the fire, the coulter over which he was to walk, the bar he was to carry, or, if he were a knight, the steel gloves which, after they had been made red-hot, he was to put on his hands, were placed in view of all.

"Part of the usual service of the day being performed, a priest advances, and places himself in front of the fire, uttering, at the same moment, the following prayer, which is the first Mr. Büsching gives :-

"'O Lord God, bless this place, that herein there may be health, and holiness. and purity, and sanctification, and victory, and humility, and meekness, fulfilment of the law, and obedience to God the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost. May thy blessing, O God of purity and justice, be upon this place, and upon all that be therein; for the sake of Christ, the Redeemer of the world.'

"A second priest now lifts the iron, and bears it towards the fire. A series of prayers follows; all to be repeated ere the iron is laid on the fire.

#### "These are the Prayers to be said over the Fire and the Iron.

"'1. Lord God, Almighty Father, Fountain of Light, hear us :- Enlighten

as from the midst of the fire Thou didst of old enlighten Moses, so from this flame enlighten and purify our hearts, that we may be worthy, through Christ our Lord, to come unto Thee, and unto the life eternal.

"' '2. Our Father which art in Heaven, &c.

"'3. O Lord, save thy servant. Lord God, send him help out of Zion, Thy holy hill. Save him. O Lord. Hear us. O Lord. O Lord, be with us.

"'4. O God, Holy and Almighty, hear us. By the majesty of Thy most holy name, and by the coming of Thy dear Son, and by the gift of the comfort of Thy holy Spirit, and by the justice of Thine eternal seat, hear us, good Lord. Purify this metal, and sanctify it, that all falsehood and deceit of the devil may be cast out of it, and utterly removed; and that the truth of Thy righteous judgment may be opened and made manifest to all the faithful that cry unto Thee this day, through Jesus Christ, our Lord.'

"The iron is now placed in the fire, and sprinkled with consecrated water, both before and after it is so placed. The mass is said while the iron is heating .the introductory scripture being, -'O Lord, Thou art just, and righteous are all Thy judgments.' The priest delivers the wafer to the person about to be tried, and, ere he communicates, the following prayer is said by the priest and congregation :---

"'We pray unto Thee, O God, that it may please Thee to absolve this Thy servant, and to clear him from his sins. Purify him, O heavenly Father, from all the stains of the flesh, and enable him, by Thy all-covering and atoning grace, to pass through this fire,-thy creaturetriumphantly, being justified in Christ our Lord.'

"Then the Gospel:-- 'Then there came one unto Jesus, who fell upon his knees, and cried out, Good Master, what must I do that I may be saved? Jesus said, Why callest thou me good?' &c.

"The chief priest, from the altar, now addresses the accused, who is still kneeling near the fire :---

"'By the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, and by the Christianity whose name thou bearest, us, G Thou that dwellest in light unapland by the baptism in which thou wert

born again, and by all the blessed relics | eye nothing can be concealed, make of the saints of God that are preserved in Thou this fire Thy voice to us Thy this church, I conjure thee, Come not servants, that it may reveal innocence, Christ, If thou beest guilty in the things all the earth! hear us: hear us, good that are laid to thy charge; but if thou Lord, for the sake of Jesus Christ Thy beest innocent therein, come, brother, Son.' and come freely.

communicates,---the priest saying,--- 'This day may the body and blood of Jesus Christ, which were given and shed for that it may be a sign to us of the righteous thee, be thy protection and thy succour, yea, even in the midst of the flame.'

"The priest now reads this prayer:----'O Lord, it hath pleased Thee to accept our spiritual sacrifice. May the joyful partaking in this holy sacrament be comfortable and useful to all that are here present, and serviceable to the removing of the bondage and thraldom of whatsoever sins do most easily beset us. Grant also, that to this Thy servant it may be of exceeding comfort, gladdening his heart, until the truth of thy righteous judgment be revealed.'

"The organ now peals, and Kyrie Election and the Litany are sung in full chorus.

"After this comes another prayer:---

" 'O God! Thou that through fire hast shewn forth so many signs of Thy almighty power! Thou that didst snatch Abraham, Thy servant, out of the brands and flames of the Chaldeans, wherein many were consumed! Thou that didst cause the bush to burn before the eyes of Moses, and yet not to be consumed! God, that didst send Thy Holy Spirit in the likeness of tongues of fiery flame, to the end that Thy faithful servants might be visited and set apart from the unbelieving generation; God, that didst safely conduct the three children through the flame of the Babylonians; God, that didst waste Sodom with fire from heaven and preserve Lot, Thy servant, as a sign and a token of Thy mercy: O God, shew forth vet once again Thy visible power, and the majesty of Thy unerring judgment: that truth may be made manifest, and falsehood avenged, make Thou this fire Thy minister before us; power-James his head and shoulder, and the said less be it where is the power of purity, Philip the right side, his father's body, but sorely burning, even to the flesh and though carefully cleaned, as said is, so as the sinews, the hand that hath done evil, the least blood was not on it, did, accordand that hath not feared to be lifted up ing to God's usual method of discovering in false swearing. O God! from whose murders, blood afresh upon him. and de-

unto this altar, nor eat of this body of or cover iniquity with shame. Judge of

"The priest now dashes once more the "The accused then comes forward and holy water over the fire, saying, 'Upon this fire be the blessing of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, judgment of God.

"The priest pauses; instantly the accused approaches to the fire, and lifts the iron, which he carries nine yards from the flame. The moment he lays it down he is surrounded by the priests, and borne by them into the vestry; there his hands are wrapped in linen cloths, sealed down with the signet of the church; these are removed on the third day, when he is declared innocent or guilty, according to the condition in which his hands are found. 'Si sinus rubescens in vestigio ferri reperiatur, culpabilis ducatur. Sin autem mundus reperiatur, Laus Deo referatur.

"Such is certainly one of the most extraordinary records of the craft, the audacity, and the weakness of mankind."

The belief that the corpse of a murdered person would bleed on the touch. or at the approach of the murderer, was universal among the northern nations. We find it seriously urged in the High Court of Justiciary at Edinburgh, so late The as 1688, as an evidence of guilt. case was that of Philip Standsfield, accused of the murder of his father; and this part of the evidence against him is thus stated in the "libel," or indictment: sighted, and inspected by chirurgeons, and the clear and evident signs of the murder had appeared, the body was sewed up, and most carefully cleaned, and his nearest relations and friends were desired to lift his body to the coffin: and, accordingly, James Row, merchand (who was in Edinburgh in the time of the murder), having lifted the left side of Sir

filed all his hands, which struck him with near the south end of the Watergate, the such a terror, that he immediately let his father's head and body fall with violence, and fled from the body, and in consternation and confusion cried, 'Lord, have mercy upon me!' and bowed himself down over a seat in the church (where the corp were inspected), wiping his father's innocent blood off his own murdering hands upon his cloaths." 'To this his counsel replied, that "this is but a superstitious observation, without any ground either in law or reason: and Carpzovius relates, that several persons upon that ground had been unjustly challenged." It was, however, insisted on as a link in the chain of evidence, not as a merely singular circumstance, but as a miraculous interposition of Providence: and it was thus animadverted upon by Sir George Mackenzie, the king's counsel, in his charge to the jury. But they, fully persuaded that Sir James was murdered by his own son, sent out some chirurgeons and friends, who, having raised the body, did see it bleed miraculously upon his touching it. In which, God Almighty himself was pleased to bear a share in along with it?" the testimonies we produce; that Divine power, which makes the blood circulate during life, has oft times. in all nations. opened a passage to it after death upon such occasions, but most in this case."

#### NOTE O, p. 252. SKINNERS' YARDS.

"The Skinners' Yards," says Mr. Morrison, "is still in the possession of that the rites of the Romish Church observed, fraternity, and is applied to the purpose long after the Reformation had swept which its name implies. Prior to the both "the rooks and their nests" out of time of the peaceable Robert, it was the the Lowlands. The Priory on Loch Tay court-yard of the castle. Part of the gate was founded by Alexander I., and the which opened from the town to the draw- care of it committed to a small body of bridge of the castle, is still to be seen, monks; but the last residents in it were as well as some traces of the foundation three nuns, who, when they did emerge of the Keep or Donjon, and of the towers into society, seemed determined to enjoy which surrounded the castle-yard. The it in its most complicated and noisy state, Curfew-row, which now encloses the for they came out only once a-year, and Skinners' Yard, at that time formed the that to a market at Kenmore. Hence that avenue or street leading from the northern Fair is still called "Fiell na m'hau part of the towr. to the Dominican Mon- maomb," or Holy Woman's market. astery."

#### NOTE P. p. 256. EARL OF ERROL'S LODGINGS.

Scott, the Fair Maid of Perth.

quarter of the town in which most of the houses of the nobility were placed, amidst gardens which extended to the wall of the city adjoining the river. The families of the Havs had many rich possessions in the neighbourhood, and other residences in the town besides that commonly known as the Constable's Lodgings. Some of these subsequently passed. along with a considerable portion of the Carse, to the Ruthven or Gowrie family. The last of those noble residences in Perth, which retained any part of its former magnificence (and on that account styled the Palace), was the celebrated Gowrie House, which was nearly entire in 1805, but of which not a vestige now remains. On the confiscation of the Gowrie estates, it merged into the public property of the town; and, in 1746, was presented by the magistrates to the Duke of Cumberland. His Royal Highness, on receiving this mark of the attachment or servility of the Perth rulers, asked, with sarcastic nonchalance, 'If the piece of ground called the Carse of Gowrie went

#### NOTE Q, p. 291.

The security no less than the beauty of the situations led to the choice of these lake islands for religious establishments. Those in the Highlands were generally of a lowly character, and in many of them the monastic orders were tolerated, and

#### NOTE R, p. 293.

The installation, the marriage, and the funeral of a chieftain, were the three "The Constable's, or Earl of Errol's periods of his course observed with the lodgings," says Mr. Morrison, "stood highest ceremony by all the clan. The

latter was perhaps the most imposing of that the power of the civic magistrates in the three spectacles, from the solemnity matters criminal was abridged,-it is of the occasion, and the thrilling effect thought chiefly through the influence of produced by the coronach, sung by the friends of this young officer." hundreds of voices, its melancholy notes undulating through the valleys, or reverberating among the hills. All these observances are fading away, and the occasional attempt at a gathering, for the funeral of a chief, now resembles the dying note of the coronach, faintly echoed for the last time among the rocks.

#### NOTE S. D. 352. RED-HAND.

Mr. Morrison says, "the case of a person taken red-hand by the magistrates of Perth and immediately executed, was the main cause of the power of trying cases of life and death being taken from them and from all subordinate judicatories. A young English officer connected with some families of rank and influence, who was stationed with a recruiting party at Perth, had become enamoured of a lady there, so young as still to be under the tuition of a dancing-master. Her admirer was in the habit of following her into the school, to the great annoyance of the teacher, who, on occasion of a ball given in his class-room in the Kirkgate, stationed himself at the door, determined to resist the entrance of the officer, on account of the scandal to which his visits had given rise. The officer came as a matter of course, and a scuffle ensued, which at last bore so threatening an aspect, that the poor dancing-master fied through the passage, or close, as it is called, by which there was access to the street. He was pursued by the officer with his drawn sword, and was run through the body ere he could reach the street, where the crowd usually assembled on such occasions might have protected him. The officer was instantly apprehended, and executed, it is understood, even without any form of trial; at least there is no notice of it in any of the records where it would with most probability have been entered. But the sword is still in the possession of a gentleman whose ancestors held official situations in the town and south, still known by the name of at the time, and the circumstances of the the Black Friars. On a part of these murder and of the execution have been grounds overlooking the North Inch. handed down with great minuteness and probably near the south end of the Terapparent truth of description from father race, a richly decorated summer-house to son. It was immediately afterwards stood, which is frequently mentioned in

#### NOTE T, p. 360. PLOUGHMAN STARES.

"This place, twice referred to in the course of our story as hateful to the Highlanders, lies near the Stare-dam. a collection of waters in a very desolate hollow between the hill of Birnam, and the road from Perth to Dunkeld. The eeriness of the place is indescribable, and is rendered yet more striking from its being within a furlong of one of the loveliest and richest scenes in Scotland-the northwest opening of Strathmore. The "dam" has been nearly drained within these few years, but the miserable patches of sickly corn which have with vast labour and cost been obtained, look still more melancholy than the solitary tarn which the barren earth seems to have drunk up. The whole aspect of the place fitted it for being the scene of the trial and punishment of one of the most notorious bands of thieves and outlaws that ever laid the Low Country under contribution. Ruthven, the sheriff, is said to have held his court on a rising ground to the north, still called the Court-hill: and there were lately, or there still may be, at the east end of the Roch-in-roy wood, some oaks on which the Highlanders were hung, and which long went by the name of the Hanged-men's trees. The hideous appearance of the bodies hanging in chains gave the place a name which to this day grates on the ear of a Celt."-MORRISON.

#### NOTE U, p. 364. GARDENS OF THE DOMINICANS.

"The gardens of the Dominicans surrounded the monastery on all sides, and were of great extent and beauty. Part of them immediately adjoined the North Inch, and covered all that space of ground now occupied by Atholl Place, the Crescent, and Rose Terrace, besides a considerable extent of ground to the west

old writings as the Gilten Arbour. From perpetual empire above the tothir. Baith the balconies of this edifice King Robert thir clannis, glaid of this condition, come is supposed to have witnessed the conflict to the North Inche, beside Perth, with of the clans. What the peculiar forms, jugis set in scaffaldis, to discus the verite. construction, or ornaments of this build- Ane of thir clannis wantit ane man to ing were, which gained for it this title, is perfurnis furth the nowmer, and wagit not even hinted at by any of the local ane carll, for money, to debait thair chroniclers. It may be mentioned, how- actioun, howbeit this man pertenit na ever, although it is a matter of mere tra- thing to thaim in blud nor kindnes. Thir dition, that the ornaments on the ceiling two clannis stude arrayit with gret hatrent of the Monk's Tower (a circular watch- aganis othir; and, be sound of trumpet, tower at the south-east angle of the town) ruschit togidder; takand na respect to were said to have been copied from those thair woundis, sa that thay micht distroy on the Gilten Arbour, by orders of the thair ennimes; and faucht in this maner first Earl of Gowrie, at the corner of lang, with uncertane victory: quhen ane whose garden the Monk's Tower stood. fel, ane othir was put in his rowme. At This tower was taken down at the same last, the Clankayis war al slane except time with Gowrie House, and many yet ane, that swam throw the watter of Tay. remember the general appearance of the Of Glenquhattanis, was left xi personis paintings on the ceiling, yet it does not seem to have occurred to any one to have had them copied. They were allegorical and astronomical, representing the virtues and vices, the seasons, the zodiac, and other subjects commonplace enough: yet even the surmise that they might have been copied from others still more ancient. if it could not save them from destruction, should have entitled them to a greater share than they seem to have possessed of the notice of their contemporaries. The patience with which the antiquaries of Perth have submitted to the removal (in many cases the wanton and useless removal) of the historical monuments with which they were at one time surrounded, is truly wonderful!" MORRISON.

## NOTE X, page 385.

The reader may be amused with the account of this onslaught in Boece, as translated by Bellenden.

"At this time, mekil of all the north of Scotland was hevely trublit be two clannis of Irsmen, namit Clankayis and Glenquhattanis; invading the cuntre, be thair weris, with ithand slauchter and reif. At last it was appointit betwix the heidismen of thir two clannis, be avise of the Erlis of Murray and Crawfurd, that xxx of the principall men of the ta clan sal cum, with othir xxx of the tothir clan, arrayit in thair best avise; and sall convene afore the king at Perth, for decision of al pleis; and fecht with scharp swerdis novel. to the deith, but ony harnes; and that

on live; bot thay war sa hurt, that they micht nocht hald thair swerdis in thair handis. This debait was fra the incarnation, MCCCXCVI yeiris."

#### NOTE Y, p. 388.

The death of the Duke of Rothsay is not accompanied with the circumstances detailed by later writers in Wyntoun. The Chronicler of Lochleven says simply:-

"A thousand foure hundyr yeris and twa, All before as ye herd done, Our lord the kingis eldest sone. Suete and vertuos, yong and fair, And his nerast lauchful avr. Honest, habil, and avenand, Our Lorde, our Prynce in all plesand. Cunnand into letterature. A seymly persone in stature, Schir Davy Duke of Rothesay. Of Marche the sevyn and twenty day Yauld his Saule til his Creatoure. His corse til hallowit Sepulture. In Lundoris his Body lies, His spirite intil Paradys"-B. ix. chap. 23.

The Continuator of Fordun is far more particular, and though he does not positively pronounce on the guilt of Albany, says enough to shew that, when he wrote, the suspicion against him was universal; and that Sir John Ramorny was generally considered as having followed the dark and double course ascribed to him in the

"Anno Domini millesimo quadringenclan quhare the victory succedit, to have tesimo primo, obiit columna ecclesiæ

scientiæ, ac defensor catholicæ fidei, dominus Walterus Treyl episcopus S. Andreæ: et etiam domina Anabella regina apud Sconam decessit, et sepulta est in Hi enim duo, dum vi-Dunfermelyn. verent, honorem quasi regni exaltabant; videlicet, principes et magnates in discordiam concitatos ad concordiam revocantes, alienigenas et extraneos egregiè susceptantes et conviviantes, ac munificè dimissos lætificantes. Unde quasi proverbialiter tunc dictum exstitit, quod mortuis reginâ Scotiæ, comite de Douglas. et episcopo Sancti Andreæ, abiit decus, recessit honor, et honestas obiit Scotiæ. Eodem anno quarta mortalitas exstitit in regno. Paulo ante dominus rex in consilio deputavit certos consiliarios valentes barones et milites, juratos ad regendum et consiliandum dominum David Stewart ducem Rothsaiensem, comitem de Carrik, et principem regni, quia videbatur regi et consilio quod immiscebat se sæpiùs effrænatis lusibus et levioribus ludicris. Propter quod et ipse consilio astrictus saniori, juravit se regimini eorum et consilio conformare. Sed mortuâ reginâ ipsius nobili matre, quæ eum in multis refrænabat, tanquam laqueus contritus fuisset, speravit se liberatum, et, spreto proborum consilio, denuo in priori levitate se totum dedit. Propter quod consilium procerum sibi assignatum quitabit se regi, et si voluisset, non tamen posse se eum ad gravitatem morum flexisse attestatur. Unde rex impotens et decrepitus scripsit fratri suo duci Albaniæ, gubernatori regni, ut arresteretur, et ad tempus custodiæ deputaretur, donec virgâ disciplinæ castigatus, seipsum melius cognosceret. Non enim osculatur filium pater, sed aliquando castigat. Sed quod rex proposuit ad filii emendam, tendit ei ad noxam. Nam uterque bajulus literæ regalis ad gubernatorem de facto ostendit, se incentorem et instigatorem regi ut taliter demandaret, quod honori alterius obviaret, sicut experientiâ exitus rei patefecit. Domini enim Willelmus Lindesay de Rossy et Johannes Remorgeney milites, regis familiares et consiliarii, nuncii et portatores erant literarum regis gubernatori: quique etiam, ut dicitur, duci Rothsaiensi prius suggesserunt, ut, post obitum episcopi Sancti Andreæ, castrum Psalletur gestis David luxuria festis. suum ad usum regis, quousque novus Quod tenet uxores uxore suâ meliores. episcopus institueretur, reciperet et ser- Deficient mores regales, perdet honores.

robustissima, vas eloquentiæ, thesaurus varet: quique ipsum ducem, nihil mali premeditatum, ad castrum Sancti Andrea simpliciter, et cum moderata familia. equitantem, inter villam de Nidi et Stratyrum arrestaverunt, et per potentiam eundem ducem ad ipsum castrum Sancti Andreæ, sibi ad deliberandum paratum, induxerunt, et ibidem in custodia tenuerunt, quousque dux Albaniæ, cum suo consilio apud Culros tento, quid de eo Qui quidem facerent, deliberaverunt. dux Albaniæ, cum domino Archibaldo II. comite de Douglas, manu validâ ipsum ad turrim de Faulkland, jumento impositum et russeto collobio chlamidatum transvexerunt: ubi in quadam honesta camerula eum servandum deputaverunt. In qua tam diu custoditus, scilicet per Johannem Selkirk et Johannem Wrycht, donec dyssenteriâ, sive, ut alii volunt, fame tabefactus, finem vitæ dedit vij, Kal, Aprilis, in vigilia Paschæ, serò, sive in die Paschæ summo mane, et sepultus est in Londoris. Præmissus verð Johannes Remorgeney tam principi, quàm domino regi, erat consiliarius, audax spiritu, et pronunciatione eloquentissimus, ac in arduis causis prolocutor regis, et causidicus disertissimus: qui, ut dicitur, ante hæc suggessit ipsi principi duci Rothsaiensi, ut patruum suum ducem Albaniæ arresterat, et. qualicunque occasione nactâ, statim de medio tolleret: quod facere omnino princeps refutavit. İstud attendens miles, malitiæ suæ fuligine occæcatus, à cœptis desistere nequivit, hujusmodi labe attachiatus: quia, ut ait Chrysostomus, 'Coërceri omnino nequit animus pravâ semel voluntate vitiatus.' Et ideo vice versâ, pallium in alterum humerum convertens, hoc idem maleficium ducem Albaniæ de nepote suo duce Rothsaiensi facere instruxit; aliàs fine fallo, ut asseruit, dux Rothsaiensis de ipso fincm facturus fuisset. Dictus insuper D. Willelmus Lindesay cum ipso Johanne Remorgency in eandem sententiam fortè consentivit, pro eo quòd dictus dux Rothsaiensis sororem ipsius D. Willelmi Euphemiam de Lindesay affidavit, sed per sequentia aliarum matrimonia attemptata, sicut et filiam comitis Marchiæ, si eandem repudiavit. Ipse enim, ut æstimo, est ille David, de quo vates de Breclyngton sic vaticinatus est, dicens;

Paulo ante captionem suam apparuit his slayaris; and fra that time furth, the mirabilis cometes, emittens ex se radios crinitos ad Aquilonem tendentes. Ad quam visendum, cùm primò appareret, quodam vespere in castro de Edinburgh cum aliis ipse dux secedens, fertur ipsum sic de stella disseruisse, dicens; 'Ut à mathematicis audivi, hujusmodi cometes, cùm apparet, signat mortem vel mutationem alicujus principis, vel alicujus patriæ destructionem.' Et sic evenit ut prædixit. Nam, duce capto, statim in præjacentem materiam, sicut Deus voluit, redit stella. In hoc potuit iste dux Sibyllæ prophetissæ comparari, de qua sic loquitur Claudianus:

Miror. cur aliis quæ fata pandere soles. Ad propriam cladem cæca Sibylla taces."

The narrative of Boece attaches murder distinctly to Albany. After mentioning the death of Queen Annabella Drummond, he thus proceeds :---

"Be guhais deith, succedit gret displeseir to hir son, David Duk of Rothesay: for, during hir life, he wes haldin in virtews and honest occupatioun: eftir hir deith, he began to rage in all maner of insolence: and fulveit virginis, matronis, and nunnis, be his unbridillit lust. At last, King Robert, informit of his young and insolent maneris, send letteris to his brothir, the Duk of Albany, to intertene his said son, the Duk of Rothesay, and to leir him honest and civill maneris. The Duk of Albany, glaid of thir writtingis, tuk the Duk of Rothesay betwix Dunde and Sanct Androis, and brocht him to Falkland, and inclusit him in the tour thairof, but ony meit or drink. It is said, ane woman, havand commiseratioun on this Duk, leit meill fall doun throw the loftis of the toure; be quhilkis, his life Archibaldumque filium nostrum secunwes certane dayis savit. This woman. frae it wes knawin, wes put to deith. On the same maner, ane othir woman gaif him milk of hir paup, throw ane lang reed ; and wes slane with gret cruelte, fra it wes knawin. Than wes the Duk destitute of all mortall supplie; and brocht, finalie, to sa miserable and hungry appetite, that he eit, nocht allanerlie the læsæ majestatis nostræ, vel alio quocunfilth of the toure quhare he wes, bot his que crimine, culpa, injuria, rancore, et awin fingaris: to his gret marterdome. offensa, quæ eis occasione præmissorum His body wes beryt in Lundoris, and imputari possent qualitercunque, in dicto kithit miraklis mony yeris eftir; quhil, at consilio nostro palam et publice declaralast, King James the First began to punis vimus, pronunciavimus, et diffinivimus,

miraclis ceissit."

The Remission, which Albany and Douglas afterwards received at the hands of Robert III., was first printed by Lord Hailes; and is as follows :-

"Robertus, Dei gratiâ, Rex Scottorum, Universis, ad quorum notitiam præsentes literæ pervenerint. Salutem in Domino sempiternam: Cum nuper carissimi nobis. Robertus Albaniæ Dux, Comes de Fife et de Menteth, frater noster germanus, et Archibaldus Comes de Douglas, et Dominus Galwidiæ, filius noster secundum legem, ratione filiæ nostræ quam duxit in uxorem, præcarissimum filium nostrum primogenitum David, quondam Ducem Rothsaye ac Comitem de Carrick et Atholiæ, capi fecerunt, et personaliter arrestari, et in castro Sancti Andreæ primo custodiri, deindeque apud Faucland in custodia detineri, ubi ab hac luce, divinâ providentiâ, et non aliter, migrasse dignoscitur. Quibus comparentibus coram nobis, in concilio nostro generali apud Edinburgh, decimo sexto die mensis Maii, anno Domini millesimo quadringentesimo secundo, inchoato, et nonnullis diebus continuato, et super hoc interrogatis ex officio nostro regali, sive accusatis, hujusmodi captionem, arrestationem, mortem, ut superius est expressum, confitentes, causas ipsos ad hoc moventes pro publica. ut asseruerunt, utilitate arcantes, in præsentia nostra assignârunt, quas non duximus præsentibus inserendas, et ex causâ: Habitâ deinde super hoc diligenti inquisitione, consideratis omnibus et singulis in hac parte considerandis, hujusmodi causam tangentibus, et matura deliberatione concilii nostri præhabitâ discussis, prænotatos Robertum fratrem nostrum germanum, dum jura, et eorum in hac parte participes quoscunque, viz. arrestatores, detentores, custodes, consiliarios, et omnes alios consilium, videlicit, auxilium, vel favorem eisdem præstantes, sive eorum jussum aut mandatum qualitercunque exsequentes, excusatos habemus; necnon et ipsos, et eorum quemlibet, a crimine

nunciamus, et per hanc diffinitivam neque facto, nec contra eosdem murnostram sententiam diffinimus, inno- murent qualitercunque, unde possiteorum centes, innoxios, inculpabiles, quietos, bona fama lædi, vel aliquod præjudicium liberos, et immunes, penitus et omni- generari, sub omni pœna quæ exinde modo: Et si quam contra ipsos, sive competere poterit, quomodolibet ipso eorum aliquem, aut aliquam vel aliquos, jure. Datum, sub testimonio magni sigilli in hoc facto qualitercunque, participes, nostri, in monasterio Sanctæ Crucis de vel eis quomodolibet adhærentes, indig Edinburgh, vicesimo die mensis Maii nationem, iram, rancorem, vel offen-prædicti, anno Domini millesimo quasionem, concepimus qualitercunque, illos dringentesimo secundo, et regni nostri proprio motu, ex certa scientia, et etiam anno tertio decimo." ex deliberatione concilii nostri jam dicti. annullamus, removemus, et adnullatos the document with words which, as volumus haberi, in perpetuum. Quare Pinkerton says, leave no doubt that he omnibus et singulis subditis nostris, cujuscunque statûs aut conditionis exstiterint, districtè præcipimus et mandamus, quatenus sæpe dictis Roberto et mission in terms as ample as if they had Archibaldo, eorumque in hoc facto parti- actually murdered the heir apparent." cipibus, consentientibus, seu adhærentiaBLI TIXA

tenoreque præsentium declaramus, pro- bus, ut præmittitur, verbo non detrahent,

Lord Hailes sums up his comment on considered the prince as having been murdered: viz. "The Duke of Albany and the Earl of Douglas obtained a re-



THE END.

TORIKI

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